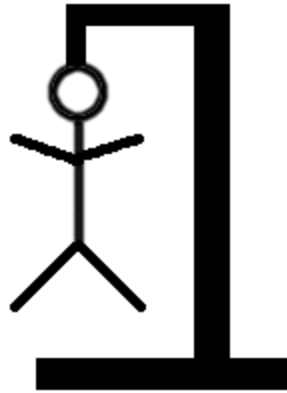


Hangman Game



Project 2

CSC – 5 #43952 Intro C++

Student Name: Michael Masli

Instructor: Professor M. Lehr

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Lines of code: 324

1. Introduction

Rules and Gameplay

Hangman is a guessing game for two or more players. One player thinks of a word, phrase or sentence and the other tries to guess it by suggesting letters or numbers. The word to guess is represented by a row of dashes, representing each letter of the word. Words you cannot use include proper nouns such as names, places, and brands. If the guessing player suggests a letter which occurs in the word, the other player writes it in all its correct positions. If the suggested letter or number does not occur in the word, the other player draws one element of a hanged man stick figure as a tally mark. The game is over when:

- The guessing player completes the word, or guesses the whole word correctly
- The other player completes the diagram of “Hangman”

Strategy for the Game

A common strategy is to guess vowels first, as English only has six vowels (a, e, i, o, u and y), and almost every word has at least one.

Run through Example: Word = HANGMAN



Word: _ _ _ _ _

Guess: e

Misses:



Guess #1



Word: _ _ _ _ _

Guess: t

Misses: e



Guess #2



Word: _ _ _ _ _

Guess: a

Misses: e, t



Guess #3



Word: _ a _ _ _ a _

Guess: o

Misses: e, t



Guess #4



Word: _ a _ _ _ a _

Guess: i

Misses: e, o, t



Guess #5



Guess #6

Word: _ a _ _ _ a _

Guess: s

Misses: e,i,o,t



Word: _ a _ _ _ a _

Guess: n

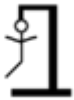
Misses: e,i,o, s,t



Word: _ a n _ _ a n

Guess: h

Misses: e,i,o,s,t



Word: h a n _ _ a n

Guess: r

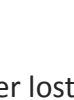
Misses: e,i,o,s,t



Word: h a n _ _ a n

Guess: z

Misses: e,i,o,r,s,t



Guess #7

Guess #8

Guess #9

Guess #10

(Number of guess has reached limit)

Player lost the game - the correct word was "HANGMAN".

Personal thoughts on Game

I think the game is pretty straight forward and simple. The main ability the player need is a strategy of guessing because the next guess is based on the result of the previous guesses.

The player needs to use the previous results and cross comparison to inference the right letter.

Therefore, the main goal is to guess the correct word within a category in the game.

2. Useful Major Tools Information

I. Arrays

An array is a series of elements of the same type placed in contiguous memory locations that can be individually referenced by adding an index to a unique identifier. For example, five values of type “int” can be declared as an array without having to declare 5 different variables (each with its own identifier). Instead, using an array, the five “int” values are stored in contiguous memory locations, and all five can be accessed using the same identifier, with the proper index. Example of an array from my project:

```
string music[SIZE] = {  
    "rock", "hiphop", "pop", "folk", "classical", "jazz", "alternative", "blues", "punk",  
    "country" };
```

II. Parallel Array

A group of parallel arrays is a data structure for representing arrays of records. It keeps a separate, homogeneous array for each field of the record, each having the same number of elements. Then, objects located at the same index in each array are implicitly the fields of a single record. Pointers from one object to another are replaced by array indices. This contrasts with the normal approach of storing all fields of each record together in memory.

This is an example of a **parallel array** that I used in my project:

```
for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++){

    if (guess == word[i]){

        unknown[i] = guess;

        match=true;

    }

}
```

III. 2 Dimensional Array

A two-dimensional array is, in essence, a list of one-dimensional arrays. A two-dimensional array can be think as a table, which will have “x” number of rows and “y” number of columns. Think of it like a matrix in math. These are the examples that I used in my program:

```
char record[COL][COL];
for(int i=0;i<COL;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<26;j++){
        record[i][j]='_';
    }
}
```

IV. Sorting an Array

The Goal of sorting is to compare each array element and swap them if they are in the wrong position. Example of code:

```
//Show the Array (new)
cout<<"Table of input: "<<endl;
showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
//Sort the Array
sortAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
cout<<"After Sorting:\n";
showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
```

Example of the output:

Example of the output.

Attempt	Phrase	Input
1	-----a--	a
2	-----a--s	s
3	-e--e--a--s	e
4	-e--er-a--s	r
5	ne--er-an-s	n
6	net-er-an-s	t
7	nether-an-s	h
8	netherlan-s	l
9	netherlands	d

After Sorting:

Attempt	Phrase	Input
1	-----a--	a
9	netherlands	d
3	-e--e--a--s	e
7	nether-an-s	h
8	netherlan-s	l
5	ne--er-an-s	n
4	-e--er-a--s	r
2	-----a--s	s
6	net-er-an-s	t

As we can see in this example, the first table represents table of the player's input. The other table represents the alphabetized order of input after sorting.

In addition, this is the sort array code that I did in my program:

```
void sortArry(int tryArr[], char inputAr[], char record[][COL], int ttlTry, int length){
    bool swap;
    char temp;
    int itemp;
    do{
        swap=false;
        for(int i=0;i<ttlTry-2;i++){
            if(inputAr[i]>inputAr[i+1]){
                swap=true;
                itemp=tryArr[i];
                tryArr[i]=tryArr[i+1];
                tryArr[i+1]=itemp;
                temp=inputAr[i];
                inputAr[i]=inputAr[i+1];
                inputAr[i+1]=temp;

                for(int j=0;j<length;j++){
```



```

        temp = record[i][j];
        record[i][j]= record[i+1][j];
        record[i+1][j] = temp;
    }
}
}
}while(swap);
}

```

V. String Length

String length returns the length of the string, in terms of bytes. This is the number of actual bytes that conforms the contents of the string. One example that I used in my project is (see it in **red**):

```

for(int i=0;i<word.length();i++){

    unknown+="-";

}

```

VI. Loops

A loop is a way of repeating a statement a number of times until some way of ending the loop occurs. It might be run for a preset number of times, typically in a “for loop”, repeated as long as an expression is true (a “while loop”) or repeated until an expression becomes false in a “do while loop”. In this project, I utilized a “for” loop and a “do while” loop. Here is one of example of loops that I utilized in my program:

```

For Loop: for(int i=0;i<word.length();i++){

    unknown+="-";

}

```

VII. Function Prototypes

A function prototype is a declaration of a function that specifies the function's name and

type signature (parameter types, return type, etc), but omits the function body.

