

- 1 -
Аксонометрия

I Проекционен апарат

$$\bar{K} = \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{z} - \text{ОКС}$$

π - проекционна равнина

ℓ - проектиращо направление

$$\ell \perp \pi, \ell \perp \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{y}, \bar{O}\bar{y}\bar{z}, \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{z}$$

$\bar{E}_1, \bar{E}_2, \bar{E}_3$ - единични точки

$$\bar{O} \xrightarrow[\text{и}]{\Psi_{\pi}} O, \quad \bar{E}_i \xrightarrow[\text{и}]{\Psi_{\pi}} E_i, \quad i = \overline{1,3}$$

$$\overrightarrow{O\bar{E}_i} = \vec{e}_i \Rightarrow K = O\vec{e}_1\vec{e}_2\vec{e}_3 - \text{аксоном. к. с.}$$

$O\vec{e}_1, O\vec{e}_2, O\vec{e}_3$ - аксоном. оси

$$|\vec{e}_1| = p, \quad |\vec{e}_2| = q, \quad |\vec{e}_3| = z$$

p, q, z - коэффициенты на изменение

При $p=q=z$ Ψ се нарича изометрия

При $p=z \neq q$ Ψ е диметрия

При $p \neq q \neq z \neq p$ Ψ е триметрия

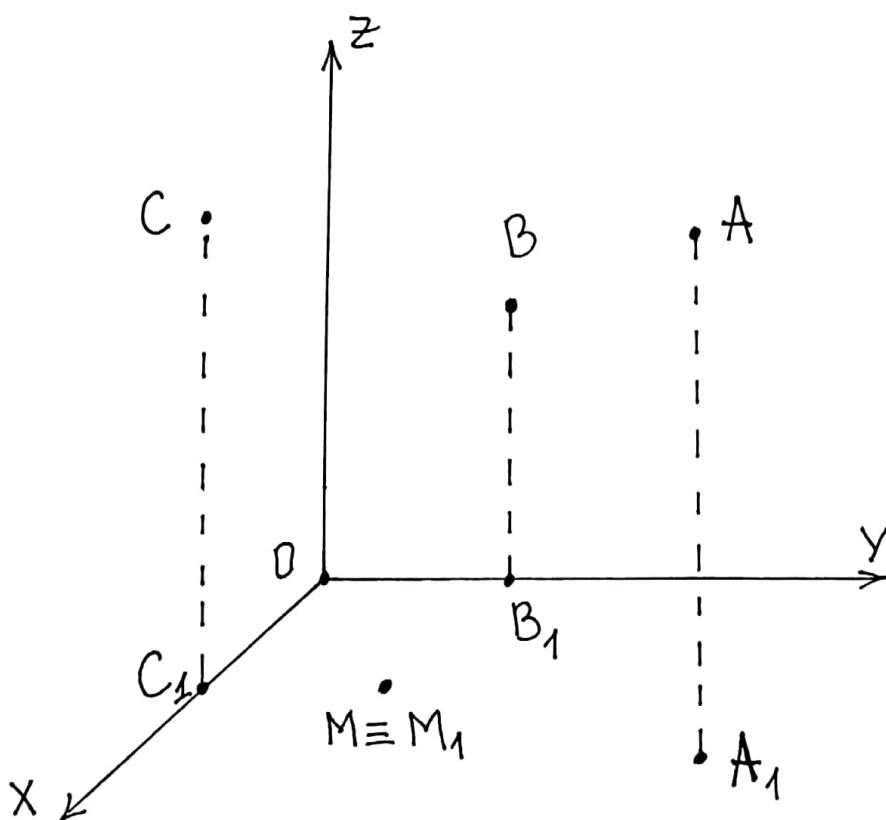
II Изобразяване на точки ⁻²⁻

\bar{A} - точка от пространството
 $\bar{A}_1 = \text{орт. пр. } \bar{A} \text{ в } \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{y}$ } $\Rightarrow \bar{A}\bar{A}_1 \parallel \bar{O}\bar{z}$

$A : \begin{cases} Z\pi \\ A\bar{A} \parallel e \end{cases}$, A - аксонометрична проекция на \bar{A}

$A_1 : \begin{cases} Z\pi \\ \bar{A}_1 A_1 \parallel e \end{cases}$, A_1 - първа вторична проекция на \bar{A}

При аксонометрия $\bar{A}(A; A_1) : A A_1 \parallel O z$



$$\bar{M} \in \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{y} \Leftrightarrow M \equiv M_1$$

