biblatex-sbl

SBL Style Using biblatex

David Purton Version 0.3 dcpurton@marshwiggle.net February 18, 2016

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1 Introduction

biblatex-sbl provides support to biblatex and LaTeX for citations, bibliography, and a list of abbreviations in the style recommended by the Society of Biblical Literature (SBL). The style conforms to the second edition of the *SBLHS*.

The style supports all examples given in the handbook (see biblatex-sbl-test.pdf). Shorthand citations and a list of abbreviations containing journals, series, and shorthands are handled automatically. Repeated authors in the bibliography are replaced by a horizontal line. *Ibidem* is supported, but not enabled by default. Only note style citations, not Author-Date citations are supported. Primary sources can be cited in parentheses. biblatex-sbl is compatible with biblatex's support for hyperref.

For anything not covered in this manual, please see the biblatex documentation. Bugs and feature requests can be submitted at https://github.com/dcpurton/biblatex-sbl/.

2 Requirements

biblatex-sbl requires at least version 3.0 of biblatex and the xparse package. biber must be used. bibtex is not supported. For localization babel and csquotes are recommended.

3 Usage

The following minimal example will set up biblatex-sbl to conform to the defaults of the *SBLHS*.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[style=sbl,backend=biber]{biblatex}
\addbibresource{<bibfile.bib>}
\begin{document}
\printbiblist{abbreviations}
\printbibliography
\end{document}
```

3.1 Localization

By default biblatex-sbl uses American style punctuation and quotation marks. You can choose a different style by including the babel and csquotes packages in your document preamble. e.g.,

```
\usepackage[german]{babel}
\usepackage{csquotes}
\usepackage[style=sbl,backend=biber]{biblatex}
```

Currently english (including variants such as british, australian, etc.), spanish, and german are supported.

3.2 Commands

The standard commands for biblatex-sbl generally follow those defined by biblatex. Included below are the most typical commands. For more commands and options, reference the biblatex manual.

```
\autocite[\langle prenote \rangle][\langle altpostnote \rangle | \langle postnote \rangle] \{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\autocite inserts a citation as a footnote. It works as in the standard biblatex styles, except that that postnote argument can be divided into two using the pipe (|) character. This creates an altpostnote field which is used in some of the examples from §6.4 of the SBLHS. e.g.,

```
\autocite[See][1.3|8:223]{clementinehomilies}

1. See The Clementine Homilies 1.3 (ANF 8:223).
```

To use only altpostnote you must still include the pipe character. e.g.,

```
\autocite[III. 1-164|]{PGM:betz}

1. PGM III. 1-164 (Betz).
```

```
\cite[\langle prenote \rangle][\langle altpostnote \rangle | \langle postnote \rangle] \{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\cite works in the same way as \autocite except that the citation is placed directly into the text instead of in a footnote.

```
\parencite[\langle prenote \rangle][\langle altpostnote \rangle]\langle postnote \rangle]\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\parencite works in the same way as \autocite except that the citation is placed inside parentheses instead of in a footnote. This is most useful for citing primary sources. e.g.,

```
\parencite[2.233-235]{josephus:ant}
(Josephus, Ant. 2.233-235)
```

```
\journalcite\{\langle key \rangle\}
\seriescite\{\langle key \rangle\}
\shorthandcite\{\langle key \rangle\}
```

\journalcite, \seriescite, and \shorthandcite inserts the respective abbreviation into the text and also adds it to the list of abbreviations. The abbreviation is hyperlinked to the list of abbreviations if the hyperref package is loaded.

These commands ignore the prenote and postnote fields, so can safely be used anywhere within a database entry.

\printbiblist

This command prints a bibliography list. In biblatex-sbl all abbreviations (journals, series, and shorthands) can be printed using the following command:

```
\printbiblist[...]{abbreviations}
```

See the biblatex manual for an explanation of available optional arguments.

