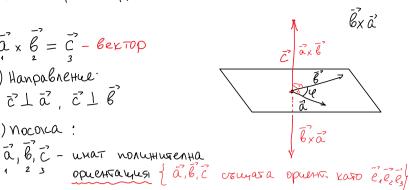
BEKTOPHO U CMECEHO NPOUBBEAEHLE

$$\vec{a} + \vec{o}$$
, $\vec{b} + \vec{o}$ $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c} - \text{bertop}$

1) Hanpabretue.

2) nocolca:



3) AZAHUHA: $|\vec{c}| = |\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = |\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}| \cdot \sin \star (\vec{a}, \vec{b})_e$

Свойства на векторно произведение

1)
$$\vec{0} \times \vec{0} = -\vec{0} \times \vec{0} - \alpha HTLL KOMYTATLBHOCT$$

2)
$$(\lambda . \vec{a} + \beta . \vec{b}) \times \vec{p} = \lambda . (\vec{a} \times \vec{p}) + \beta . (\vec{b} \times \vec{p})$$

3)
$$\vec{a} \pm \vec{o}$$
, $\vec{b} \pm \vec{o}$ $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{o}$ $(=> \vec{a} \mid) \vec{b}$

4)
$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = S_{YCN}$$
. $|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = S_{YCN}$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{|\vec{a} \times \vec{\theta}|}{2}$$

4)
$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = S_{YCN}$$
. $\vec{b}_{V} = S_{YCN}$ $\vec{a} = \frac{|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|}{2}$
5) $\sin \neq (\vec{a}_1 \vec{b})_e = \frac{|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|}{|\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}|}$ {he npenopeubary $\cos \neq (a_1 b) = \frac{(\vec{a}_1 \cdot \vec{b})}{|\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}|}$

$$\cos \phi(\alpha, \theta) = \frac{(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{\theta})}{|\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{\theta}|}$$

6) POPMYNA HA NAFPAHH
$$(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})^2 = |\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|^2 = (|\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}| \cdot \sin \varphi)^2 = |\vec{a}| \cdot |\vec{b}| \cdot \sin^2 \varphi =$$

$$= |\vec{a}|^2 \cdot |\vec{b}|^2 \cdot (1 - \cos^2 \varphi) = \vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2 - \vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2 \cdot \cos^2 \varphi = \vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2 - (\vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2)^2$$

$$(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})^2 = \vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2 - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})^2$$

$$\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$$

$$(\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c} - \text{uncho}$$

$$(\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c} = \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$$

where we appeals

$$(\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c} = \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$$

Choùcha

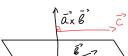
1)
$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) = (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}) = (\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b})$$
 $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) = (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}) = (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a})$
 $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c} = (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) \cdot \vec{a} = \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$

Berrophoro upoush. e c

$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) = -(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) = (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{a})$$

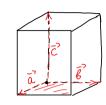
2)
$$\left(\left(\lambda_1 \cdot \vec{a}_1 + \lambda_2 \cdot \vec{a}_2 \right) \vec{b} \vec{c} \right) = \lambda_1 \cdot \left(\vec{a}_1 \vec{b} \vec{c} \right) + \lambda_2 \cdot \left(\vec{a}_2 \vec{b} \vec{c} \right) \right)$$

3)
$$\vec{Q} + \vec{Q}$$
 $\vec{Q} + \vec{Q}$ $\vec{Q} + \vec{Q}$



3)
$$\vec{Q} + \vec{0}$$
 $\vec{d} + \vec{0}$ $\vec{C} + \vec{0} = \vec{0}$ $\vec{Q} + \vec{0}$ $\vec{C} + \vec{0}$ \vec{C}

 $(\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) > 0 \iff \vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c} \in S^+$ unat nonother operations, kaso $\vec{e}_1 \vec{e}_2 \vec{c}_3$ $(\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) < 0 \iff \vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}' \in S^-$ unat otpumatenta operations



Vnapan. = 1(abc)