$$\bar{B} \in \bar{O}\bar{y}\bar{z} \Leftrightarrow B_1 \in O y$$

$$\bar{C} \in \bar{O}\bar{x}\bar{z} \Leftrightarrow C_1 \in O x$$

III Изобразяване ⁻³⁻ на прави

\bar{a} - права в пространството

\bar{a}_1 - орт. проекция на \bar{a} в \bar{Ox}_1y_1

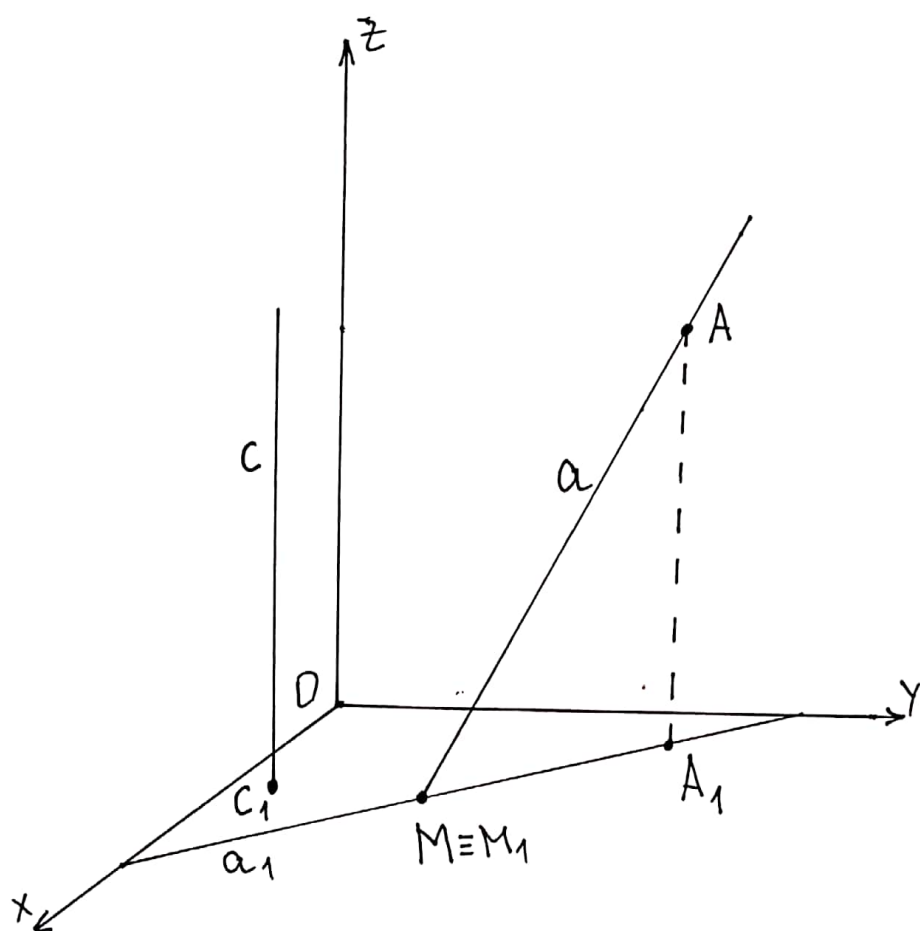
a - образ на \bar{a} върху π при ψ_{π}^{ue}

a - аксонометрична проекция на \bar{a}

a_1 - образ на \bar{a}_1 върху π при ψ

a_1 - първа вторична проекция на \bar{a}

$\bar{a}(a, a_1)$



$$\bar{A}(A, A_1) \in \bar{a} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$A \in a \text{ и } A_1 \in a_1$$

$$\bar{c}(c, c_1)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{точка} \Leftrightarrow$$

