

# Principles of Security

## **1. Introduction:**

- Defense In Depth

## **2. The CIA Triad:**

- Confidentiality
- Integrity
- Availability

## **3. Principles of Privileges:**

- The levels of access given to individuals are determined on 2 factors:
  - The individual's role/function within the organization
  - The sensitivity of the information being stored on the system\_
- Privileged Identity Management (PIM)
- Privileged Access Management (PAM)
- Principle of least privilege

## **4. Security Models Continued:**

- The Bell-La Padula Model (Confidentiality| Can't read up, can read down)
  - Vetting
- Biba Model (Integrity| Can read up, can't read down)
- "No write down, No read up" RULE

## **5. Threat Modelling & Incident Response:**

- Threat Modelling Process
  - Preparation
  - Identification
  - Mitigations
  - Review
- Effective Threat Model
  - Threat intelligence
  - Asset identification
  - Mitigation capabilities
  - Risk assessment
- STRIDE
  - Spoofing identity
  - Tampering with data
  - Repudiation threats
  - Information disclosure
  - Denial of Service
  - Elevation of privileges
- PASTA (Process for Attack Simulation and Threat Analysis)
- Incident Response (IR)
- Urgency & Impact Classification
- CSIRT (Computer Security Incident Response Team)
- Six Phases of Incident Response
  - Preparation
  - Identification
  - Containment
  - Eradication
  - Recovery