

Зад. Атаа $\dim V = n \Rightarrow V \cong F^n$

Теорема за UM на $KMA\bar{T}$

Атаа U и V са $KMA\bar{T}$ на F . Тонда

$$U \cong V \Leftrightarrow \dim U = \dim V$$

Д-Ц. (\Rightarrow) $U \cong V \xRightarrow{f} (e_1 \rightarrow e_n - \dim U \xrightarrow{f} f(e_1), \dots, f(e_n))$
 \downarrow
 $\dim U$ на V

$$\Rightarrow \dim U = \dim V$$

(\Leftarrow) Атаа $\dim U = \dim V = n$

$e_1 \rightarrow e_n$ - \dim на U ; $f_1 \rightarrow f_n$ - \dim на V

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \exists! \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) : \forall i=1, \dots, n \quad \varphi(e_i) = f_i \\ \exists! \psi \in \text{Hom}(V, U) : \forall i=1, \dots, n \quad \psi(f_i) = e_i \end{cases}$$

$$\forall i=1, \dots, n \quad (\varphi \circ \psi)(f_i) = \varphi(\psi(f_i)) = \varphi(e_i) = f_i$$

$$(\psi \circ \varphi)(e_i) = \dots = e_i$$

$$\text{KO} \quad \text{id}_U(e_i) = e_i \quad ; \quad \text{id}_V(f_i) = f_i$$

$$\text{OT} \quad \text{очч. теор. за } \text{KU} \xrightarrow{(\psi)} \varphi \circ \psi = \text{id}_V \quad \text{и} \quad \psi \circ \varphi = \text{id}_U$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi \in \text{обратимо} \quad (\varphi^{-1} = \psi) \Rightarrow \varphi - \text{биекция}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\varphi \in \text{KU}} \varphi \in \text{KO}$$

ТБ $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V), \psi \in \text{Hom}(V, W) \Rightarrow \psi \circ \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, W)$

Д-С 1) $u_1, u_2 \in U$

$$\begin{aligned} (\psi \circ \varphi)(u_1 + u_2) &= \psi(\varphi(u_1 + u_2)) \stackrel{\varphi}{=} \psi(\varphi(u_1) + \varphi(u_2)) \stackrel{\psi}{=} \\ &= \psi(\varphi(u_1)) + \psi(\varphi(u_2)) = \underbrace{(\psi \circ \varphi)(u_1)}_{\lambda u} + \underbrace{(\psi \circ \varphi)(u_2)}_{\lambda u} \end{aligned}$$

2) $u \in U, \lambda \in F$ Анонор.

$$(\psi \circ \varphi)(\lambda u) = \lambda [(\psi \circ \varphi)(u)]$$

Зад. ТБ. використавати (*) в г-ву на теор.

Доказательство $\subset \Lambda U$

Опр. 1) $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$, $\lambda \in F$

$$\forall u \in U \quad (\lambda \varphi)(u) := \lambda \cdot \varphi(u) \quad (\lambda \varphi : U \rightarrow V)$$

2) $\varphi, \psi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

$$\forall u \in U \quad (\varphi + \psi)(u) := \varphi(u) + \psi(u) \quad (\varphi + \psi : U \rightarrow V)$$

3) $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$, $\psi \in \text{Hom}(V, W)$

$$\forall u \in U \quad (\psi \circ \varphi)(u) := \psi(\varphi(u)) \quad (\psi \circ \varphi : U \rightarrow W)$$

Тл $\lambda \varphi, \varphi + \psi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

Зам. Будем знать, что $\psi \circ \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, W)$

Зад 1) $\lambda \varphi$ - отображение на $A \cup \varphi$ ссс сссс

св $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi + \varphi - \text{сумма на } A \cup \varphi \text{ и } \varphi \\ A \cup \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varphi + \varphi - \text{сумма на } A \cup \varphi \text{ и } \varphi \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

