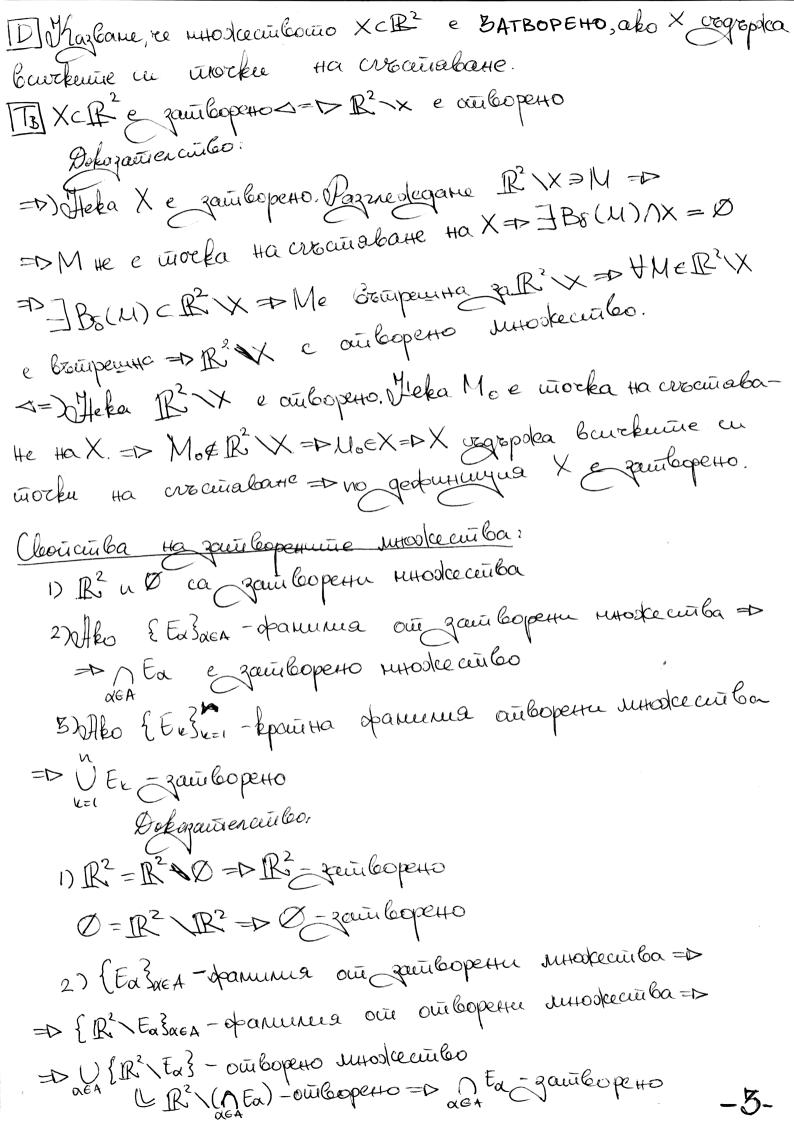
- PROCIPALICIBO IR - METPUKA, OTBOPEHU BATBOPEHU MHOHECTBA, KOMNAKTHU MHOHECTBA, CXODALLIN PENULLY N(x2,42)  $- > |MN| = p(M,N) = \sqrt{(x_2-x_1)^2 + (y_2-y_1)^2}$  - PASCIDAHUE VEHELY MUN)M(xilyn) Choixinba Ha pasinoatueino: np(u,N)=0 0= N=N 2) p(U, N) 20 3)g(M,N)=, P(N,M) 4)  $f(M,N) \leq g(M,Z) + g(N,Z)$ DM0 ER2, 8>0 Bo(No)= {UEIR2, S(No, M) < 83 Съ 8-околност на Мо Ss(Mo)= { M = IR3 : p(Mo, M) = 63 CODEPA C LEHTER MO U PADMYC 8 DXCR2 u Xe xeX. Majbane, le xo e BottpellHA 3A X, oko 38>0:B8(x)CX DMHostecurbo XCIR2 ce naquea отворено, also txeXe выш-

решна worka.

