



# AI+ Foundation™

Certification



# AI+ Foundation

## Module-1

### Hands-on 1:

**Title:** Image Classification using Google Teachable Machine

**Problem Statement:**

Can a machine learning model accurately distinguish between two facial expressions — such as *happy* and *sad* — using image data captured from a webcam or uploaded files? This activity explores how ML models learn visual patterns and highlights the impact of training data quality and quantity.

**Tools Used:**

- **Tool Name:** Google Teachable Machine
- **URL:** <https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/>
- **Type:** No-code, browser-based ML training platform
- **Model Type:** Image Classification

**Implementation in Detailed Manner:**

◆ **Step 1: Launch Teachable Machine**

- Visit: <https://teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/>
- Click “**Get Started**”, then choose “**Image Project**” under the "Standard Image Model".

teachablemachine.withgoogle.com

Google Lens

About FAQ Get Started

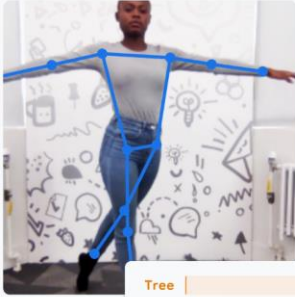
# Teachable Machine

**Train a computer to recognize your own images, sounds, & poses.**

A fast, easy way to create machine learning models for your sites, apps, and more – no expertise or coding required.

**Get Started**

7 ml p5.js Coral node




Tree 100%  
Wings 0%

teachablemachine.withgoogle.com/train

Teachable Machine

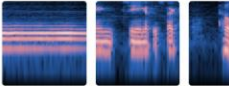
## New Project

Open an existing project from Drive. Open an existing project from a file.




### Image Project

Teach based on images, from files or your webcam.



### Audio Project

Teach based on one-second-long sounds, from files or your microphone.



### Pose Project

Teach based on images, from files or your webcam.

## New Image Project

### Standard image model

**Best for most uses**

224x224px color images

Export to TensorFlow, TFLite, and TF.js

Model size: around 5mb

### Embedded image model

**Best for microcontrollers**

96x96px greyscale images

Export to TFLite for Microcontrollers, TFLite, and TF.js

Model size: around 500kb

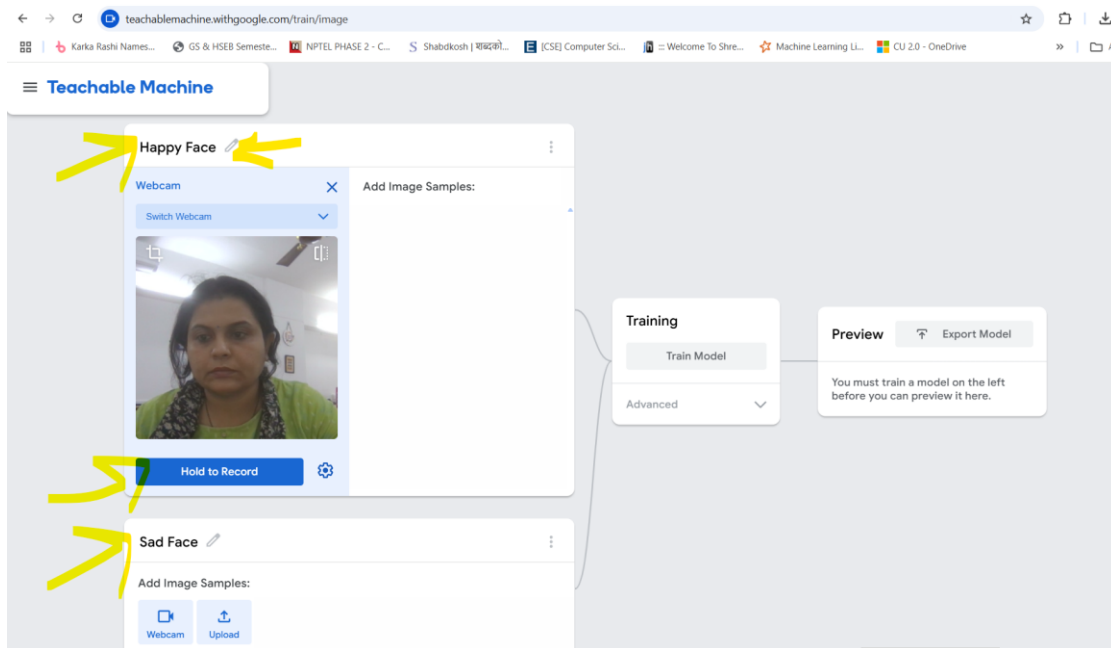
[See what hardware supports these models.](#)