Elsewhere in the program, a function definition must be provided if one wishes to use this function. There is another function that acts differently as a function prototype, which is called the **void function**. A function with void result type ends either by reaching the end of the function or by executing a return statement with no returned value. In other words, the function takes no arguments. It's important to be aware that a declaration of a function does not need to include any arguments. In this program, my function prototypes are:

- **bool** letFill (char, string, string&) → Letter Fill function
- **void** getWord (string [], string &, string &) → Unknown word function
- **float** percent (int, int) → guessing accuracy percentage in decimal
- **void** display(int) → to display the “HANGMAN”
- **bool** valid(char , string) → Input validation
- **void** showAry(int [], char [], char[][COL], int total_try, int unknown_length) → To print the array
- **void** sortAry(int [], char [], char[][COL], int, int) → Sorting the array

VIII. String

String class is a standard representation for a text string. In this project, I utilized **string** combined with an **array**, which stores the unknown words that the guesser has to guess in the game. One of the examples from my project:

```
string sports[SIZE] = {
```

"football", "swimming", "soccer", "basketball", "cricket", "baseball", "running",
 "tennis", "badminton", "racing" };

3. List of Variables

Data Type	Variable Name	Description	Line
int	count	To count the number of guess, then display hangman	323
	nWrong=0	Initializing the number of wrong guesses	35
	choice	Type 1, 2, or 3 to pick a category	104
	atmpt	Number of guess attempted	391
	max	Number of max. tries	391
	itemp	Temporary integer	417
	length	The length of unknown word in sort array	414
	tryArr[COL]	number of tries in array	40
	ttlTry=1	Initialize the number of tries	41
const int	MaxTRY=8	Initialize the number of maximum tries	33
	SIZE=10	Size of an array is 10	37
	COL=26	size of 2D array	20
char	letter	Input a letter to guess the word	34
	guess	Our number of guess	293
	inputAr[COL]	For the input	38

	record[COL][COL]	Record of unknown and number of tries	39
	temp	Temporary variable	416
string	word	The unknown word that we are trying to guess	36
	words[SIZE]	Country names category stored in an array	51
	sports[SIZE]	Sports category stored in an array	64
	music[SIZE]	Music genre category stored in an array	77
	unknown	The unknown word	90
	temp	Temporary variable is declared in order to help input the file	94
	output=""	Starts as a blank string. Then, when we do the for loop, it'll just add the 2D array for 'record'	405
float	percent()	Gamer's guessing accuracy in decimal	391
bool	match=false	Initialize if the answer matches as false	295
	swap	To swap	415
fstream	input	Input stream (open file)	92
	output	Output stream (close file)	311

4. Covered Topics (Checklist)

Chapter	Type	Code	Line
2.1 Variables	int	int nWrng=0;	32
2.2 Input Output	cin	cin>>letter;	115
	cout	cout<<unknown<<endl;	126
2.3 Data Types	char	char letter;	31
	bool	bool match=false;	231
	string	string word;	33
2.4 Condition	=	Int nWrng=0;	32
	==	if (count==1)	255
	++	i++;	249
2.5 Style	comment	//choose and copy a word from array of words randomly	241
3.1 Expression	>, &&, !=	while(nWrng<MaxTRY && word!=unknown){	134, 176, 218
3.2 Multiway branches	switch	switch(choice){	106
	if	(letFill(letter, word, unknown)==false){	118
	else	else{ cout<<endl<< "Yes! You found a letter, keep going!" <<endl; }	123- 125

	nested	for (int i = 0; i< word.length(); i++){	232
		do{	95
	break	break;	219
3.3 Type of Loop	for	for(int i=0;i<word.length();i++){	249
	do-while	do{} while(choice>=1 && choice<=3);	225
4.2 Predefined Function	srand, time	srand (time(0));	39
	rand	word=arr[rand()%10];	242
4.3 Function Prototypes	float	float percent ();	322
5.1 Void Function	void	void display();	254
5.2 Call-by-reference	&	void getWord(string arr[], string &word, string &unknown);	240
6.1 Streams and Basic	fstream declare	fstream output;	243
	output	output.open("word.txt", ios::out);	244
	close	output.close();	246
7.1 Array	string array	string words[SIZE]	40
7.4 Array Initialization	const int	const int SIZE=10	37
	string	string sports[SIZE] = { "football", "swimming",	64

		<pre> "soccer", "basketball", "cricket", "baseball", "running", "tennis", "badminton", "racing" }; </pre>	
7.5 Processing Array Contents	string	output+=record[i][j]	403
7.6 Using Parallel Arrays	char	<pre> if (guess == word[i]){ unknown[i] = guess; match=true; } </pre>	297
7.7 Arrays as Function Arguments	string array	<pre> void getWord(string arr[], string &word, string &unknown) </pre>	304
7.8 Two Dimensional Arrays	char	char record[COL][COL]	39
7.9 Array of Strings	string	<pre> string music[SIZE] = { "rock", </pre>	77

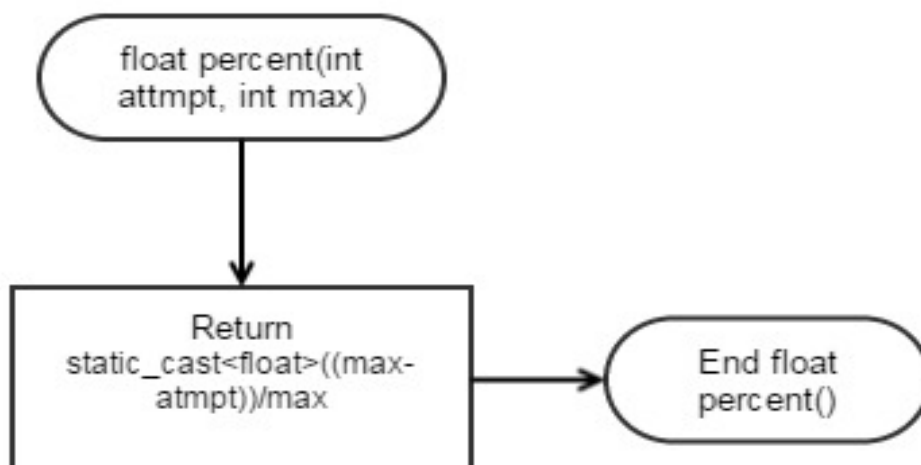
		<pre> "hiphop", "pop", "folk", "classical", "jazz", "alternative", "blues", "punk", "country" }; </pre>	
8.5 Selection Sort	void	<pre> //Show the Array cout<<"Table of input: "<<endl; showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); //Sort the Array sortAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); cout<<"After Sorting:\n"; showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); </pre>	166- 170

