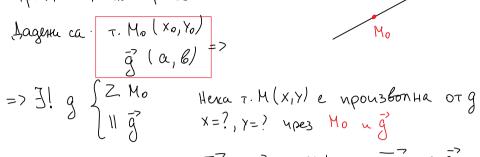
Уравнения на права в равнинама OKC K=Dxx

I Voopanhattu napanetpurthu Уравнения на права



Hera
$$\tau$$
. $M(X,Y)$ e npousbonha ot g $X=?, Y=?$ upes Mo u g

$$\vec{M} \cdot \vec{M} \cdot \vec{M} = \vec{S} \cdot \vec{G}$$
 $\vec{D}\vec{M} - \vec{D}\vec{M}_0 = \vec{S} \cdot \vec{G}$
 $\vec{O}\vec{M} = \vec{D}\vec{M}_0 + \vec{S} \cdot \vec{G}$
 \vec{G}
 $\vec{$

Обицо уравнение на права в равнината

9:
$$\begin{cases} X = X_{0} + S_{0} & | .6 \\ Y = Y_{0} + S_{0} & | .(-a) \end{cases} +$$

$$6.x + (-a).y + (-6.x_0 + a.y_0) = 0$$

$$A = 6$$
 $B = (-a)$

$$C = -6.\chi_0 + \alpha.\chi_0$$

$$(A,B) \neq (0,0)$$

1) OT
$$A = 6$$

 $B = -\alpha$

$$g:A. \times + B.Y+ C = D$$
 $(A,B) \neq (0,0)$
CBOTEX BA:
1) OT $A = 6$ $g(a,6) | |g| => g | |g'(-B,A)$

Npunepu:

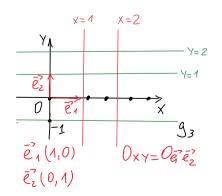
9:
$$2x-3y+5=0=7$$
 9, $11\overline{9}$, $(3,2)$

$$g_2: X+Y-Y=0 => g_2 || \bar{g}_2 (-1,1)$$

$$g_3: Y+1=0 => g_3 \| \bar{g}_3(-1,0) \|$$

 $h=0, B=1$

$$0x : Y = 0 = 7 + g : Y = C$$
 $g || 0x$



2) Нормания вектор на права в равжината

$$\vec{\nabla}_{g} \perp g$$

$$\vec{\nabla}_{g} \perp \vec{g} = 0$$

$$(\vec{\nabla}_{g}, \vec{g}) = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla}_{g} (A, B)$$

g: A. X+B. Y+C=O => g ||g'(-B,A) $g \perp \vec{n}_{q}(A,B)$

1 3ag. (Mpaba npez 2 Torku)

$$\lambda(1,-2)$$
 $\beta(0,-1)$

a) La ce Hannue o Suyo ypablethe Ha AB

A(1,-2) y lora ca komheaphu?

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
7 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline
 & 2 & 1 & = 0
\end{array}$$

AB:
$$X+Y+1=0$$

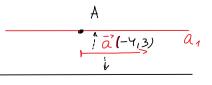
 $A(1,-2)$

$$B(0-1) 0 - 1+1 = 0$$

2 зад. (права успоредна на дадена)

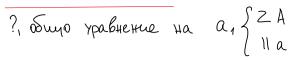
$$0:3x+4y+2=0$$

$$A(1,-2)$$
 3.1+4.(-2)+2 = -3+0=> A \(\frac{1}{2} \)



(~ y

$$A(1,-2)$$
 3.1+4.(-2)+2 = -3+0=> A \(\frac{1}{2} \)



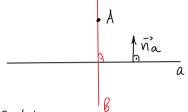
 α

$$a: 3x + 4.4 + 2 = 0$$

$$\alpha_1: \overset{*}{3}.x + \overset{*}{4}.Y + C = 0$$

3 300 (Npaba nepnenguvynapha на gagena)

$$0: 3x + 4y + 2 = 0$$



$$0 + 6 \perp a = > 6 \parallel \vec{v}_{a}(3,4) = > 6 : \begin{cases} x = 1 + 5.3 \mid .4 \\ y = -2 + 5.4 \mid .(-3) \end{cases}$$

$$6: 4.x - 3.4 - 10 = 0$$

a:
$$3 \times +9 \times +2 = 0$$

$$6: 4. \times -3. + C = 0$$

4 3ag. (Curenpusi ornocho npaba)

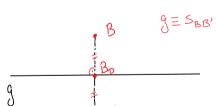
$$g: x+y-1=0 \sim B(0,-1)$$

т.В' е ортогонално синетрична на В спр.д



1) ?,
$$k \begin{cases} \pm g \\ ZB \end{cases}$$
 9: $x+y-1=0$
 $k: x-y+C=0$

2)?,
$$\tau$$
, $B_0 = h \cap g = > \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ x - y - 1 = 0 \end{vmatrix} = > B_0(1,0) A_0$