\printbiblioraphy

Inserts the bibliography. See the biblatex manual for an explanation of available optional arguments.

3.3 Package Options

biblatex-sbl defaults to the recommendations of the, but it also supports many of the standard options from biblatex as well as a few custom ones outlined below.

ibidtracker=true, false default: false

This option controls the *ibidem* tracker. The possible choices are:

true Enable the tracker: *ibid.* will be used.

false Disable the tracker: *ibid*. will not be used.

citepages=sbl, permit, omit, separate

Use this option to fine-tune the formatting of the pages field the first time an entry is cited.

The postnote field is not printed for first citations. e.g.,

```
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
```

1. Blake Leyerle, "John Chrysostom on the Gaze," JECS 1 (1993): 159–74.

default: sbl

\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}

2. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159.

\autocite{leyerle:1993}

3. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74.

If postnote is not a page range, then it is printed in parentheses after pages. e.g.,

```
\autocite[a note]{leyerle:1993}
```

\autocite[a note]{leyerle:1993}

2. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74 (a note).

permit The postnote is printed in parentheses after the pages field. e.g.,

```
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
```

\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}

2. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159.

If postnote is not a page range, then pages is printed for subsequent citations, and the postnote is printed in parentheses. e.g.,

```
\autocite[a note]{leyerle:1993}
   3. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74 (a note).
```

omit The pages field is not printed unless postnote is empty or not a page range. e.g.,

```
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
   1. Blake Leyerle, "John Chrysostom on the Gaze," JECS 1 (1993): 159.
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
   2. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159.
\autocite{leyerle:1993}
   3. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74.
\autocite[a note]{leyerle:1993}
```

4. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74 (a note).

separate

The postnote is printed in parentheses after the pages field preceded by the bibliography string thiscite. e.g.,

```
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
   1. Blake Leyerle, "John Chrysostom on the Gaze," ECS 1 (1993): 159–74
(esp. 159).
\autocite[159]{leyerle:1993}
   2. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159.
```

If postnote is not a page range, then firstcite is not used. e.g.,

```
\autocite[a note]{leyerle:1993}
   3. Leyerle, "Chrysostom," 159-74 (a note).
```

fullbibrefs=true, false

default: false

The Student Supplement for the SBLHS permits two styles for the bibliography entry for Bible dictionaries and encyclopaedias, and multivolume commentaries for the entire Bible by multiple authors.1

This option applies to @inreference and @incommentary entry types.

true The bibliography entry is printed in long form. e.g.,

^{1.} Student Supplement for the SBL Handbook of Style, Second Edition, compiled by Melanie Greer Nogalski et al., ed. Joel M. LeMon and Brennan W. Breed (Atlanta, GA: SBL Press, February 2015), https://www.sbl-site .org/assets/pdfs/pubs/SBLHSsupp2015-02.pdf, 4-5.

Stendahl, Krister. "Biblical Theology, Contemporary." Pages 418–32 in vol. 1 of *The Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible*. Edited by George A. Buttrick. 4 vols. New York: Abingdon, 1962.

The bibliography entry is printed in a short form. e.g.,

Stendahl, Krister. "Biblical Theology, Contemporary." *IDB* 1:418–32.

sblfootnotes=true, false

default: true

This option controls the style of footnotes.

true Footnotes are printed with

Footnotes are printed with a with a normal number followed by a period and the first line indented:

1. Charles H. Talbert, Reading John: A Literary and Theological Commentary on the Fourth Gospel and the Johannine Epistles (New York: Crossroad, 1992).

Footnotes are printed with a superscript (or whatever other default has been set up by your style):

¹Charles H. Talbert, *Reading John: A Literary and Theological Commentary on the Fourth Gospel and the Johannine Epistles* (New York: Crossroad, 1992).

