

SDNFV FINAL PROJECT

SDN Network as Virtual Router

Deadline: 2023/01/08



- Review of Labs
- Virtual Router Explained
- Virtual Router Specification
- ONOS App and Services In Use
- In Used App Configurations
- Virtual Router Workflow
- Supplement
- Scoring Criteria
- Reference



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Review of Labs

- Lab3 SDN-enabled Learning Bridge
 - Mac learning
- Lab4 DHCP Application
 - Use intent to forward DHCP packets
 - Configuring ONOS APP via onos-netcfg
- Lab5 Proxy ARP
 - Construct packets and packet-out to edge ports
- Lab6 Network Function Virtualization
 - Use Quagga and Docker to simulate Autonomous Systems (AS)

Note: All of these labs would be used in final project.

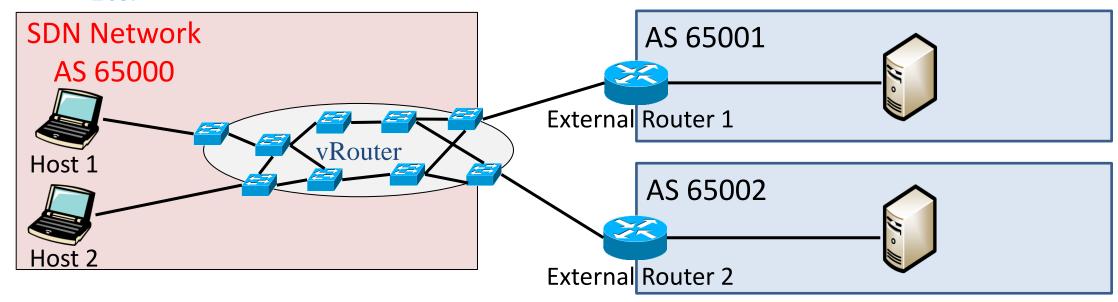


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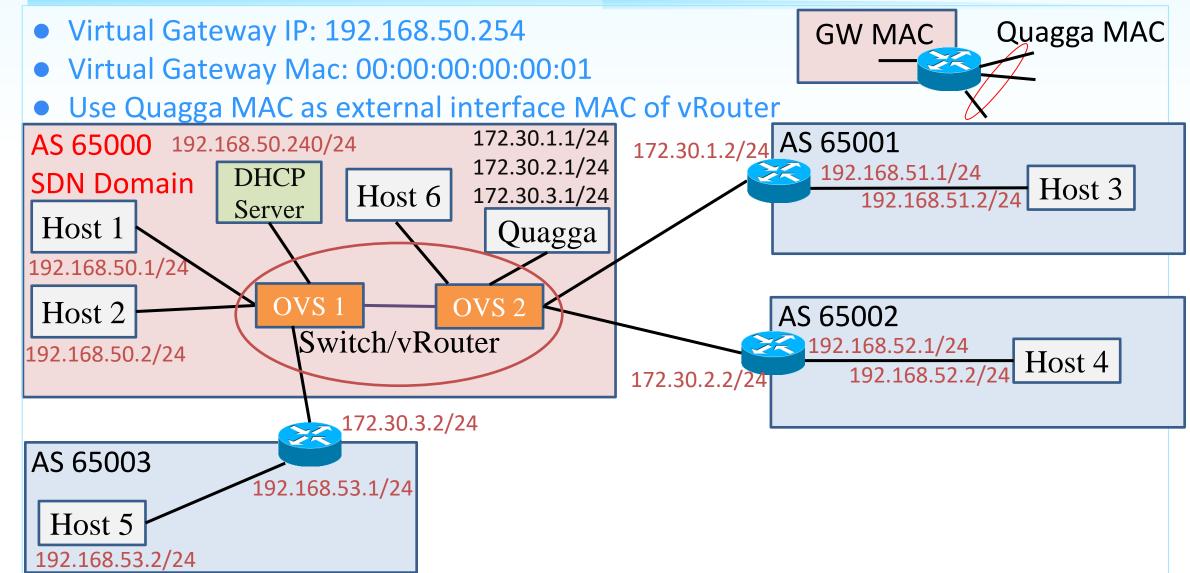
SDN Virtual Router

- SDN network as a virtual router
 - Use openflow switches and flowrules to simulate router behavior
 - For instance:
 - Route exchange
 - Layer2 modification
 - Etc.