-1-

Свойства на отворените пножества: 1) Ri u D ca our boperse renoducientes 2) { Eazurer - damence au our looperter surodiceceu ba => => U Ex e our bopers suroda cuir bo Deparaemen au Co: ЕтаЗкел - фаничил ай отворени множества YMEU Ea = D JOSEA: ME Eas = D JBS(M) BS(M) C Ex = D =DBS(M)CUEX =DUEX-DELLGOPEHO 3) { Ex3k=1-lepacina opanimia où ociolopethi unodcecitiba =1> TER E OUR 60>EN JUHO JEECETIBO Dokazairenciiles: XOE NEED TEE - THE IN AXOE TEE = DUE = I, N = ISW>0:Bow(Xo) CEE = D =D80= min 850: k=1,n3 => B50(x0) C Box(x0) Ye=1,n=1> =DBSo(x)CEL HE=TIN=DBSo(x)CNE6=DXoe Breinperna ofor NEW => NEW e outboperto surodecuillo. DXCR2, Welk. Maybane re Moe Touks HA COBOTABAHE Hax, also 48>0 Juex: Me Bo(No), va. e. Bo(Mo) (x \ EH3)/



3) { Ex 3 = - 3 au 6 open => { IR > Ex 3 = 1 - ou 6 open => =1> n { R3 \ Ex) - our boperto R<sup>2</sup> (ÜEr) -oùlopero => U Er -zaurlopero Dhiko XCR2, muodecinboino X=XU{ morkume na croimabatte Ha X3 ce Hapurca BATBOPEHA OBBUBKA HAX. [ТВ] X е зашворено множество. 1DHe Moex u Mo He e morka Ha crocurabane nax, ша се нарига ИЗОЛИРАНА. DiHelea XCIR² u MoEIR² « Kazbane, re Mo e panuena/ KOHTYPHA HaX, also YBS(MO):BS(MO)ΛX≠Ø uBS(MO)Λ(R2 X)≠Ø 12/1/20160 X CIR2 ce Hapura OFPAHH4EHO, ako  $\exists B_{\delta}((0,0)): X \subset B_{\delta}((0,0)).$ De MHoslacine la XCIR2 a Hapira Konnaktho, ako e ограничено у зашворено. DiHeka {Mn(xn,yn)3n=1 CIR2 e Lez kpainte pequipa où mor-ku. Hezbane, re morkana Mo e rpanning HA PETINISATA 48>0 3N=Nre): 4n>N=> g(No, Mn)<E {Mn3n=1,ako Mo(Xoyo)= lim Mn(Xn,yn) d=> lim Xu=xo; lim yn=yo Dokazaeirenceireo: Fleka Molxoyo)=lim Mn(xn,yn)=> =DYENO JN=N(E) +n>N=DS(No, Lm)<E =DYENO JN=N(E) +n>N=DS(No, Lm)<E ananomento 302 y Ezgello, lm) = V(x-x0)2+(y-y0)2 ≥ 1x-x01 >14-y01 4870 3N: 4n>N=10/20-Xm/CE => 3lim Xn=X0. -4-

