Pedole. Chabituteren Kontepuñ za podobe e reprostrutenten Exotole 1-Събирането на реанни гисла е комутативно и асоциативно. Taka aitazt... tan, ai el uma egla n cousa controct regalencume Kak pagnect bane enttobere u rêde roctabane ckodu. Credbamnet typnnep rokazba, ze He Taka crost Helizara upn озсуми на безброино много събировми: 1.1. Ha KONVO e paloHa cynata 1-1+1-1+1-1+...? Or egta crpata 1-(+1-1+... = (1-1)+(1-1)+(1-1)+(1-1)+... = 0+0+... = 0. Or apyra, 1-1+1-1+... = 1+(-1+1)+(-1+1)+(-1+1)+... = 1+0+0+... Ozebodto pocta batteto na crodo na pazzurtu necta reponetto pezzutara 3a ga geontupane cyna Ha dezdponto notoro codnoaenn ao tart... PPS nettgame reportate eyen Hapuzat ce ous e zacruthu Si = ao + an S2 = a o + a 1+a 2 (Raphy halltu) cynh Sk = ao tait --- tak = (aotait --- tak-1) + ak = Sk-1+ak.) Mother ga chetten exemeteure la pégnyara (Skyk=0 17 pm dadethe lary 20. La zaderettur, re za bosko k, Sk e kyna Ha kpaŭto MHORD pearth ENCLA. 3 a taka nocipaetara pegnya 1 Segra Motten ga ce zarintane dann una spattinga unn He. И така спитане до спротте дефиниции: autaitazter = I an Hapuzane ped, aita. SK = E ak - K-Ta rapyhalta cyha ta pega. Aro lin Sk = S, SER (T.e. Sheefulu-ro), kazbare, ze редът е сходящ и пна суна S. Bryon bet cryza i (lim Se=+10 ndn-00 ndn #lim Sk), razbane, re pédèt e pazxodsmy. (n Hsna Cyna).

Da ce bopten kon repurépas 1-1+1-1+-- = (+(-1)+1+(-D+-ao=1, a, =-1, az=1, 93=-1,... Taraba napynanture cynn (a: So=ao=1, S1=ao+a1=0, S2=ao+a1+92=1, S3=01--. Szk=1, Szk+1=0 za bosto KE20,1,2,-. 5. Peduyerra 15k/2=0 una de Torku Ha coecrabate D n 1. Toraba / Suj #sna pathya u peder e pazxodsuy. 14.2. an=9", g ER. 3a ton 9, I an e exogeny? Odpazybane Sk = a0+91+...+9k = 1+9+92+...+9k = 12+1, 9+1 Ozebnotto upu g=1, $lim Sk=+\infty$ u peder e paz xogsus. Type 9 \$ L, Sk = 9 ktl-1 = 9 ktl + 1-9. Typu 19/4, Sk -> 1-9; Typu gel-0;-1] U(1;+0), Sk-pazxodska peduza. Taka $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} q^n = \sqrt[4]{1-q}, |q| \le 1 \text{ (exogsus)}$ +sha cyna, $|q| \ge 1 \text{ (pasxogsus)}.$ B Eauthout upu q = -1, molyzabane ripules 1. Mp.3. La ce represente upara na peda $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{h(n+1)} = \frac{1}{1-2} + \frac{1}{2-3} + \cdots$ 3a da chetten rapyhalture cynn hu richara ryegerabstero paro cyna or exercit apitu goodu $\frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \frac{n+1-n}{n+1}$ Toraba $S_{K} = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \frac{1}{n(n+1)} = \sum_{n=1}^{N} \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right$ => $S_{K} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{K+1}} = \frac{1}{K+1} = \frac{1}{K+$