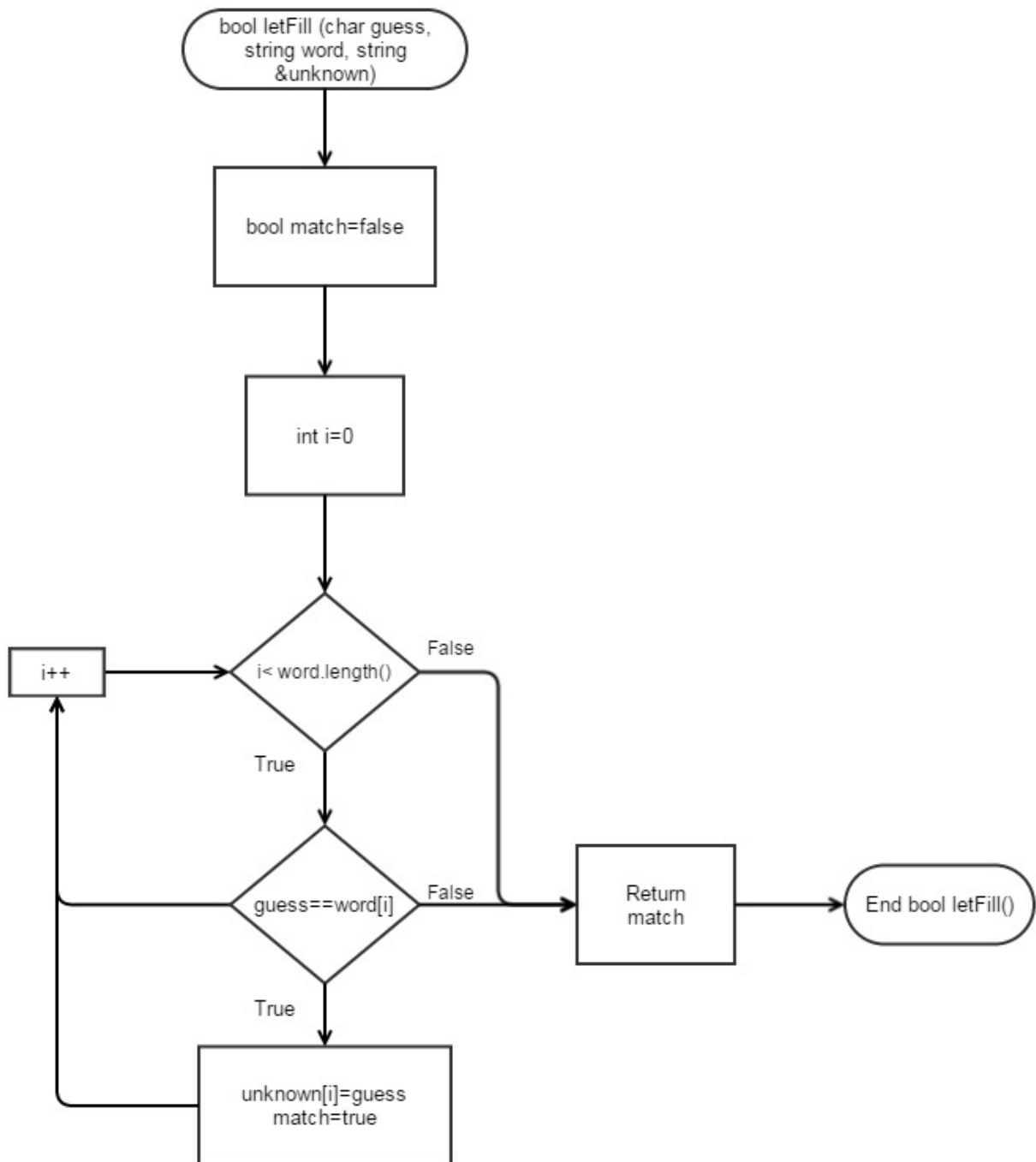
5. Libraries included

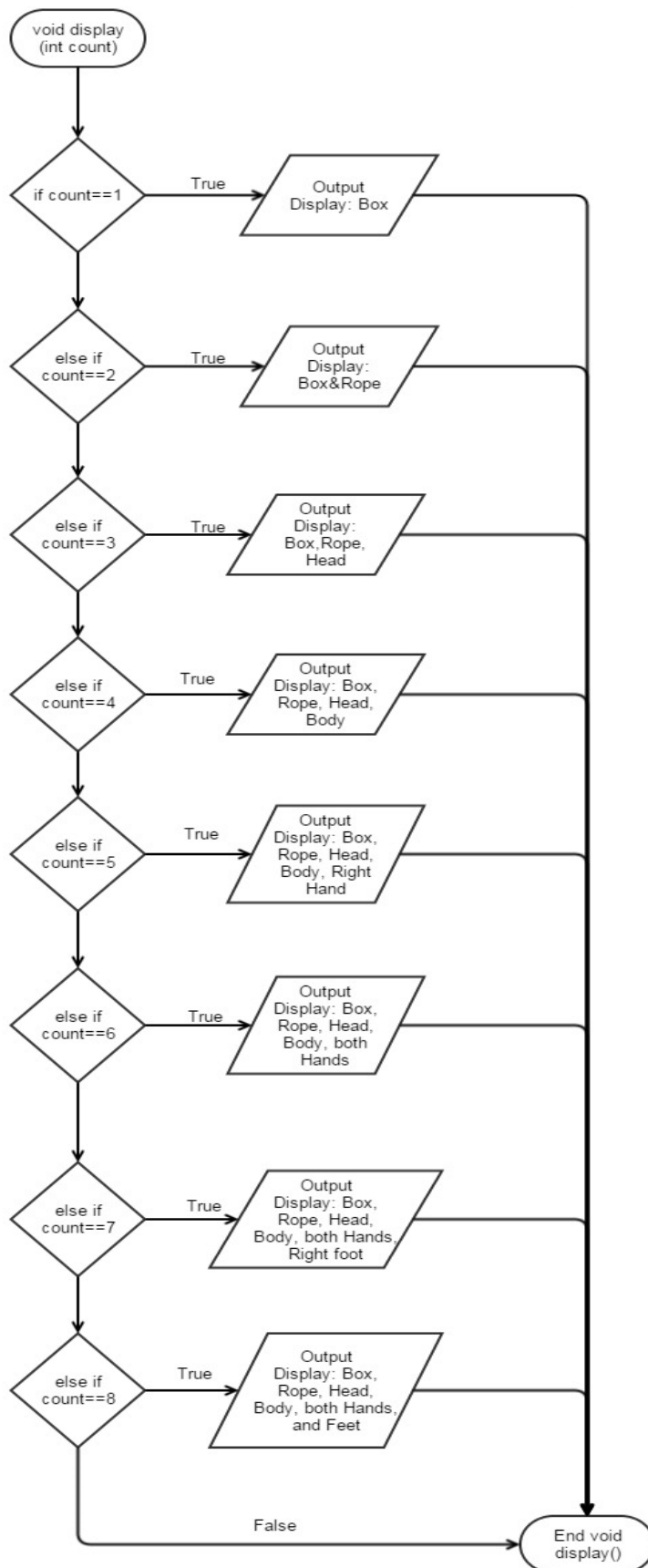
- `#include <string>`
- `#include <iostream>`
- `#include <cstdlib>`
- `#include <ctime>`
- `#include <iomanip>`
- `#include <fstream>`

