

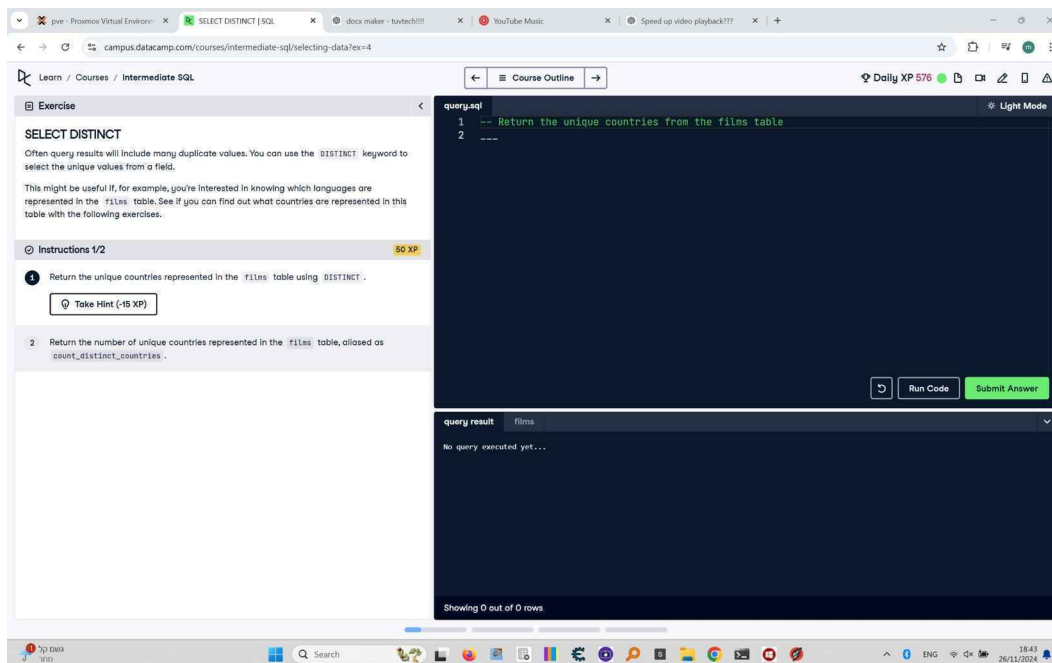
SELECT DISTINCT

In this task, you will use the DISTINCT keyword to return unique values from a field.

Instructions:

1. Return the unique countries represented in the `films` table using DISTINCT.
2. Return the number of unique countries represented in the `films` table, aliasing as `count_distinct_countries`.

Original Uploaded Image:



SQL Query Implementation:

```
-- Return the unique countries from the films table
SELECT DISTINCT country
FROM films;
```

```
-- Return the number of unique countries in the films table
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT country) AS count_distinct_countries
FROM films;
```

Explanation of Queries:

1. **Unique countries using DISTINCT**: The `SELECT DISTINCT` statement retrieves all unique values from the `country` column in the `films` table, omitting duplicates.
2. **Count of unique countries**: Using `COUNT(DISTINCT country)` calculates the total number of unique values in the `country` column. The result is aliased as `count_distinct_countries` for clarity.