Sample Topology

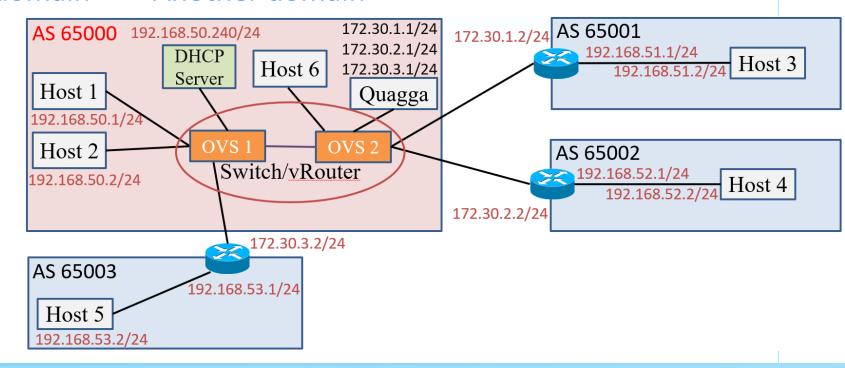




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- Intra domain host communication
 - Handled by bridge APP
- Inter domain host communication
 - SDN domain <=> Other domain
 - One domain <=> SDN domain <=> Another domain





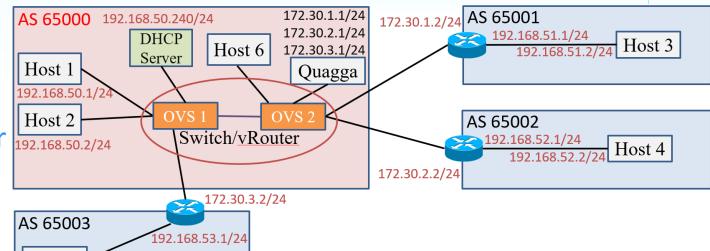
vRouter Specification

- Intra AS packet forwarding and packet-in request
 - Lab3
- DHCP support for device in AS
 - Lab4
- ARP reply for device in AS and inter domain eBGP traffic
 - Lab5
- Routing table maintenance
 - Lab6
- Create flowrule for intra/inter domain traffic

Host 5

192.168.53.2/24

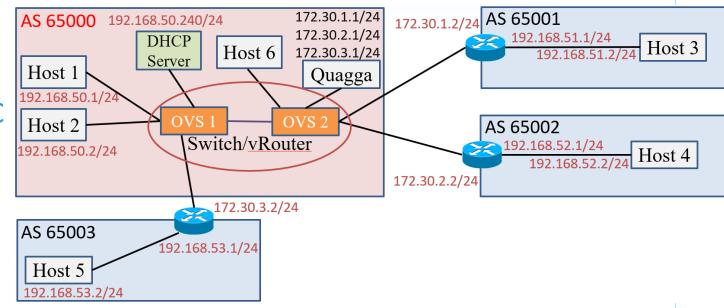
vRouter app





Supplements

- 1. 4 scripts for topology construction/destruction
 - Built by Docker and OVS
 - All Dockers are configured, including IP address, gateway and quagga config file.
- 2. A sample ONOS APP config file
 - Configurations
 - Interface service config
 - Virtual gateway IP and MAC
 - BGP peers
 - DHCP server location
- 3. Compiled oar files, including
 - Bridge App
 - UnicastDHCP App
 - ProxyARP App





vRouter Project TODO List

- Configure vRouter using onos-netcfg
- Route exchange
 - Forward external router's eBGP packet to Quagga and vice versa (using intent)
- Route decision
 - Decide nexthop using information collected from Quagga
- Gateway function
 - L2 modification for inter AS communication.