 $V = \frac{|\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{c}|}{6}$

1 30g. A a a gov., 4e \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} ca \vec{a} AH3 \iff \vec{a} \vec{k} , \vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{c} \vec{c} \vec{c} \vec{a} ca \vec{a} AH3 A-60. There \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} ca \vec{a} \vec{b} \implies \vec{c} \vec{a} \vec{b} \implies \vec{c} \vec{c}

(1) λ . $[(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{a}]_+ \beta \cdot [(\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) \cdot \vec{a}]_+ \beta \cdot [(\vec{c} \times \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{a}] = (\vec{o} \cdot \vec{a}) = 0$ $\lambda \cdot (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{a}) + \beta \cdot (\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a} \cdot \vec{a}) = 0 \Rightarrow \beta = 0$

(2) $\angle .(\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{b}) + 0.(\vec{c}\vec{a}\vec{b}) + y.(\vec{c}\vec{a}\vec{b}) = 0 \Rightarrow y = 0$

(3) $\lambda \cdot (\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) = 0 = 7 \quad \lambda = 0$

/ Hera (axb) (bxc) ~ (cxa) ca ~ +3 => a,b,c> ca ~ +43

2309. $[\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}] = 0$ $[\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}] = 1$, $[\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}] = 1$ $[\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}] = 1$

La ce onpegem Heusbecthunt bekrop po ot pabeticibara: $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{p}) = 4$ $(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{p}) = 2$ $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \vec{p}) = -8$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
\vec{a} \cdot \vec{p} \\
\vec{b} \cdot \vec{p}
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\end{vmatrix} = 2$$

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$$\frac{(\vec{p}\cdot\vec{b})=1.(\vec{a}\cdot\vec{b})+\beta.\vec{b}^2+y.(\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{b})=>/\beta=2}{(\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{p})=1.(\vec{a}\vec{a}\vec{b})+2.(\vec{b}\vec{a}\vec{b})+y.(\vec{a}\vec{k}\vec{b})^2}$$

$$\frac{(\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{p})=1.(\vec{a}\vec{a}\vec{b})+2.(\vec{b}\vec{a}\vec{b})+y.(\vec{a}\vec{k}\vec{b})^2}{(\vec{a}\cdot\vec{b})^2-(\vec{a}\cdot\vec{b})^2=4.1}$$

$$\frac{(a \cdot b)^{2}}{-8} = 1. (a \cdot a \cdot b) + 2. (a \cdot a \cdot b) + 3. (a \cdot a \cdot b)$$

$$\frac{(a \cdot b)^{2}}{a \cdot b^{2}} = 4.1 - 0$$

$$\vec{p} = 1.\vec{a} + 2.\vec{b} - 2.(\vec{a} \times \vec{b})$$

$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}) = 0 \iff \vec{a} \perp \vec{b}$$

 $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = \vec{o} \iff \vec{a} \parallel \vec{b}$
 $(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) = 0 \iff \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \implies \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \mapsto \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \implies \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \mapsto \vec{b}$

194.11 popusna 3a gloūts bertopto npousbegethe
$$(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{c} = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) \cdot \vec{b} - (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) \cdot \vec{a} - \text{bertop}$$

$$\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) = -(\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) \times \vec{a} = -[(\vec{b} \cdot \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{c} - (\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}) \cdot \vec{b}] = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c}) \cdot \vec{b} - (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c}$$

Детериинанти от ред 2 и ред 3

$$\Delta_1 = \begin{vmatrix} \alpha_{11} & \alpha_{12} \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} \end{vmatrix} = +\alpha_{11} \cdot \alpha_{22} - \alpha_{12} \cdot \alpha_{21} \rightarrow \text{yucho}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 1.4 - 3.2 = 4 - 6 = -2$$
 $\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 1.4 - 2.2 = 0$

$$b_2 = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 4 & 5 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 & 7 & 8 \end{vmatrix} = 1.5,9 + 2.6.7 + 3,4.8 - 7.5.3 - 8.6.1 - 9.4.2 =$$

