RWorksheet_Calzado#3b.Rmd

Michael Angelo S. Calzado

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- 1. Create a data frame using the table below.
- a. Write the codes.data <- data.frame(

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```
Respondents = c(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20),
  Sex = c(2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2),
  FathersOccupation = c(1, 3, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1, 3, 2, 1, 3, 3, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1),
  PersonsAtHome = c(5, 7, 3, 8, 5, 9, 6, 7, 8, 4, 7, 5, 4, 7, 8, 8, 3, 11, 7, 6),
  SiblingsAtSchool = c(6, 4, 4, 1, 2, 1, 5, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 5, 5, 2, 1, 2, 5, 3, 2),
  TypeofHouses = c(1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 3, 3, 1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2)
da <- data
colnames(da) <- c("Respondents", "Sex", "Fathers Occupation", "Persons At Home", "Siblings At School",</pre>
##
      Respondents Sex Fathers Occupation Persons At Home Siblings At School
## 1
                     2
                 1
                                                           5
                                                           7
## 2
                 2
                     2
                                          3
                                                                                4
                                          3
## 3
                 3
                     1
                                                           3
                                                                                4
                 4
                     2
                                          3
                                                           8
## 4
## 5
                 5
                     2
                                          1
                                                           5
                                                                                2
                     2
                                          2
                                                           9
## 6
                                                                                1
## 7
                 7
                     2
                                          3
                                                           6
                                                                                5
                     2
                                                           7
## 8
                 8
                                          1
                                                                                3
## 9
                 9
                     2
                                                           8
                                          1
                                                                                1
## 10
                10
                     2
                                          1
                                                           4
                                                                                2
                                          3
                                                           7
                                                                                3
## 11
                11
                     1
## 12
                12
                     2
                                          2
                                                           5
                                                                                2
## 13
                13
                     2
                                          1
                                                           4
                                                                                5
## 14
                14
                     2
                                          3
                                                           7
                                                                                5
                     2
                                          3
                                                                                2
## 15
                15
                                                           8
## 16
                16
                     2
                                          1
                                                           8
                                                                                1
                                          3
                                                           3
                                                                                2
## 17
                17
                     2
## 18
                18
                     2
                                          1
                                                          11
                                                                                5
                                          2
                                                           7
                19
                                                                                3
## 19
                     1
## 20
                20
                                          1
                                                           6
                                                                                2
      Type of Houses
## 1
                    1
                    2
## 2
## 3
                    3
## 4
                    1
```

```
## 7
## 8
                   1
## 9
                   2
## 10
                   3
                   2
## 11
## 12
                   3
## 13
                   2
                   2
## 14
## 15
                   3
                   3
## 16
## 17
                   3
                   3
## 18
                   3
## 19
## 20
legend <- list(</pre>
  Sex = c("Male" = 1, "Female" = 2),
  FathersOccupation = c("Farmer" = 1, "Driver" = 2, "Others" = 3),
  TypeofHouses = c("Wood" = 1, "Semi-concrete" = 2, "Concrete" = 3)
)
legend
## $Sex
##
     Male Female
##
        1
##
## $FathersOccupation
## Farmer Driver Others
##
        1
               2
                      3
##
## $TypeofHouses
##
            Wood Semi-concrete
                                    Concrete
##
               1
  b. Describe the data. Get the structure or the summary of the data
str(data)
## 'data.frame':
                    20 obs. of 6 variables:
   $ Respondents
                       : num 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
##
   $ Sex
                              2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
                       : num
   $ FathersOccupation: num
                              1 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ PersonsAtHome
                              5 7 3 8 5 9 6 7 8 4 ...
                       : num
  $ SiblingsAtSchool : num
                              6 4 4 1 2 1 5 3 1 2 ...
   $ TypeofHouses
                       : num
                              1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 ...
summary(data)
##
     Respondents
                                   FathersOccupation PersonsAtHome
                         Sex
   Min. : 1.00
                    Min.
                           :1.00
                                   Min.
                                          :1.00
                                                     Min. : 3.0
                    1st Qu.:2.00
                                                     1st Qu.: 5.0
##
   1st Qu.: 5.75
                                   1st Qu.:1.00
## Median :10.50
                    Median:2.00
                                   Median:2.00
                                                     Median: 7.0
## Mean
          :10.50
                    Mean
                           :1.85
                                   Mean
                                          :1.95
                                                     Mean : 6.4
## 3rd Qu.:15.25
                    3rd Qu.:2.00
                                   3rd Qu.:3.00
                                                     3rd Qu.: 8.0
## Max.
           :20.00
                    Max.
                           :2.00
                                   Max.
                                          :3.00
                                                     Max. :11.0
## SiblingsAtSchool TypeofHouses
## Min. :1.00
                     Min.
                           :1.0
```

```
## 1st Qu::2.00 1st Qu::2.0
## Median :2.50 Median :2.5
## Mean :2.95 Mean :2.3
## 3rd Qu::4.25 3rd Qu::3.0
## Max::6.00 Max::3.0
```

Figure 1: R Chunk c. Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5?