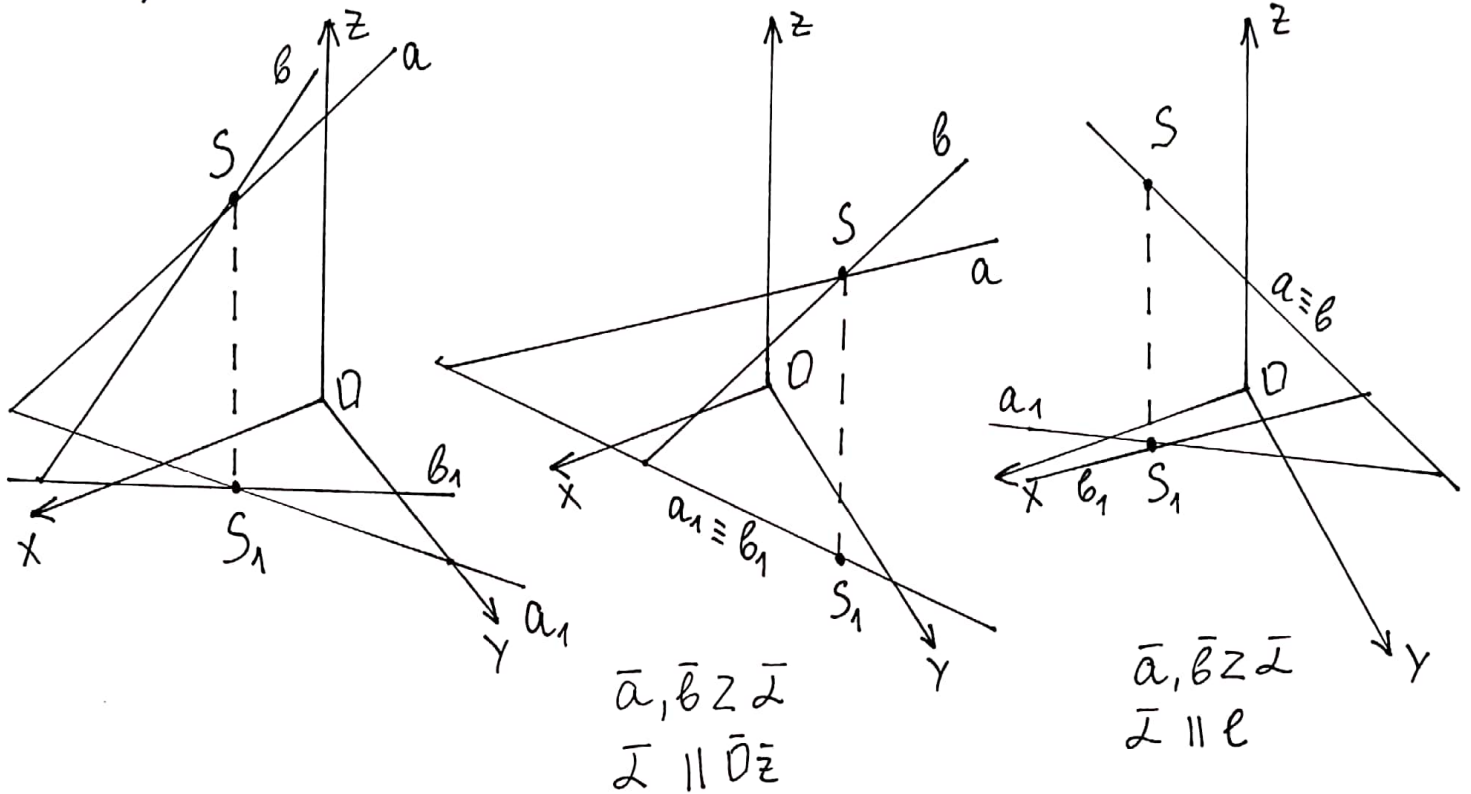
$$\bar{c} \parallel \bar{Oz}$$

$$\bar{b}(b, b_1)$$

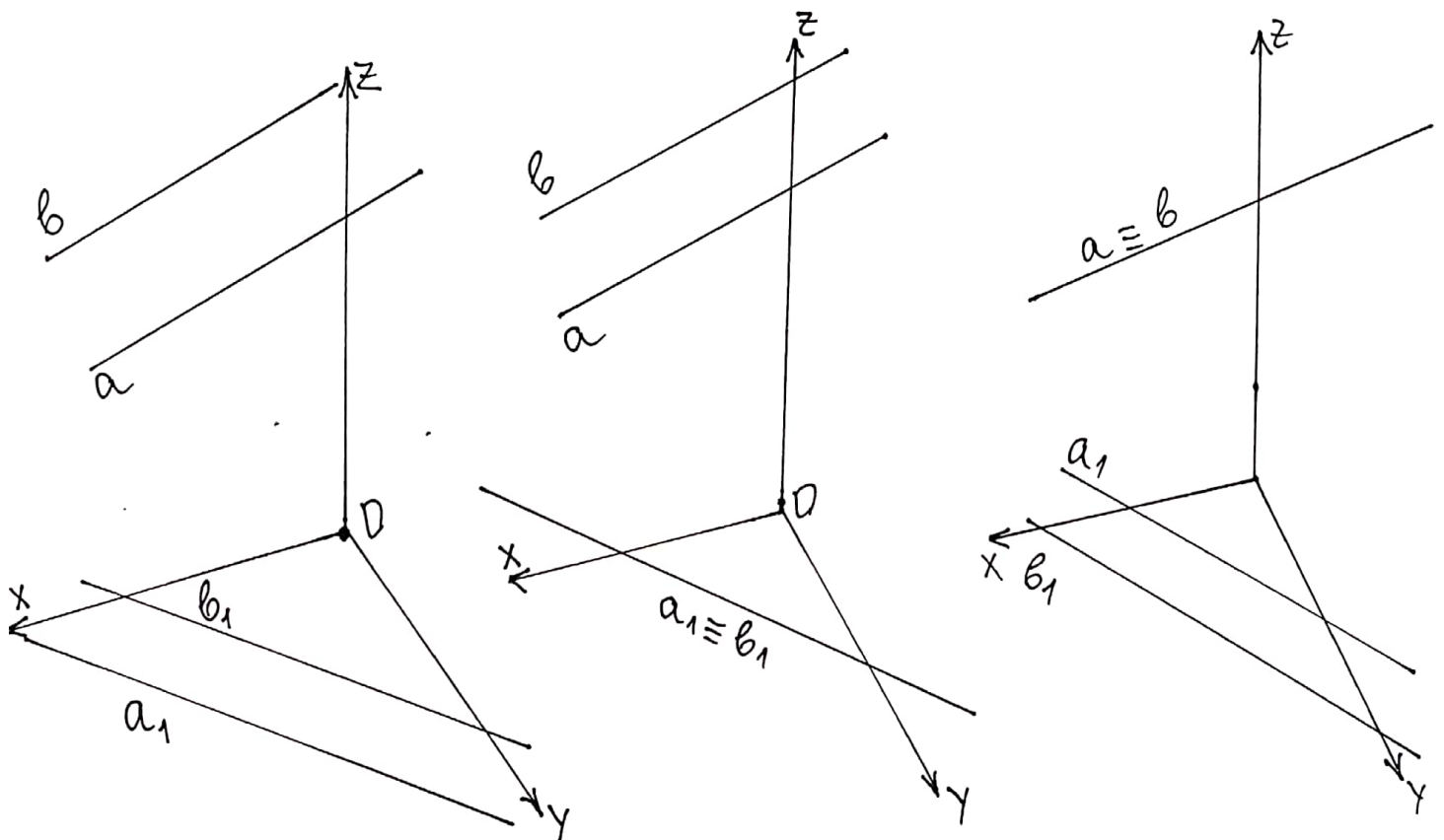
$$\hookrightarrow \text{точка} \Leftrightarrow \bar{b} \parallel b$$