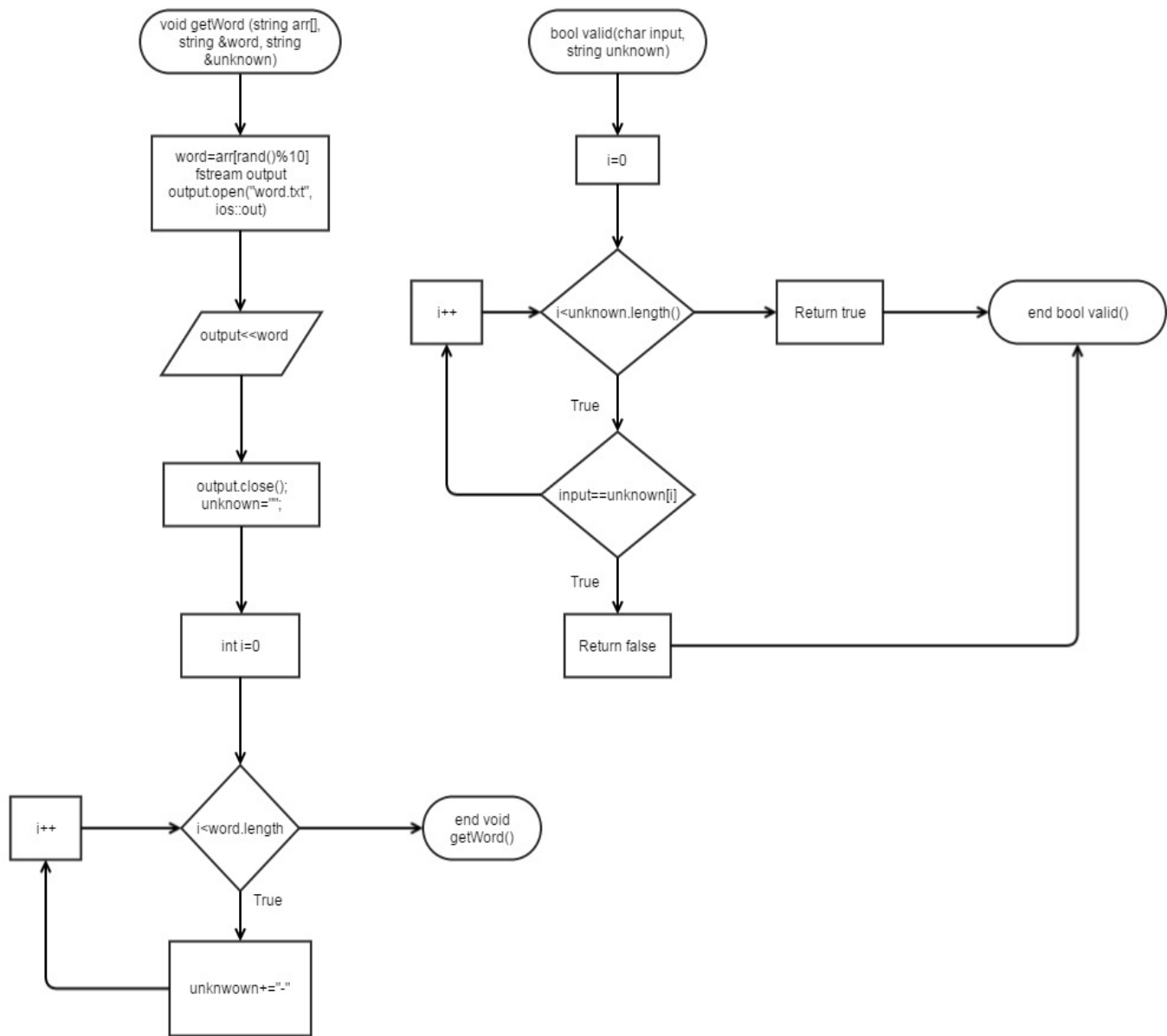
6. Flowchart

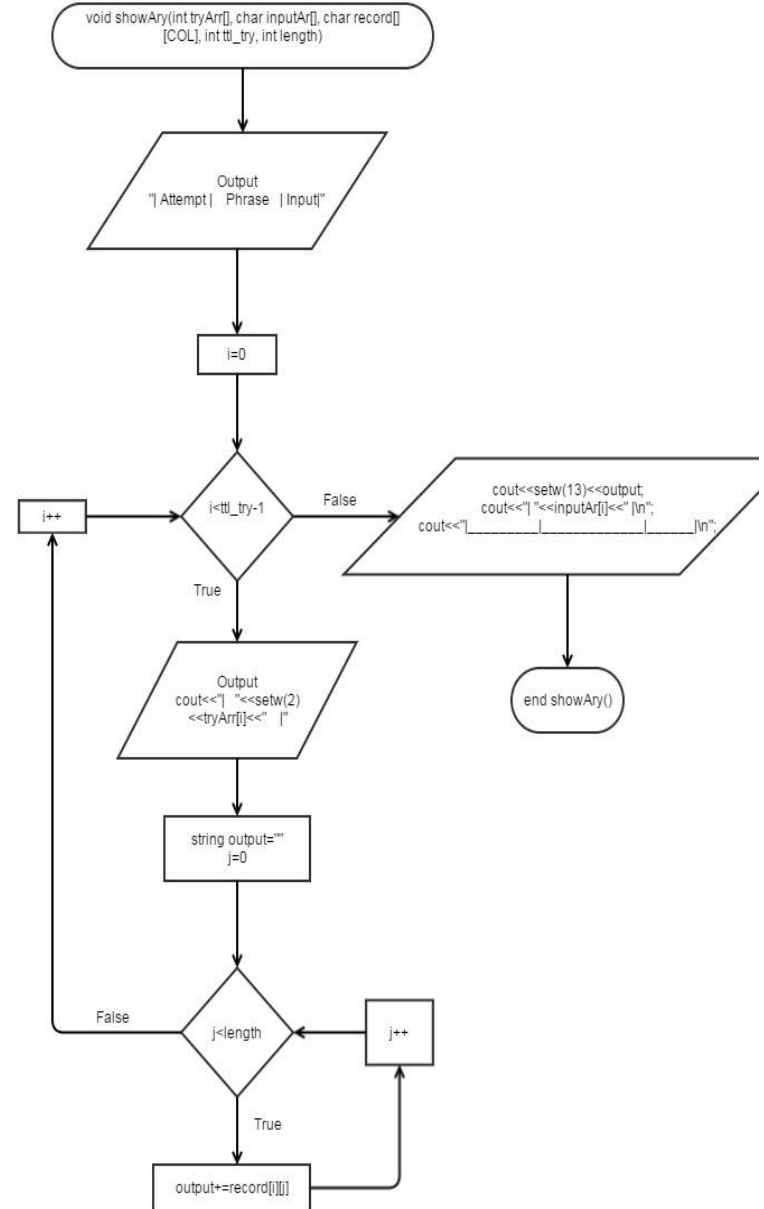
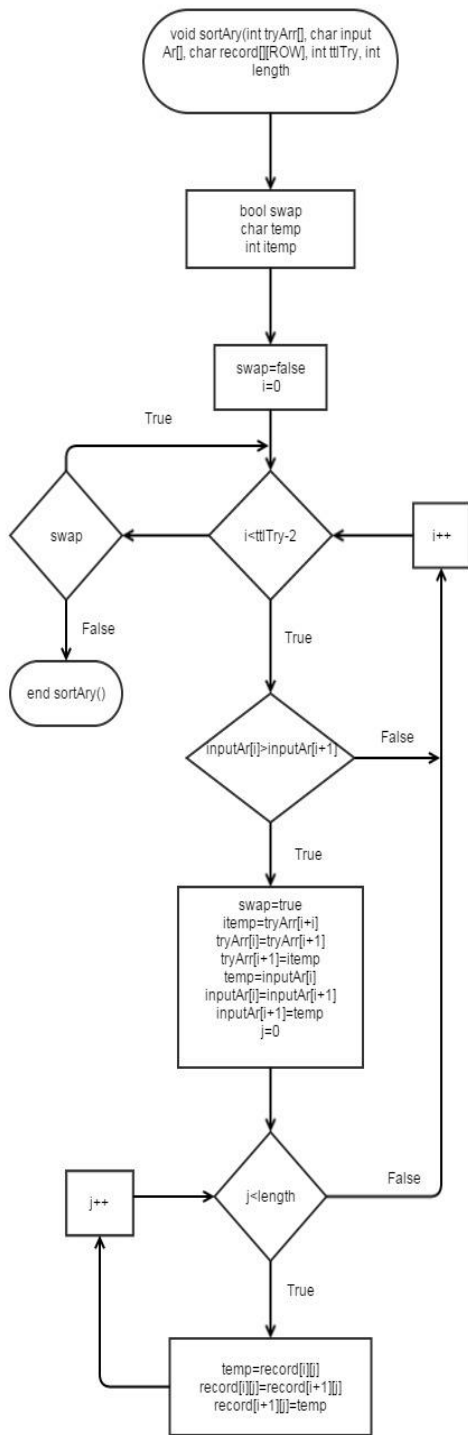
- Function Prototypes



