

Semester 1 2017

Artificial Intelligence, Assignment 1 COMPSCI 3007, 7059

Instructions and submission guidelines:

- Answer all questions in a report.
- Make sure that your writing is legible and clear, and the mathematical symbols are consistent.
- You must sign an assessment declaration coversheet to submit with your assignment. The assessment declaration coversheet is included in the zip file.
- Submit via myuni.

Questions Due day Marks
Answer all 5 questions See myuni 100 marks
100 Total

Overview of Artificial Intelligence

Question 1

Choose the correct answer(s) from multiple choices.

- (a) Which ones are commonly accepted definitions of artificial intelligence:
 - (A) Thinking humanly
 - (B) Thinking rationally
 - (C) Acting humanly
 - (D) Acting rationaly

[4 marks]

- (b) Turing test corresponds to:
 - (A) Thinking humanly
 - (B) Thinking rationally
 - (C) Acting humanly
 - (D) Acting rationaly

[4 marks]

- (c) Which of the following statements is (or are) False?
 - (A) Rationality is perfection
 - (B) Simple reflex agents memorise the environment
 - (C) AI problems are often specified by PEAS
 - (D) All intelligent agents can be improved using learning

[4 marks]

[Total for Question 1: 12 marks]

Logical Agent

Question 2

Choose the correct answer(s) from multiple choices.

- (a) Which of the following statements is (or are) False?
 - (A) Knowledge base and database are the same
 - (B) Propositional logic only has facts
 - (C) First order logic has both facts and rules
 - (D) Propositional logic can not describe rules at all, not even indirectly by enumerating.

[4 marks]

- (b) How many possible models (worlds) for $(\alpha \iff \beta) \iff \gamma$?
 - (A) 2
 - (B) 4
 - (C) 6
 - (D) 8

[4 marks]

[Total for Question 2: 8 marks]

Propositional Logic

Question 3

(a) Prove the following statements

i.
$$\neg A \Rightarrow B \equiv \neg B \Rightarrow A$$

[5 marks]

ii. $(\neg A \lor B) \Rightarrow C \equiv \neg C \Rightarrow A \land \neg B$

[5 marks]

iii. $A \lor B \lor C \lor D \lor (B \Rightarrow E) \lor (\neg G \land H)$ is valid

[5 marks]

(b) Resolution

i. Explain the concept of Resolution.

[5 marks]

ii. Simply the following rules $A \vee B$, $\neg B \vee C$, $C \Rightarrow D$ using Resolution, and show the derivation.

[5 marks]

(c) Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF)

i. Turn $C \Rightarrow (A \Rightarrow B) \land \neg D$ to a conjunctive normal form and show derivation

[5 marks]

ii. Prove any sentence in propositional logic can be written in CNF.

[10 marks]

[Total for Question 3: 40 marks]

First Order Logic (FOL)

Question 4

(a) Please state the difference between predicates and functions in FOL.

[5 marks]

(b) Given the predicate Friends(x, y), x, y are variables for human, and constants Anna, Bob, and Christ, please list all groundings for the predicate.

[6 marks]

(c) Prove the following statements

i.
$$\forall x \ (P(x) \land Q(x)) \equiv \neg \exists x \ (\neg P(x) \lor \neg Q(x))$$

[5 marks]

ii.
$$\forall x \ (P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)) \equiv \neg \exists x \ (P(x) \land \neg Q(x))$$

[5 marks]

[Total for Question 4: 21 marks]

Inference in First Order Logic (FOL)

Ouestion 5

(a) Universal instantiation only applies to statements that have no \exists , but \forall . However, all statements involving \exists can be turned to statements with \forall instead. Please turn $\exists x P(x) \Rightarrow Q(x)$ to a statement without \exists .

[5 marks]

(b) Given the following rules:

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\forall x \ King(x) \land Greedy(x) \Rightarrow Evil(x)
King(John)
King(Richard)
Greedy(John)
Greedy(Richard)
Greedy(Lisa)
Greedy(Phil)
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List all Evil people here.

[4 marks]

(c) Unification makes different logical expressions look identical. Write down the result of the following unification

$$UNIFY(Friends(Anna, x), Friends(y, Bob)).$$

[5 marks]

(d) Write down the result of the following unification

$$UNIFY(Friends(Anna, x), Friends(x, Bob))$$

[5 marks]

[Total for Question 5: 19 marks]