

Serverless Azure

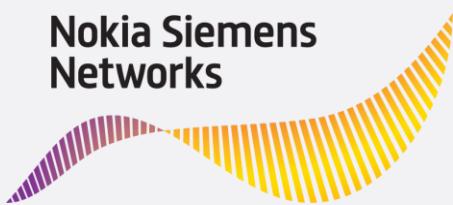
Michał Jankowski

about me



Michał Jankowski

software developer / architect / team leader / traveller / photographer





aim.

Learn how we can use
Serverless in Azure in our
solutions to improve our
productiveness.

way of working



we should have fun

A bit of theory, then a lot of demos and practice.

I would encourage you to work together and exchange your knowledge.

*Great things in business are
never done by one person.
They're done by a team of
people.*

Steve Jobs, cofounder of Apple

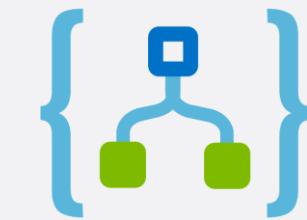


we will be working with



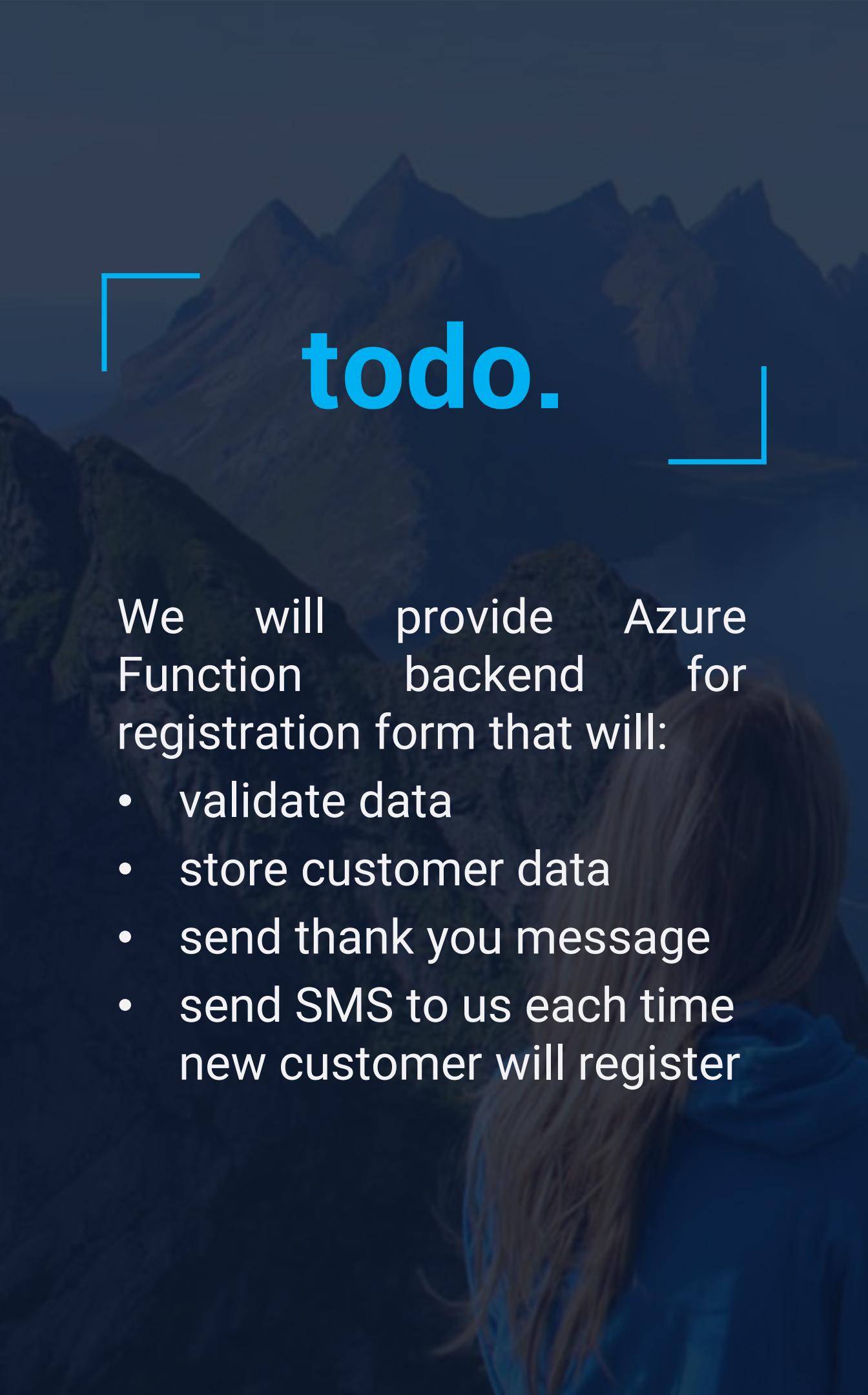
Azure Functions

An event-based serverless compute experience to accelerate your development. Scale based on demand and pay only for the resources you consume.



Logic Apps

Provide a way to simplify and implement scalable integrations and workflows in the cloud. It provides a visual designer to model and automate your process as a series of steps known as a workflow.



todo.

We will provide Azure Function backend for registration form that will:

- validate data
- store customer data
- send thank you message
- send SMS to us each time new customer will register



Get The Best Ticket Today!

You can add unlimited fields directly from HTML

Your name

Your surname

Your county

Your e-mail

Your birth year

Send Information

presentation

agenda



theory

Serverless in Azure environment



azure functions

Main part of presentation. You will learn how to develop them correctly and in effective way.

presentation agenda



logic apps

Later you will see that you can achieve the same effect with less code.



flow / event grid

Next I will present you the last two items from Azure Serverless ecosystem. I would treat them as an extension.



theory.

types of approaches

01

Do I really know how hardware works? What hardware specification should be delivered?

Am I a good system administrator? When I should update servers' OS?

02

03

Finally I can focus on features development.