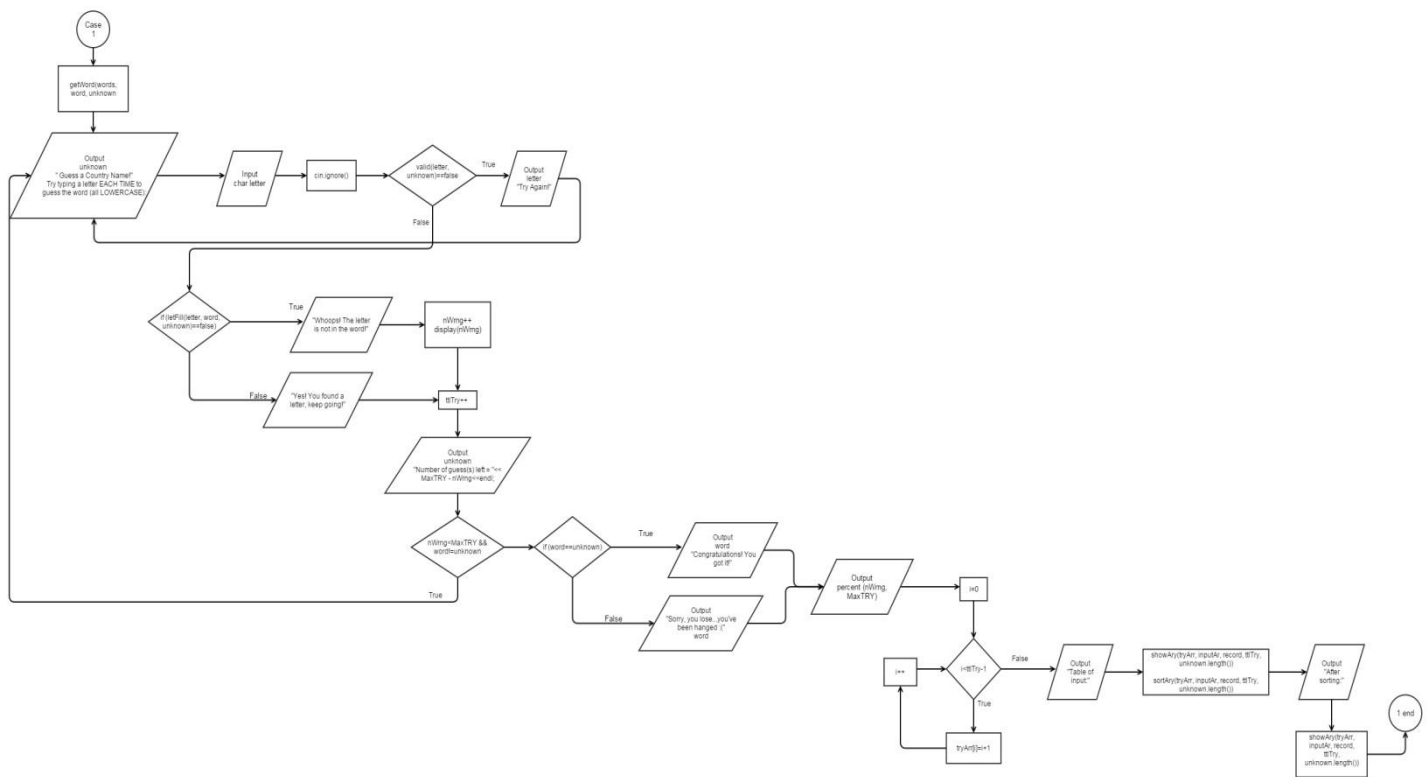




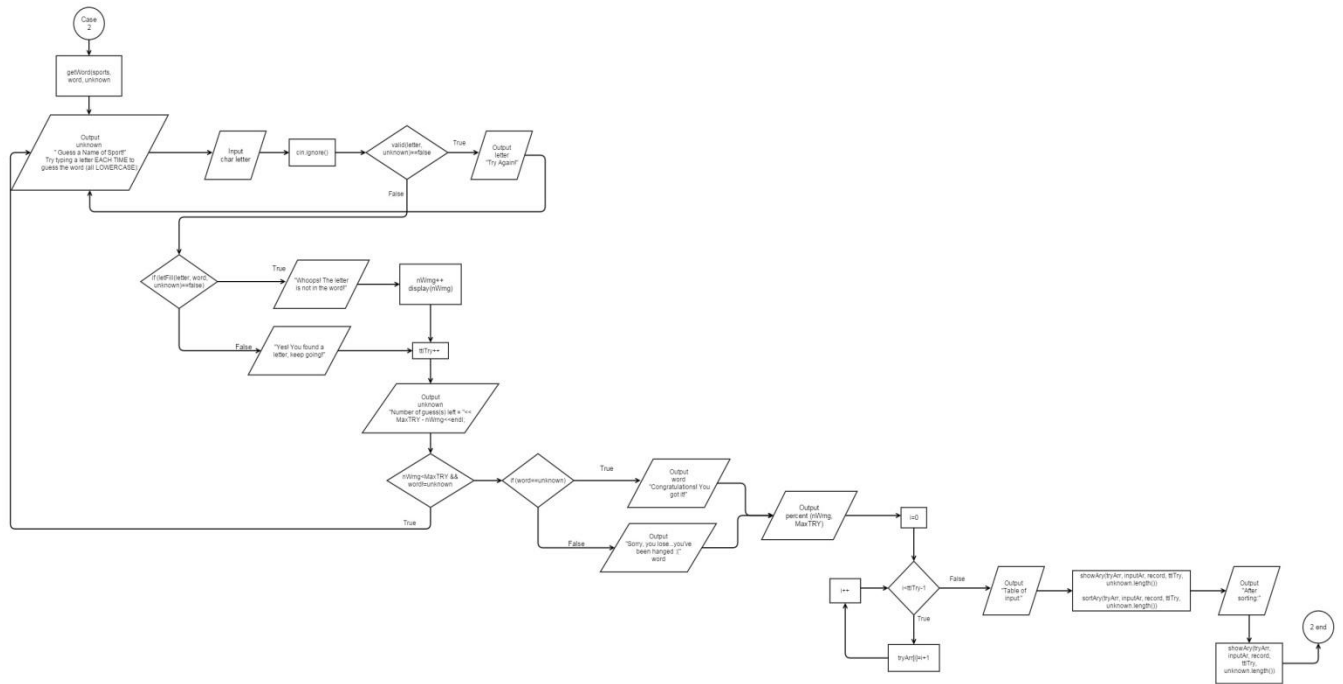




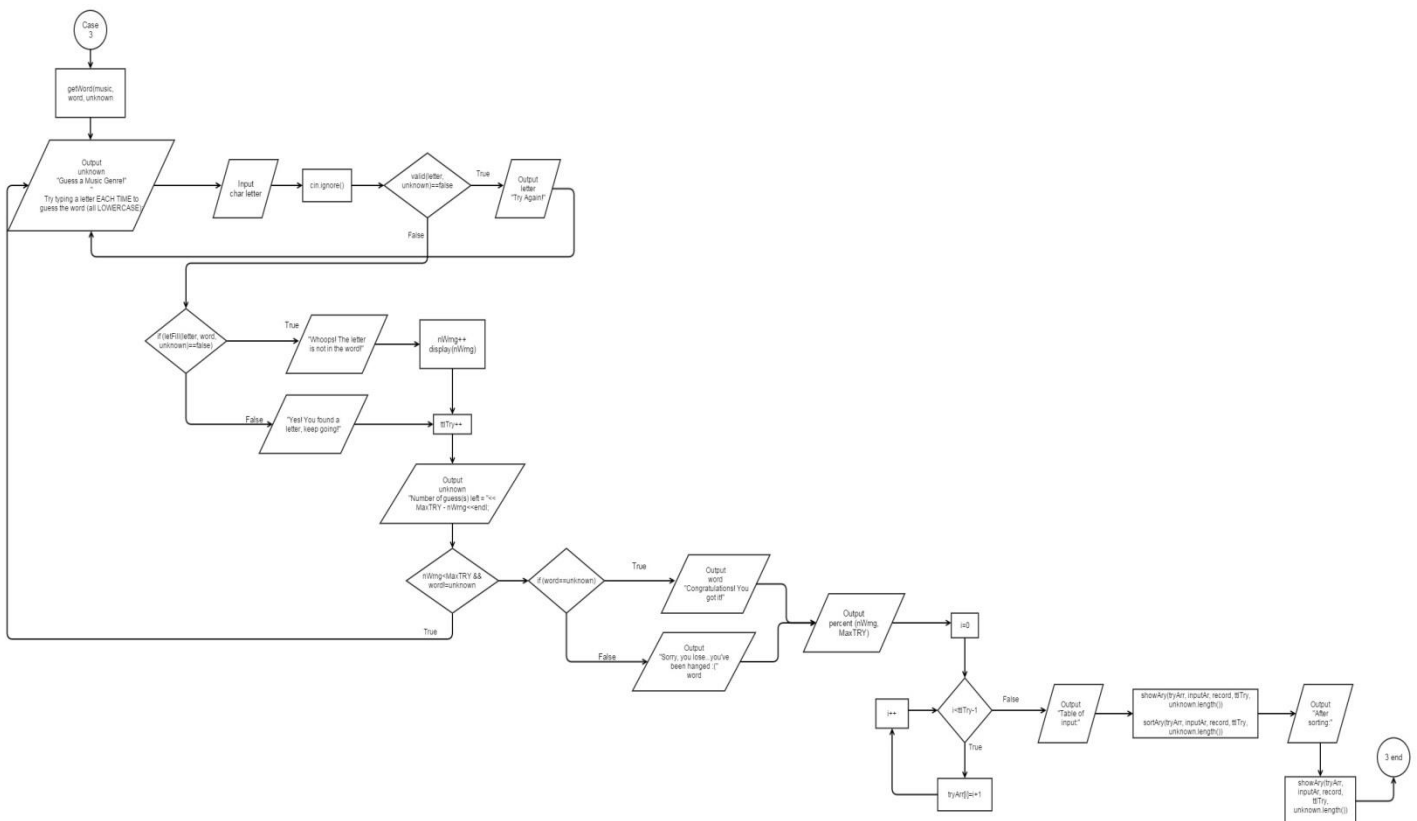
- Case 1



- Case 2

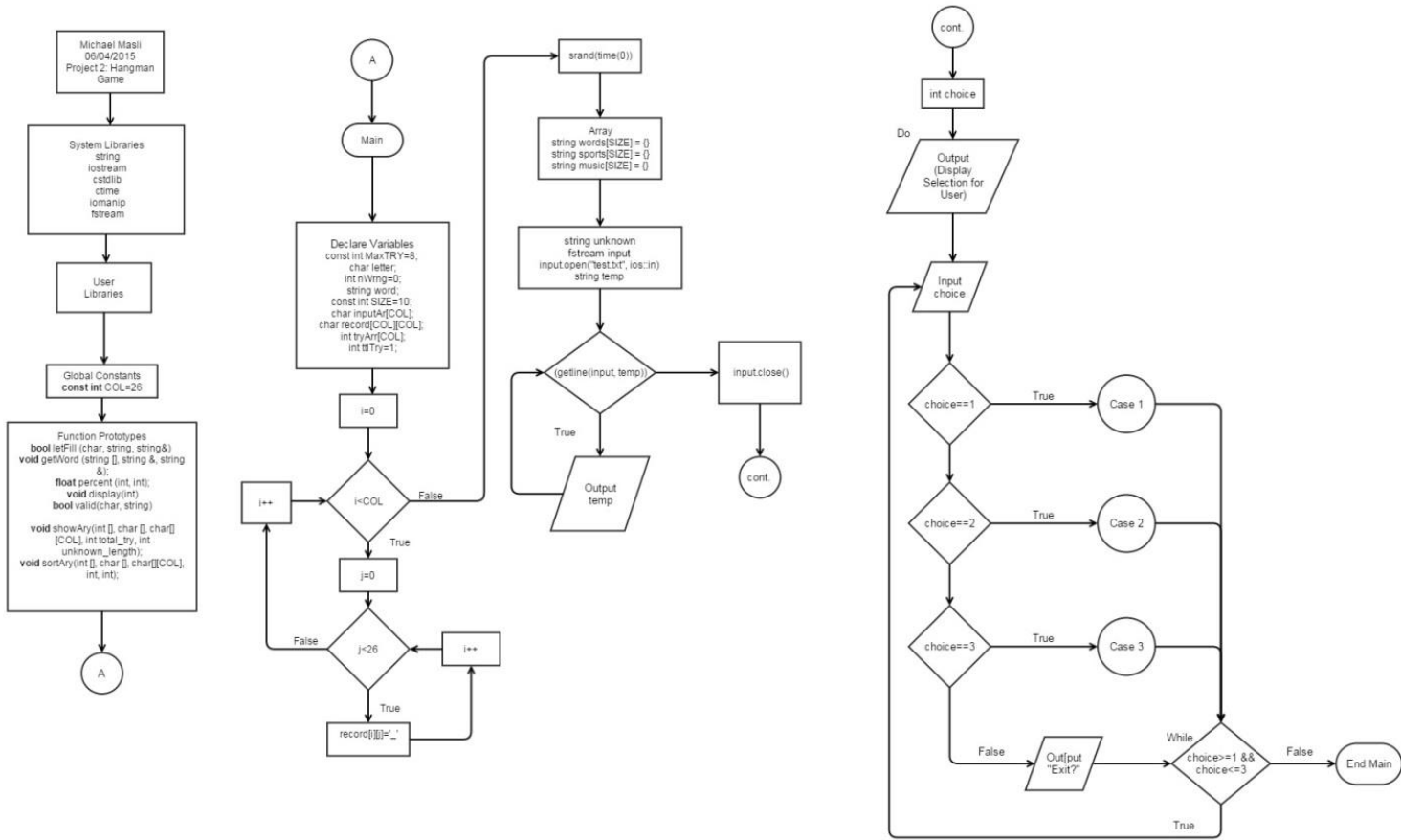


- Case 3



• Main

HANGMAN GAME



7. Programming Code

```

/*
 * File:  main.cpp
 * Author: Michael Masli
 *
 * Created on May 25, 2015, 14:32 AM
 * Purpose: Hangman Game
 */
//User Libraries

//System Libraries
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
#include <iomanip>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;

//Global Constants
const int COL=26; //size of 2d array (alphabet characters = 26 letters)
//Function Prototypes
bool letFill (char, string, string&, int, char[][COL]); //Letter Fill function
void getWord (string [], string &, string &); //'&' call by reference
float percent (int, int); // guessing accuracy percentage in decimal
void display(int); //display hangman
bool valid(char, string); //input validation
//Display input array and 2d record array
void showAry(int [], char [], char[][COL], int total_try, int unknown_length);
void sortAry(int [], char [], char[][COL], int, int);
//Execution Begins Here
int main (int argc, char** argv){
    //Declare Variables
    const int MaxTRY=8; //number of maximum tries
    char letter; // input the letter to guess the word
    int nWrng=0; //num. of wrong guesses
    string word;
    const int SIZE=10; //size of array
    char inputAr[COL]; //1D array (new)
    char record[COL][COL]; //record of unknown and try 2D (new)
    int tryArr[COL]; //new

```

```

int ttlTry=1; //initialize number of try (new)
cout<<setprecision(2)<<fixed<<showpoint; //decimal format
//New Loop (for the "unknown" unrevealed word)
for(int i=0;i<COL;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<26;j++){
        record[i][j]='_'; //2D array print out unrevealed unknown word
    }
}
//set the random time seed
srand(time(0));
string words[SIZE] = {
    "china",
    "germany", //7
    "england", //
    "netherlands", //9
    "philippines",
    "australia",
    "turkey",
    "greece",
    "uganda",
    "indonesia"
};

string sports[SIZE] = {
    "football",
    "swimming",
    "soccer",
    "basketball",
