

$$1. A(1)AB = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & -2 \\ 6 & 1 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB - BA = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & -4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2) AB = \begin{bmatrix} a+b+c & a^2+b^2+c^2 & 2ac+b^2 \\ a+b+c & 2ac+b^2 & a^2+b^2+c^2 \\ 3 & a+b+c & a+b+c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} a+c+ac & b+c+ab & 2c+a^2 \\ a+b+bc & b^2+2b & b+c+ab \\ 2a+c^2 & a+b+bc & a+c+ac \end{bmatrix}$$

$$AB - BA = \begin{bmatrix} b-ac & a^2+b^2+c^2-b-c-ab & 2ac+b^2-2c-a^2 \\ c-bc & 2ac-2b & a^2+b^2+c^2-b-c-ab \\ b+c-a-c^2 & c-bc & b-ac \end{bmatrix}$$

2. (8)

$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda^2 & 2\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & \lambda^2 & 2\lambda \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} = \lambda \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

要是A是0的话可以提1.

$$\text{原式} = \lambda^n \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^n = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & n & \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & n \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix}^n = \lambda^n \begin{bmatrix} 1 & n & \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & n \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

不可盲目提1  
 $\lambda^n \lambda^n \lambda^{n-1} \lambda^{n-2} \dots \lambda^n$

$$10. AA=0$$

$$\Rightarrow A \cdot A^T = 0$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & a_{n2} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{12}=a_{21}, A=A^T$$

$$a_{12}=a_{21}, a_{n2}=a_{2n}$$

$$A \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i}^2 & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i} a_{2i} & \dots & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i} a_{ni} \\ \vdots & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{2i}^2 & \dots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ni}^2 & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ni} a_{2i} & \dots & \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ni}^2 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_{1i}^2 = 0, \sum_{i=1}^n a_{2i}^2 = 0, \dots, \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ni}^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore a_{ij} = 0$$

$$a_{ij} = 0 \quad i=1, 2, 3, \dots, n$$

$$a_{ij} = 0$$

$$\therefore A=0$$