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 - ONOS Interface Service
 - ONOS Route Service
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Zebra FIB Pushing

- Zebra supports a 'Forwarding Information Base (FIB) push' interface (FPI)
 - FPI allows an external component to learn the forwarding information
- Forwarding Plane Manager (FPM)
 - Receives FIB
 - Decode FIB into routes
- ✓ FIB pushing:
 - FPM establishes a TCP connection with Zebra
 - Zebra pushes FIB to FPM
- In this project, we use ONOS built in FPM to collect routing information from zebra mikoto@root > app activate org.onosproject.fpm

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ONOS Interface Service

- A storage service for APPs to decide how to select and forward network traffic
- Manually assign a subnet / connection point mapping for query

```
"ports": {
   "of:0000000000000004/2": {
        "interfaces": [
                "name": "intf1",
                "ips": [
                    "172.30.1.1/24"
```

Connection Point

Interface Config



ONOS Interface Service

• Query for interface info using Interface Service.

```
import org.onosproject.net.intf.Interface;
import org.onosproject.net.intf.InterfaceService;

@Reference(cardinality = ReferenceCardinality.MANDATORY)
protected InterfaceService intfService;

Interface outIntf = intfService.getMatchingInterface(IP4Address("172.30.1.1/24"));
```

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ONOS Route Service

- Collect routing table via FPM APP
- Provide API to query routing table
- Each entry contains nexthop info for target subnet

mikoto@root > routes

B: Best route, R: Resolved route

Table: ipv4

B R Network Next Hop Source (Node)

> * 192.168.51.0/24 172.30.1.2 FPM (127.0.0.1)

> * 192.168.52.0/24 172.30.1.3 FPM (127.0.0.1)

> * 192.168.53.0/24 172.30.2.2 FPM (127.0.0.1)

Total: 3

Query nexthop using routeService

```
import org.onosproject.routeservice.RouteService;
```

@Reference(cardinality = ReferenceCardinality.MANDATORY)
protected RouteService routeService;

//getRouteTables() returns a set of iterable route entries
routeService.getRouteTables()

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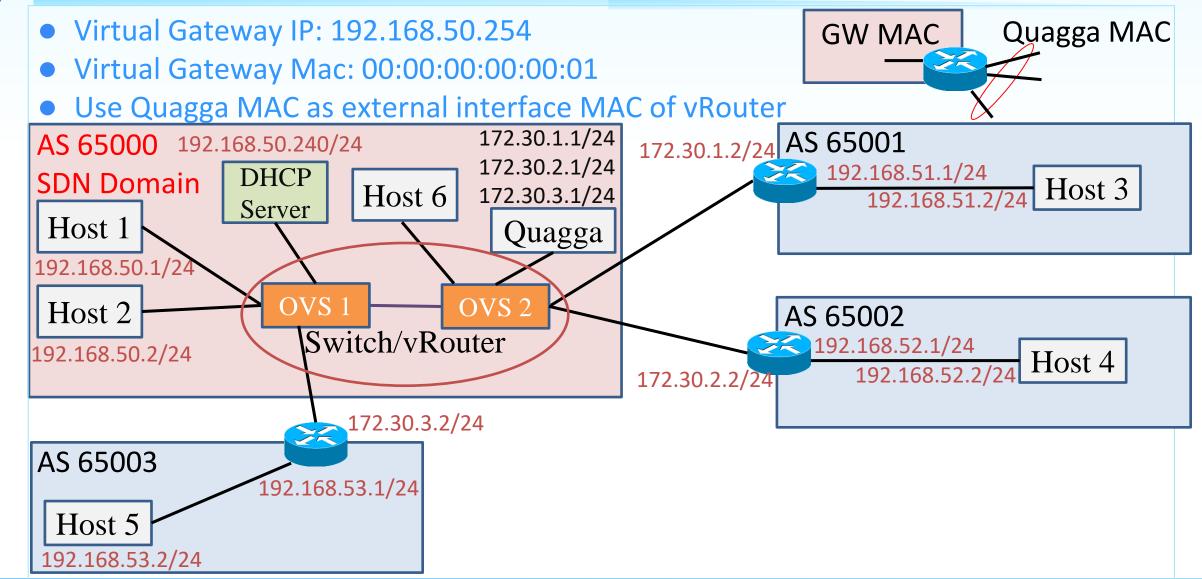
App Config File Attributes

