# Package 'zeitgebr'

# December 8, 2017

December 6, 2017
Title Analyse and Visualise Circadian Behaviours
<b>Date</b> 2017-09-06
<b>Version</b> 0.0.0.9000
<b>Description</b> Use behavioural variables to compute period, rhythmicity and other circadian parameters.
<b>Depends</b> R (>= 3.00), behavr
Imports data.table, lomb, ggplot2
Suggests testthat, covr, knitr
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
<pre>URL https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr</pre>
BugReports https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/issues
RoxygenNote 6.0.1
Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)
R topics documented:
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dams_sample	A behavr table with approximatly ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams_sample)). Raw data stored at https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/tree/master/raw_data

# **Description**

A behave table with approximatly ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams\_sample)). Raw data stored at https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/tree/master/raw\_data

# Usage

```
dams_sample
```

#### **Format**

An object of class behave (inherits from data.table, data.frame) with 415040 rows and 3 columns.

# Author(s)

Maite Ogueta

periodogram	Computes periodograms	
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# Description

This function builds peroidograms, with one of several methods, for each individual of behavr table

#### Usage

```
periodogram(var, data, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
  resample_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, FUN = chi_sq_periodogram, ...)
```

# Arguments

var	variable to analyse
data	behavr table
period_range	vector of size 2 defining minimal and maximal range of period to study (in seconds)
resample_rate	frequency to resample (up or down) the data at (in hertz)

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```
alpha significance level
```

FUN function used to compute periodogram (see periodogram\_methods)

... additional arguments to be passed to FUN

#### Value

a behavr table with the

# **Examples**

```
data(dams_sample)
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dams_sample, FUN=ls_periodogram, oversampling = 4)
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dams_sample, FUN=chi_sq_periodogram)</pre>
```

periodogram\_methods

Methods For Computing Periodograms

#### **Description**

These functions provides a series of methods to assess periodicity of circadian processes.

#### Usage

```
chi_sq_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, time_resolution = hours(0.1))

fourier_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05)

ls_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, oversampling = 8)
```

# **Arguments**

x numeric vector

period\_range vector of size 2 defining minimal and maximal range of period to study (in

seconds)

sampling\_rate the – implicitly regular – sampling rate of x (in hertz)

alpha significance level

time\_resolution

the resolution of periods to scan

oversampling the oversampling factor

#### **Details**

**TODO** 

# Value

a data.table with the columns:

- period the period (in s)
- power the power (or equivalent) for a given period
- signif\_threshold the significance threshold of the power (at alpha)

# See Also

- lomb::lsp the orginal function for ls\_periodogram
- xsp::chiSqPeriodogram (code derived from)

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