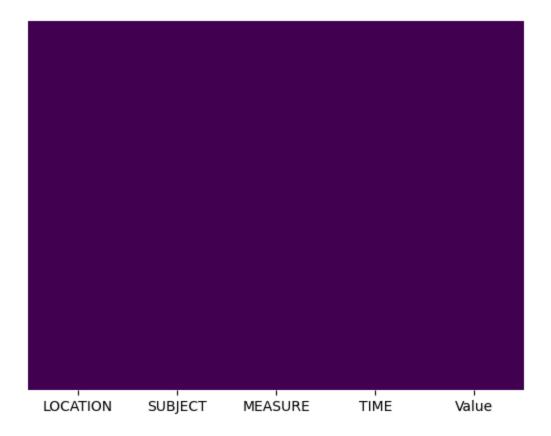
```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
        from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
        from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder
        from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression, Ridge, Lasso, ElasticNet
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeRegressor
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor, GradientBoostingRegressor, AdaB
        from sklearn.svm import SVR
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
        import xgboost as xgb
        from catboost import CatBoostRegressor
        from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
        import warnings
In [ ]: df=pd.read_csv('data/crop_production.csv')
In [ ]:
       df.head(5)
Out[]:
                                                                                          FI
           index LOCATION INDICATOR SUBJECT MEASURE FREQUENCY TIME
                                                                                  Value
                                                                                         Cod
        0
               0
                       AUS
                             CROPYIFI D
                                            RICE TONNE HA
                                                                          1990 8.314607
                                                                                          Na
                       AUS
                             CROPYIELD
                                            RICE TONNE HA
                                                                         1991 8.394737
                                                                                          Na
        2
               2
                       AUS
                             CROPYIELD
                                            RICE TONNE HA
                                                                         1992 8.094340
                                                                                          Na
        3
               3
                                            RICE TONNE HA
                                                                          1993 8.336000
                        AUS
                             CROPYIELD
                                                                                          Na
               4
                       AUS
                             CROPYIELD
                                            RICE TONNE_HA
                                                                         1994 8.537815
                                                                                          Na
        new data=df.drop(['index', 'INDICATOR', 'FREQUENCY', 'Flag Codes'], axis=1)
In [
        new data
```

ut[ ]:		LOCATION	SUBJECT	MEASURE	TIME	Value
	0	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1990	8.314607
	1	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1991	8.394737
	2	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1992	8.094340
	3	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1993	8.336000
	4	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1994	8.537815
	•••	•••				
	20561	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2021	37010.208830
	20562	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2022	37069.214850
	20563	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2023	37143.459750
	20564	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2024	37013.651900
	20565	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2025	37041.401580

20566 rows × 5 columns

```
In [ ]: new_data.info()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 20566 entries, 0 to 20565
       Data columns (total 5 columns):
           Column
                     Non-Null Count Dtype
            LOCATION 20566 non-null object
        0
            SUBJECT
                     20566 non-null object
        2
            MEASURE
                     20566 non-null object
                     20566 non-null int64
        3
            TIME
            Value
                     20566 non-null float64
       dtypes: float64(1), int64(1), object(3)
       memory usage: 803.5+ KB
       new_data.isnull().sum()
In [ ]:
Out[]: LOCATION
                    0
        SUBJECT
                    0
        MEASURE
        TIME
                    0
        Value
        dtype: int64
In [ ]: sns.heatmap(data=new_data.isnull(), cbar=False, yticklabels=False, cmap='viridis')
Out[]: <Axes: >
```



This shows no missing data

#### Perparing X and y

```
In [ ]: X=new_data.drop(columns='Value', axis=1)
In [ ]: X
```

Out[ ]:		LOCATION	SUBJECT	MEASURE	TIME
	0	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1990
	1	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1991
	2	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1992
	3	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1993
	4	AUS	RICE	TONNE_HA	1994
	•••				
	20561	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2021
	20562	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2022
	20563	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2023
	20564	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2024
	20565	OECD	SOYBEAN	THND_HA	2025

20566 rows × 4 columns

```
In [ ]: y=new_data['Value']
In [ ]: y
Out[]: 0
                      8.314607
                      8.394737
         2
                      8.094340
         3
                      8.336000
                      8.537815
                      . . .
         20561
                  37010.208830
         20562
                  37069.214850
        20563
                  37143.459750
        20564
                  37013.651900
         20565
                  37041.401580
        Name: Value, Length: 20566, dtype: float64
In [ ]: # representing y in a dataframe
        y=pd.DataFrame(y)
In [ ]: y
```