Детерминанта на Грам

*
$$\Gamma(\vec{\alpha}) = |\vec{\alpha}^2| = \vec{\alpha}^2 \times \vec{\delta}^2 = 7 \cdot 1.3.$$

$$* \left[\left(\vec{a}, \vec{b} \right) = \left| \vec{a}^2 \left(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \right) \right| = \vec{a}^2 \cdot \vec{b}^2 - \left(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \right)^2 = \left(\vec{a} \times \vec{b} \right)^2 = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b})^2 = S_{\text{Ycn.}}$$

*
$$\Gamma(\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}) = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{a}^2 & (\vec{a}.\vec{b}) & (\vec{a}.\vec{c}) \\ (\vec{b}.\vec{a}) & \vec{b}^2 & (\vec{b}.\vec{c}) \end{vmatrix} = (\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c})^2 \approx 1.3.$$

*
$$\Gamma(\vec{a}_1,...,\vec{a}_n) = 0 \iff \vec{a}_1,\vec{a}_2,...,\vec{a}_n \text{ ca NuHeutho 3abucumu}$$

3agaya: \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} : $|\vec{a}| = |\vec{b}| = |\vec{c}| = 1$ $\neq (\vec{a}, \vec{b}) = \neq (\vec{b}, \vec{c}) = \neq (\vec{c}, \vec{a}) = \frac{11}{3}$

a)
$$?, 4e \vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$$
 ca $\land H3$
 $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ ca $\land H3 = (\vec{a} \vec{b} \vec{c}) \neq 0$

$$\vec{a}^2 = \vec{b}^2 = \vec{c}^2 = 1$$

 $(\vec{a}\vec{b}) = (\vec{b}\cdot\vec{c}) = (\vec{a}\cdot\vec{c}) = \frac{1}{2}$

$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c})^2 = \Gamma(\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}) = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{a}^2 & \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} & \vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} \\ \vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} & \vec{b}^2 & \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} & 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{vmatrix} = 1 + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \pm 0$$

$$(\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{c})^2 = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow (\vec{a}\vec{b}\vec{c}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$$
 ca AH3

$$V_{OABC} = ?$$
 $V_{OABC} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot |(\vec{OA} \vec{OB} \vec{OC})|$ Checeho npows.

$$(\vec{OA} \ \vec{OB} \ \vec{OC}) = (\vec{OA} \times \vec{OB}) \cdot \vec{OC} = [(\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c})] \cdot (\vec{a} + \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} + \vec{b}) \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) = (\vec{b} + \vec{b}) \times (\vec{b} + \vec{b}) = (\vec{b} + \vec{b}) \times (\vec{b}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \vec{a} \times \vec{b} + \vec{d} \times \vec{c} + \vec{b} \times \vec{b} + \vec{b} \times \vec{c} \end{bmatrix} \cdot (\vec{a} + \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{a}) + (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{c}) + (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{c}) + (\vec{a} \cdot \vec{c} \cdot \vec{c}) + (\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c$$

$$= (\vec{\alpha} \vec{b} \vec{c}) + (\vec{b} \vec{c} \vec{\alpha}) = 2.(\vec{\alpha} \vec{b} \vec{c}) \stackrel{\text{or } a)}{=} 2.(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$V_{OABC} = \frac{|\pm\sqrt{2}|}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

Координатни условия за колинеарност и хомпланарност на вектори и точки

$$\vec{a}(a_1, a_2)$$
 $\vec{b}(b_1, b_2)$
Vora ca N.3.? $\vec{a}||\vec{b}||^2 \Rightarrow \frac{a_1}{b_1} \neq \frac{a_2}{b_2} = 0$
 $\vec{a}(a_1, a_2)$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ a_2 & a_1 = 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\vec{\theta}(\theta_1, \theta_2)$$

$$\vec{0}(\vec{\theta} \leftarrow \vec{0})$$

$$\vec{0}(\vec{\theta} \leftarrow \vec{0})$$

 $\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ b_1 & b_2 \end{vmatrix} = 0$

$$A_1(X_1, Y_1)$$
 $Y_1(X_2, Y_2)$ $Y_2(X_2, Y_2)$ $Y_3(X_3, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_2, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_2, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_2, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_2, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_2, Y_3)$ $Y_4(X_3, Y_3)$

