Your goal is to imitate the search method and answer correctly whether the tree contains the element you are searching for.

Search method always starts by turning face up the card at the root. Root is the card at the top.

From there it uses the essential property of binary search tree – it's left child must be smaller and right child greater.

For numbers it is obviuous, for words use lexicographical ordering.

Turn card face up by clicking on them. Once you have found the card or determined unquestionably the element is not present, choose the coresponding answer.

Good luck!