IV Взаимни положения на две прави
 $\bar{a}(a, a_1)$ и $\bar{b}(b, b_1)$

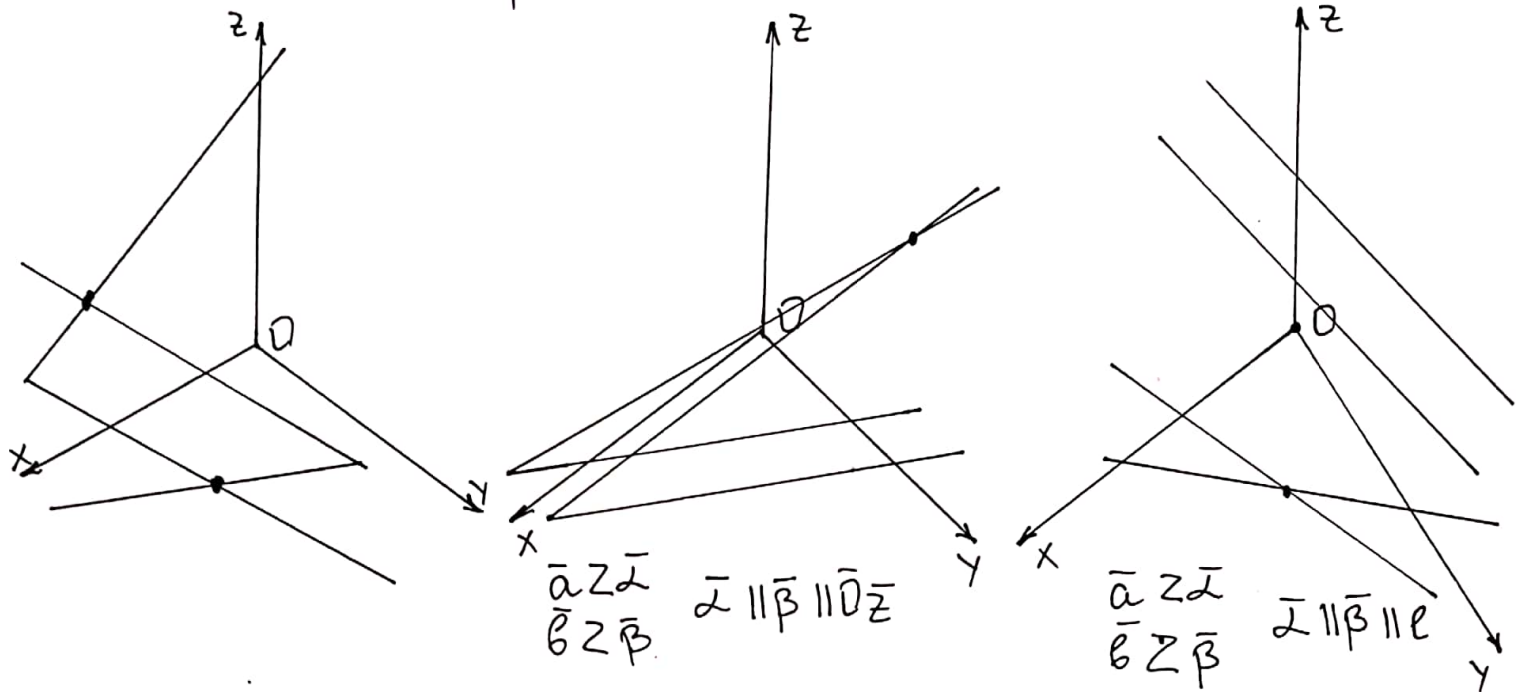
1) $\bar{a} \cap \bar{b} = \bar{S} \Rightarrow \bar{S}(S, S_1): SS_1 \parallel Oz$



2) $\bar{a} \parallel \bar{b}$



3) \bar{a} и \bar{b} - кръстосани



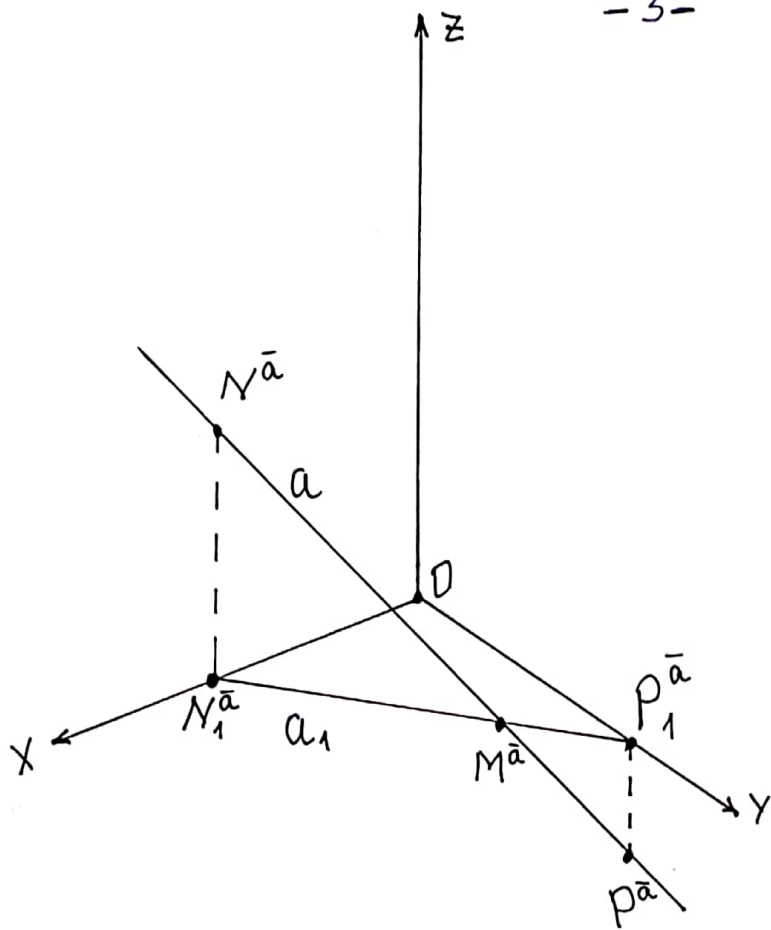
V Стѣнки на права: $\bar{a} (a, a_1)$
 $\bar{a} \cap \bar{O}_x \bar{y} \Rightarrow \bar{M}^{\bar{a}} (\bar{M}^{\bar{a}}, \bar{M}_1^{\bar{a}}), \bar{M}^{\bar{a}} \equiv \bar{M}_1^{\bar{a}} = a \cap a_1$
 $\bar{a} \cap \bar{O}_x \bar{z} = \bar{N}^{\bar{a}} (\bar{N}^{\bar{a}}, \bar{N}_1^{\bar{a}}), \bar{N}_1^{\bar{a}} \in \bar{O}_x \Rightarrow \bar{N}_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap \bar{O}_x$
 $\bar{a} \cap \bar{O}_y \bar{z} = \bar{P}^{\bar{a}} (\bar{P}^{\bar{a}}, \bar{P}_1^{\bar{a}}), \bar{P}_1^{\bar{a}} \in \bar{O}_y \Rightarrow \bar{P}_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap \bar{O}_y$

/Задача:

В аксонометрия е дадена права $\bar{a} (a, a_1)$.