3)
$$B(0,-1)$$

 $B_0(1,0)$ - cpegara => $\frac{x'+0}{z}=1$ $\frac{y'+(-1)}{z}=0$
 $B'(x',y')$ $X'=2$ $Y'=1=> B'(2,1)$

5 zag (Noyu <> curretpusi)

Chetrukett 164 l nuhaba ripes T.P, OT pasqua ce or upabara m h orpaz. xzyl' muhaba vpes 7, Q

?, ypabreflugi Ha l n l'

p1 > e1

Peruettue:

$$k: X-7+C=0$$
 $-5-4+C=0$

$$P_0 = mnh = > \begin{vmatrix} -3 & +4 & -3 = 0 \\ x - 4 + 9 = 0 \end{vmatrix} = > P_0(-3, 6)$$

$$= \frac{x' + (-5)}{2} = -3 \qquad \frac{y' + 4}{2} = 6$$
pegara
$$x' = -1 \qquad y' = 8$$

$$\frac{y^{\prime}+4}{2}=6$$

$$\chi^{2} = -1$$

2)
$$\ell' \begin{cases} Z P'(-1,8) \\ Z Q(-1,1) \end{cases} => \ell'; \begin{vmatrix} x & y & 1 \\ -1 & 8 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0 \dots$$

3)
$$S = \ell' \cap m$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x = -1 \\ x + y - 3 = 0 = 7 \end{vmatrix} = 4$$
 $S(-1, 4)$

4)
$$\{ \{ \{ \{ \{ \{ \{ \{ \}, \{ \} \} \} \} \} \} \} \} \}$$

$$=> \ell: \begin{bmatrix} \times & Y & 1 \\ -5 & \mu & 1 \end{bmatrix} - \Omega$$

4)
$$\ell \begin{cases} Z P(-5, \psi) \\ Z S(-1, \psi) \\ Y = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$=> \ell: \begin{vmatrix} x & y & 1 \\ -5 & 4 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

6 3ag. (Ynp.)

$$\ell^{-}$$
ZP, orpasqba ce ot 0 x $(Y=0)$ u orpaserrug $_{1}$ $_{1}$ $_{2}$ $_{3}$ $_{4}$ ℓ^{-} $_{2}$ $_{3}$

?, npabute lu l'

Задачи

$$C: X + 2Y - 5 = 0$$

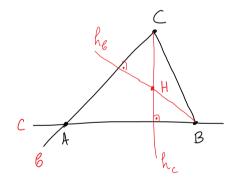
с старона АВ, т. Не оргощенторът на в-ка.

Pemerue.

1)
$$A = 6 \cap C$$
 $\begin{cases} 5 \times + 4 \times - 13 = 0 \\ \times + 2 \times - 5 = 0 \end{cases}$

$$3x - 3 = 0$$

 $x = 1 = 7 2y = 5 - 1$
 $y = 2$



$$Y=2$$

$$A(1,2)$$

$$Y=2$$

$$A(1,2)$$

$$h_c: 2. \times -1. Y + D = 0$$

$$D = -13$$

$$h_c: 2x - y - 13 = 0$$

3)
$$\tau. C = h_{c} \cap b$$

 $|2x-y-13=0|$
 $|5x+4y-13=0|$
 $\tau. C(5,-3)$

4)
$$h_{6} \begin{cases} Z H \\ \bot 6: 5x+4y-13=0 \end{cases}$$
 => $h_{6}: 4x-5y+D=0$
H-> $\underbrace{4.14-5.15+D=0}_{56-75}$ D=+19

$$= 7$$
 $h_{e}: 4x - 5y + D = C$

$$56 - 75$$
 D=+19
 $h_6: 4x - 5y + 19 = 0$

5)
$$\tau. B = h_e nC$$

 $4x - 5y + 19 = 0$
 $x + 2y - 5 = 0$
 $\tau. B (-1,3)$

S)
$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1.2 & 1 \\ -1.3 & 1 \\ 5-3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 3+10+3-15+2+3 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 6 = 3 \text{ v.6. eg.}$$

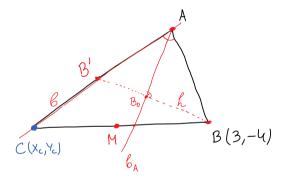
$$6_A: 2_{X-3Y-5=0}$$
 T. $B(3,-4)$

$$M_A: X - 8Y + 4 = 0$$

a) ? voopa. Ha Au C Ha s ABC, 3a voitro в. - вътр. ъглоноловяща при А MA- MEGNAHA NON A Pemerue:

1)
$$A = b_{A} \cap m_{A}$$
 $\begin{cases} 2 \times -3 \times -5 = 0 \\ x - 8 \times +4 = 0 \end{cases}$

A(4,1)



Topour voopg. Ha B'

$$f_{1}: 3 \times +2 \times + D = 0$$

$$B - 9 - 8 + D = 0$$
 $D = -1$

$$h: 3x+2y-1=0$$

$$h: 3x+2y-1=0$$

$$80=h \cap 6_{A} \quad \begin{vmatrix} 3x+2y-1=01.3 \\ 2x-3y-5=01.2 \end{vmatrix} = 7 \quad 13x-13=0$$

$$x = 1$$

$$X = 1$$

$$Y = -1$$

$$\frac{x^{2}+3}{2}=\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{x^{1}+3}{2}=1$$
 $\frac{y^{1}+(-4)}{2}=-1$

$$x' = -1$$
 $y' = 2$

3) Hera
$$6 \begin{cases} ZA(4,1) \\ ZB'(-1,2) \end{cases} \Rightarrow 6 : \begin{vmatrix} x & y & 1 & x & y \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & = 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 8 : x - y + 8 - (-1 + 2x + 4y) = 0 \\ 6 : -x - 5y + 9 = 0 \ | . (-1) \end{cases}$$

 $6 : x + 5y - 9 = 0$

$$CZ6 = 7 \times_{c} + 5. \times_{c} - 9 = 0$$

Hexa Me cpegara ha BC =>
$$M(\frac{x_{c+3}}{2}, \frac{y_{c-4}}{2})$$

 $M \ge m_A: x_{-} = 8$
 $\frac{x_{c+3}}{2} - 8.(\frac{y_{c-4}}{2}) + 4 = 0$

$$x_{c+3} - 8y_{c} + 32 + 8 = 0$$

$$x_{c} + 3 - 6y_{c} + 32 + 6 = 0$$

$$x_{c} - 8y_{c} + 43 = 0$$

$$y_{c} = 4$$

$$x_{c} + 20 - 9 = 0$$

$$x_{c} = -11$$

C(-11, 4)

Да се наперят координатите на центъра S и дължината на радичса R на описаната около Δ ABC окрънност.

I.
$$S_{AB}$$
 - currespond (Ynp.) S_{AB} $\begin{cases} \bot AB \end{cases}$ S_{BC} $\begin{cases} \bot BC \end{cases}$ Z_{AB} Z

T.
$$S = S_{AB} \cap S_{BC}$$
 $R = |\overrightarrow{AS}|$

$$|\overline{AS}| = |\overline{BS}| = |\overline{CS}| S(x,y) => AS(x-4,y-1) \overline{RS}(x-3,y+4)$$

$$|x^{2}-8x+16+y^{2}-2y+1| = |x^{2}-6y+3+y^{2}+8y+16|$$

$$|x^{2}-6x+9+|y^{2}+8y+16| = |x^{2}+22x+121+|y^{2}-8y+16|$$

$$|-2x-10y-8=0| |x+5y+4=0| (-7)$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7x-4y+28=0| |7=0|$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7x-4y+28=0| |x=-4|$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7x-4y+28=0| |7=0|$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7-4y+28=0| |7=0|$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)|$$

$$|-28x+16y-112=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7=0|:(-4)| |7$$

$$6: 2 \times - Y = 0$$

C: X-2Y+3=0

M (3,4) a)? Noopa Ha BGPXOBERE HA ABC:

B > AC, C > AB, Me megume HTEPET

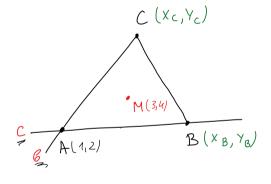
Perversue:

$$M \begin{cases} 3 = \frac{1 + x_{B} + x_{C}}{3} \\ 4 = \frac{2 + y_{B} + y_{C}}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\overrightarrow{OM} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot (\overrightarrow{OA} + \overrightarrow{OB} + \overrightarrow{OC})$$

$$CZb \Rightarrow 2. \times_{c} - Y_{c} = 0!$$

$$B \ge c = > x_B - 2y_B + 3 = 0$$



$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 + x_{B} + x_{C} = 9 \\ 2 + Y_{B} + Y_{C} = 12 \\ 2x_{C} - Y_{C} = 0 \end{vmatrix} = > \frac{B(5,4)}{C(3,6)}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_{B} - 2y_{B} + 3 = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

- 2) SLABC
- 3) Buga Ha & ABC Chopeg Braute
- 4) 2 Buconuth => optomentap
- 5) щентор и радиче на описана около ВАВС окр.

