# 14 - Package Management, Git Merging

CS 2043: Unix Tools and Scripting, Spring 2016 [1]

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# Some Logistics

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- · Lots of great questions on Piazza, keep it up!
- Today is going to be a lot of fun (at least for me)

Package Management
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- In general, these are "pre-compiled binaries": no compilation necessary. It's already packaged nice and neat just for you!

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- Don't user others (e.g. **port**), they are outdated / EOSL.

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<sup>\*</sup> See next slide for a potential **update** pitfalls.

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- If your program needs a specific version of the linux kernel, you need to be very careful!

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- This concept has no meaning for brew, since it compiles everything.

System Specific Package Managers

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  - Different command: apt-cache search <pkg>

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- 5. VERY IMPORTANT: READ WHAT THE OUTPUT IS!!!! It will tell you to do things, and you *have* to do them.

  Specifically:

"You should run `brew doctor' \*before\* you install anything."

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       Install .app applications! Safe: installs in the "Cellar", symlinks to ~/Applications, but now these update with brew all on their own!
      - E.g. brew cask install vlc

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- Of course, there is a whole lot more that brew does, just like the other package managers.

- You REALLY need to pay attention to brew and what it says.
   Seriously.
- Example: after installing **opencv**, it tells me:

```
Caveats
Python modules have been installed and Homebrew's site-packages is not
in your Python sys.path, so you will not be able to import the modules
this formula installed. If you plan to develop with these modules,
please run:
    mkdir -p /Users/sven/.local/lib/python2.7/site-packages
    echo 'import site; site.addsitedir("/usr/local/lib/python2.7/site-packages")' >> \
    /Users/sven/.local/lib/python2.7/site-packages/homebrew.pth
# (continued onto newline so you can read, it gives you copy-paste format!)
```

- Obviously I want to use **opencv** with **Python**, so I am going to follow what **brew** tells me to do.
- If it may cause problems, it will tell you what the problems might be.

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  - brew tap

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  - If you installed Anaconda Python 2, you can still install Python 3
     and use pip3, but things may get a little weird with updating
     pip3. Don't update pip3, or install Anaconda Python3 as well.

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# Ubuntu
apt-get install build-essential python3-dev python3-pip

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- You can now debug the lecture 14 demo script:

### References I

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