What is surface area?

Why learn about surface area?

What is a prism?

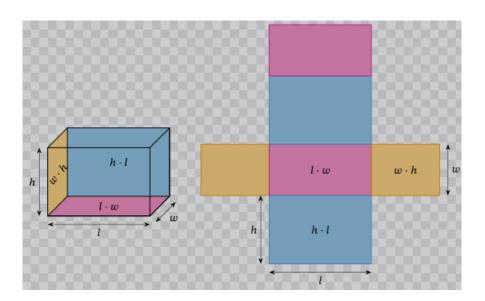
What is a cylinder?

### ...but first

- Need more practice solving problems
- Those practice problems are going to be worth points
- The points are going to go into the projects category
- Sets of 5 problems worth either 5 or 10 points
- Small test every week or two directly from the problems
- Tests will have no corrections since tests are open notes

What is surface area?

Surface area is just what it says. The area of a surface.

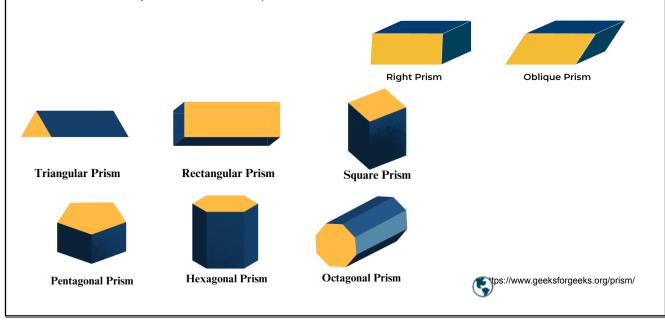


Why learn about surface area?

- Calculate amount of stain/paint to cover a wall/surface
- Calculate amount of fabric for upholstery (furniture seats, etc.)
- Packaging sizing (making boxes)

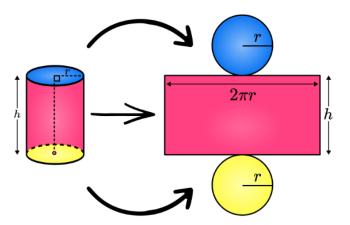
What is a prism?

A prism has a top and bottom that are parallel to each other and sides that connect the top and bottom to each other. (We are going to say that those sides are perpendicular or normal to the top and bottom.)



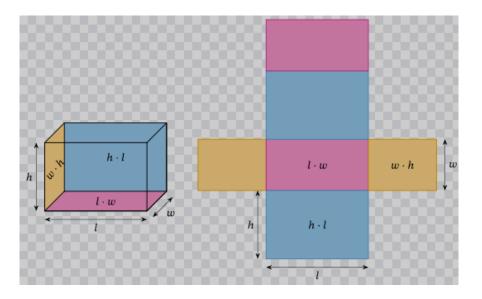
What is a cylinder?

A cylinder is really just a (right) prism with a circular base.



ttps://thirdspacelearning.com/gcse-maths/geometry-and-measure/surface-area-of-a-cylinder/

How do you calculate Surface area?



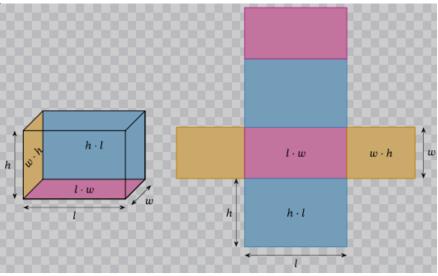
How do you calculate Surface area?

Two definitions

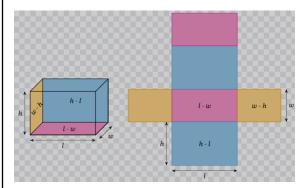
- · Lateral Area Area of the sides of the prism
- Area of the base Area of the top/bottom

Surface Area is the sum (addition) of the lateral area and the area



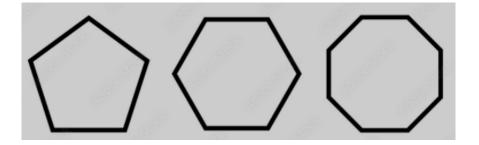


How do you calculate Surface area?