Up. A. Harepere cynam na peda & ton Yazabane: Nortpeere roneranne A.B.C., r. ze non parent " not 1 B + C sa beave n. Cred roba sanecrere e roba repegeraliste s Sk = 2 1 = = = = (1 + B + C) n enpocrere. Спедващият принер покозва, ге ползването на дефиницията е гесто дадем по-бързи аморитии (критерии) за троверка дами ред е сходящь. Още по-нататьк ще сметнем същия ред по друг начин. Пр. Хваргане една монета до момента, в който се падна Запрев пот тура. Кико средно кворіяни сле направний? Приемаме, ге тансовете за езп'и тура са равни. Peur Mome ga e neodrodumo 1 x bapante (#), 2 x bapantus (Ett), 3 x bopestue (EET) n.T.A. Cpeditue opon x boplatus e padet na cytara or: Repositionera ga republican 301 (Septiste). (OBIHUHATA = 1)+ + (Seposthoctra ga tyukitozum 39 2 xbapistus). (douthutata=2)+ K x SEpustus) · k + ... Octaba ga repechetten rocoreture beposittoctu: За да се кадне първотура на K-10 xsaplatte, madde 1,2,--, (K-1)-bo ga ca èzh K-10 ga e typa. Bepositiona e 2.2. 2.2 =1 Така полугижне, ге средния брой 置1.至12至13至1...= 三二二.

Kon novetta the e scho gain rozn ped e exagory non the. 4-Tou karo egniterbetoro, voero zhaen gaæra e gedintugnora, thoma kakbo dpyro da repabni.

$$S_{k} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{n}} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{2^{2}} + \frac{3}{2^{3}} + \cdots + \frac{k}{2^{k}} = \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{$$

// Tyk Scekn ped
e reonetpuetta
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ractito 1/2

$$=\frac{1}{2} \frac{1-\frac{1}{2k}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{1-\frac{1}{2k-1}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} + \cdots + \frac{1}{2^{k-1}} \cdot \frac{1-\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{2^{k}} \frac{1-\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{2} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right) + \frac{2}{4} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{k+1}}\right) + \frac{2}{8} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{k-2}}\right) + \dots + \frac{2}{2^{k}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{1}}\right)$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right) + \left(2 - \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right) + \left(4 - \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right) + \dots + \frac{1}{2^{k-1}} - \frac{1}{2^{k}} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{2^{k-1}} + \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right)$$

$$= \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^{k-1}}\right) - \left(\frac{1}{2^{k}} + \frac{1}{2^{k}} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^{k}}\right)$$

reperpyrapaxne bouren realethereather a boursen expugate 1144.
Proabthute attore exettode a congo of pazy best technotrustra aporpeous.

$$\Rightarrow S_{k} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2k}}{1 - \frac{1}{2k}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2k}}{2k} = 2 \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2k}}{2k} = 2 - \frac{1 + \frac{1}{2k}}{2k}$$

Doope e ga ce ripo le epui Rpy K=3, 2- k+2=2-5=16. S3= 1+2+3=4+3=4.V. lim Sx = lon (2 - k+2) = 2,3a4,000 lon k+2 = 0 (полином и експонента) C toba gokazarne, re $\sum_{n=1}^{n} \frac{n}{2^n}$ e crogsy u cynata vy e 2. Toba Jeme robere or ozarbatto, 394,000 crattgapotta mottera се пода тура половонната от хвърмянита. Takon re cpeditus spor x bopistus go typa e padett ta общия брой кварияния рым броя тура, което е 2 при много x 6 ap 1 stus. C attanoruzitu paz cettletus Motte ga ce gokatte, ze cpæditus Tpen x bopistus na odhktobett zap go ragate na niecruza e Torto 6. Hampatero Ha oбщи глен Sk garez не бене проито. Boomin chyzair takuba kparku uzpozn za Sk He notten ga Сега ще се насогим къп въпроса за сходимост на ред. Ще изгонил няколю критерия за сходимост. (Критерий е творочение от рода на Ако...., то Zan е сходящий.) Pedet Ian notte ga e cxogsy n dez ga e uznelteta pregnocialitata. Baroba Apritepin Hapizane ouse goctarocto y crobne ja cxoduhoct Maplo me ce 3 athmaen e peg obe e modotture 1the 2 retto be, T-e. Zan, ai >0 za besto i. Първоят критерни за сходимост е сравнителният критерий, който много прилига на съответних критерий при несобствени интельали