Т \in $A \cup U \cup V$ $\cap \Pi$ $\text{ на } F$, $\forall \varphi, \varphi + \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \in \Pi$ $\text{ на } F$

Д-во Без Значения , $\forall \varphi, \varphi + \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$ $\text{ и } \forall \lambda \in F$

$\lambda \varphi, \varphi + \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$. Доказательство

1) аксиоматическое

$\varphi, \varphi, \theta \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$. $\text{Керно } u \in U$

$$[(\varphi + \varphi) + \theta](u) = (\varphi + \varphi)(u) + \theta(u) = [\varphi(u) + \varphi(u)] + \theta(u)$$

$$[\varphi + (\varphi + \theta)](u) = \varphi(u) + (\varphi + \theta)(u) = \varphi(u) + [\varphi(u) + \theta(u)]$$

$\varphi(u), \psi(u), \theta(u) \in V$ — акаг. "ну" бод V

$$\Rightarrow [(\varphi + \psi) + \theta](u) = [\varphi + (\psi + \theta)](u)$$

$$\stackrel{\forall u}{\Rightarrow} (\varphi + \psi) + \theta = \varphi + (\psi + \theta)$$

2) Ассоциативность: $\forall \varphi, \psi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

$$\varphi + \psi = \psi + \varphi$$

3) $0: U \rightarrow V$; $0 \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$ ($0 = 0 \cdot \varphi$)

$$u \mapsto 0_v \quad ; \quad \forall \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \quad \varphi + 0 = 0 + \varphi = \varphi$$

4) $\forall \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$; $\forall u \in U$ $(-\varphi)(u) := -\varphi(u)$ (горе!)

$$(-\varphi) \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \quad (-\varphi = (-1) \cdot \varphi) \quad \wedge$$

$$\underline{\varphi + (-\varphi) = (-\varphi) + \varphi = 0} \quad (\text{горе!})$$

Аксиомы линейности

$$5) \forall \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \quad 1 \cdot \varphi = \varphi$$

$$6) \forall \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V), \forall \lambda, \mu \in F \\ (\lambda + \mu)\varphi = (\lambda\varphi) + (\mu\varphi)$$

$$7) \forall \varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \quad \forall \lambda, \mu \in F \\ (\lambda\mu)\varphi = \lambda(\mu\varphi)$$

$$8) \forall \varphi, \psi \in \text{Hom}(U, V) \quad \forall \lambda \in F \\ \lambda(\varphi + \psi) = (\lambda\varphi) + (\lambda\psi)$$

изобразим
 $u \in U$
 u отображе-
нием, v
 $\Lambda C(u) = DC(u)$

Зад. Пусть $\dim U = n$, $\dim V = m$ и

e_1, \dots, e_n — базис на U ; f_1, \dots, f_m — базис на V

$\forall i = 1, \dots, n, \forall j = 1, \dots, m \exists! \varepsilon_{ij} \in \text{Hom}(U, V) :$

$$\varepsilon_{ij}(e_k) = \delta_{ik} f_j \quad \left(\delta_{ij} = \begin{cases} 1 & i=j \text{ совпадают} \\ 0 & i \neq j \text{ различны} \end{cases} \right)$$

$$\varepsilon_{ij} \left| \begin{array}{l} e_1 \rightarrow 0 \\ \vdots \\ e_{i-1} \rightarrow 0 \\ e_i \rightarrow f_j \\ e_{i+1} \rightarrow 0 \\ \vdots \\ e_n \rightarrow 0 \end{array} \right.$$

th $\{E_{ij} \mid i=1, \dots, n; j=1, \dots, m\}$ forms a basis for $\text{Hom}(U, V)$
 $(U, V = K^n \text{ and } K^m \text{ resp } F; \dim U = n, \dim V = m)$

ex. $\dim \text{Hom}(U, V) = mn$

D-Ex $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$

$$\exists a_{ij} \in F : \forall i=1, \dots, n \quad \varphi(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m a_{ji} f_j$$

$$u \in U \quad \exists \lambda_i \in F : u = \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i e_i$$

$$\varphi(u) = \sum_j a_{ji} f_j = \sum_j a_{ji} [E_{ij}(e_i)] = \left(\sum_i a_{ji} E_{ij} \right) (e_i) =$$

$$= \left[\sum_{\substack{k \\ \text{red}}} \left(\sum_j a_{jk} \varepsilon_{kj} \right) \right] (e_i) \quad (k \neq i \quad \varepsilon_{kj}(e_i) = 0)$$