    "cricket",
    "baseball",
    "running",
    "tennis",
    "badminton",
    "racing"
};

string music[SIZE] = {
    "rock",
    "hiphop",
    "pop",
    "folk",
    "classical",
    "jazz",
    "alternative",

```

```

    "blues",
    "punk",
    "country"
};

    string unknown; //for the unknown word
//Input file
fstream input;
input.open("test.txt", ios::in);
string temp;
while(getline(input, temp))cout<<temp<<endl;
input.close();
    //Prompt the User
//    cout<<"Hello there! Welcome to HANGMAN...Guess the correct word."<<endl;
//    cout<<"Each letter is represented by the character '-' "<<endl;
//    cout<<"You get to type a letter in each try."<<endl;
//    cout<<"You have 8 tries to guess the correct word in the selected category."<<endl;

//Menu format
int choice;
    //Repeat the menu
do{
    nWrng=0;
    //General Menu Format
    //Display the selection
    cout<<"\nType 1 to guess a country name."<<endl;
    cout<<"Type 2 to guess a name of sport."<<endl;
    cout<<"Type 3 to guess a music genre."<<endl;
    cout<<"Type anything else to quit playing this game."<<endl;
    //Read the choice
    cin>>choice;
    cin.ignore();
    //Solve a problem that has been chosen.
    switch(choice){
        case 1:{
            getWord(words, word, unknown);
            //Loop until the guesses are used up
            do{
                //cout<<"\ntotal try = "<<ttlTry<<endl;
                //Input Validation
                do{
                    cout<<"\n"<< unknown;
                    cout<<"\nGuess a Country Name!\nTry typing a letter EACH TIME to guess the
word (all LOWERCASE): ";

```

```

        cin>>letter;
        cin.ignore();
        if(valid(letter, unknown)==false)cout<<"Letter '"<<letter<<" was input before,
try again!\n";
    }while(valid(letter, unknown)==false);
    inputAr[ttlTry-1]=letter;
    //Conditions
    if (letFill(inputAr[ttlTry-1], word, unknown, ttlTry, record)==false){
        cout<<endl<< "Whoops! The letter is not in the word!"<<endl;
        nWrng++;
        display(nWrng);
    }
    else{
        cout<<endl<< "Yes! You found a letter, keep going!" <<endl;
    }
    ttlTry++; //increment ttl try (new)
    //cout<<unknown<<endl;