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Както и при интеграми, и тук особено полезна е неговата -6гранигна форма. Тв. (Сравнителен критерий за редоло е положителна гленове). Hera Zan u Zbn ca dba peda, an >0, bn >0 za deskon Acra &= lim an . (120 mul= 10) Toraba: P l=0. Aro Ebn e cxodsus, to I am e cxodsus. 12) (E(O;+10). Toraba Zan e (xoosky roraba u calus roraba HOTOLTO Elon e CX adaly, Muller Ean ~ Elon. 3) l= 10. AKO Ibn e pazxodsky, to Ian -pazxogsky. Hau-recto use roizbane (2). KOTATO POBOPUR ZA CXOGUNOCTÍ TOPONTE 5,100, 1000 ZNEHA HE brusst-c+ex un dez TRX za crognmoet e bee consoto. Or ozhazettusta rugpazonpare, re cynnte ce go D. Baroba Zan Motten ga corparun go Zan. Pazónpa ce, Korato Tepens cynater на реда е вання всеки eret, zauzoro £ an u£ an nuar pazinztu cynn. Doxato ce utitepecybane cano or exogunoct, use en rozborsbare ga numer Ean. Mp.6 DoraHete, re Z1/2 e cxodsus. Pem. 3Haer, re & I n/h+1) e cxoding. Aera an= 1/n2, bn= 1/h/h) Toronba an = $\frac{1/n^2}{\ln(n+1)} = \frac{\ln(n+1)}{\ln^2} = \frac{\ln(n+1)}{\ln n} = \frac{\ln(n+$ > Z / 2 ~ Z / n (n+1) ~ Z / e exogsus,

[1.7.] Le pazxodsus. -7-Предполагам, ге е правено на лекупи, но все пак: $S_{2n} = \frac{1}{1+2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} > \frac{1}{2^{n-1}}$ $=1+\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{4}+\frac{4}{8}+\dots$ $\frac{2^{n-1}}{2^n}=1+\frac{1}{2}\cdot n$ >> Sn una Heorpatheretto pactinga rodpegnya Son => = 1 -paz xodsus. За "дълбоките" последствия на този факт, потърсете информяция 3a: l. Jeep problem l. Ant on subber rope paradox. Rp. 8. Bakon LER, peder Z 1/2 e exodsky? Typed tute repunepu otrobapet the barpoca 3ad=1-pa3xogeny; d=2-cxogeny. $\frac{A \cos \lambda > 2}{1/n^2} = \frac{n^2}{h^2} = \frac{1}{h^{2-2}} \xrightarrow[n \to \infty]{0}.$ OT CXOGUROCTTA HA Z /nz , no (1) ot cpalatute litur uputepuà, Eneglia exognhoct n Ha I 1/11. · Ano del , to med chabitabane c bn = 1, Ebn-pasxogsky. $\frac{\alpha n}{bn} = \frac{1/ht}{1/h} = \frac{n}{hd} = \frac{1}{h} + \frac{1}{h} + \frac{1}{h} \frac{1}{$ Kontepuis, chedba pazxodunoct Ha E/hd. Karbo craba za LE(1;2)? Drazsa ce, le roraba peder e crogsus. Taka [Z /ht e exodyly 3 a t > 1 n pazxogsly 3 a t < 1.]
Cpablete c [dx e cxogsly 3 a t > 1 n pazxodsly 3 a t < 1.]

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CXODUNOCITA HA 5 /nd 3a de (1,2) ce gokazda Hau-NECHO C MATERPANHUS KRUTERUI, KOUTO ME BEBEGEN TLO-KE(HO. 3acera 10 nphenane Ha gobephe. <u>Bad.1.</u> Kon ot chegture pedale ca exogrusu: a) $\sum \frac{1}{\sqrt{n(3n+1)}}$ id) $\sum \frac{8m\sqrt{n}}{n}$ if) $\sum \frac{n^2}{\sqrt{n^2+(n+1)^2}}$ it) $\sum (e^{1/n}-1) sm \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2}}$ Pem. a) = Heba an = . I = $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}n^2+n} = \frac{1}{n\sqrt{3}+1/n}$ Toraba za bn = 1/n, uname om = m = m 1/3 + 1/n nin 1/3 No cpaletureitus ppyrepuń, Zan ~ Ibn = [1 -pazxodsky. $\frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{8m\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\frac{a_n}{b_n} = \frac{sm \ln n^2}{n} = \frac{sm \ln n^2}{1/n} = \frac{sm \ln n^2}{1/n} = \frac{sm \ln n^2}{n^2} =$ b) $\sum \frac{n^2}{n^2 + (n+1)^2} = \sum \frac{1}{1 + (1+\frac{1}{n})^2} \sim \sum 1$ e pazxodsky (ZI = Z 10,021) Aprimer 5) roxazla, re notte ga zavettshe intottutern c exbubalettth Ha TSX. Da pphiottun kon r: r) $Z[e^{1/n}-1]$ sm $\frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2}} \sim Z \frac{1}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+2}} \sim Z \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = Z \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}/2} - cx$ 160-ro2pooto: $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \ln -1 \right) \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \ln -1 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$ ~ I to = I hom (M+Z) ~ I to - cx adsug.

