Package 'zeitgebr'

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2017
Title Analyse and Visualise Circadian Behaviours
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Version 0.0.0.9000
Description Use behavioural variables to compute period, rhythmicity and other circadian parameters.
Depends R (>= 3.00), behavr
Imports data.table, lomb, ggplot2
Suggests testthat, covr, knitr
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
LazyData true
<pre>URL https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr</pre>
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/issues</pre>
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R topics documented:
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dams_sample	A behavr table with approximatly ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams_sample)). Raw data stored at https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/tree/master/raw_data

Description

A behave table with approximatly ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams_sample)). Raw data stored at https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/tree/master/raw_data

Usage

```
dams_sample
```

Format

An object of class behave (inherits from data.table, data.frame) with 415040 rows and 3 columns.

Author(s)

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periodogram	Computes periodograms	
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Description

This function builds peroidograms, with one of several methods, for each individual of behavr table

Usage

```
periodogram(var, data, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
  resample_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, FUN = chi_sq_periodogram, ...)
```

Arguments

var	variable to analyse
data	behavr table
period_range	vector of size 2 defining minimal and maximal range of period to study (in seconds)
resample_rate	frequency to resample (up or down) the data at (in hertz)

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```
alpha significance level
```

FUN function used to compute periodogram (see periodogram_methods)

... additional arguments to be passed to FUN

Value

a behavr table with the

Examples

```
data(dams_sample)
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dams_sample, FUN=ls_periodogram, oversampling = 4)
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dams_sample, FUN=chi_sq_periodogram)</pre>
```

periodogram_methods

Methods For Computing Periodograms

Description

These functions provides a series of methods to assess periodicity of circadian processes.

Usage

```
chi_sq_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, time_resolution = hours(0.1))

fourier_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05)

ls_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, oversampling = 8)
```

Arguments

x numeric vector

period_range vector of size 2 defining minimal and maximal range of period to study (in

seconds)

sampling_rate the – implicitly regular – sampling rate of x (in hertz)

alpha significance level

time_resolution

the resolution of periods to scan

oversampling the oversampling factor

Details

TODO

Value

a data.table with the columns:

- period the period (in s)
- power the power (or equivalent) for a given period
- signif_threshold the significance threshold of the power (at alpha)

See Also

- lomb::lsp the orginal function for ls_periodogram
- xsp::chiSqPeriodogram (code derived from)

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