```
In [143]: import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from sklearn import tree
          from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
          from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
          from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
          import seaborn as sns
          import sklearn
          from sklearn.preprocessing import scale
          import sklearn.linear_model as skl_lm
          from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
          import statsmodels.api as sm
          import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
          train_df=pd.read_csv('train.csv')
          y=train_df['label'].to_numpy()
          var_train=train_df
          del var_train['label']
          X=var_train.to_numpy()
          train_df
```

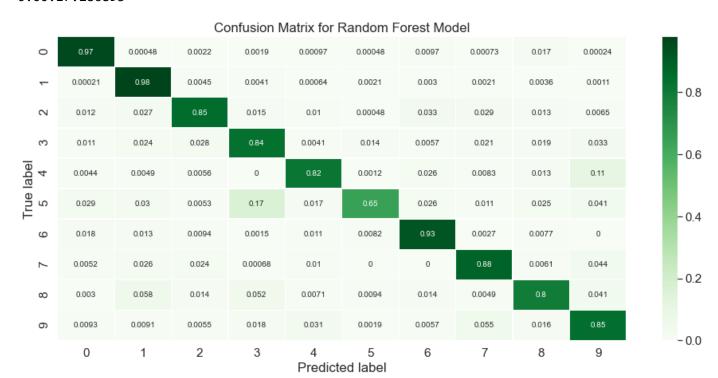
### Out[143]:

	pixel0	pixel1	pixel2	pixel3	pixel4	pixel5	pixel6	pixel7	pixel8	pixel9	 pixel774	pixel775	pixel
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
41995	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
41996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
41997	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
41998	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	
41999	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	 0	0	

42000 rows × 784 columns

```
In [8]: | from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.datasets import make_classification
        from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report
        from sklearn import tree
        import datetime
        from datetime import *
        start=datetime.now()
        forest = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=5, random_state=0, n_estimators=150)
        forest.fit(X, y)
        accuracy_score(y, forest.predict(X))
        confusion_matrix(y, forest.predict(X))
        matrix = confusion_matrix(y, forest.predict(X))
        matrix = matrix.astype('float') / matrix.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
        plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
        sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
        sns.heatmap(matrix, annot=True, annot_kws={'size':10}, cmap=plt.cm.Greens, linewidths=0.2)
        plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
        plt.ylabel('True label')
        plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Model')
        end=datetime.now()
        print(end-start)
        plt.show()
```

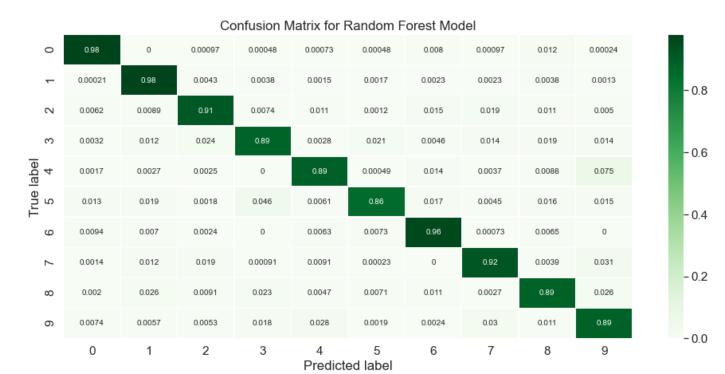
#### 0:00:17.286893



In [ ]: ####^^^^THIS SHOWS THAT THERE ARE ISSUES REDICTING THE NUMBER 5 AND PEOPLE ARE GETTING IT ###Trial and error optimization is below

```
In [9]:
        start=datetime.now()
        forest = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=7, n_estimators=150, criterion='entropy', min_sam
        forest.fit(X, y)
        accuracy_score(y, forest.predict(X))
        confusion_matrix(y, forest.predict(X))
        matrix = confusion_matrix(y, forest.predict(X))
        matrix = matrix.astype('float') / matrix.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
        plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
        sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
        sns.heatmap(matrix, annot=True, annot_kws={'size':10}, cmap=plt.cm.Greens, linewidths=0.2)
        plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
        plt.ylabel('True label')
        plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Model')
        end=datetime.now()
        print(end-start)
        plt.show()
```