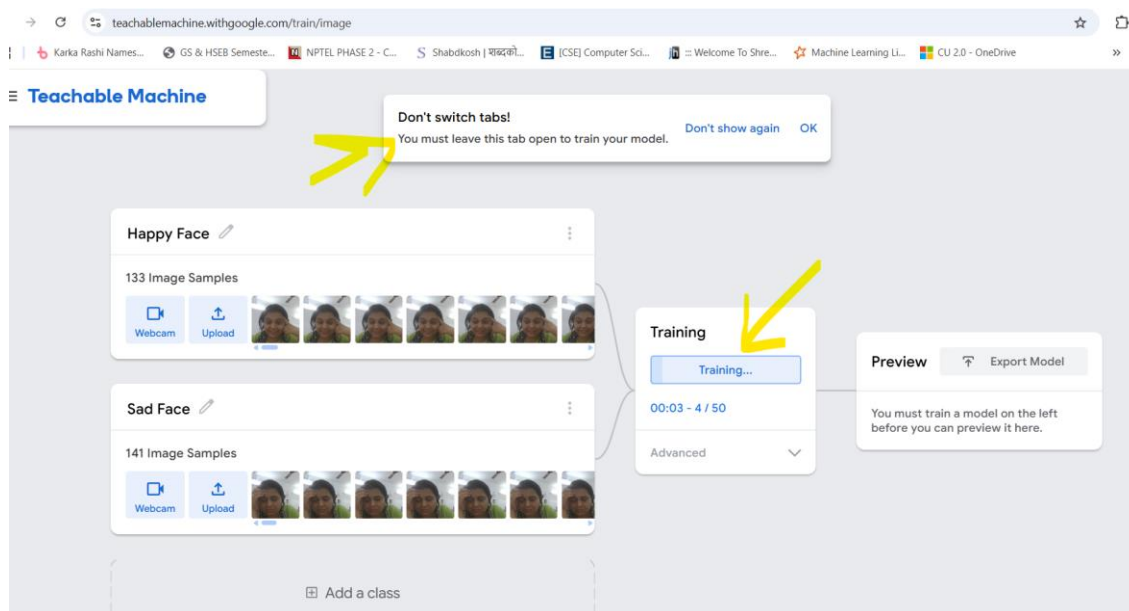
## ◆ Step 2: Create Two Classes

- By default, two classes appear as *Class 1* and *Class 2*.
- Rename them to something meaningful, such as:
  - **Class 1 → Happy Face**
  - **Class 2 → Sad Face**

## ◆ Step 3: Add Training Data

- For each class:
  - Use **“Webcam”** to take multiple photos of your face with the desired expression.
    - Take at least **30–50 images per class** for better accuracy.
  - Alternatively, click **“Upload”** to add images from your computer.
- Try to vary angles, lighting, and background to simulate real-world conditions.



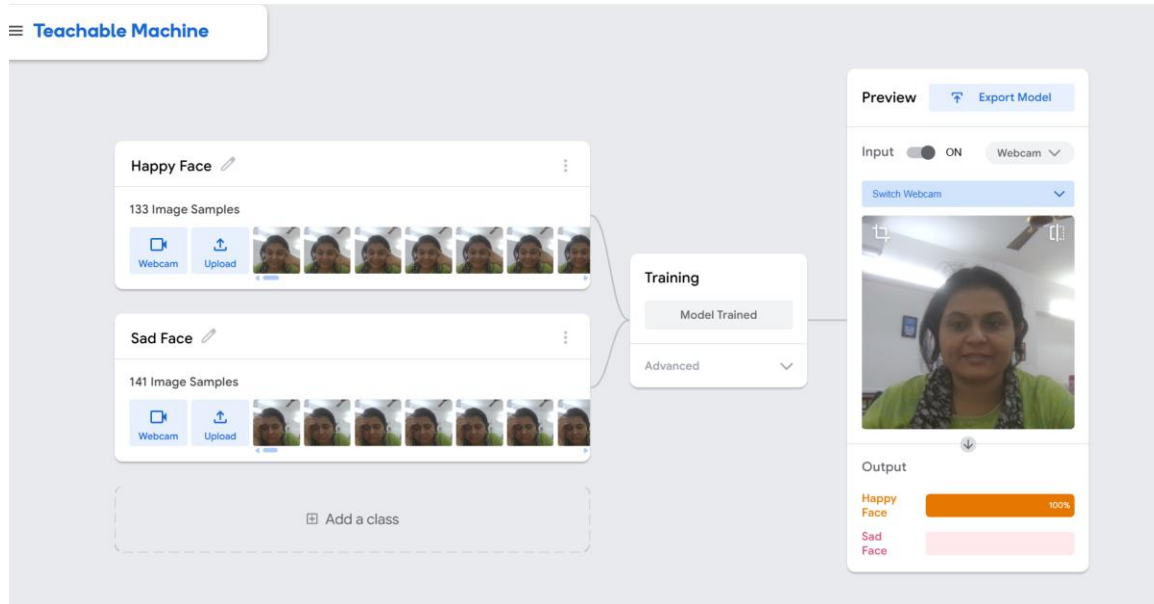


#### ◆ Step 4: Train the Model

- Click “**Train Model**”.
- Teachable Machine will:
  - Preprocess the images
  - Train a lightweight neural network in the browser
- The process may take **30–60 seconds**, depending on data volume.

#### ◆ Step 5: Test the Model

- After training, switch to the “**Preview**” panel.
- Use the **webcam** live to show different expressions.
- Observe:
  - Whether the model accurately classifies “Happy” and “Sad” faces.
  - The **confidence score** (%) given for each prediction.



## ◆ Step 6: Analyze Model Behavior

- **Misclassifications:**

- What happens if the lighting is poor or expressions are subtle?
- How does the model respond to neutral or mixed expressions?

- **Learning Point:**

- Misclassification highlights the **importance of diverse and sufficient data**.
- Adding more varied images improves model generalization and reduces overfitting.

## ✅ Discussion Points:

- How did the model decide between Happy and Sad?
- What happens when you test with a face it hasn't seen before?
- What if you add a third class, like "Neutral Face"?
- How does model performance change with **more data, better lighting, or clearer expressions**?





AI & BITCOIN CERTIFICATIONS!

[aicerts.ai](https://aicerts.ai)

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