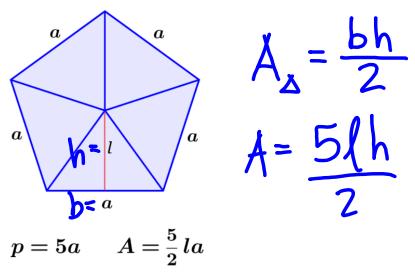
A couple more definitions

- Polygon multi-sided figure
- Regular polygon all sides and angles the same (congruent)



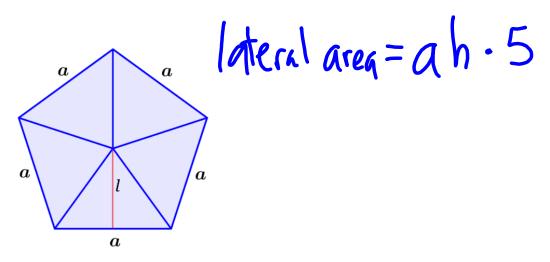
ttps://www.istockphoto.com/vector/pentagon-hexagon-octagon-icon-vector-geometry-polygon-gm1057585194-282630518

You do not need to remember all the different formulas for areas of regular polygons. All you need to know is the length of the side and the distance from the center of that side to the middle of the polygon. Then, you only need to remember the formula for area of a triangle.



tps://en.neurochispas.com/geometry/area-of-a-pentagon-formulas-and-examples/

The lateral area is always the area of a rectangle. (Even for a cylinder.) So you only need to remember two formulas. Area of a triangle and area of a rectangle.



$$p=5a$$
  $A=rac{5}{2}la$ 

tps://en.neurochispas.com/geometry/area-of-a-pentagon-formulas-and-examples/

Practice (from the book):

11.3 (pp 671-673)

4, 5, 7 9, 10

**19**, 8, **11**, 13, 15

A couple more definitions:

- Compare usually means division or ratio (sometimes subtract)
- Ratio is a fraction

DONE TOGETHER (LATER PAGES)

11.3 problems 4, 5, 7, 9, 10

11.3 problems 6, 8, 11, 13, 15

11.3 problems 4

Find lateral and surface area of the figure

Cylinder with radius of 3 cm and height of 16 cm

C=
$$Ttd=Tt\cdot 2\cdot C=Tt\cdot 2\cdot 3cm = 18.85cm$$

$$L = C\cdot h = 18.85cm \cdot 16cm = 301.6cm^{2}$$

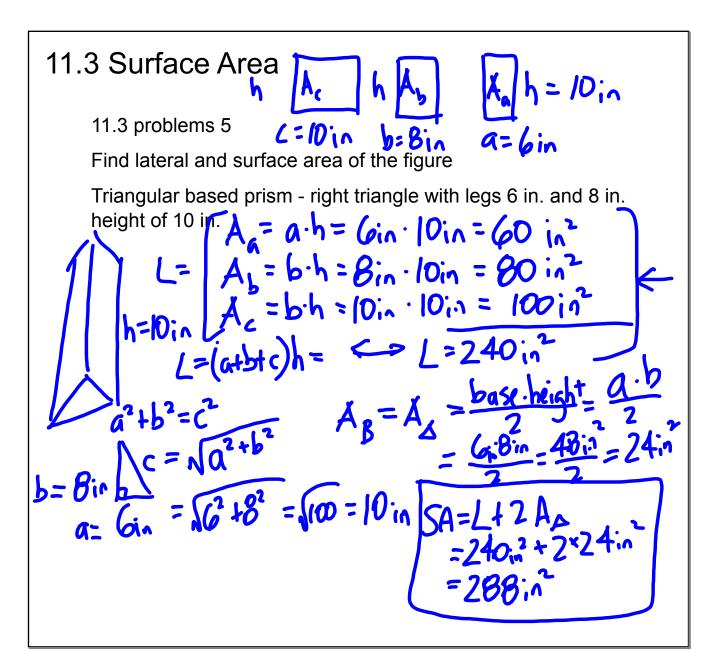
$$cirde(bean)$$

$$C=Tt\cdot d=18.85cm A_{B} = Ttr^{2} = Ttrr$$

$$= Tt\cdot 3cm\cdot 3cm = 28.27cm^{2}$$

$$h = 16cm A = 1.W = 1.C \cdot h = 301.6cm^{2} + 2\times 28.27cm^{2}$$

$$= 358.1 cm^{2}$$



11.3 Surface Area 
$$L = 4(8in \times 8in) + 4(2in \times 2in)$$

11.3 problem 6

Find lateral and surface area of the figure

Rectangular prism (with square hole  $25 \times in^2 + 64 \times in^2$ )

Rectangular prism (with square hole  $25 \times in^2 + 64 \times in^2$ )

 $8in \times 8in \times 8in \times 8in \times 64 \times in^2$ 
 $A = b \cdot h = 8in \times 8in = 64 \times in^2$ 
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11.3 Surface Area 
$$L = 8 \times A = 8 (144 \text{ in}^2)$$
  
11.3 problem 118  $= |152 \text{ in}^2$   
Aquarium - loctdgonal prism - find area of base(s), surface area 24 in height, 6 inch side,  $a = 7.2$  in (triangle height)
$$A = \frac{1}{24} \text{ in} A = \frac{1}{24} \text{ in}^2 (38 \text{ in})$$

$$A = \frac{1}{24} \text{ in}^2 A = \frac{1}{24} \text{ in}^2 (38 \text{ in})$$

$$A = \frac{1}{24} \text{ in}^2 A = \frac$$