4 Database Guide

4.1 Entry Types

This section gives an overview of the entry types supported by biblatex-sbl. Many work in the same way as biblatex. Some standard entry types have custom usage, and some are unique to biblatex-sbl. These are documented more fully.

ancienttext This is a custom type for biblatex-sbl. It is used for the special examples in *SBLHS* §6.4.1, §6.4.3 and §6.4.8.

Unless options = {skipbib=false} is set explicitly, a @ancienttext entry will not appear in the bibliography. (Although, see ANRW entrysubtype below for an exception.) The sblxref field is used to refer to the entry which should appear in the bibliography instead of the @ancienttext entry.

The entry pointed to by sblxref along with the postnote is printed in parentheses after the altpostnote, editor, and translator fields they are present. translator and editor fields are omitted for subsequent citations. e.g.,

\autocite[319]{suppiluliumas}

- 1. "Suppiluliumas and the Egyptian Queen," trans. Albrecht Goetz (ANET, 319).
- 2. "Suppiluliumas and the Egyptian Queen" (ANET, 319).

\printbibliography

Pritchard, James B., ed. *Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament.* 3rd ed. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1969.

If the entry contains options = {skipbib=false}, then the bibliography entry will be like @book. Any shorthand is also printed in the same way as a @book shorthand.

The following values for the entrysubtype field are supported:

ANRW

The ANRW entrysubtype is particularly for citing ANRW as outlined in §6.4.8 of the SBLHS. In this case, the entry will appear in the bibliography. See biblatex-sbl-test.pdf for full details of the required database entry.

chronicle

Formats the title using an upright shape font without quotation marks. e.g.,

\autocite[lines 3--4|125]{esarhaddonchronicle}

1. Esarhaddon Chronicle, lines 3–4 (Albert Kirk Grayson, *Assyrian and Babylonian Chronicles*, TCS 5 [Locust Valley, NY: Augustin, 1975], 125).

COS

Suppresses parentheses around *COS* and the postnote for subsequent citations. e.g.,

\autocite{greathymnaten}

- 1. "The Great Hymn to the Aten," trans. Miriam Lichtheim (*COS* 1.26:44–46).
 - 2. "Great Hymn to the Aten," *COS* 1.26:44–46.

inscription

Similarly to chronicle, this formats the title using an upright shape font without quotation marks.

article An article in a journal or magazine. Also use this type for review articles (*SBLHS* §6.3.4) and electronic journal articles (*SBLHS* §6.3.10).

book A single volume book with one or more authors.

mybook A multivolume @book. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias for @book.

There is one entrysubtype supported:

RIMA

The citation for RIMA (*SBLHS*, 97) is treated like a series with a number when cited in full, but as a shorthand with a volume when cited in short form. See biblatex-sbl-test.pdf for full details.

inbook A part of a book which forms a self-contained unit with its own title. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias for @incollection.

bookinbook This type is similar to @inbook but intended for works originally published as a stand-alone book. The main difference is that the title is printed in italics instead of in quotation marks. See §6.4.4 in biblatex-sbl-test.pdf for an example.

Supplemental material in a @book. Use this for an introduction, preface or foreword written by someone other than the author (*SBLHS* §6.2.14).

classictext This type is a custom type for biblatex-sbl. It is used for the special examples in *SBLHS* §6.4.2 and §§6.4.4–6.

Unless options = {skipbib=false} is set explicitly, a @classictext entry will not appear in the bibliography. The sblxref field is used to refer to the entry which should appear in the bibliography instead of the @classictext entry.

If present, the translator and series are printed in parentheses following the postnote. e.g.,

\autocite[15.18-19]{tacitus:ann:jackson}

1. Tacitus, Ann. 15.18-19 (Jackson, LCL).

\printbibliography

Tacitus. *The Histories and The Annals.* Translated by Clifford H. Moore and John Jackson. 4 vols. LCL. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1937.

If the entry contains options = {skipbib=false}, then the bibliography entry will be like @incollection except that the title is set in italics instead of within quotation marks.