- quagga:
 - Connection point of Quagga
- quagga-mac
 - MAC address of Quagga
- virtual-ip
 - Virtual gateway IP
- virtual-mac
 - Virtual gateway MAC
- peers:
 - BGP peering

```
"apps": {
    "nycu.sdnfv.vrouter": {
        "router": {
            "quagga": "of:00000000000000002/4",
            "quagga-mac": "YOUR QUAGGA'S MAC",
            "virtual-ip": "192.168.50.254",
            "virtual-mac": "00:00:00:00:00:01",
            "peers": [
                "172.30.1.2",
                "172.30.2.2",
                "172.30.3.2"
```



Sample Topology



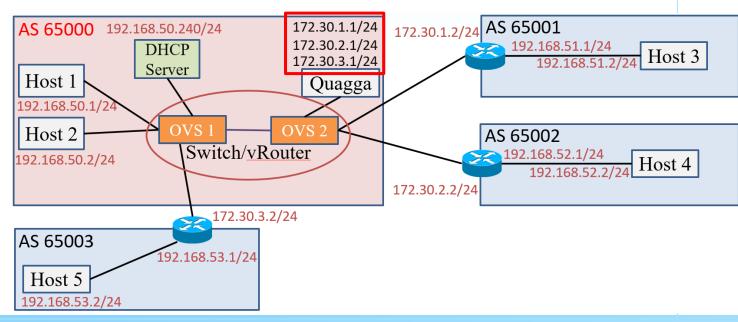
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Virtual Router Configuration and BGP Peering

- Virtual router IP and MAC addresses:
 - IP addresses: one for each external interface
 - **172.0.1.1, 172.0.2.1, 172.0.3.1**
 - MAC address: a single MAC for all external interfaces
 - Using quagga's MAC address
- Proxy ARP APP handles ARPs on behalf of vRouter





Flowrules for BGP Peering – Outgoing eBGP

- Install rules for eBGP via PointToPointIntent
 - Ingress point: Quagga's connect point
 - From configuration file
 - Filter: destination IP = external router's IP
 - From configuration file
 - Egress point: external interface
 - Via querying Interface Service





Flowrules for BGP Peering – Incoming eBGP

- Install a PointToPointIntent
 - Ingress point: external interface
 - Via querying interface service
 - Filter: destination IP = Quagga's IP
 - Egress point: Quagga's connect point
 - From configuration file

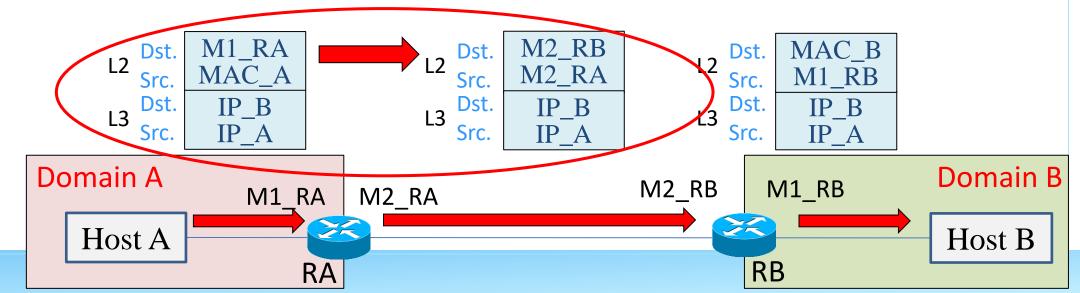


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Legacy Router Workflow – Outgoing Packets

