Raspberry Pi Setup

When following this setup, keep a sticky note or a document up on your computer because there are several things, some of which are nonrecoverable, that you will need to remember.

- 1. Raspberry Pi Reference
 - For more information go to https://www.raspberrypi.org/
- 2. Initial setup
 - a. Follow the instructions on the "CanaKit Raspberry Pi Quick-Start Guide"
 - b. Make sure to connect the Raspberry Pi to ethernet
 - c. For more information go to

https://www.raspberrypi.org/help/quick-start-guide/https://www.raspberrypi.org/help/noobs-setup/

- 3. Initial configuration
 - a. From the terminal

sudo raspi-config

- b. Username
 - i. The default username is "pi"
- c. User Password
 - i. The default password for the user "pi" is "raspberry"
 - ii. To change the user password, use the arrow keys to highlight "Change User Password, press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
 - iii. Press enter to confirm.
 - iv. Enter a unique password and press enter.
 - v. Re-enter the password and press enter.
 - vi. Press enter to confirm.
 - vii. Write down the user password!
- d. Hostname
 - i. The default hostname is "raspberrypi"
 - ii. To change the hostname, use the arrow keys to highlight "Advanced Options", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
 - iii. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Hostname", press tab to highlight "Select", and press enter.
 - iv. Press enter to proceed.
 - v. Enter a unique hostname (e.g. makraspi)
 - vi. Press tab to highlight "<Ok>" and press enter.
 - vii. Write down the hostname!
- e. SSH
 - i. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Advanced Options", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
 - ii. Use the arrow keys to highlight "SSH", press tab to highlight "Select", and press enter.
 - iii. Use the arrow keys to highlight "<Enable>" and press enter.
 - iv. Press enter to confirm.
- f. Internationalization
 - i. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Internationalisation Options", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
 - ii. Local
 - 1. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Change Locale", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.

- 2. Use the arrow keys to navigate the Locales. Highlight "en_GB.UTF-8 UTF-8" and press the spacebar to de-select it. Highlight "en_US.UTF-8 UTF-8" and press the spacebar to select it. Press tab to highlight "<Ok>" and press enter.
- 3. Use the arrow keys to highlight "en_US.UTF-8 UTF-8", press tab to highlight "<0k>", and press enter.

iii. Timezone

- 1. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Change Timezone", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
- 2. For the Geographic Area, use the arrow keys to highlight "US", press tab to highlight "<Ok>", and press enter.
- 3. For the Time Zone, use the arrow keys to highlight "Central", press tab to highlight "<0k>", and press enter.

iv. Keyboard Layout

- 1. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Change Keyboard Layout", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter.
- 2. For the Keyboard Model, use the arrow keys to highlight the keyboard model closest to the one you are using, press tab to highlight "<Ok>", and press enter.
- 3. For the Keyboard Layout, use the arrow keys to highlight "English (US)", press tab to highlight "<Ok>", and press enter.
- 4. For AltGr, use the arrow keys to highlight "The default for the keyboard layout", press tab to highlight "<Ok>", and press enter.
- 5. For Compose, use the arrow keys to highlight "No compose key", press tab to highlight "<Ok>", and press enter.
- 6. For Ctrl+Alt+Backspace, use the arrow keys to highlight "No" and press enter.

v. WiFi Country

- 1. Use the arrow keys to highlight "Change Wi-fi Country", press tab to highlight "<Select>", and press enter..
- 2. Use the arrow keys to highlight "US United States", press tab to highlight "<0k>", and press enter.
- 3. Press enter to confirm the country.
- vi. For more information go to

http://rohankapoor.com/2012/04/americanizing-the-raspberry-pi/

- g. Press tab to highlight "<Select>", use the arrow keys to highlight "<Finish>", and press enter.
- h. Press enter to reboot.
- 4. Test the Internet connection
 - a. From the terminal

sudo ping google.com

- 5. Make sure it is up-to-date
 - a. This should be done often
 - b. From the terminal

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get upgrade

c. For more information go to

https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/raspbian/updating.md

- 6. Install TightVNC Server
 - a. From the terminal

sudo apt-get install tightvncserver

b. For more information go to

https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/remote-access/vnc/

- 7. Install the PIP Tool
 - a From the terminal

sudo apt-get install python-pip sudo apt-get install python3-pip

- b. For more information go to https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/linux/software/python.md
- 8. Install the GPIO Python Library
 - a. From the terminal

sudo apt-get install python-dev sudo apt-get install python-rpi.gpio

b. For more information go to

https://learn.adafruit.com/adafruits-raspberry-pi-lesson-4-gpio-setup/configuring-gpio

- 9. Install the Camera Module Python Library
 - a. From the terminal

sudo apt-get install python-picamera sudo apt-get install python3-picamera sudo apt-get install python-picamera-docs

b. For more information go to

https://www.raspberrypi.org/documentation/usage/camera/python/README.md https://picamera.readthedocs.io/en/release-1.10/index.html

- 10. Install the Philips Hue Lighting Python Library
 - a. From the terminal

sudo pip install beautifulhue

If the command doesn't work, try

sudo easy install beautifulhue

b. For more information go to

https://github.com/allanbunch/beautifulhue

 $\underline{https://developer.ibm.com/recipes/tutorials/connecting-philips-hue-lights-to-internet-of-things-foundation/}$

- 11. Install the Paho MQTT Python Library
 - a. From the terminal

sudo pip install paho-mqtt

b. For more information go to

https://pypi.python.org/pypi/paho-mqtt/1.1

- 12. Install the IBM IoT Python Library
 - a. From the terminal

sudo pip install ibmiotf

b. The library should be saved in

/usr/local/lib/python2.7/dist-packages/ibmiotf

c. The two important source files are

device.py

application.py

d. For more information go to

https://docs.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com/

- 13. Find and write down the IP Address, MAC Address, Hardware/Revision, Serial Number, and Firmware Version!
 - a. IP Address
 - i. From the terminal

hostname -I

- b. MAC Address
 - i. From the terminal

ifconfig

- ii. Under "eth0", the MAC Address is "HWaddr"
- c. Hardware/Revision and Serial Number

- i. From the terminal cat /proc/cpuinfo
- d. Firmware Version
 - i. From the terminal uname -a