### 0:00:36.756471



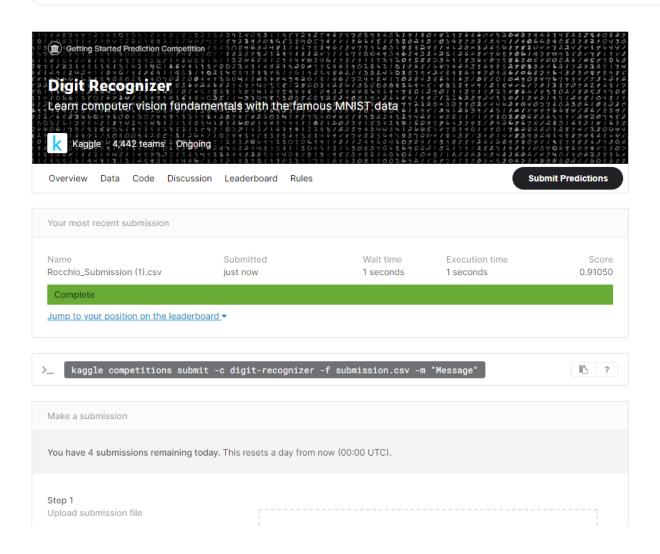
In [10]: print(classification\_report(y, forest.predict(X)))
#this looks promising

```
recall f1-score
              precision
                                              support
           0
                   0.96
                             0.98
                                       0.97
                                                 4132
           1
                   0.92
                             0.98
                                       0.95
                                                 4684
                   0.93
           2
                             0.91
                                       0.92
                                                 4177
           3
                   0.91
                             0.89
                                       0.90
                                                 4351
           4
                   0.93
                             0.89
                                       0.91
                                                 4072
           5
                                       0.90
                                                 3795
                   0.95
                             0.86
           6
                  0.93
                             0.96
                                       0.94
                                                 4137
           7
                   0.92
                             0.92
                                       0.92
                                                 4401
                                                 4063
           8
                   0.90
                             0.89
                                       0.90
           9
                   0.84
                             0.89
                                       0.87
                                                 4188
                                       0.92
                                                42000
   accuracy
                             0.92
                                       0.92
                                                42000
  macro avg
                   0.92
weighted avg
                   0.92
                             0.92
                                       0.92
                                                42000
```

```
In [12]: test=pd.read_csv('test.csv')
    x_test=test.to_numpy()
    y_test=forest.predict(x_test)
    submission=pd.read_csv('sample_submission.csv')
    submission['Label']=y_test
    submission.to_csv('Rocchio_Submission.csv', index=False)
```