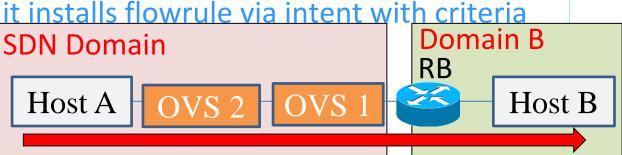
- Host A sends IPv4 packets to external Host B
 - Host A sends ARP request for gateway MAC
 - Host A construct packet, using
 - MAC A as source MAC
 - M1_RA as destination MAC
 - IP A as source IP
 - IP B as destination IP
- RA performs Layer 2 modification on packet





Packet Workflow - SDN to External

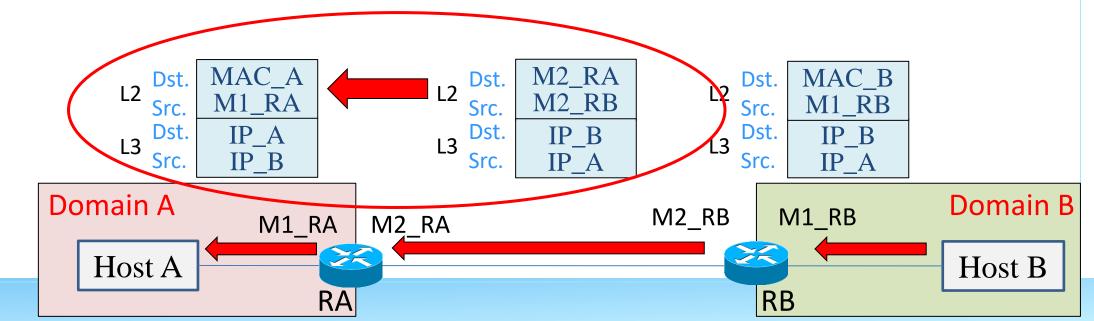
- Host A in SDN domain sends pkts to external Host B, assuming flowrule not exists
 - Host A sends ARP request for gateway MAC
 - ProxyARP replies gateway MAC
- If vRouter knows route to destination IP, it installs flowrule via intent with criteria
 - Ingress CP: packet-in port
 - Egress CP: nexthop connect point (RB)
 - Query from Interface Service
 - Filter: destination IP = host B's IP Layer2 header modification
 - Modify source MAC to Quagga's MAC
 - Query from configuration file
 - Modify destination MAC to nexthop's MAC
 - Query from host service
 - Otherwise:
 - Noop





Legacy Router Workflow – Incoming Packets

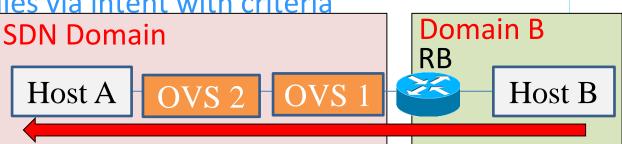
- RA receives packets from RB
- RA performs Layer 2 modification on packets
- RA forward packets to Host A





Packet Workflow - External to SDN

- External router (RB) forwards packets packets to SDN domain
 - RB sends ARP request for next hop's (Quagga) MAC
 - ProxyARP replies Quagga's MAC
- If vRouter knows Host A, it installs flowrules via intent with criteria
 - Ingress CP: packet-in port
 - Egress CP: host connection point
 - Query from host service
 - Filter: destination IP = host A's IP
 - Modify source MAC to virtual gateway's MAC
 - Query from configuration file
 - Modify destination MAC to host's MAC
 - Query from host service
- Otherwise:
 - Noop