    //Inform the user for how many guess the user has
    cout<<"Number of guess(s) left = "<< MaxTRY - nWrng;

    // Check if user guessed the word.

}while(nWrng<MaxTRY && word!=unknown);
if (word==unknown){
    cout <<"\nThe word is "<<word<<endl;
    cout << "Congratulations! You got it!"<<endl;
}
else{
    cout << "\nSorry, you lose...you've been hanged :(" << endl;
    cout << "The correct word was : " << word << endl;
}
//cout<<nWrng<<" "<<MaxTRY<<endl;
cout<<"Your guessing accuracy in decimal point is "<<percent(nWrng,
MaxTRY)<<endl;

for(int i=0;i<ttlTry-1;i++){ //new loop
    tryArr[i]=i+1;
}
//Show the Array (new)
cout<<"Table of input: "<<endl;
showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
//Sort the Array
sortAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
cout<<"After Sorting:\n";

```

showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); //Show the array after
 sorting

```

    break;
}

case 2:{
    getWord(sports, word, unknown);

    //Loop until the guesses are used up
    do{
        //Input Validation
        do{
            cout<<"\n"<< unknown;
            cout<<"\nGuess a Name of Sport\nTry typing a letter EACH TIME to guess the
word (all LOWERCASE): ";
            cin>>letter;
            cin.ignore();
            if(valid(letter, unknown)==false)cout<<"Letter '"<<letter<<"' was input before,
try again!\n";
        }while(valid(letter, unknown)==false);
        inputAr[ttlTry-1]=letter;
        //Conditions
        if (letFill(inputAr[ttlTry-1], word, unknown, ttlTry, record)==false){
            cout<<endl<< "Whoops! The letter is not in the word!"<<endl;
            nWrng++;
            display(nWrng);
        }
        else{
            cout<<endl<< "Yes! You found a letter, keep going!" <<endl;
        }
        ttlTry++;
        //cout<<unknown<<endl;
        //Inform the user for how many guess the user has
        cout<<"Number of guess(s) left = "<< MaxTRY - nWrng;

        // Check if user guessed the word.

    }while(nWrng<MaxTRY && word!=unknown);
    if (word==unknown){
        cout <<"\nThe word is "<<word<<endl;
        cout << "Congratulations! You got it!"<<endl;
    }
    else{