# Out[35]: Q Search

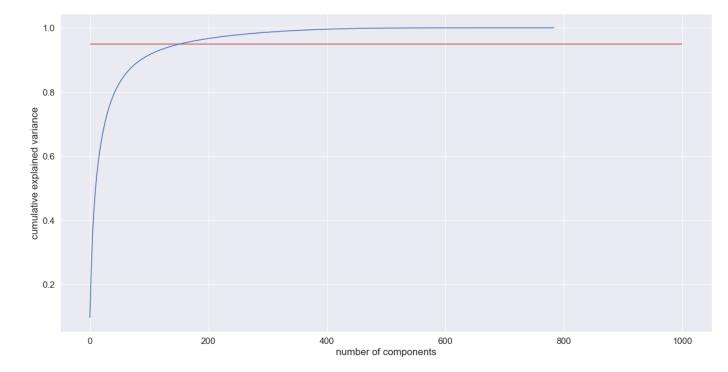


```
start=datetime.now()
train_test_set=var_train.append(test)
X_pca = train_test_set.to_numpy()
pca = PCA(n components=784)
pca.fit(X_pca)
print(pca.explained_variance_ratio_)
# print(pca.singular_values_)
X pca
end=datetime.now()
print(end-start)
4.71568617e-04 4.66713811e-04 4.64229952e-04 4.61992013e-04
4.58284446e-04 4.49503116e-04 4.47172490e-04 4.40904677e-04
4.37998438e-04 4.26374855e-04 4.20857295e-04 4.18174629e-04
 4.13001715e-04 4.08415056e-04 3.98256579e-04 3.93991596e-04
 3.91755679e-04 3.89121195e-04 3.83397936e-04 3.78486529e-04
 3.76442432e-04 3.72063436e-04 3.66321925e-04 3.64801469e-04
 3.62034223e-04 3.56831381e-04 3.53747734e-04 3.52293713e-04
 3.46618436e-04 3.44789075e-04 3.41853145e-04 3.38873721e-04
 3.34949967e-04 3.29111158e-04 3.27872188e-04 3.24171750e-04
 3.22790110e-04 3.20155820e-04 3.16615622e-04 3.15352396e-04
 3.09866885e-04 3.09377948e-04 3.05860527e-04 3.02546323e-04
 3.01222468e-04 3.00317395e-04 2.95516716e-04 2.95119362e-04
 2.92839952e-04 2.91751938e-04 2.86622584e-04 2.82929231e-04
 2.81562646e-04 2.77365996e-04 2.74347019e-04 2.72050408e-04
 2.68505641e-04 2.66949905e-04 2.64585298e-04 2.63632875e-04
 2.61567718e-04 2.58677209e-04 2.57444289e-04 2.56553991e-04
 2.54454214e-04 2.52751304e-04 2.51732760e-04 2.48492603e-04
 2.46879274e-04 2.45141268e-04 2.42557371e-04 2.41060642e-04
 2.40729101e-04 2.39157781e-04 2.38368958e-04 2.36465534e-04
```

In [93]: from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

```
import mplcursors
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.plot(np.cumsum(pca.explained_variance_ratio_))
plt.hlines(.95, xmin=0, xmax=1000, color='r')
mplcursors.cursor(hover=True)
plt.xlabel('number of components')