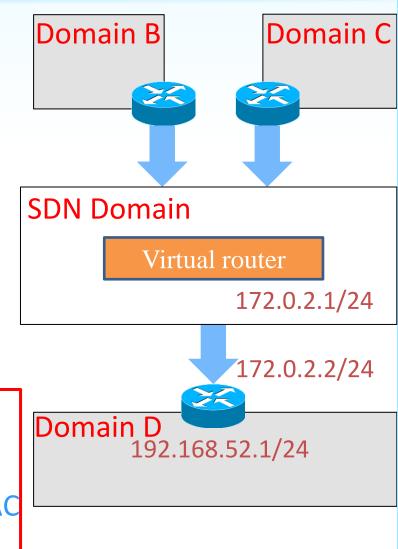


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Packet Workflow – External to External

- Suppose vRouter already learned routes from FPM
 - E.g., route: 192.168.52.0/24 nexthop 172.0.2.2
- vRouter installs rules for each transit route entry
 - Via MultiPointToSinglePoint intent, with criteria
 - Ingress CPs: all BGP peer connection points
 - Query from Interface Service
 - Filter: destination subnet in transit route entry
 - Egress CP: next hop interface
 - Query from Interface Service
 - Modify source MAC to Quagga's MAC
 - Query from configuration file
 - Modify destination MAC to next hop router's MAC
 - Query from host service



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 - Building Docker image
 - Start/Stop topology
 - Start/Stop DHCP server
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Provided Files

In a supplementary folder

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Build Docker Image from Dockerfile

- Dockerfile contains workflow to create a Docker
- In "host" and "quagga" folder
 - Contains Dockerfile to build Docker image
- To build Docker images:
 - In "host" folder
 - \$ docker build -t host-mano .



Don't forget this dot!

- In "quagga" folder
 - \$ docker build -t quagga-fpm .



Host Docker

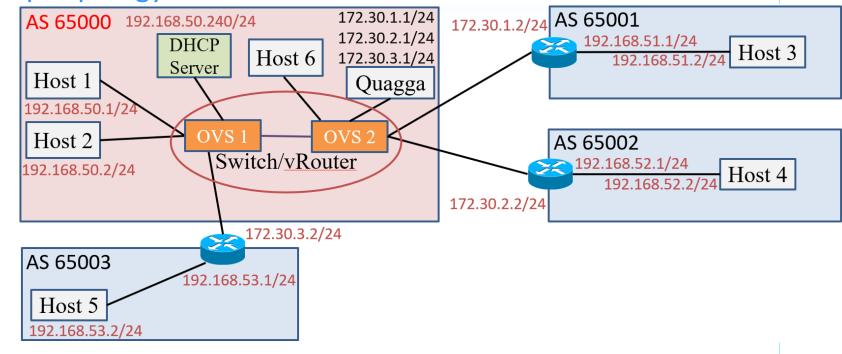
- Host docker image provides basic debugging tools
 - ping
 - arping
 - etc.
- If you need any other tools
 - Modify Dockerfile
 - Rebuild Docker image

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Build/Clean Up Topology

- \$ sudo ./build_topo.sh
 - This script helps you to build topology showed in page 7
- \$ sudo ./clean topo.sh
 - Use this script to clean up topology



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Start/Stop DHCP Server

- This script only need to execute once
 - \$ sudo ./dhcp_init.sh
- Start DHCP Server
 - \$ sudo ./dhcp_start.sh
- Kill DHCP Server
 - -\$ killall dhcpd

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Enabling FPM

- Use FPM APP for route entry collection
- Modify pom.xml
 - Enable fpm APP before vRouter APP start

```
<onos.app.requires>org.onosproject.fpm</onos.app.requires>
```

