

7.2 Infrared, Bluetooth, and NFC

As you study this section, answer the following questions:

- What are typical infrared devices and applications?
- What advantages does Bluetooth offer that infrared does not?
- Which types of devices typically use Bluetooth wireless?
- How does Bluetooth avoid interference with other Bluetooth devices in the area?
- Of the three Bluetooth device classifications, which transmits the farthest? Which is the most common class used by devices?
- Which types of devices use NFC transmissions?
- How is NFC different from Bluetooth?

Key terms for this section include the following:

Term	Definition
Infrared (IR)	Communication technology that uses invisible light waves.
Bluetooth	Communication technology that uses radio waves in the 2.4 ghz range.
Near-field communication (NFC)	Communication technology that enables communication between two devices in close proximity.

This section helps you prepare for the following certification exam objectives:

Exam	Objective
CompTIA 220-1001	<p>1.5 Given a scenario, connect and configure accessories and ports of other mobile devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Connection types<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Proprietary vendor-specific ports (communication/power)■ NFC■ Bluetooth■ IR■ Wireless <p>1.6 Given a scenario, configure basic mobile device network connectivity and application support.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Bluetooth<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ Enable Bluetooth■ Enable pairing■ Find a device for pairing■ Enter the appropriate pin code■ Test connectivity <p>2.4 Compare and contrast wireless networking protocols.</p>

- Bluetooth
- NFC

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