plt.ylabel('cumulative explained variance')
```

## Out[94]: Text(0, 0.5, 'cumulative explained variance')



In [95]: ###Based on above I would say that we need about 154 components to retain 95 percent of the
t=0
for i in np.cumsum(pca.explained\_variance\_ratio\_):
 t=t+1
 if i>=.95:
 print(i, "n = ", t)

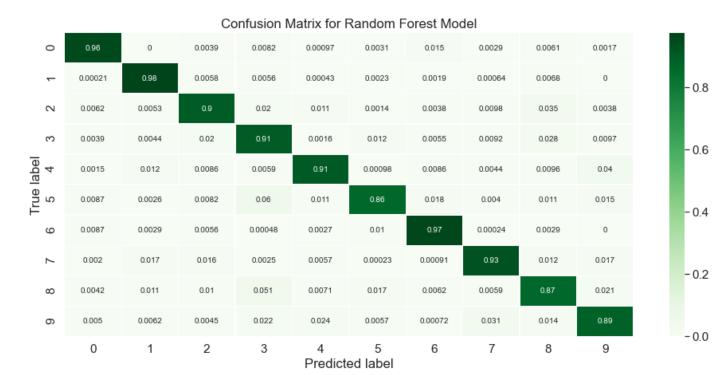
```
0.9503499702078612 n =
                        154
0.9507971426974613 n =
0.951238047374015 n = 156
0.9516760458119543 n =
                        157
0.9521024206666673 n =
                        159
0.9525232779613377 n =
0.952941452590341 n = 160
0.9533544543054279 n =
                        161
0.9537628693612 n =
0.9541611259400893 n =
                        163
0.9545551175356946 n =
                        164
0.9549468732145487 n =
0.955335994409155 n =
                       166
0.9557193923454379 n =
                        167
0.9560978788744631 n =
                        168
0.9564743213067269 n =
                        169
0.956846384742649 n = 170
0.9572127066671526 n =
                        171
0.9575775081360122 n =
                        172
```

```
Out[92]: array([[-2.84106497e-19, -1.66533454e-16, -2.22044605e-16, ..., -0.00000000e+00, -0.00000000e+00, -0.00000000e+00], [-3.91144513e-19, -1.66533454e-16, 5.55111512e-17, ..., -0.00000000e+00, -0.00000000e+00, -0.00000000e+00], [ 1.24291198e-19, -1.11022302e-16, -0.00000000e+00], -0.00000000e+00, -0.00000000e+00], ..., [ 0.00000000e+00, -1.38157076e-01, -1.70528790e-01, ..., 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00], [ 0.00000000e+00, 5.32281332e-02, 2.34657228e-02, ..., 0.00000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00], [ 0.00000000e+00, -1.34264171e-02, -1.00319718e-01, ..., 0.000000000e+00, 0.00000000e+00]])
```

