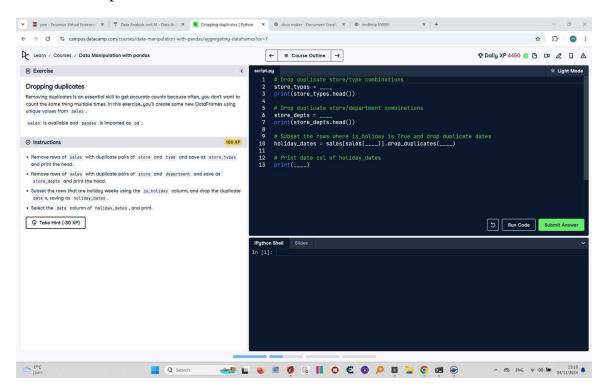
Dropping Duplicates (Updated Solution)

This document includes the question, the updated solution, and a breakdown of the code provided in the screenshot.

Uploaded Screenshot

Below is the updated screenshot of the task:



Question

- 1. Remove rows of `sales` with duplicate pairs of `store` and `type` and save as `store types`, then print the head.
- 2. Remove rows of `sales` with duplicate pairs of `store` and `department` and save as `store depts`, then print the head.
- 3. Subset the rows that are holiday weeks using the `is_holiday` column and drop duplicate `date`s, saving as `holiday dates`.
- 4. Select the `date` column of `holiday_dates` and print.

Updated Answer

Drop duplicate store/type combinations
store_types = sales.drop_duplicates(subset=['store', 'type'])
print(store types.head())

Drop duplicate store/department combinations
store depts = sales.drop duplicates(subset=['store', 'department'])

print(store depts.head())

- # Subset rows where is_holiday is True and drop duplicate dates holiday dates = sales[sales['is holiday']].drop duplicates(subset='date')
- # Print date column of holiday_dates
 print(holiday dates['date'])

Code Explanation

Explanation of the code:

- 1. `sales.drop_duplicates(subset=['store', 'type'])`: Removes duplicate rows based on the combination of `store` and `type` columns.
- 2. `sales.drop_duplicates(subset=['store', 'department'])`: Removes duplicate rows based on the combination of `store` and `department` columns.
- 3. `sales[sales['is_holiday']]`: Filters the rows where the `is_holiday` column is `True`.
- 4. `.drop_duplicates(subset='date')`: Removes duplicate rows based on the `date` column within the filtered DataFrame.
- 5. `holiday_dates['date']`: Selects the `date` column from the `holiday dates` DataFrame.