Да се изобразят стѣнките на \bar{a}

Построение:



- 1) $M^{\bar{a}} \equiv M_1^{\bar{a}} = a \cap a_1$
- 2) $N_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap O_x$
- 3) $N^{\bar{a}}: \begin{cases} Z a \\ N^{\bar{a}} N_1^{\bar{a}} \parallel O_z \end{cases}$
- 4) $P_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap O_y$
- 5) $P^{\bar{a}}: \begin{cases} Z a \\ P^{\bar{a}} P_1^{\bar{a}} \parallel O_z \end{cases}$

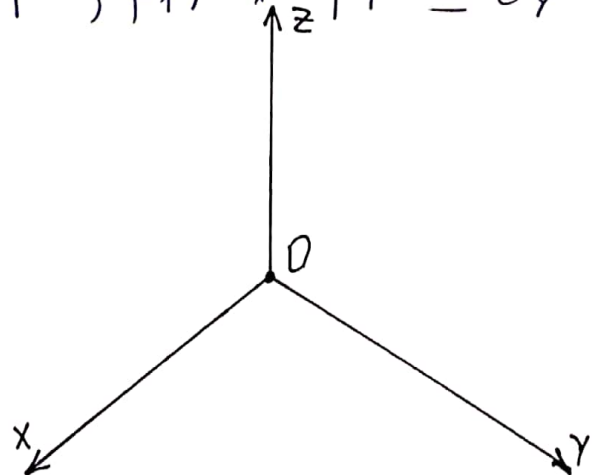
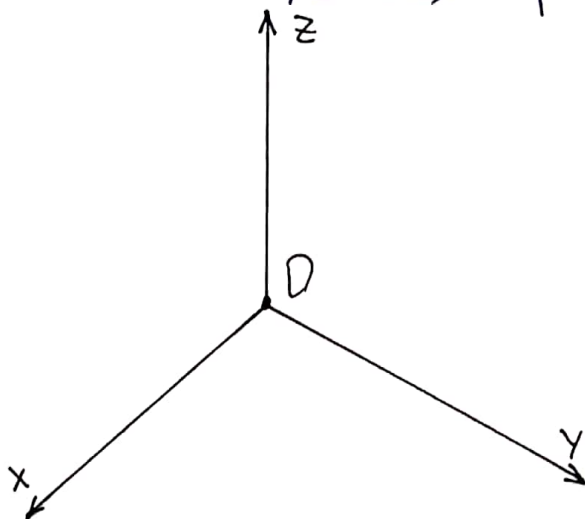
VI Изобразяване на равнина

$\bar{\alpha}$ - равнина от пространството
Следи (дири) на $\bar{\alpha}$:

$$\bar{m}^{\bar{\alpha}} = \bar{\alpha} \cap \bar{O}_x \bar{y} \Rightarrow \bar{m}^{\bar{\alpha}} (m^{\bar{\alpha}}, m_1^{\bar{\alpha}}) : m^{\bar{\alpha}} \equiv m_1^{\bar{\alpha}}$$

$$\bar{n}^{\bar{\alpha}} = \bar{\alpha} \cap \bar{O}_x \bar{z} \Rightarrow \bar{n}^{\bar{\alpha}} (n^{\bar{\alpha}}, n_1^{\bar{\alpha}}) : n_1^{\bar{\alpha}} \equiv O_x$$

$$\bar{p}^{\bar{\alpha}} = \bar{\alpha} \cap O_y \bar{z} \Rightarrow \bar{p}^{\bar{\alpha}} (p^{\bar{\alpha}}, p_1^{\bar{\alpha}}) : p_1^{\bar{\alpha}} \equiv O_y$$