The following values for the entrysubtype field are supported:

churchfather Entries using the churchfather entrysubtype print the entry pointed to by sblxref within parentheses following the altpostnote. The postnote field applies to the entry in sblxref. altpostnote is always separated from the title by a space.

\autocite[28.3.5|252]{augustine:letters}

1. Augustine, Letters of St. Augustin 28.3.5 (NPNF¹ 1:252).

\printbibliography

Augustine. *The Letters of St. Augustin.* In vol. 1 of *The Nicene and Post-Nicene Fathers*, Series 1. Edited by Philip Schaff. 14 vols. 1886–1889. Repr., Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1994.

A single-volume collection with multiple, self-contained contributions by distinct authors which have their own title. The work as a whole has no overall author but it will usually have an editor. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias for @book.

mycollection

A multi-volume @collection. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias for @mvbook.

incollection A contribution to a collection which forms a self-contained unit with a distinct author and title.

commentary

A single volume commentary on a book (or part of a book) of the Bible by one or more authors. This entry type is similar to @book, except that any volume and maintitle is only printed in the bibliography, not the citation.

mvcommentary

A multi-volume commentary on a single book of the Bible by one or more authors or a multi-volume commentary on the whole Bible by multiple authors. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias to @mybook.

incommentary

A contribution to a commentary which forms a self-contained unit with a distinct author and title. This is typically a commentary on a book of the Bible appearing in a single or multi-volume commentary on the entire Bible.

If an entry contains an sblxref field, then the bibliography entry is printed in short form as described above under fullbibrefs. Otherwise this entry is treated as an alias for @incollection.

lexicon

mylexicon

inlexicon

manual

Technical or other documentation, not necessarily in printed form. biblatex-sbl treats this as an alias for @book.

misc

online

reference

myreference

inreference

seminarpaper

thesis

unpublished

4.2 Entry Options

4.3 Reprints

Abbreviations

ABC	Assyrian and Babylonian Chronicles. Albert Kirk Grayson. TCS 5. Locust Valley,
	NY: Augustin, 1975

ANET Ancient Near Eastern Texts Relating to the Old Testament. Edited by James B. Pritchard. 3rd ed. Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1969

ANF The Ante-Nicene Fathers

ANRW Aufstieg und Niedergang der römischen Welt: Geschichte und Kultur Roms im Spiegel der neueren Forschung. Part 2, Principat. Edited by Hildegard Temporini and Wolfgang Haase. Berlin: de Gruyter, 1972–

COS The Context of Scripture. Edited by William W. Hallo. 3 vols. Leiden: Brill, 1997–2002

IDB The Interpreter's Dictionary of the Bible. Edited by George A. Buttrick. 4 vols. New York: Abingdon, 1962

JECS Journal of Early Christian Studies

LCL Loeb Classical Library

*NPNF*¹ *The Nicene and Post-Nicene Fathers*, Series 1

PGM Papyri Graecae Magicae: Die griechischen Zauberpapyri. Edited by Karl Preisendaz.2nd ed. Stuttgart: Teubner, 1973–1974

RIMA The Royal Inscriptions of Mesopotamia, Assyrian Periods

SBL Society of Biblical Literature

SBLHS Society of Biblical Literature Handbook of Style. 2nd ed. Atlanta, GA: SBL Press, 2014

TCS Texts from Cuneiform Sources

References

The Ante-Nicene Fathers. Edited by Alexander Roberts and James Donaldson. 10 vols. 1885–1887. Repr., Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1994.

Augustine. *The Letters of St. Augustin.* In vol. 1 of *The Nicene and Post-Nicene Fathers*, Series 1. Edited by Philip Schaff. 14 vols. 1886–1889. Repr., Peabody, MA: Hendrickson, 1994.

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- Hallo, William W., ed. *Canonical Compositions from the Biblical World*. Vol. 1 of *The Context of Scripture*. Leiden: Brill, 1997.
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