Prop. 1 $\sum_i a_i \cdot \delta_{ij} = a_j$

$$2) \sum_i \left(\sum_j a_{ij} \right) = \sum_j \left(\sum_i a_{ij} \right) = \sum_{i,j} a_{ij}$$

$$3) 1 \sum_i a_i = \sum_i (1 a_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left[\sum_{k,j} a_{jk} \varepsilon_{kj} \right] (e_i) &= \sum_{k,j} \left[a_{jk} \left(\varepsilon_{kj}(e_i) \right) \right] = \sum_{\substack{k,j \\ \text{red}}} a_{\underline{j}\underline{k}} \delta_{i\underline{k}} f_j = \\ &= \sum_j a_{ji} f_j = \varphi(e_i) \quad - \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall i \quad \underbrace{\varphi(e_i)}_{\Lambda U} = \underbrace{\left(\sum_{\substack{k,j \\ \Lambda K \text{ in } \Lambda U \rightarrow \Lambda U}} a_{jk} \varepsilon_{kj} \right)}_{\Lambda K \text{ in } \Lambda U \rightarrow \Lambda U} e_i \quad \xrightarrow{e_i - e_n \cdot \delta_{nn}} e_i$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi = \sum_{k,j} a_{jk} \varepsilon_{kj} \in \mathcal{L}(\varepsilon_{kj} \mid k=1 \dots n, j=1 \dots n)$$

i.e. $n \times n$ matrix.

$$\text{Hence } \exists a_{ij} \in F \quad \sum_{i,j} a_{ij} \varepsilon_{ji} = 0$$

$$k=1 \dots n$$

$$\theta_v = \mathcal{O}(e_k) = \left(\sum_{i,j} a_{ij} \varepsilon_{ji} \right) (e_k) = \sum_{i,j} a_{ij} \delta_{jk} f_i = \sum_i a_{ik} f_i$$

then by $\delta_{nk} = a_{nk} = \dots = a_{nn} = 0 \quad \forall i, j \quad a_{ij} = 0$

$\Rightarrow [\varepsilon_{ij} \mid i=1 \dots n; j=1 \dots m]$ - A/H prop. Some
mean.

3rd Def. Also $\varphi(\varepsilon_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m a_{ji} \varepsilon_j$ for $i=1 \dots n$, too

$$\varphi = \sum_{i,j} a_{ji} \varepsilon_{ij}$$

$[a_{ji} \mid j=1 \dots m; i=1 \dots n]$ can be regg. then $\varphi \in$ Some

$$[\varepsilon_{ij} \mid i=1 \dots n; j=1 \dots m]$$

Def. $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$ и e_1, \dots, e_n — базис в U , а f_1, \dots, f_m — базис в V и за $i = 1, \dots, n$ $\varphi(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m a_{ji} f_j$
 $A = (a_{ij}) \in F_{m \times n}$ — матрица в U φ
 относительно базисов e_1, \dots, e_n в U и f_1, \dots, f_m в V

Зад. Констр. на образы в e_i ($\varphi(e_i)$) относительно f_1, \dots, f_m в i -й ст. в матрице, т.е. найти констр. на образы в базисе в V по
матрице