On-Premises	IaaS	PaaS	Serverless
Applications	Applications	Applications	Applications
Data	Data	Data	Data
Runtime	Runtime	Runtime	Runtime
Middleware	Middleware	Middleware	Middleware
O/S	O/S	O/S	O/S
Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization	Virtualization
Servers	Servers	Servers	Servers
Storage	Storage	Storage	Storage
Networking	Networking	Networking	Networking

Managed by us

Managed by vendor

serverless characteristics

server abstraction

There is no server managing tasks.



event driven

Function does not work when there is no event triggering it. It can also instantly scale up.



microbilling

Pay only when there are events. But think about DDOS on your wallet.



productivity

Reduce tasks related to infrastructure. You can focus on development activities.

focus on features

And then you are able to focus on business logic of your app.

faster time to market

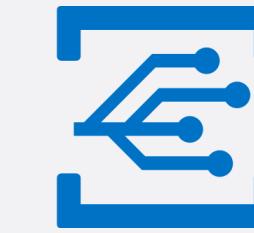
All items mentioned together allow you to reduce time to market.

serverless in Azure



Azure Functions

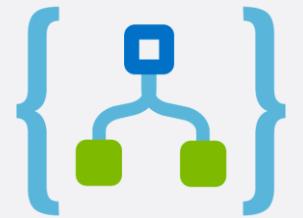
An event-based serverless compute experience to accelerate your development. Scale based on demand and pay only for the resources you consume.



Event Grid

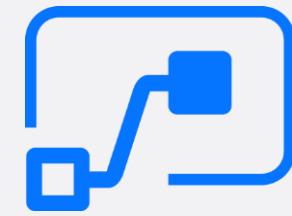
A single service for managing routing of all events from any source to any destination. Designed for high availability, consistent performance and dynamic scale. Event Grid lets you focus on your app logic rather than infrastructure.

serverless in Azure



Logic Apps

Provide a way to simplify and implement scalable integrations and workflows in the cloud. It provides a visual designer to model and automate your process as a series of steps known as a workflow.

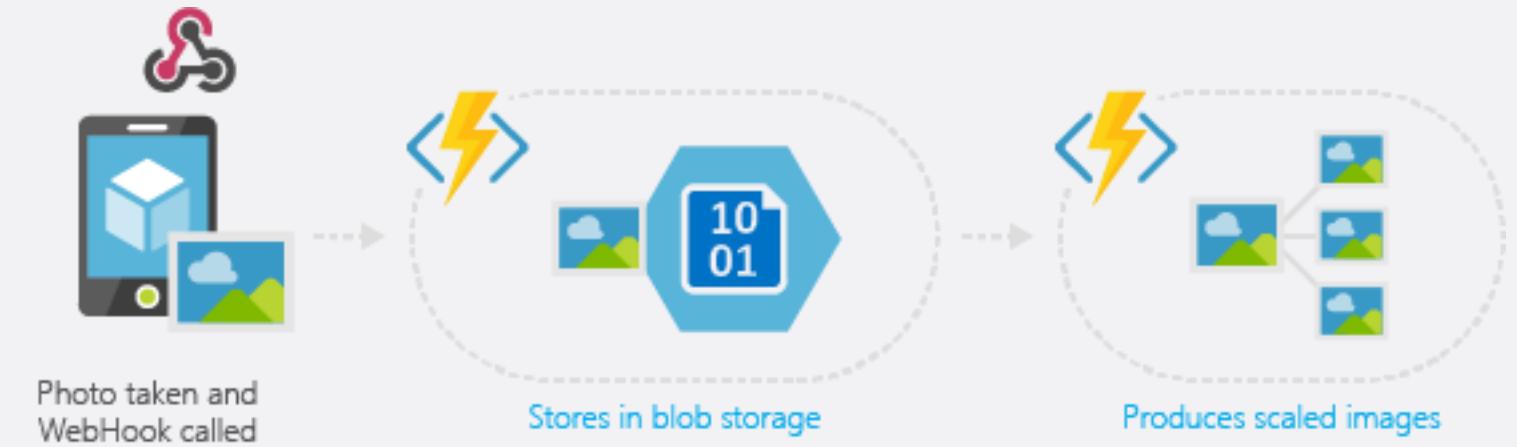
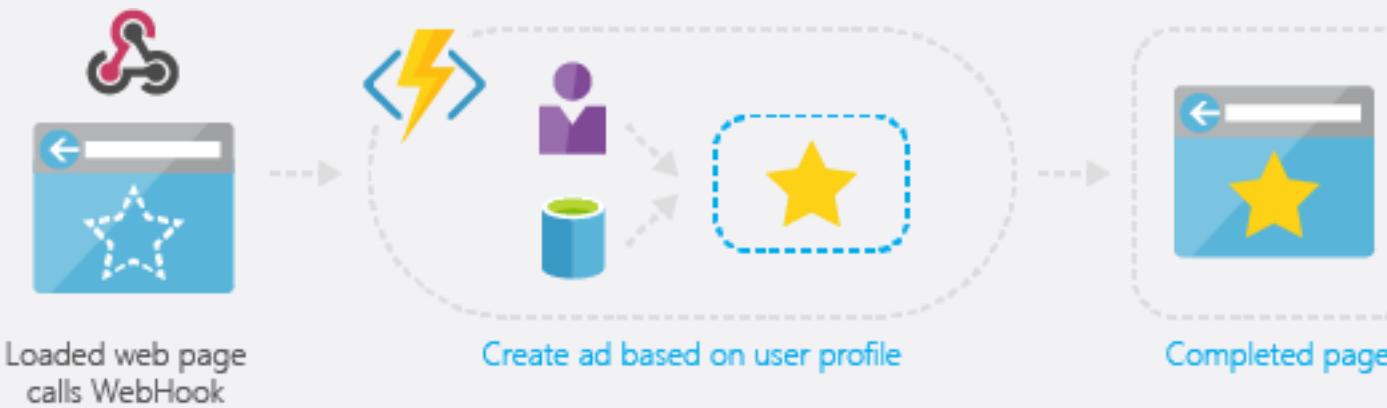
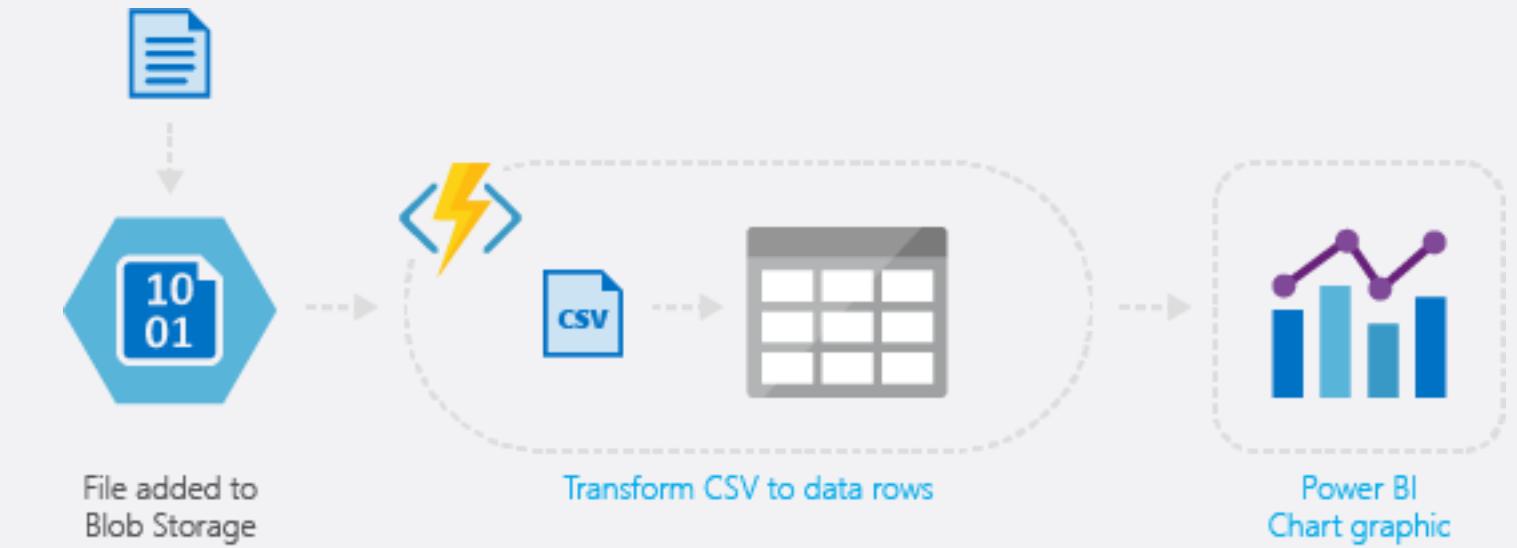
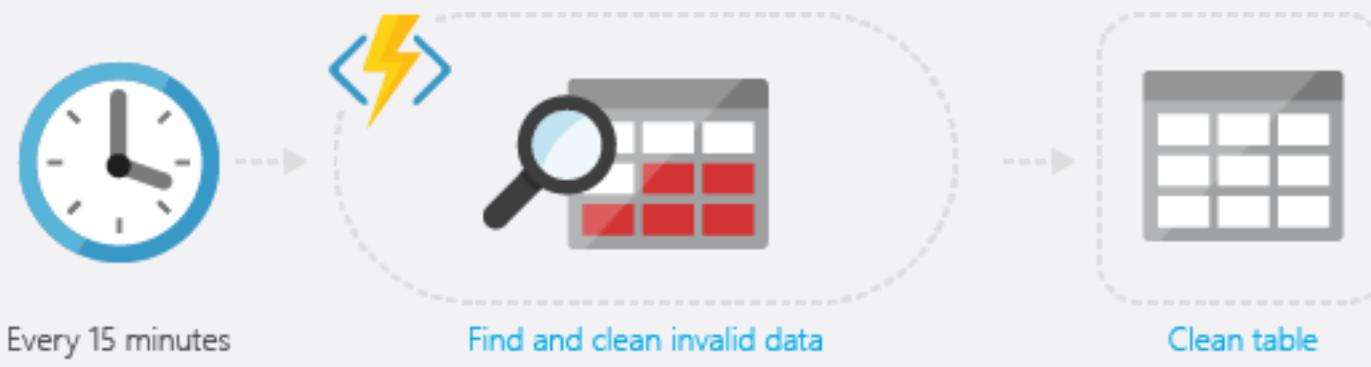


