Package 'zeitgebr'

September 1, 2018

| Title Analysis of Circadian Behaviours |
|---|
| Date 2018-06-23 |
| Version 0.3.3 |
| Description Use behavioural variables to compute period, rhythmicity and other circadian parameters Methods include computation of chi square periodograms (Sokolove and Bushell (1978) <doi:10.1016 0022-5193(78)90022-x="">), Lomb-Scargle periodograms (Lomb (1976) <doi:10.1007 bf00648343="">, Scargle (1982) <doi:10.1086 160554="">, Ruf (1999) <doi:10.1076 brhm.30.2.178.1422="">), and autocorrelation-based periodograms.</doi:10.1076></doi:10.1086></doi:10.1007></doi:10.1016> |
| Depends R (>= 3.00), |
| behavr |
| Imports data.table, lomb, pracma |
| Suggests testthat, |
| covr, knitr, ggetho, damr |
| License GPL-3 |
| Encoding UTF-8 |
| LazyData true |
| <pre>URL https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr</pre> |
| <pre>BugReports https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/issues</pre> |
| RoxygenNote 6.0.1 |
| Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE) |
| R topics documented: |
| dams_sample |

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| dams_ | sample | A behavr table with approximately ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams_sample)). |

Description

A behave table with approximately ten days of DAM2 recording for 32 fruit flies. The first 10, the following 11 and the last 11 animals have long, short and wild type period, respectively (see meta(dams_sample)).

Usage

dams_sample

Format

An object of class behave (inherits from data.table, data.frame) with 415040 rows and 3 columns.

Author(s)

Luis Garcia

References

Raw data stored at https://github.com/rethomics/zeitgebr/tree/master/raw_data

| find_peaks Find peaks in a periodogram |
|--|
|--|

Description

This function locates the peaks in a pregenerated periodogram. Detection is based on pracma::findpeaks. Only the significant (i.e. power > signif_threshold) peaks are extracted.

Usage

```
find_peaks(data, n_peaks = 3)
```

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Arguments

| data | behavr::behavr table representing a periodogram, as returned by periodogram |
|---------|---|
| n_peaks | maximal numbers of peak to be detected |

Value

behavr::behavr table that is data with an extra column peak. peak is filled with zeros except for rows match a peak. In which case, rows have an integer value corresponding to the rank of the peak (e.g. 1 for the first peak).

References

• zeitgebr tutorial – the relevant rehtomics tutorial

See Also

- periodogram to generate a periodogram in a first place
- ggetho::geom_peak a layer to show peaks on a periodogram

Examples

```
data(dams_sample)
# only a half of the individuals for the sake of the example
dt <- dams_sample[xmv(region_id) %in% (1:16 * 2)]
per_dt_xs <- periodogram(activity, dt, FUN = chi_sq_periodogram)
per_dt_xs_with_peaks <- find_peaks(per_dt_xs)
per_dt_xs_with_peaks[peak == 1]</pre>
```

periodogram

Computes periodograms

Description

This function builds periodograms, with one of several methods, for each individual of a behavr table

Usage

```
periodogram(var, data, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
  resample_rate = 1/mins(15), alpha = 0.01, FUN = chi_sq_periodogram, ...)
```

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Arguments

var variable to analyse

data behavr table

period_range vector of size 2 defining minimal and maximal range of period to study (in seconds)

resample_rate frequency to resample (up or down) the data at (in hertz)

alpha significance level

FUN function used to compute periodogram (see periodogram_methods)

... additional arguments to be passed to FUN

Value

A behavr::behavr table. In addition to the metadata, it contains data that encodes a periodogram (i.e. power vs period). The data contains the columns:

- power the power the or equivalent (according to FUN)
- period the period at which power is computed (in seconds)
- p_value the p value associated to the power estimation
- signif threshold the threshold above which power is considered significant

References

• zeitgebr tutorial – the relevant rehtomics tutorial

See Also

- periodogram_methods the list of built-in methods
- find_peaks to find peaks in the periodogram
- ggetho::ggperio to plot periodograms

Examples

```
data(dams_sample)
# only a half of the individuals for the sake of the example
dt <- dams_sample[xmv(region_id) %in% (1:16 * 2)]
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dt, FUN = ls_periodogram, oversampling = 4)
pdt <- periodogram(activity, dt, FUN = chi_sq_periodogram)
require(ggetho)
ggperio(pdt, aes(colour=period_group)) + stat_pop_etho()</pre>
```

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Description

These functions provides a series of methods to assess periodicity of circadian processes.

Usage

```
ac_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05)

chi_sq_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, time_resolution = hours(0.1))

fourier_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05)

ls_periodogram(x, period_range = c(hours(16), hours(32)),
    sampling_rate = 1/mins(1), alpha = 0.05, oversampling = 8)
```

Arguments

Value

a data.table with the columns:

- period the period (in s)
- power the power (or equivalent) for a given period
- p_value the significance of the power
- signif_threshold the significance threshold of the power (at alpha)

References

• zeitgebr tutorial – the relevant rehtomics tutorial

See Also

- lomb::lsp- the original function for $ls_periodogram$
- xsp::chiSqPeriodogram code modified from
- stats::acf the orginal function for ac_periodogram

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