Зад. Дано e, u и A решить систему

Означения: $A = M_e^f(u)$

Зад. ? $M_e^f(\varepsilon_{ij})$ $\varepsilon_{ij}(e_k) = \delta_{ik} f_j = \begin{cases} f_j & k=i \\ 0 & k \neq i \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow i$ ^н ст. и $\overbrace{0, \dots, 0, 1, 0, \dots, 0}^{\text{координ. } f_j}$; а ост. ст. со ~~0~~ ^{выпущены}

\Rightarrow como en. b_j^u pegar i^u ст. и 1; ост. со 0

т.е. map. e E_{ji}

Th. $\mu_e^f : \text{Hom}(U, V) \rightarrow \text{F}_{m \times n}$ $\left(\begin{array}{l} \dim U = n \\ \dim V = m \end{array} \right)$
 $\varphi \mapsto \mu_e^f(\varphi)$
 $e \in \Lambda U$
 $e_1 \dots e_n - \text{d.b.a. } U$
 $f_1 \dots f_m - \text{d.b.a. } V$

D-Co 1) $\varphi, \psi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$; $A = \mu_e^f(\varphi)$, $B = \mu_e^f(\psi)$

$$\varphi(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m a_{ji} f_j \quad \psi(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m b_{ji} f_j$$

$$(\varphi + \psi)(e_i) = \sum_{j=1}^m (a_{ji} + b_{ji}) f_j \quad \text{so } i = 1, \dots, n$$

$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{=: c_{ji}}$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_e^f(\varphi + \psi) = C = (c_{ij}) = A + B = \mu_e^f(\varphi) + \mu_e^f(\psi)$$

2) Assume $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$, $\lambda \in F$

$$\mu_e^f(\lambda \varphi) = \lambda \mu_e^f(\varphi)$$

3rd. $\{E_{ij} \mid i=1, \dots, n; j=1, \dots, m\}$ basis for $\text{Hom}(U, V)$ $\rightarrow \dim \text{Hom}(U, V) = mn$

$\{E_{ij} \mid i=1, \dots, m; j=1, \dots, n\}$ basis for $F^{m \times n}$

$$\mu_e^f(E_{ij}) = E_{ji} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mu_e^f \in \text{UM} \quad \rightarrow \dim F^{m \times n} = mn$$

3rd $\phi_e^f : F^{m \times n} \rightarrow \text{Hom}(U, V) \mid \phi_e^f(E_{ij}) = E_{ji}$
 $A = (a_{ij}) \mapsto \sum_{i,j} a_{ji} E_{ij}$ $\exists!$ vector μ
uniqueness of Teor.

$$\phi_e^f \circ \mu_e^f = \text{id}_{\text{Hom}(U, V)} ; \mu_e^f \circ \phi_e^f = \text{id}_{F^{m \times n}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_e^f - \text{isomorphism} \Rightarrow \mu_e^f \in \text{UM}$$

$$(\mu_e^f)^{-1} = \phi_e^f$$

Now $\varphi \in \text{Hom}(U, V)$, $\psi \in \text{Hom}(V, W)$; $\theta = \psi \circ \varphi$

e_1, \dots, e_n - basis on U ; f_1, \dots, f_m - basis on V

g_1, \dots, g_s - basis on W ($\dim U = n$, $\dim V = m$, $\dim W = s$)

$$A = \mu_e^f(\varphi), B = M_f^g(\psi), C = M_e^g(\theta)$$

3 vectors A & B , Top sum C ($e_i \rightarrow f_i; 0 \rightarrow 0$)

Hence $\varphi_{ij} \in \text{Hom}(U, V): \varphi_{ij}(e_k) = \delta_{ik} f_j$ $\{\varphi_{ij}\}$ some $\text{Hom}(U, V)$

$\psi_{ij} \in \text{Hom}(V, W): \psi_{ij}(f_k) = \delta_{ik} g_j$ $\{\psi_{ij}\}$ - some $\text{Hom}(V, W)$

$\theta_{ij} \in \text{Hom}(U, W): \theta_{ij}(e_k) = \delta_{ik} g_j$ $\{\theta_{ij}\}$ - some in $\text{Hom}(U, W)$