Flow

Is a service that allows you to create automated workflows between your favourite applications and services to synchronize files, get notifications, collect data, and more.

azure
functions.

common scenarios



key features

choice of languages

C#, F#, Node.js, Python, PHP, batch, bash, or any executable



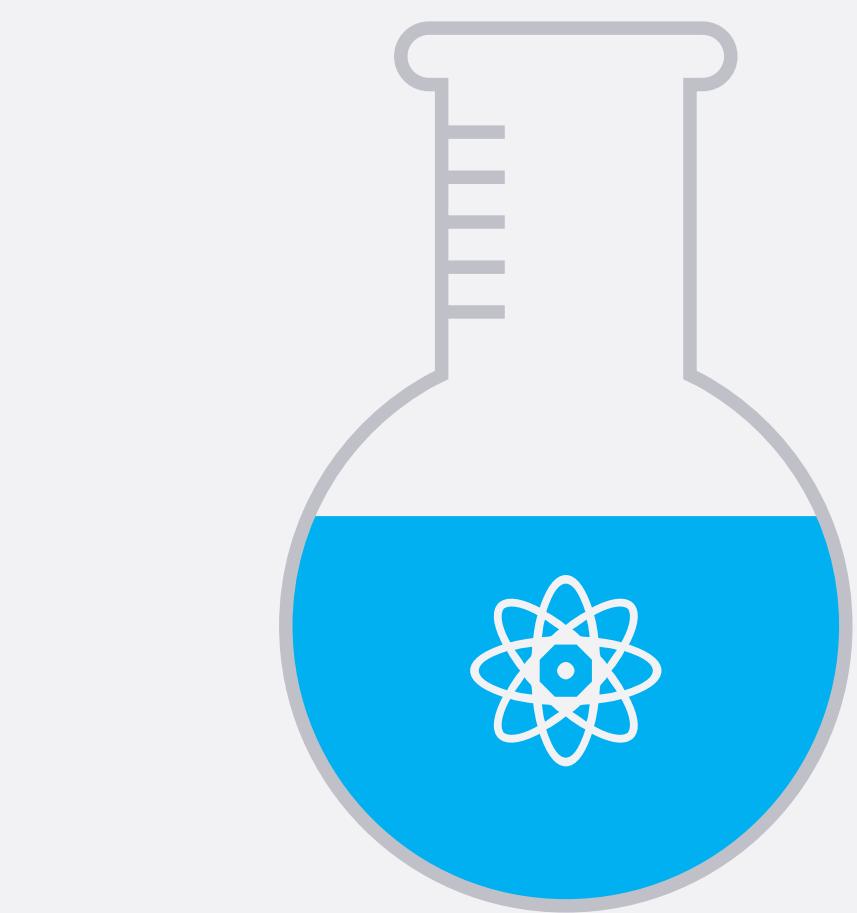
pay-per-use pricing model

Consumption plan vs App Service plan



bring your own dependencies

Functions supports *NuGet* and *NPM*



open-source

The Functions runtime is open-source and available on GitHub



integrated security

Protect HTTP-triggered functions with OAuth providers such as AAD, Facebook, Google, Twitter, and Microsoft Account