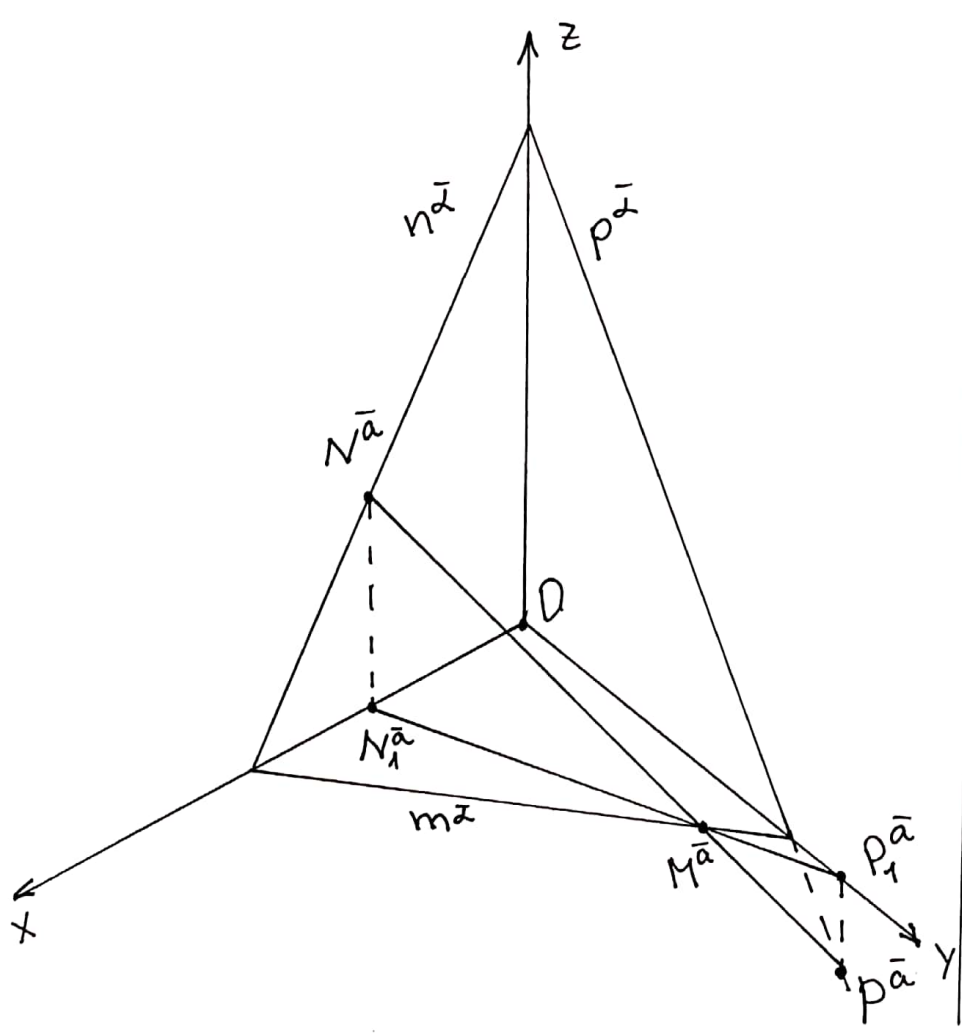


III Инцидентност на права и равнина

$$\bar{a} \subset \bar{\alpha} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} \bar{M}^{\bar{a}} \subset \bar{m}^{\bar{\alpha}} \Rightarrow M^{\bar{a}} \cap M_1^{\bar{a}} = a \cap a_1 \cap m^{\bar{\alpha}} \\ \bar{N}^{\bar{a}} \subset \bar{n}^{\bar{\alpha}} \Rightarrow N_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap O_x, N^{\bar{a}} \subset n^{\bar{\alpha}} \\ \bar{P}^{\bar{a}} \subset \bar{p}^{\bar{\alpha}} \Rightarrow P_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap O_y, P^{\bar{a}} \subset p^{\bar{\alpha}} \end{cases}$$

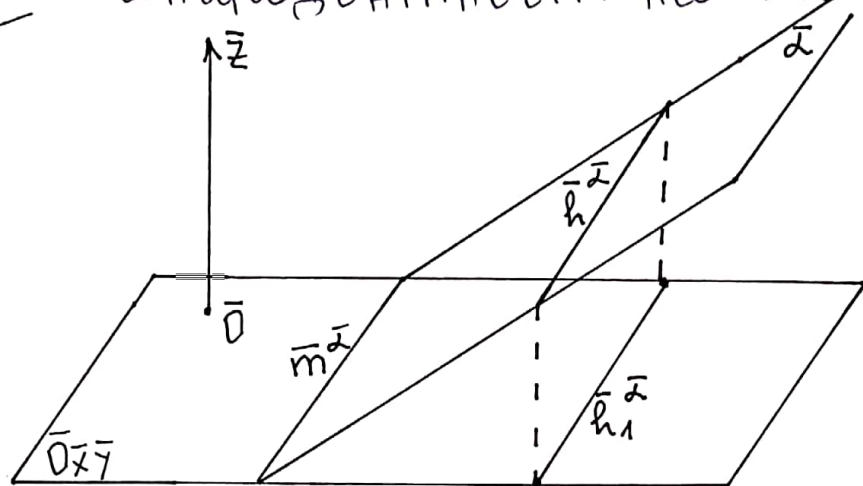
Задача: В аксонометрия са дадени равнина $\bar{\alpha} (m^{\bar{\alpha}}, n^{\bar{\alpha}})$ и права a_1 .

Да се построи права $a : (a, a_1) \rightarrow \bar{a} \subset \bar{\alpha}$.



- 1) $M^{\bar{a}} \equiv M_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap m^{\bar{\alpha}}$
- 2) $N_1^{\bar{a}} = a_1 \cap O_x$
- 3) $N^{\bar{a}} : \begin{cases} \subset n^{\bar{\alpha}} \\ N^{\bar{a}} N_1^{\bar{a}} \parallel O_z \end{cases}$
- 4) $a : \begin{cases} \subset M^{\bar{a}} \\ \subset N^{\bar{a}} \end{cases}$
- 5) $P_1^{\bar{a}}$
- 6) $P^{\bar{a}}$

VIII инцидентност на точка и равнина



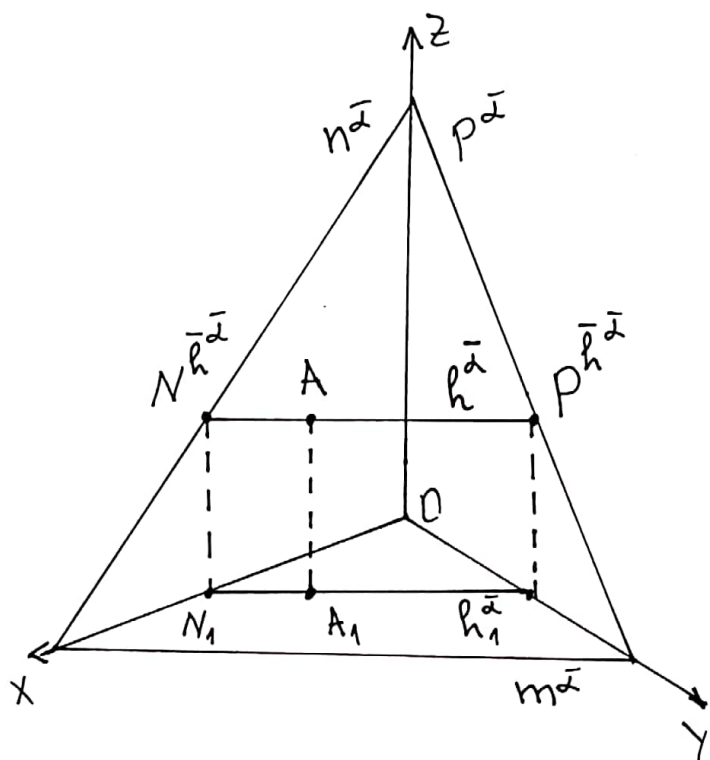
Главна права
от I система
за $\bar{\alpha}$

$$\bar{h} \begin{cases} \perp \bar{\alpha} \\ \parallel \bar{Ox}\bar{y} \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

$$\bar{h} \parallel \bar{m} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{h} (h, h_1): h \parallel h_1 \parallel m$$

Задача: В аксонометрия са дадени
равнина $\bar{\alpha} (m, n)$ и точка A_1 . Да се
построи точка $A: (A, A_1) \rightarrow \bar{\alpha} \perp \bar{\alpha}$.