In [92]: pca.components\_

```
##now I need to identify the 154 pixels containing the max variance prior to doing another
In [132]:
          start=datetime.now()
          train_df_rf2=pd.read_csv('train.csv')
          label = train_df_rf2['label'].to_numpy()
          del train_df_rf2['label']
          X_fin_pca=train_df_rf2.to_numpy()
          pca = PCA(n_components=154)
          pca_train=pca.fit_transform(X_fin_pca)
          forest_pca = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=8, n_estimators=150, criterion='gini', min_s
          forest_pca.fit(pca_train, label)
          accuracy_score(label, forest_pca.predict(pca_train))
          confusion_matrix(label, forest_pca.predict(pca_train))
          matrix = confusion_matrix(label, forest_pca.predict(pca_train))
          matrix = matrix.astype('float') / matrix.sum(axis=1)[:, np.newaxis]
          plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
          sns.set(font_scale=1.4)
          sns.heatmap(matrix, annot=True, annot_kws={'size':10}, cmap=plt.cm.Greens, linewidths=0.2)
          plt.xlabel('Predicted label')
          plt.ylabel('True label')
          plt.title('Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Model')
          end=datetime.now()
          print(end-start)
```

### 0:01:06.137198

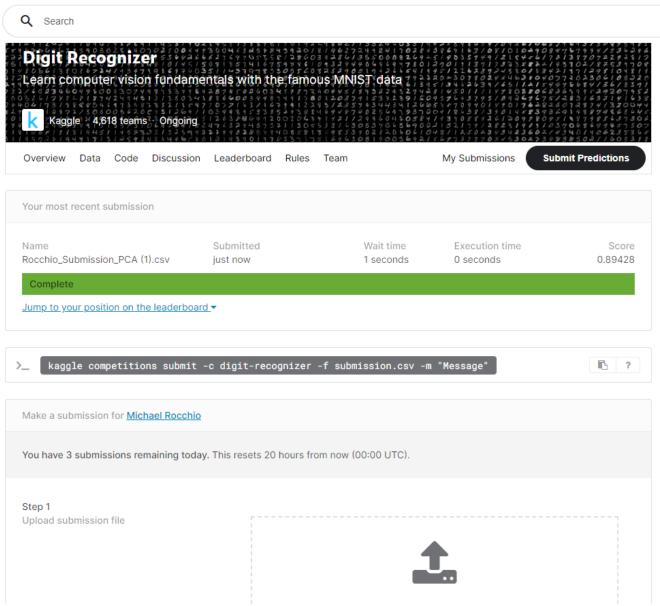


0:00:02.851390

```
Out[133]: array([2, 0, 9, ..., 3, 9, 2], dtype=int64)
```



## Out[134]:



In [ ]: | #WE SHOULD NOT HAVE DONE DIMENSIONALITY REDUCTION ON A TEST SET WITH SO FEW NUMBERS

```
In [171]: from sklearn.cluster import MiniBatchKMeans
          from sklearn import metrics
          def calculate_metrics(model,output):
           print('Number of clusters is {}'.format(model.n_clusters))
           print('Inertia : {}'.format(model.inertia_))
           print('Homogeneity :
                                      {}'.format(metrics.homogeneity_score(output,model.labels_)))
          def retrieve_info(cluster_labels,y_k):
              reference_labels = {}
              for i in range(len(np.unique(kmeans.labels_))):
                  index = np.where(cluster_labels == i,1,0)
                  num = np.bincount(y_k[index==1]).argmax()
                  reference_labels[i] = num
              return reference labels
          start=datetime.now()
          train_k=pd.read_csv('train.csv')
          y_k = train_k['label'].to_numpy()
          del train_k['label']
          X_k=train_df_rf2.to_numpy()
          X_k=X_k.astype(float)/255
          Y=y_k
          X=X k
          kmeans = MiniBatchKMeans(n_clusters = 10)
          kmeans.fit(X_k)
          calculate_metrics(kmeans,y_k)
          reference_labels = retrieve_info(kmeans.labels_,y_k)
          number labels = np.random.rand(len(kmeans.labels ))
          for i in range(len(kmeans.labels_)):
           number_labels[i] = reference_labels[kmeans.labels_[i]]
          print('Accuracy score : {}'.format(accuracy_score(number_labels,y_k)))
          print('\n')
          # end=datetime.now()
          # print(end-start)
```

Number of clusters is 10 Inertia: 1686468.2310341983 Homogeneity: 0.42477938280600447 Accuracy score: 0.5100238095238095

```
In [178]: | start=datetime.now()
          clustering_number = [16,36,64,144,256,324, 484]
          for i in clustering_number:
              kmeans = MiniBatchKMeans(n_clusters = i)
              kmeans.fit(X_k)
              calculate_metrics(kmeans,y_k)
              reference_labels = retrieve_info(kmeans.labels_,y_k)
              number_labels = np.random.rand(len(kmeans.labels_))
              for i in range(len(kmeans.labels_)):
                  number_labels[i] = reference_labels[kmeans.labels_[i]]
              print('Accuracy score : {}'.format(accuracy_score(number_labels,y_k)))
              print('\n')
          end=datetime.now()
          print(end-start)
          Number of clusters is 16
          Inertia : 1545736.0914040292
          Homogeneity: 0.5491175671584688
          Accuracy score : 0.6386190476190476
          Number of clusters is 36
          Inertia: 1383208.3472508062
```