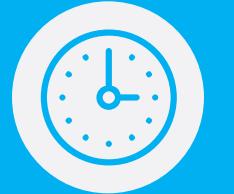
simplified integration

Defined services can trigger your function or can serve as input and output for your code.



flexible development

Set up continuous integration and deploy your code through GitHub, Visual Studio Team Services, and other supported development tools.



time of starting

We will need additional time for our function start. Normal application are always ready for response.



think about state

Functions are stateless. You should save somewhere state if you need.



local environment

It is not so easy to start your function locally and it can be run only under Windows.



vendor locking

It will be hard to change your vendor in latter stage of your application life.



maybe
we should start coding



is your environment ready



applications needed

- Azure account
- Visual Studio Code
- Visual Studio 2017 version 15.3.x with
 - Azure Functions Tools for Visual Studio extension installed
- azure-functions-core-tools
- Azure Storage Explorer
- Postman



links to installers

<https://goo.gl/Pr3NBK>

this is time for you



1. Create your first function in Azure Portal:
 - a. Check compilation and errors
 - b. Execute your function
2. Create function that will execute every 30 seconds and log time
 - a. Read entries from logs
 - b. Add possibility to change time format without changing the function code
3. Create simple calculator API that will support addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
 - a. Check Azure Functions Proxies
4. Create Swagger documentation for calculator API

<https://goo.gl/rZx11C>

**triggers
& bindings.**

triggers & bindings

type	service	trigger	Input	output
Schedule	Azure Functions	+	-	-
HTTP (REST or webhook)	Azure Functions	+	-	+
Blob Storage	Azure Storage	+	+	+
Events	Azure Event Hubs	+	-	+
Queues	Azure Storage	+	-	+
Queues and topics	Azure Service Bus	+	-	+
Storage tables	Azure Storage	-	+	+
SQL tables	Azure Mobile Apps	-	-	+
No-SQL DB	Azure DocumentDB	-	-	+
Push Notifications	Azure Notification Hubs	-	-	+
Twilio SMS Text	Twilio	-	-	+
SendGrid email	SendGrid	-	-	+

classic approach

```
run.csx: public static void Run(string myQueueItem, TraceWriter log)
{
    log.Info($"C# Queue trigger function processed: {myQueueItem}");
}
```

```
function.json: {
    "bindings": [
        {
            "name": "myQueueItem",
            "type": "queueTrigger",
            "direction": "in",
            "queueName": "myqueue-items",
            "connection": "AzureWebJobsDashboard"
        }
    ],
    "disabled": false
}
```

Application settings	
AzureWebJobsDashboard	DefaultEndpointsProtocol=https;AccountName=functionprogressive2017;Ac
AzureWebJobsStorage	DefaultEndpointsProtocol=https;AccountName=functionprogressive2017;Ac

01

new approach

```
public static class DemoFunction
{
    [FunctionName("DemoFunction")]
    public static void Run(
        [QueueTrigger("myqueue-items", Connection = "AzureWebJobsDashboard")]string myQueueItem,
        TraceWriter log)
    {
        log.Info($"C# Queue trigger function processed: {myQueueItem}");
    }
}
```



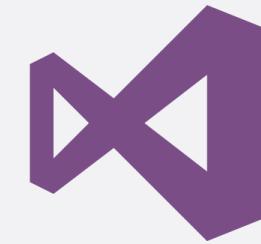
Application settings	
AzureWebJobsDashboard	DefaultEndpointsProtocol=https;AccountName=functionprogressive2017;Ac
AzureWebJobsStorage	DefaultEndpointsProtocol=https;AccountName=functionprogressive2017;Ac

02



tools.

there are some options



VS 2017 v15.3.x

Native support for Azure Functions. Possibility of pre-compilation, deployment and debugging



VS Code

Light code editor. You need to use other tools to be able to do everything that VS 2017 can do.



azure-function-core-tools

CLI that helps you working with Azure Functions locally

冷启动。 cold start.

After some time without any action your function will be turned off / terminated.

Then next request will take longer – function will need to recover environment, reload dependencies and compile it again.

Solution for that is **pre-compilation** of your function.





pre-compilation.

1. We can use full features on Visual Studio, including IntelliSense.
2. We can easily write unit test codes.
3. We can easily attach function codes to existing CI/CD pipelines.
4. We can easily migrate the existing codebase with barely modifying them.
5. We don't need project.json for NuGet package management.
6. We can reduce the total amount of cold start time by removing compiling on-the-fly when requests hit to the Functions.



this is time for you



We will provide Azure Function backend for registration form that will:

1. Validate data
2. Store customer data
3. Send thank you message
4. Send SMS to you each time new customer will register

<https://goo.gl/q2gChq>

good
practices.

good practices



avoid long running functions

Large, long-running functions can cause unexpected timeout issues. A function can become large due to many dependencies. Importing dependencies can also cause increased load times that result in unexpected timeouts. Whenever possible, refactor large functions into smaller function sets that work together and return responses fast.



cross function communication

When integrating multiple functions, it is generally a best practice to use storage queues for cross function communication. The main reason is that storage queues are cheaper and much easier to provision. Service Bus topics are useful if you require message filtering before processing. Event hubs are useful to support high volume communications.



write function to be stateless

Functions should be stateless and idempotent if possible. Associate any required state information with your data. For example, an order being processed would likely have an associated state member. A function could process an order based on that state while the function itself remains stateless.

good practices



write defensive functions

Assume your function could encounter an exception at any time. Design your functions with the ability to continue from a previous fail point during the next execution. Depending on how complex your system is, you may have: involved downstream services behaving badly, networking outages, or quota limits reached, etc. All of these can affect your function at any time. You need to design your functions to be prepared for it.