```
meansiblings <- mean(data$SiblingsAtSchool)
meansiblings</pre>
```

[1] 2.95

- The answer is NO!. It is 2.95.
- d. Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting functions. Write the codes and its output.

```
first2rows <- subset(data, Respondents <= 2)
first2rows</pre>
```

e. Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column. Write the codes and its result.

```
extractedrows <- data[c(3, 5), c(2, 4)]
extractedrows</pre>
```

```
## Sex PersonsAtHome
## 3 1 3
## 5 2 5
```

f. Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types houses. Write the codes.

```
types_houses <- data$TypeofHouses
types_houses</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
```

g. Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer. Write the codes and its output.

```
malesfarmers <- data[data$Sex == 1 & data$FathersOccupation == 1, ]
malesfarmers</pre>
```

```
## [1] Respondents Sex FathersOccupation PersonsAtHome
## [5] SiblingsAtSchool TypeofHouses
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

h. Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its outputs.

```
femalessiblings <- data[data$Sex == 2 & data$SiblingsAtSchool >= 5, ]
femalessiblings
```

```
##
      Respondents Sex FathersOccupation PersonsAtHome SiblingsAtSchool
## 1
                 1
                      2
                                          1
                                                          5
                 7
                      2
                                                          6
                                                                             5
## 7
                                          3
                      2
## 13
                13
                                          1
                                                          4
                                                                             5
                14
                      2
                                          3
                                                          7
                                                                             5
## 14
```

```
5
## 18
                 18
                                          1
                                                         11
      TypeofHouses
##
## 1
## 7
                   3
                   2
## 13
## 14
                   2
## 18
  2. Write a R program to create an empty data frame. Using the following codes:
```

```
df = data.frame(
Doubles=double(),
Characters=character(),
Logicals=logical(),
Factors=factor(),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE
)
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")
```

[1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"

```
print(str(df))
```

```
## 'data.frame': 0 obs. of 4 variables:
## $ Doubles : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals : logi
## $ Factors : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL
```

- a. Describe the results.
- 3. Create a .csv file of this. Save it as HouseholdData.csv
- a. Import the csv file into the R environment. Write the codes.

```
data1 = read.csv("/cloud/project/HouseholdData.csv")
data1
```

шш		D	G	E-+10	D A + II	Q:1.1:
##		Respondents	Sex	FathersOccupation		SiblingsAtSchool
##	1	1	Male	1	5	2
##	2	2	Female	2	7	3
##	3	3	Female	3	3	0
##	4	4	Male	3	8	5
##	5	5	Male	1	6	2
##	6	6	Female	2	4	3
##	7	7	Female	2	4	1
##	8	8	Male	3	2	2
##	9	9	Female	1	11	6
##	10	10	Male	3	6	2
##		TypeofHouse	s X			
##	1	Woo	d NA			
##	2	Congret	e NA			
##	3	Congret	e NA			
##	4	Woo	d NA			
##	5	Semi-congret	e NA			
##	6	Semi-congret	e NA			
##	7	Woo	d NA			

```
## 8 Semi-congrete NA
## 9 Semi-congrete NA
## 10 Wood NA
```

b. Convert the Sex into factor using factor() function and change it into integer. [Legend: Male = 1 and Female = 2]. Write the R codes and its output.

```
data1$Sex <- factor(data1$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"), labels = c(1, 2))
data1$Sex <- as.integer(data1$Sex)
data1$Sex</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1
```

c. Convert the Type of Houses into factor and change it into integer. [Legend: Wood = 1; Congrete = 2; Semi-Congrete = 3]. Write the R codes and its output.

```
## [1] 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 1
```

d. On father's occupation, factor it as Farmer = 1; Driver = 2; and Others = 3. What is the R code and its output?

- ## [1] Farmer Driver Others Others Farmer Driver Driver Others Farmer Others
 ## Levels: Farmer Driver Others
 - e. Select only all females respondent that has a father whose occupation is driver. Write the codes and its output.

```
femaledrivers <- data1[data1$Sex == 2 & data1$FathersOccupation == 2, ]
femaledrivers</pre>
```

```
## [1] Respondents Sex FathersOccupation PersonsAtHome
## [5] SiblingsAtSchool TypeofHouses
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
X TypeofHouse
```

f. Select the respondents that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school. Write the codes and its output.

```
siblings_filter <- data1[data1$SiblingsAtSchool >= 5, ]
siblings_filter
```

4. Interpret the graph.

#The sentiment analysis of tweets reveals some interesting trends over the specified dates in July 2020
#On July 14, there was a clear sense of negativity in the tweets, reflecting significant public concern
#By July 17, while negative feelings were still prevalent, there was a slight uptick in positive respon
#However, on July 20, negative sentiment dipped, though it still outpaced positive tweets, suggesting l
#Overall, the data reflects a fluctuating emotional landscape, with negative sentiments often dominatin
Sentiment Analysis