Setup route service API dependencies

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.onosproject</groupId>
  <artifactId>onos-apps-route-service-api</artifactId>
  <version>2.7.0</version>
</dependency>
```



Packet Processor Priority

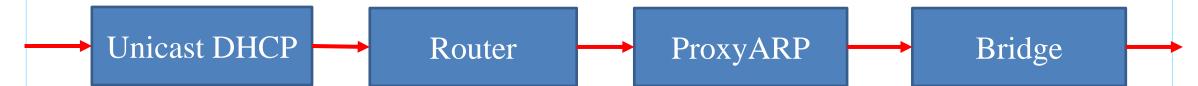
• Use 6 as your app's packet processor priority

packetService.addProcessor(processor, PacketProcessor.director(6));



Packet Processor Priority

- Packets will pass through each processor
 - From low priority to high priority
- Packet "handled" manifest
 - Call context.send() or context.block() to mark a packet context as "handled"
 - context.send() can only be called once
 - Subsequent packet processors may check "handled" mark and process packet accordingly
- To avoid bridge APP handling all traffic
 - Call context.block() on each packet processed





Procedure to Setup Demo Environment

- Start ONOS
 - \$ ok clean
- Build topology
 - \$ sudo ./build_topo.sh
- Upload json config
 - \$ onos-netcfg localhost config.json
- Start DHCP server
 - \$ sudo ./dhcp_start.sh



Procedure to Setup Demo Environment

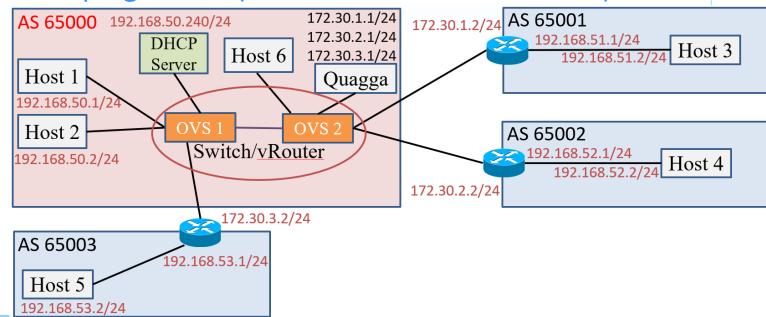
Install ONOS applications

```
-$ onos-app localhost install! target/bridge-1.0...
-$ onos-app localhost install! target/proxyarp-1.0...
-$ onos-app localhost install! target/unicastdhcp-1.0...
-$ onos-app localhost install! path/to/your/routerApp
```



How To Test Your App

- Check your app
 - Use ONOS CLI to show routing table and check rules for eBGP traffic
 - Host 1 pings Host 2 (Intra domain traffic)
 - Host 1 pings Host 3 (Inter domain traffic)
 - Host 3 pings Host 4/5 (Transit traffic)
 - Host 6 can obtain DHCP offer and ping Host 5 (DHCP + Inter domain traffic)





Debugging

- Check current routing table
 - In ONOS cli

```
mikoto@root > routes
B: Best route, R: Resolved route

Table: ipv4
B R Network Next Hop Source (Node)
> * 192.168.51.0/24 172.30.1.2 FPM (127.0.0.1)
> * 192.168.52.0/24 172.30.1.3 FPM (127.0.0.1)
> * 192.168.53.0/24 172.30.2.2 FPM (127.0.0.1)
Total: 3
```



Debugging

- Check current interface settings
 - In ONOS cli

mikoto@root > interfaces

intf2: port=of:000000000000002/4 ips=[172.30.2.1/24]

intf1: port=of:000000000000004/2 ips=[172.30.1.1/24]



Packet Loss in Inter Domain Communication

- Packet processor only implement "SetOutPort" method
- Modify src, dst MAC address and packet out by context.send() won't work

Inter domain communication will encounter packet loss