Homogeneity: 0.6786981666281809 Accuracy score: 0.7565714285714286

Accuracy score : 0.809404761904762

0.7444599920156107

Number of clusters is 64 Inertia: 1269046.2253315833

Number of clusters is 144

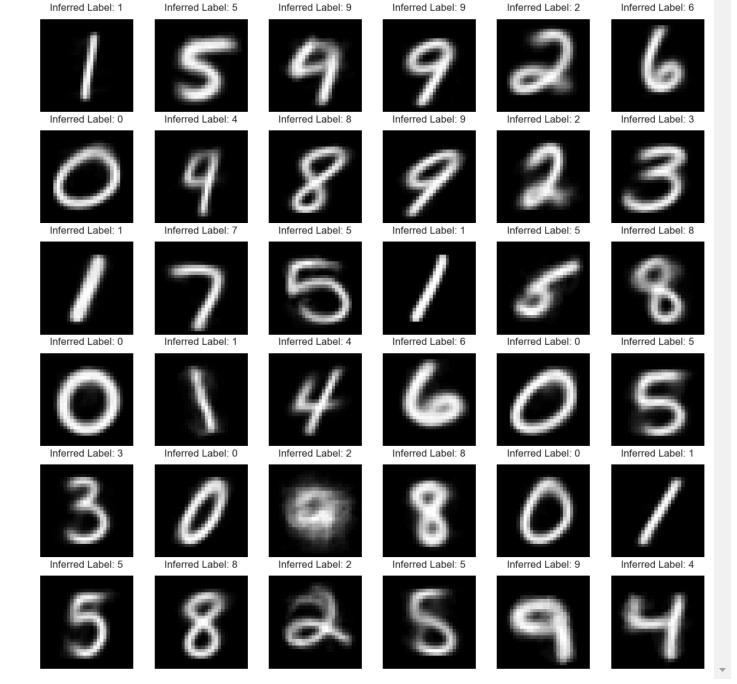
Homogeneity:

```
In [179]: #print(labels)
           #print('Cluster: {}, label: {}'.format(i, np.argmax(counts)))
          def infer_cluster_labels(kmeans, actual_labels):
              inferred_labels = {}
              for i in range(kmeans.n_clusters):
                  labels = []
                  index = np.where(kmeans.labels_ == i)
                  labels.append(actual_labels[index])
                  if len(labels[0]) == 1:
                      counts = np.bincount(labels[0])
                  else:
                      counts = np.bincount(np.squeeze(labels))
                  if np.argmax(counts) in inferred_labels:
                      inferred_labels[np.argmax(counts)].append(i)
                  else:
                      inferred_labels[np.argmax(counts)] = [i]
                    print(labels)
          #
                    print('Cluster: {}, label: {}'.format(i, np.argmax(counts)))
              return inferred_labels
          def infer_data_labels(X_labels, cluster_labels):
              predicted_labels = np.zeros(len(X_labels)).astype(np.uint8)
              for i, cluster in enumerate(X labels):
                  for key, value in cluster_labels.items():
                      if cluster in value:
                          predicted_labels[i] = key
              return predicted_labels
```

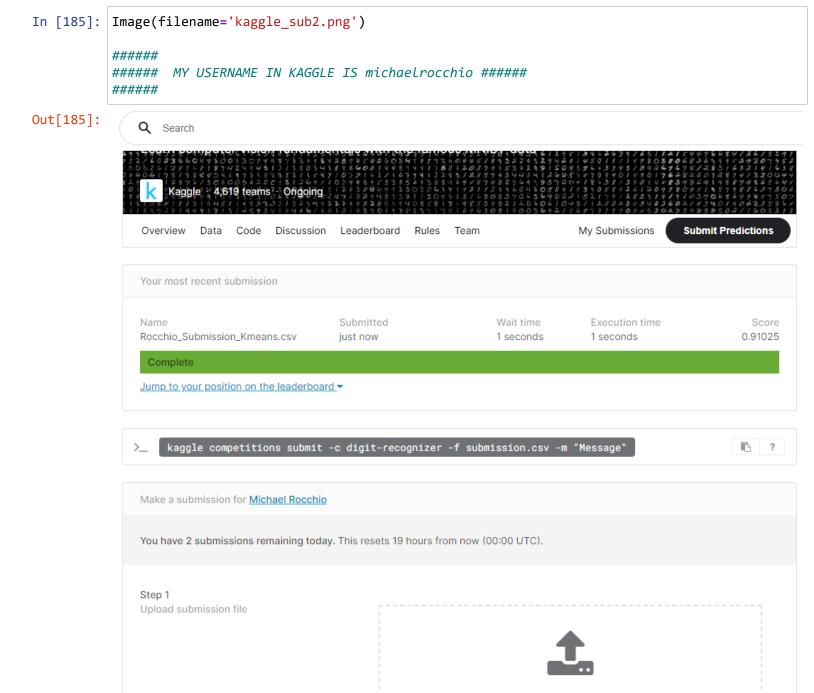
```
In [182]: | start=datetime.now()
          test=pd.read_csv('test.csv')
          x_test=test.to_numpy()
          x_test=x_test.astype(float)/255
          centroids = kmeans.cluster_centers_
          cluster_labels = infer_cluster_labels(kmeans, Y)
          X_clusters = kmeans.predict(x_test)
          predicted_labels = infer_data_labels(X_clusters, cluster_labels)
          print(predicted_labels[:20])
          print(Y[:20])
          images = centroids.reshape(484, 28, 28)
          images *= 255
          images = images.astype(np.uint8)
          cluster_labels = infer_cluster_labels(kmeans, Y)
          fig, axs = plt.subplots(6, 6, figsize = (20, 20))
          plt.gray()
          for i, ax in enumerate(axs.flat):
              for key, value in cluster_labels.items():
                  if i in value:
                       ax.set_title('Inferred Label: {}'.format(key))
              ax.matshow(images[i])
              ax.axis('off')
          fig.show()
          end=datetime.now()
          print(end-start)
```