$$\begin{vmatrix} x_1 & y_1 & 1 \\ x_2 & y_2 & 1 \\ x_3 & y_3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \neq 0 \iff A_1, A_2, A_3 - x_0$$
 Muheaphu

$$|| X = 0 \vec{e}_1 \vec{e}_2 \vec{e}_3 - \text{Npousbonha}|| \hat{a}_1 \hat{a}_2 = 0 \\ \vec{a}_1 (a_1 a_2 a_3) \\ \vec{b}_1 (b_1 b_2 b_3) \text{ for a ca } \vec{a}_3? \frac{a_1}{b_1} = \frac{a_2}{b_2} = \frac{a_3}{b_3} \\ || \hat{a}_1 \hat{a}_2 || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 \\ || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 \\ || \hat{a}_1 \hat{a}_3 || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 || \hat{a}_2 \hat{a}_3 || \hat{a}_1 \hat$$

Координатно представане на векторно и checeto upousbegethe

ONC
$$K = \Omega \vec{e}_1 \vec{e}_2 \vec{e}_3$$
 $|\vec{e}_1| = |\vec{e}_2| = |\vec{e}_3| = 1$
 $\vec{e}_1 \perp \vec{e}_2 \perp \vec{e}_3 \perp \vec{e}_1$
 $\vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2, \vec{e}_3 \in S^+$
 $\vec{a}(a_1 a_2 a_3) = \vec{a} = (a_1 \cdot \vec{e}_1 + a_2 \cdot \vec{e}_2 + a_3 \cdot \vec{e}_3)$
 $\vec{e}(b_1 b_2 b_3) = \vec{e} = (b_1 \cdot \vec{e}_1 + b_2 \cdot \vec{e}_2 + b_3 \cdot \vec{e}_3)$
 $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{e}_1 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_2 & a_3 \\ b_2 & b_3 \end{vmatrix} + \vec{e}_2 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_3 & a_1 \\ b_3 & b_1 \end{vmatrix} + \vec{e}_3 \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ b_1 & b_2 \end{vmatrix}$

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \begin{pmatrix} |a_{2} & a_{3}| & |a_{3} & a_{1}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |b_{2} & b_{3}| & |b_{3} & b_{1}| & |b_{1} & b_{2}| \end{pmatrix} O \times C$$

$$(\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}) = \begin{vmatrix} a_{1} & a_{2} & a_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |a_{1} & a_{2} & a_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |b_{1} & b_{2} & b_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{2} & a_{3}| \\ |c_{1} & c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{2} & c_{3}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{3} & c_{4} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{4} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & |a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5}| & |a_{1} & |a_{2}| \\ |c_{5} & c_{5}| &$$

Mpechatane na ruye u oбen cop. DKC

принери:

1)
$$0 \times C \times = 0$$
 $\tilde{e}_1 \tilde{e}_2$ $A(1,2)$ $B(3,5)$ $S_{DABC} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 5 & 1 \\ 6 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} -25 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{25}{2} \times 6 \cdot \text{eg}$ $C(6,0)$ θ -na sa nuye cop. $0 \tilde{e}_1 \tilde{e}_2$

2) DXC
$$X = 0\vec{e}_1\vec{e}_2\vec{e}_3$$
 $A(1,2,1)$ $B(3,5,2)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $AB(2,3,1)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $AB(2,3,1)$ $AC(5,-2,0)$ $C(3,5,-2,0)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C(6,0,1)$ $C(5,-2,0)$ $C($

$$V_{ABCD} = ? A(1, 2, 1) B(3, 5, 2), C(6, 0, 1), D(2, 5, 0)$$

$$V_{ABCD} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot | (\bar{A}\bar{B} \bar{A}\bar{C} \bar{A}\bar{D})| \bar{A}\bar{C}(5, -2, 0)$$

$$(\bar{A}\bar{B} \bar{A}\bar{C} \bar{A}\bar{D}) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{vmatrix} = \bar{A}\bar{D}(1, 3, -1)$$