Out[ ]:		Value
	0	8.314607
	1	8.394737
	2	8.094340
	3	8.336000
	4	8.537815
	•••	
	20561	37010.208830
	20562	37069.214850
	20563	37143.459750
	20564	37013.651900
	20565	37041.401580
	20566 rd	ows × 1 column

20566 rows × 1 columns

## Identifying categorical and numeric features

```
In [ ]: categorical_cols = X.select_dtypes(include=['object', 'category']).columns.tolist()
    numerical_cols = X.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64']).columns.tolist() #

In [ ]: categorical_cols

Out[ ]: ['LOCATION', 'SUBJECT', 'MEASURE']

In [ ]: numerical_cols

Out[ ]: ['TIME']
```

### Creating the transformer pipeline

### Creating models and parameter tuning

```
In [ ]: model params = {
             'Linear Regression': {
                 'model': LinearRegression(),
                 'params': {}
            },
             'Ridge Regression': {
                 'model': Ridge(),
                 'params': {'model__alpha': [0.1, 1.0, 10.0, 100.0]}
            },
             'Lasso Regression': {
                 'model': Lasso(),
                 'params': {'model__alpha': [0.01, 0.1, 1.0, 10.0]}
             'ElasticNet Regression': {
                 'model': ElasticNet(),
                 'params': {'model__alpha': [0.1, 1.0, 10.0], 'model__l1_ratio': [0.1, 0.5,
            },
             'Decision Tree': {
                 'model': DecisionTreeRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model_max_depth': [3, 5, 10, None], 'model_min_samples_split'
            },
             'Random Forest': {
                 'model': RandomForestRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'model__max_depth': [3, 5
            },
             'AdaBoost': {
                 'model': AdaBoostRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'model__learning_rate': [
            },
             'SVR': {
                 'model': SVR(),
                 'params': {'model C': [0.1, 1, 10], 'model kernel': ['linear', 'rbf']}
            },
             'KNN': {
                 'model': KNeighborsRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model__n_neighbors': [3, 5, 7, 9], 'model__weights': ['uniform'
             'Gradient Boosting': {
                 'model': GradientBoostingRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'model__learning_rate': [
            },
             'XGBoost': {
                 'model': xgb.XGBRegressor(),
                 'params': {'model__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200], 'model__learning_rate': [
            },
             'CatBoost': {
                 'model': CatBoostRegressor(verbose=0), # Disable verbose output for CatBoo
                 'params': {'model iterations': [50, 100, 200], 'model learning rate': [0.
            }
```