don't mix test and production code in the same function app

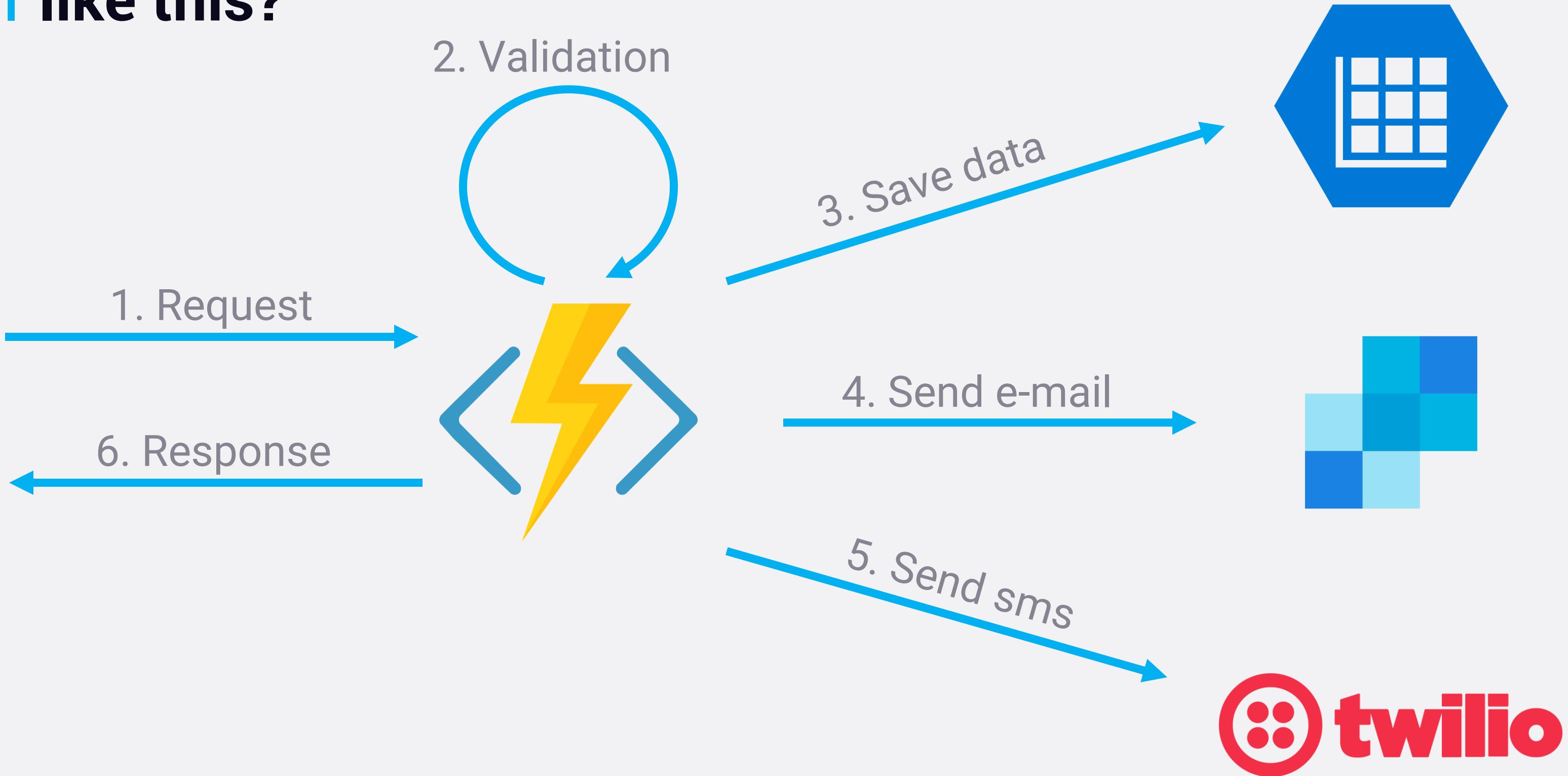
Functions within a function app share resources. For example, memory is shared. If you're using a function app in production, don't add test-related functions and resources to it. It can cause unexpected overhead during production code execution. Be careful what you load in your production function apps.



use async code but avoid blocking calls

Asynchronous programming is a recommended best practice. However, always avoid referencing the *Result* property or calling *Wait* method on a *Task* instance. This approach can lead to thread exhaustion.

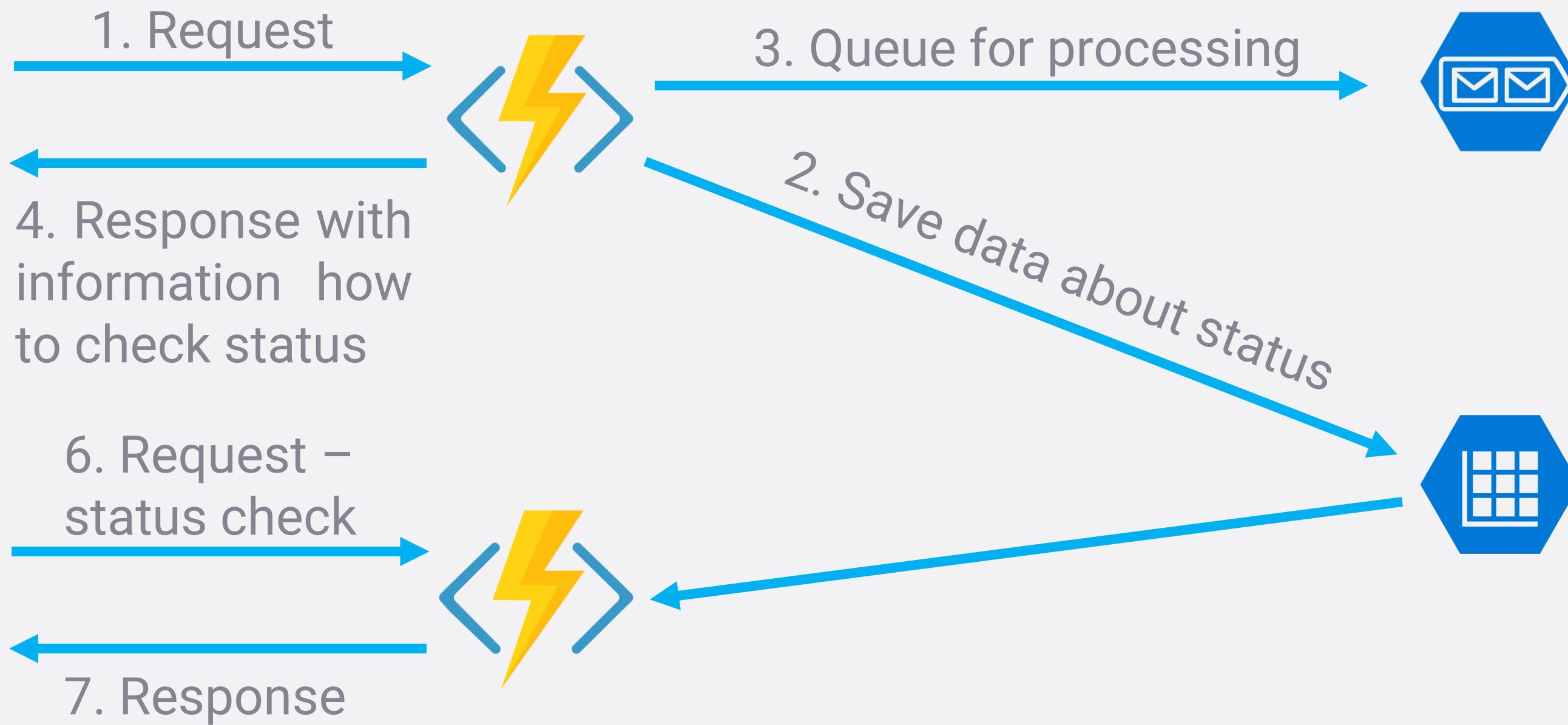
| is your design
like this?



demo
3.