B chedbangara zadara ndesta use e ga Topenn L, T. re 3a bn = 1/2 ga e ng 176/Hetto an -> c c (0/+ 20). Torala Ean ~ Zbn = Z L ge Cxidumoerra zashen or Toba kak e pazronomeno 2 enpsuo zuchoto 1. Taxoba d (aro consecrbyla) e egutterbetto. 3ad.2. (xodguju iu ca: a) & (#-arzsm n-1); 8) Inlu (2n+1)-Pem. of an= # - ascsmu-1, bon = 1/2, arcom in < = > 9n>0 ja besto n. lman = fm 1/2 - 2 rcsm n-1 ? f lin T/2 - arcsm (1-x) Tyx rosonume x=1/n n cred roba pazmentgame x >0 KATO PEALHO ZUCLO. B PEZYTTAT TROLYZUXNE SPAHUYA HA LYHKYNS, не граница на редица. ? Fozhazaba, re ako spathuyata bolscho conjectbyla, Ts e pelte Ha spathuyata ha pegnyata basbo. Rossata or Tolane, re motten ga repateur norrital! frm T/2-arcsm(l-x) = [0], com d > 0. Tanka rym d > 0

rym la rame hornigal: $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1/x}} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1+2x-x^2}} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x/2-x}} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x/2-$ = him 1/2 x (xd-1/2) Aro usdepen Z=1/2 170, Mocredhara spathuya e 1/2-52 = 52 ElO,+1x Taxa rodyznxue, re $\frac{11/2-arcsmn-1}{1/n} \xrightarrow{n\to\infty} \sqrt{2} n$ Zan N Z 1/m e paz xodsus or 1/2 × 1.

5) Moesta e consata: ga rolottun 1/n=x,x->0. 3a yerra Tpsosa ga uzpazun $q_n = n \ln \left(\frac{2n+1}{2n-1}\right) - 1$ karo fyrkyns Ha In. $a_n = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{x(2+1/n)}{x(2-1/n)} \right) - 1 = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{2+1/n}{2-1/n} \right) - 1$ $\lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{q_n}{b_n} = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1}{1/n} \ln \left(\frac{2+1/n}{2-1/n}\right) - 1 = \lim_{n\to\infty} \frac{1}{1/n} \ln \left(\frac{2+x}{2-x}\right) - 1$ $= \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x} \left(\ln \left(\frac{2+x}{2-x} \right) - x \right)}{x^{d}} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\ln \left(\frac{2+x}{2-x} \right) - x}{x^{d+1}} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right] 3ad+1>0.$ $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{2-x}{2+x} \cdot \frac{1(2-x)-(2+x)\cdot(-1)}{(2-x)^{2x}} - 1 = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{2-x+2+x}{4-x^2} - 1 = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{2-x+2+x}{(2+x)^{2x}} = \lim_{x\to 0} \frac{$ = lim $\frac{4-4+x^2}{(d+1)x^2}$ = lim $\frac{x^2}{(4-x^2)(d+1)x^2}$ = lim $\frac{1}{(4-x^2)(d+1)x^2}$ = lim $\frac{1}{(4-x^2)(d+1)x^2}$ ∏pu d=2, xd-2 uzrezba ~ ποιγzabane πραμιγα 12>0. Braciflort ortyk chegla, re an >0 za ochzku gartaterto romenn, T.e. motten ga containe, le san a per c rosoffurestu Erettobe (or tigtoe mecro flatatok). OTTYX u L=2>1 or cpabotutes thus there => Zan-cxodsu 3a pazaucou: Crodous un e E [tr-ln(1+1)]?