```

```

        cout << "\nSorry, you lose...you've been hanged :(" << endl;
        cout << "The correct word was : " << word << endl;
    }

    //cout<<nWrng<<" "<<MaxTRY<<endl;
    cout<<"Your guessing accuracy in decimal point is "<<percent(nWrng,
MaxTRY)<<endl;

    for(int i=0;i<ttlTry-1;i++){
        tryArr[i]=i+1;
    }
    //Show the Array
    cout<<"Table of input: "<<endl;
    showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
    //Sort the Array
    sortAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
    cout<<"After Sorting:\n";
    showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); //Show the array after
sorting
    break;
}
case 3:{

    array
    getWord(music, word, unknown); //getWord--> randomly pick word from music

    //Loop until the guesses are used up
    do{
        //Input Validation
        do{
            cout<<"\n"<< unknown;
            cout<<"\nGuess a name of Music Genre!\nTry typing a letter EACH TIME to
guess the word (all LOWERCASE): ";
            cin>>letter;
            cin.ignore();
            if(valid(letter, unknown)==false)cout<<"Letter '"<<letter<<"' was input before,
try again!\n";
        }while(valid(letter, unknown)==false);
        //Conditions
        inputAr[ttlTry-1]=letter;
        if (letFill(inputAr[ttlTry-1], word, unknown, ttlTry, record)==false){
            cout<<endl<< "Whoops! The letter is not in the word!"<<endl;
            nWrng++;
            display(nWrng);

```

```

    }
    else{
        cout<<endl<< "Yes! You found a letter, keep going!" <<endl;
    }
    ttlTry++; //increment ttl try
    //cout<<unknown<<endl;
    //Inform the user for how many guess the user has
    cout<<"Number of guess(s) left = "<< MaxTRY - nWrng;

    // Check if user guessed the word.

    }while(nWrng<MaxTRY && word!=unknown);
    if (word==unknown){
        cout <<"\nThe word is "<<word<<endl;
        cout << "Congratulations! You got it!"<<endl;
    }
    else{
        cout << "\nSorry, you lose...you've been hanged :(" << endl;
        cout << "The correct word was : " << word << endl;
    }
    //cout<<nWrng<<" "<<MaxTRY<<endl;
    cout<<"Your guessing accuracy in decimal point is "<<percent(nWrng,
MaxTRY)<<endl;
    for(int i=0;i<ttlTry-1;i++){
        tryArr[i]=i+1;
    }
    //Show the Array
    cout<<"Table of input: "<<endl;
    showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
    //Sort the Array
    sortAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length());
    cout<<"After Sorting:\n";
    showAry(tryArr, inputAr, record, ttlTry, unknown.length()); //Show the array after
sorting
    break;
}
default:{
    cout<<"Exit?"<<endl;
}
}
} while(choice>=1 && choice<=3);
//Exit Stage Right
return 0;
}

```

```

//The function of changing unknown
bool letFill (char guess, string word, string &unknown, int ttlTry, char record[][COL]){
    cout<<"guess = "<<guess<<endl;
    bool match=false;
    for (int i = 0; i< word.length(); i++){ //word.length = how many characters are in side
        if (guess == word[i]){ //parallel array same index for word and unknown
            unknown[i] = guess;
            match=true;
        }
    }
    //add unknown to record
    for(int j=0;j<unknown.length();j++){
        record[ttlTry-1][j]=unknown[j]; //num of input variable is what? change it
    }
    return match;
}

void getWord(string arr[], string &word, string &unknown){
    //choose and copy a word from array of words randomly
    word=arr[rand()%10];
    fstream output;
    output.open("word.txt", ios::out);
    output<<word;
    output.close();
    unknown="";
    //Initialize the unkn word with the "-" character.
    for(int i=0;i<word.length();i++){
        unknown+="-";
    }
    //cout<<word;
}

//Function that displays hangman
void display(int count){
    if(count==1){
        cout<<"_____ \n";
        cout<<"|          | \n";
        cout<<"|          | \n";
        cout<<"|          | \n";
        cout<<"|          | \n";
        cout<<"|_____ | \n";
    }
    else if(count==2){
        cout<<"_____ \n";
        cout<<"|      | | \n";
        cout<<"|      | \n";
    }
}

```



```

    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}
else if(count==3){
    cout<<"_____ \n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|        O        |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}
else if(count==4){
    cout<<"_____ \n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|        O        |\n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}
else if(count==5){
    cout<<"_____ \n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|        O        |\n";
    cout<<"|        /|        |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}
else if(count==6){
    cout<<"_____ \n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|        O        |\n";
    cout<<"|        /|\        |\n";
    cout<<"|                |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}
else if(count==7){
    cout<<"_____ \n";
    cout<<"|        |        |\n";
    cout<<"|        O        |\n";
    cout<<"|        /|\        |\n";
    cout<<"|        /        |\n";
    cout<<"|_____|\n";
}

```

```

else if(count==8){
    cout<<"_____\\n";
    cout<<"|      |      |\\n";
    cout<<"|      O      |\\n";
    cout<<"|      /|\\      |\\n";
    cout<<"|      /\\      |\\n";
    cout<<"|_____||\\n";
    cout<<"YOU JUST LOST!\\n";
}
}

float percent (int atmpt, int max){
    return static_cast<float>((max-atmpt))/max;
}

bool valid(char input, string unknown){
    for(int i=0;i<unknown.length();i++){
        if(input==unknown[i]) return false;
    }
    return true;
}

void showAry(int tryArr[], char inputAr[], char record[][COL], int ttl_try, int length){
    cout<<"| Attempt |  Phrase  | Input|\\n";
    for(int i=0;i<ttl_try-1;i++){
        cout<<"| "<<setw(2)<<tryArr[i]<<"  |";
        string output=""; //starts as a blank string
        for(int j=0;j<length;j++){
            output+=record[i][j];
        }
        cout<<setw(13)<<output;
        cout<<"| "<<inputAr[i]<<"  |\\n";
        cout<<"|_____|_____|_____|\\n";
    }
}

void sortAry(int tryArr[], char inputAr[], char record[][COL], int ttlTry, int length){
    bool swap;
    char temp;
    int itemp;
    do{
        swap=false;
        for(int i=0;i<ttlTry-2;i++){
            if(inputAr[i]>inputAr[i+1]){
                swap=true;
                itemp=tryArr[i];
            }
        }
        if(swap){
            tryArr[i]=tryArr[i+1];
            tryArr[i+1]=itemp;
        }
    } while(swap);
}

```

```
tryArr[i]=tryArr[i+1];
tryArr[i+1]=itemp;
temp=inputAr[i];
inputAr[i]=inputAr[i+1];
inputAr[i+1]=temp;

for(int j=0;j<length;j++){
    temp = record[i][j];
    record[i][j]= record[i+1][j];
    record[i+1][j] = temp;
}
}
}
}while(swap);
}
```