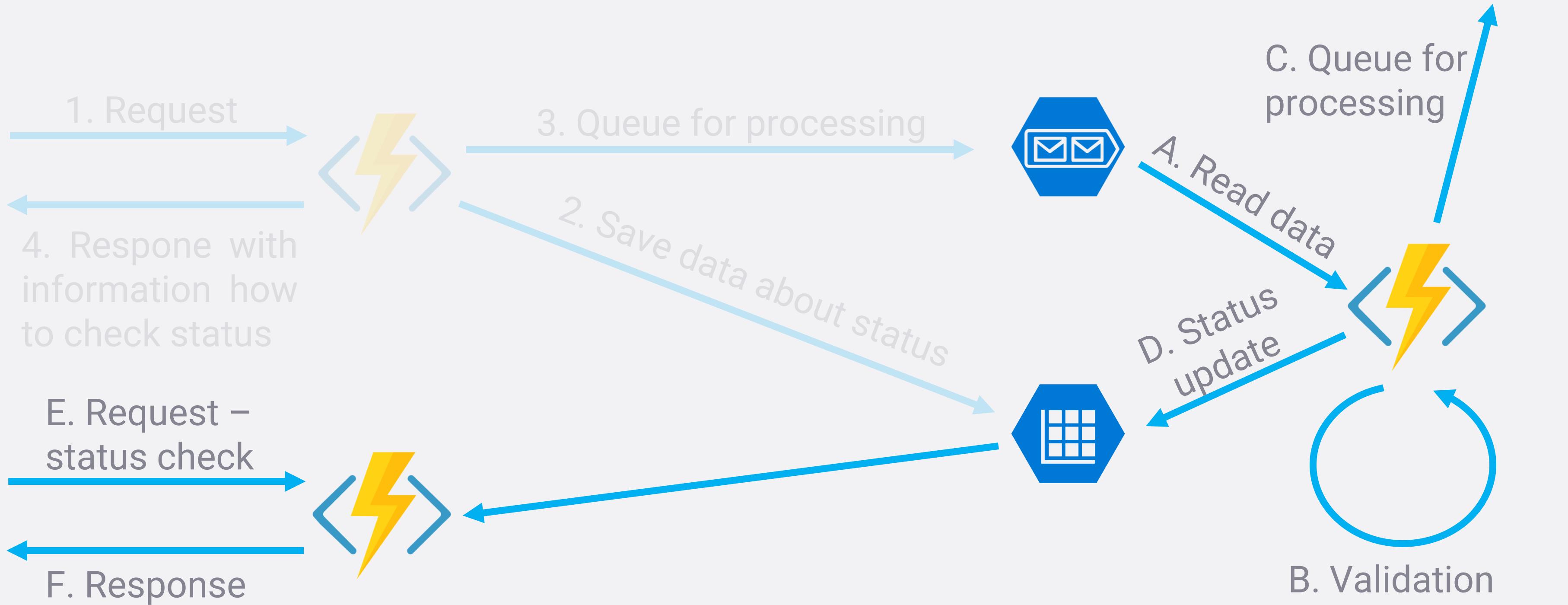
it should look like this

- part 1



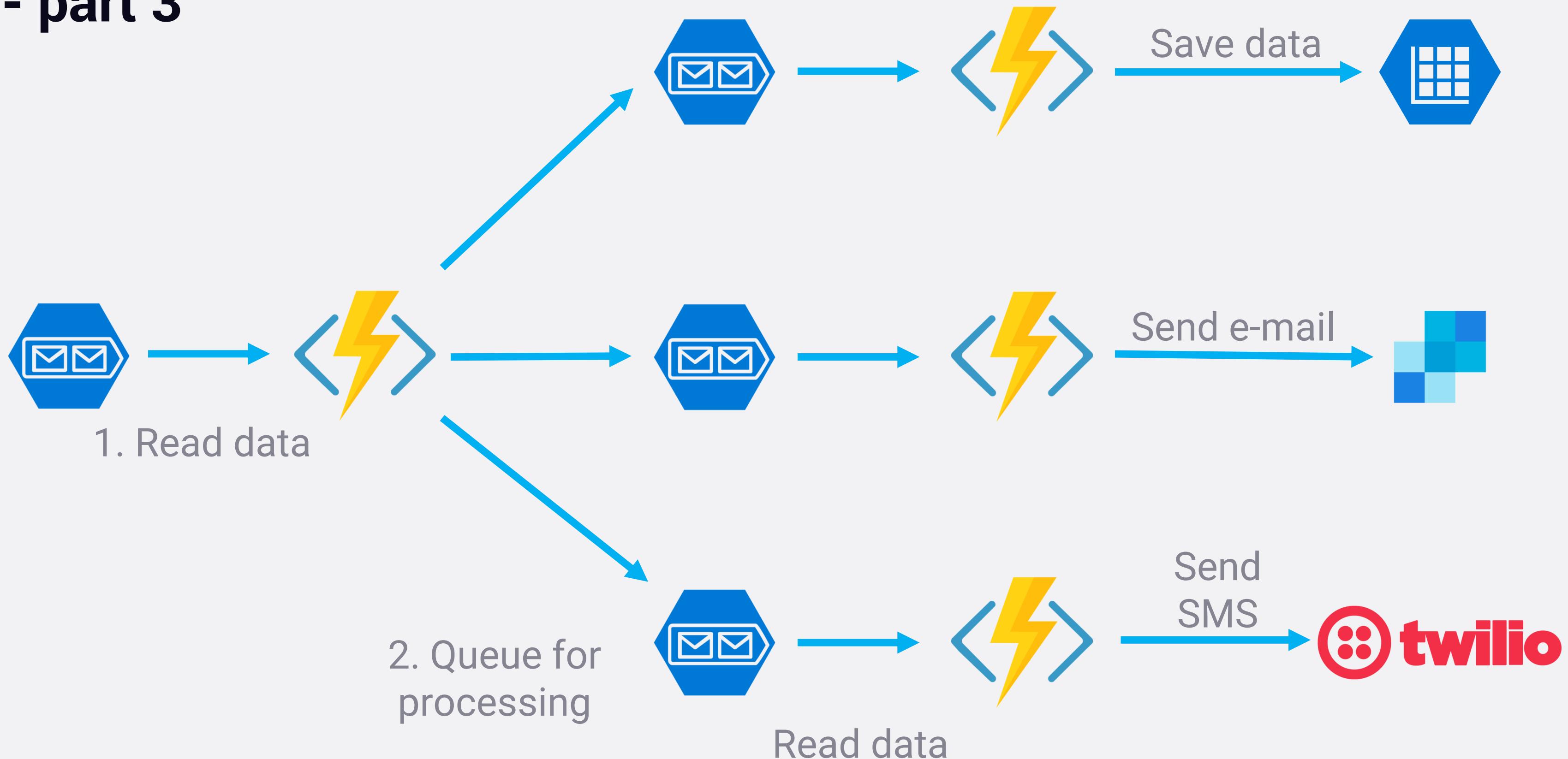
it should look like this

- part 2

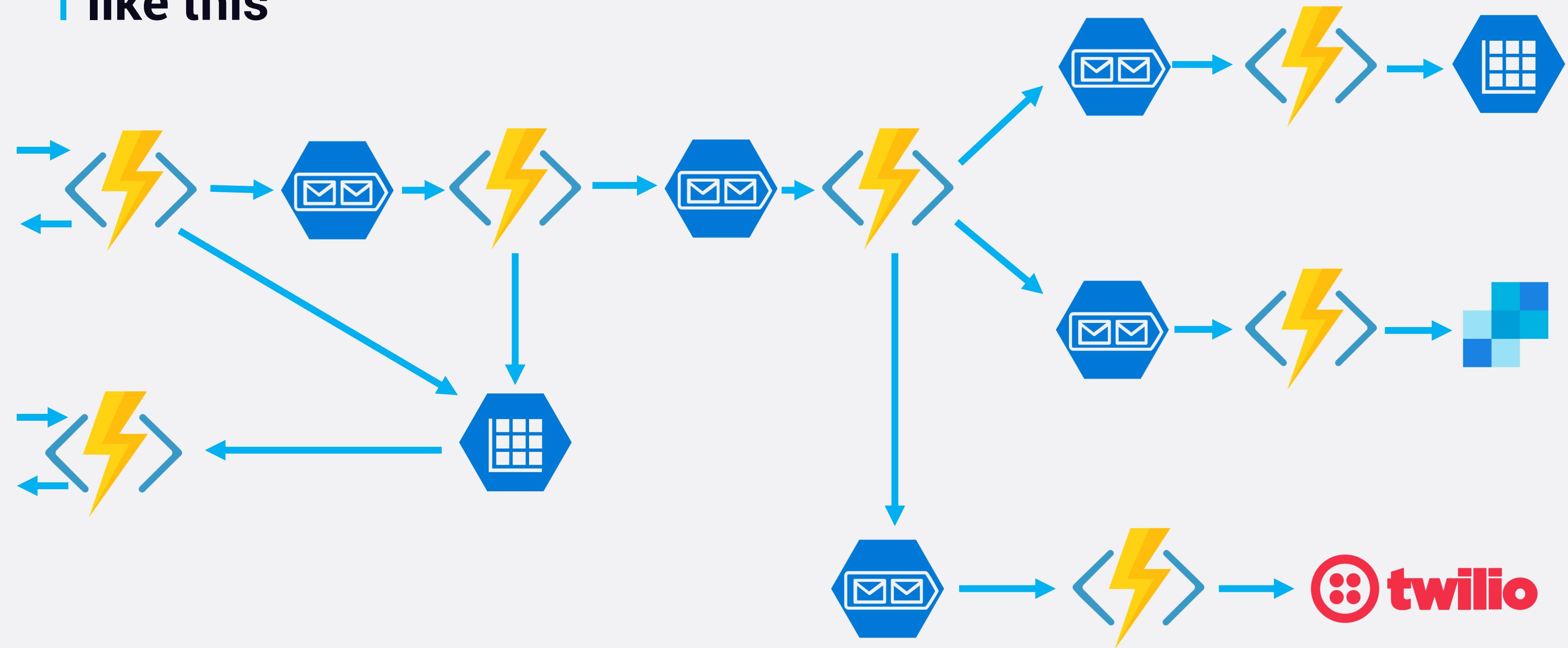


it should look like this

- part 3



it should look
like this





demo

4.

azure functions deployment

by simple file copy

- Integration with different repositories (Bitbucket, Dropbox, local Git, GitHub, OneDrive, ...)
- Your deployment source must have correct source configuration and structure – the code for all of the functions in a given function app lives in a root folder that contains a host configuration file and one or more subfolders, each of them contain the code for a separate function
- Your functions can be affected by cold start
- Sometimes Azure Portal does not detect changes in files after deployment
- Very cheap for configuration
- Good for POC – solutions
- Not able to detect compilation errors

by CI (VSTS, Jenkins, TeamCity)

- Professional approach for larger projects
- You will be able to also configure environment provisioning
- Your code and functions will be compiled before deployment
- You will be able to check code quality, run unit tests and detects compilation errors
- You can have your own code structure
- Higher cost of configuration
- More options for different customisations and integrations



logic
apps.

Logic Apps provide a way to simplify and implement scalable integrations and workflows in the cloud. It provides a **visual designer** to model and automate your process as a series of steps known as a workflow. There are **many connectors** across the cloud and on-premises to quickly integrate across services and protocols. A logic app begins with a **trigger** (like 'When an account is added to Dynamics CRM') and after firing can begin many combinations of **actions, conversions, and condition logic**.

connectors

Most powerful element of this solution. Right now you are able to connect to 166 systems.

Basically, connectors are web APIs that use REST for pluggable interfaces, Swagger metadata format for documentation, and JSON as their data exchange format.

actions & triggers



actions

Actions are changes directed by a user. For example, you would use an action to look up, write, update, or delete data in a SQL database. All actions directly map to operations defined in the Swagger.



triggers

Triggers can notify your app when specific events occur. For example, the FTP connector has the *OnUpdatedFile* trigger.