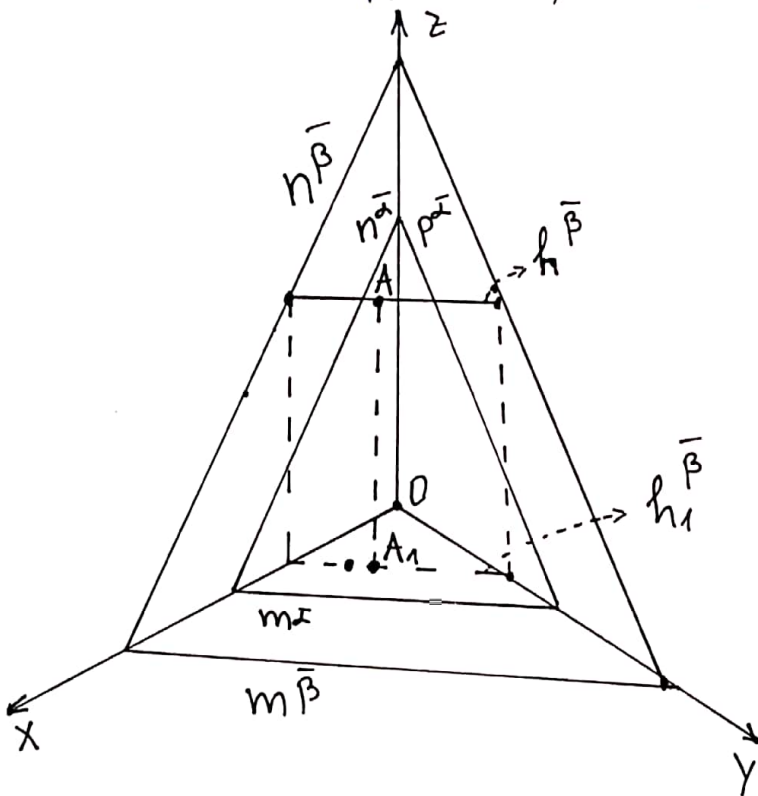
- 1) $h_1 \begin{cases} \perp A_1 \\ \parallel m \end{cases}$
- 2) $N_1^{\bar{h}} = h_1 \cap Ox$
- 3) $N^{\bar{h}} \begin{cases} \perp n \\ N_1^{\bar{h}} \parallel Oz \end{cases}$
- 4) $h \begin{cases} \perp N^{\bar{h}} \\ \parallel m \end{cases}$
- 5) $A \begin{cases} \perp h \\ AA_1 \parallel Oz \end{cases}$

IX Взаимни положения на две равнини

Задача: $\bar{\alpha} \parallel \bar{\beta} \Leftrightarrow m^{\bar{\alpha}} \parallel m^{\bar{\beta}}, n^{\bar{\alpha}} \parallel n^{\bar{\beta}}, p^{\bar{\alpha}} \parallel p^{\bar{\beta}}$

В аксонометрия са дадени $\bar{\alpha} (m^{\bar{\alpha}}, n^{\bar{\alpha}})$ и точка $\bar{A} (A, A_1) : \bar{A} \notin \bar{\alpha}$. Да се изобрази р-на $\bar{\beta} \begin{cases} Z \bar{A} \\ \parallel \bar{\alpha} \end{cases}$. Ще използваме $h^{\bar{\beta}} \supset \bar{A}$:

$$h^{\bar{\beta}} (h^{\bar{\beta}}, h_1^{\bar{\beta}}), h^{\bar{\beta}} \parallel h_1^{\bar{\beta}} \parallel m^{\bar{\beta}} \parallel m^{\bar{\alpha}}$$



$$1) h_1^{\bar{\beta}} \begin{cases} Z A_1 \\ \parallel m^{\bar{\alpha}} \end{cases}$$

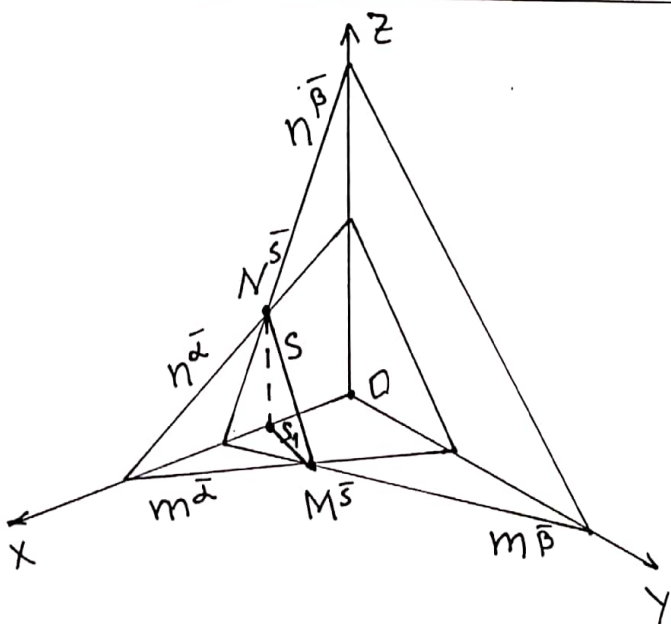
$$h^{\bar{\beta}} \begin{cases} Z A \\ \parallel m^{\bar{\alpha}} \end{cases}$$