Контролна работа N=1

Vонаролна работа №1

3 зад. Дадени са векторите \vec{a} и \vec{b} , за които $|\vec{a}|=2$, $|\vec{b}|=\sqrt{2}$, $\sphericalangle(\vec{a},\vec{b})=\frac{3\pi}{4}$. Нека $\overrightarrow{OA}=\vec{a}+\vec{b}$, $\overrightarrow{OB}=(\vec{a}\times\vec{b})\times\vec{a}+\lambda\vec{a}$ и $\overrightarrow{OC}=\vec{a}\times\vec{b}+(\vec{a}\times\vec{b})\times\vec{b}$. а) (4т.) Да се определи λ така, че векторите \overrightarrow{OA} и \overrightarrow{OB} да са колинеарни; b) (8т.) Ако $\lambda=-1$, да се докаже, че векторите \overrightarrow{OA} , \overrightarrow{OB} , и \overrightarrow{OC} са линейно независими и да се намери обема на тетраедъра OABC. $\vec{a} = 4, \ \vec{e} = 2, \ (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{e}) = 2.\sqrt{2} \cdot (-\sqrt{2}) = -2$ $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{e}) = -2!$

 $\sqrt{\vec{a} \times \vec{b}} = 2.\sqrt{2}.\sqrt{2}$ becoop $\neq 4u$ cas

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a)
$$\vec{O}\vec{A} = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$$\vec{O}\vec{B} = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{a} + \lambda \cdot \vec{a}$$

$$\vec{O}\vec{B} = (\vec{a}^2) \cdot \vec{b} - (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{a} = 4 \cdot \vec{b} + 2 \cdot \vec{a}^2 + \lambda \cdot \vec{a}^2$$

$$\lambda = \vec{O}\vec{A} \parallel \vec{O}\vec{B} \iff \vec{O}\vec{B} = \kappa \cdot \vec{O}\vec{A}$$

$$He\left(2+\tilde{a}'-\tilde{b}''\right)$$

$$(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{a} \neq (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{a}$$

$$J_{*} \times (\bar{a} + \bar{b}) = 4\bar{b}^{7} + (2+\lambda).\bar{a}^{7}$$

$$| K = 2+\lambda = 7 \quad 4=2+\lambda = 7 \quad / \lambda = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\mathbb{I}_{\mu} & \widehat{OA} \times \widehat{OB} = \widehat{o} \\
 & (\widehat{a} + \widehat{b}) \times (4\widehat{b} + (2 + \lambda).\widehat{a}) = \widehat{o} \\
 & (\widehat{a} \times \widehat{b}) + (2 + \lambda).(\widehat{b} \times \widehat{a}) = \widehat{o} \\
 & (4 - 2 - \lambda).(\widehat{a} \times \widehat{b}) = \widehat{o} \Rightarrow 4 - 2 - \lambda = 0 \\
 & \lambda = 2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{lll} \delta) & \lambda = -1 & (\vec{O}\vec{A} \times \vec{O}\vec{B}) \cdot \vec{O}\vec{C} \\ & \vec{O}\vec{A} = \vec{a} + \vec{B} \\ & \vec{O}\vec{B} = \frac{4\vec{B}}{4} + 2\vec{a} - \vec{A} = 4\vec{B} + \vec{A} \\ & \vec{O}\vec{C} = \vec{A} \times \vec{B} + (\vec{a} \times \vec{B}) \times \vec{B} = \vec{A} \times \vec{B}' + (\vec{a} \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{B}' - \vec{B}' \cdot \vec{A} \\ & \vec{O}\vec{C} = \vec{A} \times \vec{B}' - 2\vec{B} - 2 \cdot \vec{A}' \end{array}$$

$$\vec{O}_{k} \times \vec{O}_{k} = (\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \times (4\vec{b} + \vec{a}) = 4(a \times b) + \vec{b}_{x} \vec{a} = 4(\vec{a}_{x} \vec{b}) - \vec{a}_{x} \vec{b} = 3(\vec{a}_{x} \vec{b}) \\
[\vec{O}_{k} \times \vec{O}_{k}) \cdot \vec{O}_{k} = 3(\vec{a}_{x} \vec{b}) \cdot [\vec{a}_{x} \vec{b} - 2\vec{b} - 2\vec{a}] = 3.(\vec{a}_{x} \vec{b})^{2} - 6.(\vec{a}_{k} \vec{b}) - 6.(\vec{a}_{k} \vec{b$$

$$V_{OABC} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot |(\vec{\theta} \vec{A} \vec{\sigma} \vec{B} \vec{O} \vec{C})| = 2 \text{ kyS. eg.}$$

$$|\vec{AC}| = 3\sqrt{2} > 3 > \sqrt{3}$$

 $L_7 \neq ABC = 7 \cos \neq ABC = \frac{(\vec{BA} \cdot \vec{BC})}{|\vec{AB}| \cdot |\vec{BC}|}$