# Setting up pipe line for hyper parameter tunning using gridsearch cv

```
In [ ]: # Set up Pipelines and Perform Hyperparameter Tuning using GridSearchCV
        best models = {}
        for model_name, mp in model_params.items():
            pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
                ('preprocessor', preprocessor), # Apply preprocessing
                ('model', mp['model']) # Model-specific step
            1)
            grid_search = GridSearchCV(pipeline, mp['params'], cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squa
            grid_search.fit(X, y)
            best_models[model_name] = grid_search.best_estimator_
            print(f"{model name} Best Params: {grid search.best params }")
       Linear Regression Best Params: {}
       Ridge Regression Best Params: {'model alpha': 10.0}
       Lasso Regression Best Params: {'model__alpha': 10.0}
       ElasticNet Regression Best Params: {'model__alpha': 0.1, 'model__l1_ratio': 0.9}
       Decision Tree Best Params: {'model__max_depth': None, 'model__min_samples_split': 1
       Random Forest Best Params: {'model__max_depth': None, 'model__n_estimators': 100}
       AdaBoost Best Params: {'model__learning_rate': 0.01, 'model__n_estimators': 200}
       SVR Best Params: {'model__C': 10, 'model__kernel': 'linear'}
       KNN Best Params: {'model__n_neighbors': 5, 'model__weights': 'distance'}
       Gradient Boosting Best Params: {'model learning rate': 0.1, 'model max depth': 3,
       'model n estimators': 100}
       XGBoost Best Params: {'model_learning_rate': 0.5, 'model_max_depth': 5, 'model_n_
       estimators': 100}
       CatBoost Best Params: {'model__depth': 3, 'model__iterations': 200, 'model__learning
       _rate': 0.5}
In [ ]: # Split the data into training and testing sets
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_sta
In [ ]: # Make Predictions with the Best Tuned Models
        predictions = {name: model.predict(X_test) for name, model in best_models.items()}
In [ ]: #Evaluate Accuracy using MAE, MSE, RMSE, R<sup>2</sup>
        results = {}
In [ ]: for name, pred in predictions.items():
            mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, pred)
            mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, pred)
            rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
            r2 = r2_score(y_test, pred)
            accuracy_percentage = r2 * 100 # Convert R2 to percentage
            results[name] = {'MAE': mae, 'MSE': mse, 'RMSE': rmse, 'R2': r2, 'Accuracy (%)':
```

```
In [ ]: # Display results and select the best model
         print("\nModel Performance after Hyperparameter Tuning:")
         for model_name, metrics in results.items():
             print(f"{model name}: MAE: {metrics['MAE']:.4f}, MSE: {metrics['MSE']:.4f}, RMS
       Model Performance after Hyperparameter Tuning:
       Linear Regression: MAE: 18859.1114, MSE: 2067952989.8716, RMSE: 45474.7511, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.38
       96, Accuracy: 38.96%
       Ridge Regression: MAE: 18723.0167, MSE: 2066125204.2962, RMSE: 45454.6500, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.390
       1, Accuracy: 39.01%
       Lasso Regression: MAE: 18800.1005, MSE: 2068570162.9068, RMSE: 45481.5365, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.389
       4, Accuracy: 38.94%
       ElasticNet Regression: MAE: 17507.6508, MSE: 2179778008.0420, RMSE: 46688.0928, R<sup>2</sup>:
       0.3566, Accuracy: 35.66%
       Decision Tree: MAE: 370.2604, MSE: 3990724.6579, RMSE: 1997.6798, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.9988, Accura
       cy: 99.88%
       Random Forest: MAE: 162.6405, MSE: 984527.5446, RMSE: 992.2336, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.9997, Accurac
       AdaBoost: MAE: 13070.0162, MSE: 1011475681.1946, RMSE: 31803.7055, R2: 0.7014, Accur
       acy: 70.14%
       SVR: MAE: 12289.3711, MSE: 3491862384.4853, RMSE: 59091.9824, R<sup>2</sup>: -0.0307, Accuracy:
       -3.07%
       KNN: MAE: 0.0000, MSE: 0.0000, RMSE: 0.0000, R<sup>2</sup>: 1.0000, Accuracy: 100.00%
       Gradient Boosting: MAE: 6431.3492, MSE: 277686396.1003, RMSE: 16663.9250, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.918
       0, Accuracy: 91.80%
       XGBoost: MAE: 860.3780, MSE: 5061240.1444, RMSE: 2249.7200, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.9985, Accuracy: 9
       9.85%
       CatBoost: MAE: 5851.8358, MSE: 197088812.5506, RMSE: 14038.8323, R<sup>2</sup>: 0.9418, Accurac
       y: 94.18%
```

#### We will choose XGBoost cause it does not overfit

#### Creating a pipeline for xgboost

```
'model__max_depth': [3, 5, 10],
             'model__subsample': [0.7, 0.8, 1.0],
             'model colsample bytree': [0.7, 0.8, 1.0]
In [ ]: grid_search = GridSearchCV(pipeline, param_grid, cv=5, scoring='neg_mean_squared_er
In [ ]: grid_search.fit(X_train, y_train)
                      GridSearchCV
Out[ ]:
                  estimator: Pipeline
           ▶ preprocessor: ColumnTransformer
                   cat
                                    num
            ▶ OneHotEncoder
                              ▶ MinMaxScaler
                     ▶ XGBRegressor
In [ ]: best_xgb_model = grid_search.best_estimator_
        best_params = grid_search.best_params_
        print(f"Best XGBoost Parameters: {best_params}")
       Best XGBoost Parameters: {'model__colsample_bytree': 1.0, 'model__learning_rate': 0.
       1, 'model__max_depth': 10, 'model__n_estimators': 200, 'model__subsample': 0.7}
In [ ]: y_pred = best_xgb_model.predict(X_test)
In [ ]: mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
        mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
        rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
        r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
In [ ]: print(f"Mean Absolute Error: {mae:.4f}")
        print(f"Mean Squared Error: {mse:.4f}")
        print(f"Root Mean Squared Error: {rmse:.4f}")
        print(f"R2 Score: {r2:.4f}")
       Mean Absolute Error: 621.8347
       Mean Squared Error: 6917015.9369
       Root Mean Squared Error: 2630.0220
       R<sup>2</sup> Score: 0.9980
In [ ]: plt.scatter(y_test,y_pred);
        plt.xlabel('Actual');
        plt.ylabel('Predicted');
```