There are two types of trigger:

- **Polling Triggers:** These triggers call your service at a specified frequency to check for new data. When new data is available, it causes a new run of your workflow instance with the data as input.
- **Push Triggers:** These triggers listen for data on an endpoint, that is, they wait for an event to occur. The occurrence of this event causes a new run of your workflow instance.

sample connector twitter

limitations

- Maximum number of connections per user: 2
- API call rate limit for POST operation: 12 per hour
- API call rate limit for other operations: 600 per hour
- Frequency of trigger polls: 60 seconds
- Maximum size of image upload: 5 MB
- Maximum size of video upload: 15 MB
- Maximum number of search results: 100
- Mentioning a @user while posting a tweet is not supported

actions

- Get followers
- Get following
- Get home timeline
- Get my followers
- Get my following
- Get user
- Get user timeline
- Post a tweet
- Search tweets

triggers

- When a new tweet is posted



this is time
for you



Play with Logic Apps

Try to implement form back-end with Logic Apps.

or

Please refactor your solution.



flow.

Create **automated workflows** between your favourite apps and services to get notifications, synchronize files, collect data, and more...

Search all connectors and triggers

Connectors

- Office 365 Outlook
- Schedule
- SharePoint
- Flow button for mobile
- RSS
- Twitter
- Outlook.co...

- OneDrive dla Firm
- Kalendarz Google
- Gmail
- OneDrive
- Request / Response
- Dropbox
- Dynamics 365

Triggers (164)

- Office 365 Outlook - Po nadaniu nowej wiadomości e-mail
- Office 365 Outlook - Po oznakowaniu wiadomości e-mail
- Schedule - Recurrence
- SharePoint - Po utworzeniu lub zmodyfikowaniu elementu
- SharePoint - For a selected item
- SharePoint - Po utworzeniu elementu
- SharePoint - Po utworzeniu lub zmodyfikowaniu pliku (tylko właściwości)
- SharePoint - Po utworzeniu pliku w folderze



For simple business optimization



You do not need to have Azure subscription

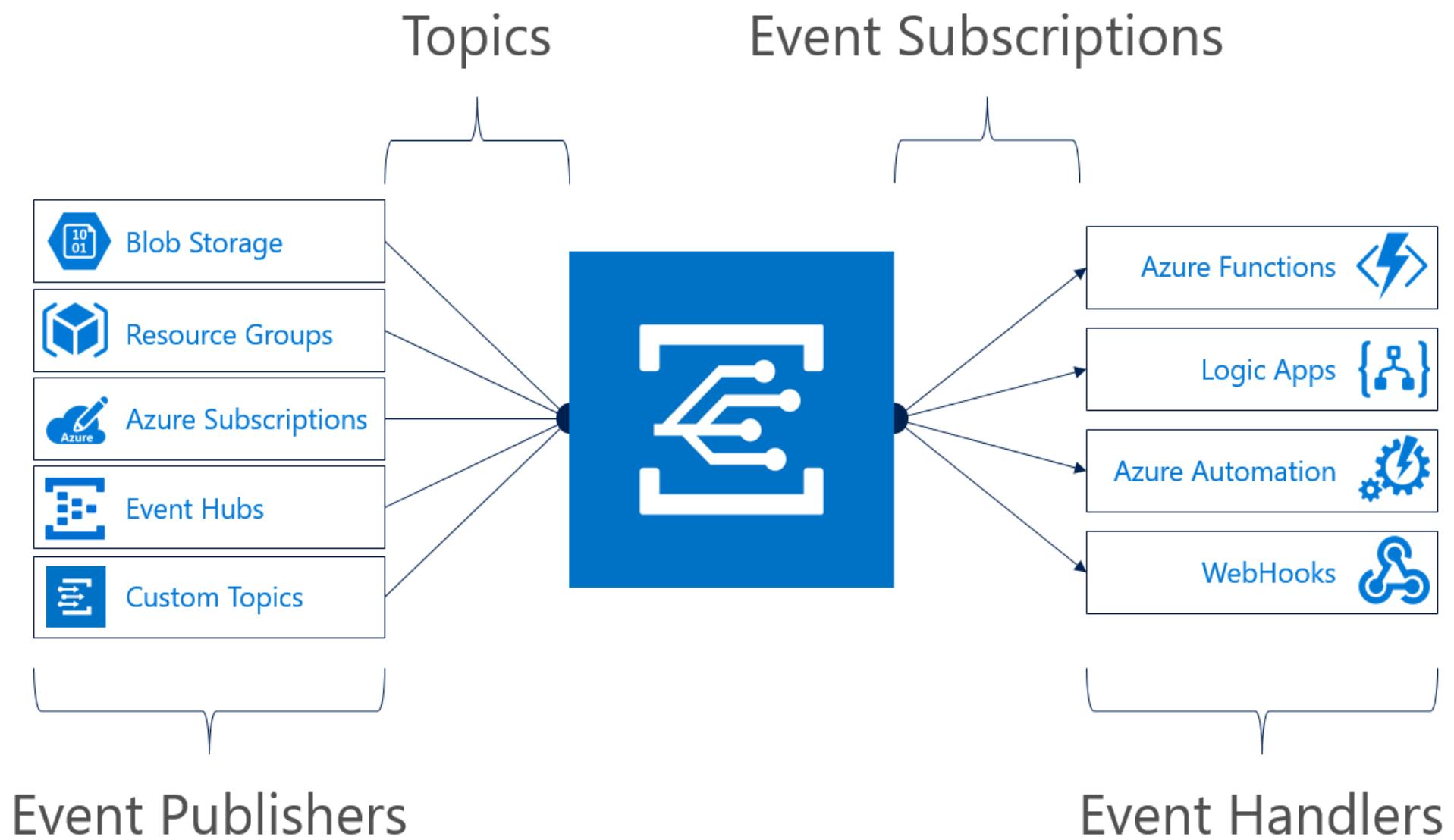


Build on top of Logic Apps

event
grid.

event grid

- a single service for managing routing of all events from any source to any destination
- advanced filtering - filter on event type or event publish path to ensure event handlers only receive relevant events
- reliability – utilize 24-hour retry with exponential backoff to ensure events are delivered and ensure that message will be delivered once and only once
- high throughput – build high-volume workloads on Event Grid with support for millions of events per second
- supports only subset of apps
- is not usable from the UI or CLI





A close-up photograph of a white ceramic cup filled with coffee and topped with a layer of frothy latte art. The cup rests on a matching saucer, which is partially covered by a scattering of dark, roasted coffee beans.

summary.

We have learnt possibilities
of Azure Serverless
environment

You should know how to
develop and deploy your
solution to cloud

You can do it in effective way

do you have any
questions?



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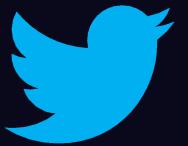
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thank
you



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