$$2) N_1^{h^{\bar{\beta}}} = h_1^{\bar{\beta}} \cap O_x$$

$$3) N^{h^{\bar{\beta}}} \begin{cases} Z h^{\bar{\beta}} \\ \parallel N N_1 \parallel O_z \end{cases}$$

$$4) n^{\bar{\beta}} \begin{cases} \parallel n^{\bar{\alpha}} \\ Z N^{h^{\bar{\beta}}} \end{cases}$$

$$5) m^{\bar{\beta}}, p^{\bar{\beta}}$$

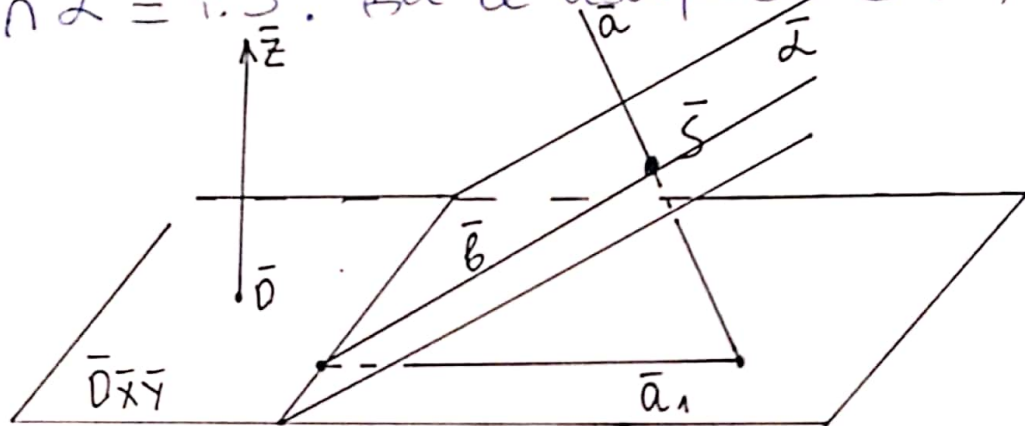


$$\bar{\alpha} \cap \bar{\beta} = \bar{s} \Rightarrow \bar{s} (s, s_1)$$

Построение:

X Пробод на права и равнина

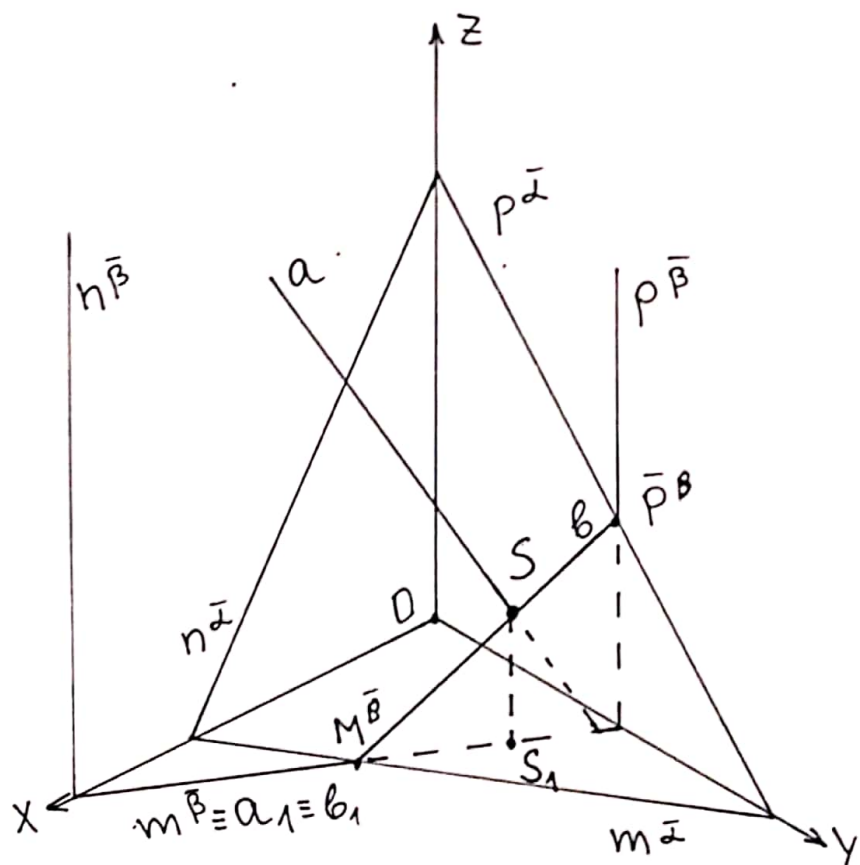
Задача: В аксонометрия са дадени равнина $\bar{\alpha} (m\bar{\alpha}, n\bar{\alpha})$ и права $\bar{a} (a, a_1)$:
 $\bar{a} \cap \bar{\alpha} = \tau.S$. Да се изобрази $\bar{S} (S; S_1)$.



$$1) \bar{\beta} \begin{cases} z\bar{a} \\ z\bar{a}_1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \bar{\beta} \parallel \bar{Oz}$$

$$2) \bar{b} = \bar{\alpha} \cap \bar{\beta}$$

$$3) \bar{S} = \bar{a} \cap \bar{b}$$



$$1) m\bar{\beta} \equiv a_1$$

$$2) n\bar{\beta} \parallel p\bar{\beta} \parallel Oz$$

$$3) M\bar{\beta} = m\bar{\alpha} \cap m\bar{\beta}$$

$$4) p\bar{b} = p\bar{\alpha} \cap p\bar{\beta}$$

$$5) b \begin{cases} M\bar{\beta} \\ p\bar{b} \end{cases}, b_1 \equiv a_1$$

$$6) \tau.S = a \cap b$$