```
root@h08:/# ping 192.168.50.2
PING 192.168.50.2 (192.168.50.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.50.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=6.27 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.50.2: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=0.177 ms
^C
--- 192.168.50.2 ping statistics ---
```

No need to handle this problem



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Scoring Criteria (1/4)

- Create Makefile
 - You MUST provide your Makefile, which creates an application with a make command
 - The Makefile should be placed at the top layer of the project directory
 - TA will use your Makefile to build your application
 - If you do not provide Makefile, you will not earn any credit



Scoring Criteria (2/4)

- (10%) Project naming convention
 - <groupId>: nycu.sdnfv
 - <artifactId>: vrouter
 - <version>: <use default> (1.0-SNAPSHOT)
 - <package>: nycu.sdnfv.vrouter
- (15%) Config parsing
 - Your app should parse config file correctly
- (15%) BGP traffic
 - Quagga should be able to communicate with external router



Scoring Criteria (3/4)

- (15%) Intra Domain traffic
 - Ping should work in SDN network
- (15%) Inter Domain traffic
 - Ping should work from SDN network to external network
- (15%) Transit traffic
 - Ping from AS 65001/65002 to AS 65003 should be forwarded correctly
- (15%) DHCP client
 - Host 6 should be able to obtain DHCP offer and able to ping AS 65001—AS 65003



Scoring Criteria (4/4)

Activate these apps only

mikoto@root > apps -a -s	
<pre>* 3 org.onosproject.route-service</pre>	2.7.0 Route Service Server
<pre>* 6 org.onosproject.optical-model</pre>	2.7.0 Optical Network Model
<pre>* 31 org.onosproject.hostprovider</pre>	2.7.0 Host Location Provider
<pre>* 32 org.onosproject.lldpprovider</pre>	2.7.0 LLDP Link Provider
<pre>* 33 org.onosproject.openflow-base</pre>	2.7.0 OpenFlow Base Provider
<pre>* 34 org.onosproject.openflow</pre>	2.7.0 OpenFlow Provider Suite
<pre>* 42 org.onosproject.drivers</pre>	2.7.0 Default Drivers
<pre>* 65 org.onosproject.fpm</pre>	2.7.0 FIB Push Manager (FPM) Route
Receiver	
<pre>* 171 org.onosproject.gui2</pre>	2.7.0 ONOS GUI2
<pre>* 176 nycu.sdnfv.router</pre>	1.0.SNAPSHOT Router app
<pre>* 177 nycu.sdnfv.unicastdhcp</pre>	1.0.SNAPSHOT Unicast DHCP app
<pre>* 178 nycu.sdnfv.proxyarp</pre>	1.0.SNAPSHOT Proxy arp app
<pre>* 179 nycu.sdnfv.bridge</pre>	1.0.SNAPSHOT Bridge app



Submission Naming Convention

- Rename your router app directory as final_project_<StudentID>.
- Compress the directory into a zip file named as final_project_<StudentID>.
- Upload your zip file to E3.
- Wrong file name or format will result in 10 points deduction.
- 20% deduction for late submission in one week.
 - Won't accept submissions over one week.



Demo

- TA will open a demo time-reserved table one week before demo
- The dates will be chosen after the deadline
- Demo questions will appear at the start of the demo
- The score of demo will occupy 40% total score of this project
 - For example:
 - You earn 100% of the credits for submission
 - You earn 80% of the credits for demo
 - Then your total score of this project will be:

$$100 \times 60\% + 80 \times 40\% = 92$$



About help!

- For any project problem, ask at e3 forum
 - Ask at the e3 forum
 - TAs will help to clarify project contents instead of giving answers!
 - Please describe your questions with sufficient context,
 - e.g. Environment setup, Input/Output, Screenshots, ...
- For personal problem mail to sdnta@win.cs.nctu.edu.tw
 - You have special problem and you can't meet the deadline
 - You got weird score with project
- No Fixed TA hour

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