[2 0 9 4 3 7 0 3 0 3 5 7 9 0 4 5 3 1 9 0] [1 0 1 4 0 0 7 3 5 3 8 9 1 3 3 1 2 0 7 5]

C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:25: UserWarning: Matplotlib is currently using module://ipykernel.pylab.backend\_inline, which is a non-GUI backend, so cannot show the figure.



In [184]: submission=pd.read\_csv('sample\_submission.csv')
 submission['Label']=predicted\_labels
 submission.to\_csv('Rocchio\_Submission\_Kmeans.csv', index=False)



```
In [193]: # import sys
          # !pip install LaTeX
          # !pip install nbconvert
          # !pip install Pandoc
          # ! pip install nb_pdf_template
          ! pip install tex
          ! Jupyter nbconvert --to pdf Assignment_5.ipynb
          Requirement already satisfied: tex in c:\users\rocchm1\appdata\roaming\python\python37\si
          te-packages (1.8)
          [NbConvertApp] Converting notebook Assignment_5.ipynb to pdf
          Traceback (most recent call last):
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\Anaconda3\Scripts\jupyter-nbconvert-script.py", line 10, in <m
          odule>
              sys.exit(main())
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\jupyter_core\app
          lication.py", line 270, in launch_instance
              return super(JupyterApp, cls).launch_instance(argv=argv, **kwargs)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\traitlets\config
          \application.py", line 664, in launch_instance
              app.start()
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\nbconv
          ertapp.py", line 350, in start
              self.convert_notebooks()
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\nbconv
          ertapp.py", line 524, in convert_notebooks
              self.convert_single_notebook(notebook_filename)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\nbconv
          ertapp.py", line 489, in convert single notebook
              output, resources = self.export_single_notebook(notebook_filename, resources, input
          _buffer=input_buffer)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\nbconv
          ertapp.py", line 418, in export_single_notebook
              output, resources = self.exporter.from_filename(notebook_filename, resources=resour
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\exporter.py", line 181, in from_filename
              return self.from_file(f, resources=resources, **kw)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\exporter.py", line 199, in from_file
              return self.from notebook node(nbformat.read(file stream, as version=4), resources=
          resources, **kw)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\pdf.py", line 169, in from_notebook_node
              nb, resources=resources, **kw
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\latex.py", line 77, in from_notebook_node
              return super().from_notebook_node(nb, resources, **kw)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\templateexporter.py", line 384, in from_notebook_node
              output = self.template.render(nb=nb_copy, resources=resources)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\templateexporter.py", line 148, in template
              self._template_cached = self._load_template()
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\nbconvert\export
          ers\templateexporter.py", line 355, in _load_template
              return self.environment.get_template(template_file)
            File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\jinja2\environme
          nt.py", line 883, in get_template
              return self._load_template(name, self.make_globals(globals))
```

```
File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\jinja2\environme
nt.py", line 857, in _load_template
    template = self.loader.load(self, name, globals)
File "C:\Users\rocchm1\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python37\site-packages\jinja2\loaders.p
y", line 429, in load
    raise TemplateNotFound(name)
jinja2.exceptions.TemplateNotFound: index.tex.j2
```