Preparing the DataFrames



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Exercise

Preparing the DataFrames

In this exercise, you'll prepare the traffic stop and weather rating DataFrames so that they're

- 1. With the ri DataFrame, you'll move the stop_datetime index to a column since the inde
- 2. With the weather DataFrame, you'll select the DATE and rating columns and put them

Instructions

- Reset the index of the ri DataFrame.
- · Examine the head of ri to verify that stop_datetime is now a DataFrame column, and t
- Create a new DataFrame named weather_rating that contains only the BATE and rati
- Examine the head of weather_rating to verify that it contains the proper columns.

@ Take Hint (-30 XP)

Question:

In this exercise, you'll prepare the traffic stop and weather rating DataFrames so that they're ready to be merged:

- 1. With the `ri` DataFrame, you'll move the stop_datetime index to a column since the index will be lost during the merge.
- 2. With the weather DataFrame, you'll select the DATE and rating columns and put them in a new DataFrame.
- Instructions:
- Reset the index of the ri DataFrame.
- Examine the head of ri to verify that stop_datetime is now a column and the index is now the default integer index.
- Create a new DataFrame named weather_rating that contains only the DATE and rating columns from the weather DataFrame.
- Examine the head of weather_rating to verify that it contains the proper columns.

Solution:

```
# Reset the index of 'ri'
ri.reset index(inplace=True)
```

```
# Examine the head of 'ri'
print(ri.head())
```

```
# Create a DataFrame from the 'DATE' and 'rating' columns weather rating = weather[['DATE', 'rating']]
```

Examine the head of 'weather_rating'
print(weather rating.head())

Code Explanation:

- 1. `ri.reset_index(inplace=True)`: This command resets the index of the `ri` DataFrame, moving the existing index (stop_datetime) back to a column.
- 2. `print(ri.head())`: Displays the first five rows of the `ri` DataFrame to verify the index reset.
- 3. `weather_rating = weather[['DATE', 'rating']]`: Creates a new DataFrame named `weather_rating` containing only the 'DATE' and 'rating' columns.
- 4. `print(weather_rating.head())`: Displays the first five rows of the `weather_rating` DataFrame to confirm it contains the desired columns.