



## Exercise



IPython Shell

In [1]:

## List comprehension over iterables

You know that list comprehensions can be built over iterables. Given the following objects below, which of these can we build list comprehensions over?

```
doctor = ['house', 'cuddy', 'chase', 'thirteen', 'wilson']
range(50)
underwood = 'After all, we are nothing more or less than what we choose to reveal'
jean = '24601'
flash = ['jay garrick', 'barry allen', 'wally west', 'bart allen']
valjean = 24601
```

## Instructions

50 XP

## Possible answers

- ☒ You can build list comprehensions over all the objects except the string of number characters `jean`.
- ☐ You can build list comprehensions over all the objects except the string lists `doctor` and `flash`.
- ☐ You can build list comprehensions over all the objects except `range(50)`.
- ☐ You can build list comprehensions over all the objects except the integer object `valjean`.

Submit Answer



Take Hint (-15 XP)

Question:

List comprehension over iterables: You know that list comprehensions can be built over iterables. Given the following objects below, which of these can we build list comprehensions over?

Correct Answer:

You can build list comprehensions over all the objects except the integer object 'valjean'.

Answer Code:

```
# Define the objects as shown in the image
doctor = ['house', 'cuddy', 'chase', 'thirteen', 'wilson']
range_50 = range(50)
underwood = "After all, we are nothing more or less than what we choose to reveal."
jean = '24601'
flash = ['jay garrick', 'barry allen', 'wally west', 'bart allen']
valjean = 24601

# Checking list comprehension compatibility:
# Strings can be iterated but the integer object 'valjean' is not iterable.
result = {
    'doctor': [name.upper() for name in doctor], # Works
    'range_50': [x * 2 for x in range_50], # Works
    'underwood': [char for char in underwood], # Works
    'jean': [char for char in jean], # Works
    'flash': [hero.upper() for hero in flash], # Works
    'valjean': None # valjean is not iterable
}

# Print results for validation
for key, value in result.items():
    print(f"{key}: {'Works' if value is not None else 'Does not work'}")
```

Explanation:

1. List comprehensions can only work on iterable objects. Strings, lists, and ranges are iterable, while integers are not.
2. Each object was tested using a simple list comprehension.
3. 'doctor', 'range\_50', 'underwood', 'jean', and 'flash' support list comprehensions as they are iterable.

4. 'valjean', being an integer, does not support list comprehensions and returns None.