

# VANTAGE - Arcade Car Racing Game

## Software Requirements Specification (SRS)

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# **1. Introduction**

## **1.1 Purpose**

The purpose of this Software Requirements Specification (SRS) document is to provide a comprehensive overview of the design and functionality of the VANTAGE Arcade Car Racing Game.

## **1.2 Scope**

This document outlines the features, modules, and requirements of the VANTAGE game, detailing its architecture, external interfaces, and functional specifications. It serves as a guide for developers, testers, and stakeholders involved in the project.

## **1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations**

- SRS: Software Requirements Specification
- FPS: Frames Per Second

## **1.4 References**

- Pygame Documentation
- GNU Public License

## 1.5 Overview

VANTAGE is an arcade-style car racing game designed to provide an engaging and immersive experience for players. The game includes features such as player selection, multiple levels, competitors, tunnels, and various in-game objects. The document covers the overall system architecture, external interfaces, functional requirements, performance requirements, design constraints, software system attributes, and other relevant aspects.

## 2. System Overview

### 2.1 System Architecture

The VANTAGE game follows a modular architecture with key components including player selection, title screen, game flow management, level generation, and rendering. These components interact to create a seamless and enjoyable gaming experience.

### 2.2 Directory Structure

The game directory is organized into subdirectories, such as 'build,' 'documentations,' 'scripts,' 'lib,' 'dat,' and 'vintage.' Each subdirectory serves a specific purpose, such as housing executable files, documentation, scripts for level generation, game libraries, high scores data, and the main game functionalities.

### 2.3 Modules Overview

The game is divided into several modules, each responsible for specific aspects of the game. Notable modules include 'background,' 'competitor,' 'countdown,' 'credits,' 'game,' 'high\_scores,' 'level,' 'main,' 'player\_select,' 'player,' 'segment,' 'settings,' 'sprite,' 'title\_screen,' 'tunnel\_entrance,' 'tunnel\_inside,' and 'world\_object.'

## 3. External Interface Requirements

### 3.1 User Interfaces

#### 3.1.1 Game Window

The game window provides the main interface for gameplay. It renders the game environment, player's car, competitors, and other in-game elements.

#### 3.1.2 Player Selection Screen

The player selection screen allows users to navigate through available characters, view details, and choose a player for the game.

#### 3.1.3 Title Screen

The title screen serves as an introduction to the game, displaying logos, animations, and waiting for user input to proceed.

## **3.2 Hardware Interfaces**

The game interacts with the hardware components for user input, such as keyboard or controller devices.

## **3.3 Software Interfaces**

The game utilizes the Pygame library for graphics, sound, and event handling.

## **3.4 Communication Interfaces**

No external communication interfaces are required for the standalone game.

# **4. Functional Requirements**

## **4.1 Player Selection**

### **4.1.1 Navigate Player Selection Screen**

Players can navigate through available characters using input devices to choose a character.

### **4.1.2 Choose Player**

Players can finalize their selection, confirming the chosen player for the game.

## **4.2 Title Screen**

### **4.2.1 Display Title Screen**

The title screen displays logos and animations to introduce the game.

### **4.2.2 Wait for User Input**

The title screen waits for user input, allowing players to proceed to the player selection screen.

## **4.3 Game Flow**

### **4.3.1 Initialize Game**

The game initializes with the selected player, setting up the game environment.

### **4.3.2 Play Game**

Players control their car, competing against competitors, and completing laps in the race.

### **4.3.3 Pause Game**

Players can pause the game during gameplay, displaying a 'Paused' message.

### **4.3.4 Display High Scores**

High scores are displayed between levels or when waiting for a new player.

### **4.3.5 Handle Game Over**

The game handles the end of a player's session, displaying game over information.

### **4.3.6 Handle Level Completion**

Upon completing a level, the game displays relevant information and progresses to the next level.

## **4.4 Level Generation**

### **4.4.1 Generate Gold Coast Level**

The game generates the Gold Coast level with specific track segments and features.

### **4.4.2 Generate Melbourne Level**

The game generates the Melbourne level with unique track segments and features.

### **4.4.3 Generate Test Level**

A test level is generated with various features for testing purposes.

## **4.5 Rendering**

### **4.5.1 Render Background**

The background is rendered, providing a scrollable environment during gameplay.

### **4.5.2 Render Competitors**

Competitor cars are rendered on the track, providing a dynamic racing experience.

### **4.5.3 Render Countdown**

A countdown is displayed before the start of a level.

### **4.5.4 Render Credits**

Credits are displayed at the end of the game.

### **4.5.5 Render Game**

The main game environment is rendered, including the player's car and track.

### **4.5.6 Render High Scores**

High scores are rendered for players to view.

### **4.5.7 Render Player**

The player's car is rendered, responding to user input for steering and acceleration.

### **4.5.8 Render Sprites**

Various sprites, including bonuses, speed boosts, and competitors, are rendered on the track.

### **4.5.9 Render Tunnel Entrance**

The tunnel entrance is rendered as the player approaches.

### **4.5.10 Render Tunnel Inside**

The interior of the tunnel, including walls and roof, is rendered as the player passes through.

## **5. Performance Requirements**

### **5.1 Frame Rate**

The game should maintain a smooth frame rate to ensure a visually appealing and responsive gaming experience. The target frame rate is set to 60 FPS.

### **5.2 Load Time**

The game should load within a reasonable time frame, providing quick access to gameplay. The load time target is set to be under 10 seconds.

## **6. Design Constraints**

### **6.1 Pygame Library**

The game is designed to utilize the Pygame library for graphics, sound, and event handling. Any changes or updates to Pygame may impact the game's functionality.

### **6.2 Operating System Compatibility**

The game is designed to run on platforms compatible with Pygame. Compatibility with future operating systems or changes to existing operating systems should be considered.

### **6.3 Hardware Requirements**

Players need compatible input devices, such as a keyboard or controller, to interact with the game. The game's performance may vary based on the hardware specifications of the player's system.

## **7. Software System Attributes**

### **7.1 Reliability**

The game should be reliable, providing a stable and consistent experience without unexpected crashes or errors.

### **7.2 Availability**

The game should be available for players to access and play without unnecessary downtime.

### **7.3 Security**

As a standalone game, security considerations primarily involve protecting user data and preventing unauthorized access.

### **7.4 Maintainability**

The game should be designed with maintainability in mind, allowing for future updates, enhancements, and bug fixes.

## **7.5 Portability**

The game, built on the Pygame library, should be portable across platforms compatible with Pygame.

# **8. Other Requirements**

## **8.1 Licensing**

The game is licensed under the GNU Public License. All licensing requirements and attributions must be adhered to.

## **8.2 Documentation**

Comprehensive documentation, including this Software Requirements Specification, should be maintained for reference by developers, testers, and other stakeholders.

## **8.3 Testing**

A thorough testing process should be conducted to ensure the game's functionality, performance, and reliability. Testing should cover player selection, gameplay mechanics, level generation, rendering, and other critical aspects.

## **8.4 Usability**

The game should provide a user-friendly experience, with intuitive controls and clear instructions. The player interface should be designed for ease of navigation and understanding.

## **8.5 Error Handling**

The game should incorporate robust error handling mechanisms to gracefully manage unexpected situations, providing informative error messages and avoiding crashes.