Dileka Flim xn = xo u limyn=yo.
Thoraba  HE>O JN=N(E): 4n>N=> {1x0-x1cE/UZ  140-y1 <e td="" uzi<=""></e>
$p(llo, Mn) = \sqrt{(x_0 - x_0)^2 + (y_0 - y_0)^2} < \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon}{\sqrt{12}}^2 + (\frac{\varepsilon}{\sqrt{12}})^2} = \varepsilon$
=D] lim Mn = Mo
Model SI 300 CR2 . WENT -
Pequipaiera { Ling & ce Hapura MODPEDINIA HA { Missier la pequipaira { Ling & e orpahinyena ako
∃d>0: g((0,0), lm) ≤ d.  [ Bonyaho-Banepypac Olth wicker Elln(xn,yn)3n=1
DonuAHO-BAMEPILIPAC  Our boaka orpanimena peginya our morku Ella(xa,ya)ξη=1  Mooleen ga uz δερενη exoganya mogregunya Ellas ξει   Orbanazion our βερενη exoganya mogregunya Ellas ξει   Orbanazion our more our βερενη exoganya mogregunya Ellas ξει   Orbanazion our   Orbanazion our   Orbanazion our   Orbanazion our   Orbanazion our   Orbanazione our    Orbanazione our   Orbanazione our   Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our    Orbanazione our    Orbanazione our    Orbanazione our    Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our     Orbanazione our
Askazaetren cui leo:  Heka & Mn(xn,yn)3n=1 - orporthwetha, vi.e. $\exists x>0: \forall n \in \mathbb{N} = D \ \mathcal{G}((0,0), Lm) < \alpha = D$
$= \infty \propto \geq \frac{1}{2} g((0,0),(\times n,y_n)) = \sqrt{\times n^2 + y_n^2} \leq  \times n $ $\geq  y_n $
=> $\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$ u $\{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$ ca orpareureriu.
To no T. Bonyano. Pari epurpac
J exaganya mogpegnya €xme3r=, u xme-xo
u exaganya magpequina Eyne 3 v=1 u yne + yo Thoraba pequina our mocker Elling 3 s=1 e chaganya
mageanya Ha Elmin: Mars (Xnrs, Ynrs) son blo (xoryo)
3-10-00
5+0

DI KPUBA MUHUA 6 R2 e munodecerreceiro  $\{(\varphi(t), \psi(t)): \varphi, \psi \text{ ca Henpelerschautin } b [\alpha; \beta] \}$ e. | x=q(t), teld, β] III Heka X CIR2. Xe komakitito 0 = D Y { Km3n=1 CX ∃ {Mu, 3 = 1 ] lieu Mue = Mo∈X Dokazautren curles Днека Xe компакечно → X е ограничено и зашворено. Heka uzsepen Ellingn=1 CX X-ограничено => {Mingn=1-ограничена => по Т. Болуано-Ва-цериурас => Эсходашуа Ellingn=1 и Mo=line Une => Mo e шоска на споставане на X. X-zaurleopero -> MoEX. E Heka & Elling CX, F Elling : Flim Mine = MOEX. 1) Х - ограничено д Jonyckane, re Hp>0 3 MpeX: 9(10,0), Mp)>p N<(UM,(O,0))q:X>nME~=Man=q =D {Mishan CX=D] {Misser lim Mue=MoeX=D => E=1 ]ko: Hk>ko=>p(Mo,Mhv)<1 the No Vg((0,0), Mn) & g(No, (0,0)) + g(No, Mn) < g(le, (0,0))+1 opularyor Hol Lukeypario => Donyckatheuro e Hébarugho => X-orpathureno

**6**-

2) X-zanibopeno ?

Heka Mo e viorka Ha curcinabane Ha X => tnEN

HmeX: Mn + Mo: p(Mo, Mn) < /n => Ellison=1 > Mo

> oni yenolueno => = Ellison=1 - croganya; Mnx > Mo

Ellison=1 - croganya; Mnx > Mo

Ellison=1 - Lloi e X

Ellison=1 - Mo = Mo

To Mo e X => X e zanibopeno

D l: x=x(t),  $t \in [\alpha, \beta]$  - kpuba mutua y=y(t),  $t \in [\alpha, \beta]$  - kpuba mutua  $A(x(\alpha), y(\alpha))$ ,  $B(x(\beta), y(\beta))$  - kpahusa ha kpubata NUHNA

DXCIR Ce Hapura CBGPSAHO, ako HA, BEX I kpuba munia l'akpannya A u B: LCX.

DMHOSeculeo X CIR - docpsano, orpanimento u on Copento, ce hajaura OGNACT.

Theo e zaurbopero - BATBOPEHA OBNACT.

