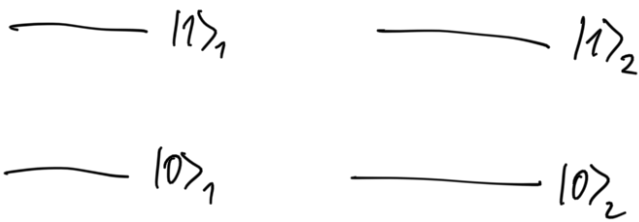


# Formalismus kvantovej teórie dvoch systémov



Qbit

NOT  $\begin{matrix} |1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle \\ |0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle \end{matrix}$   $F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = |0\rangle\langle 1| + |1\rangle\langle 0|$

$$F^{-1} = F = F^T = F^\dagger = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Hadamardovo bradlo

$$|0\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$$

$$|1\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle - |1\rangle)$$

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle)\langle 0| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle - |1\rangle)\langle 1|$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle\langle 0| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle\langle 0| + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |0\rangle\langle 1| - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |1\rangle\langle 1|$$

$$E = E_1 + E_2$$

$$|\psi\rangle = |\psi_1\rangle + |\psi_2\rangle$$

$$\langle H \rangle = \langle H_1 \rangle + \langle H_2 \rangle$$

$$H = H_1 + H_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle H \rangle &= \langle \psi | (H_1 + H_2) | \psi \rangle = (\langle \psi_1 | + \langle \psi_2 |) (H_1 + H_2) (|\psi_1\rangle + |\psi_2\rangle) \\ &= \underbrace{\langle \psi_1 | H_1 | \psi_1 \rangle}_{E_1} + \underbrace{\langle \psi_2 | H_2 | \psi_2 \rangle}_{E_2} + \text{cross terms} \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \langle \psi_1 | H_2 | \psi_1 \rangle$$

$$H_2$$

$$|\psi\rangle = |\psi_1\rangle |\psi_2\rangle$$

$$H = H_1 \otimes \mathbb{1}_2 + \mathbb{1}_1 \otimes H_2$$

$$\langle H \rangle = \langle \psi_1 | \langle \psi_2 | (H_1 \otimes \mathbb{1}_2 + \mathbb{1}_1 \otimes H_2) \lambda |\psi_1\rangle |\psi_2\rangle$$

$$= \langle \psi_1 | H_1 | \psi_1 \rangle \langle \psi_2 | \psi_2 \rangle +$$

$$+ \langle \psi_1 | \psi_1 \rangle \langle \psi_2 | H_2 | \psi_2 \rangle$$

$$= E_1 + E_2$$

$$|1\rangle_1 \text{ --- } \text{---} |1\rangle_2$$

$$|0\rangle_1 \text{ --- } \text{---} |0\rangle_2$$

$$|0\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2$$

$$|1\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2$$

$$|0\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2$$

$$|1\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2$$

NOT na druhý Qbit

$$|0\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2 \rightarrow |0\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2$$

$$|1\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2 \rightarrow |1\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2$$

$$|0\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2 \rightarrow |0\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2$$

$$|1\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2 \rightarrow |1\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2$$

$$NOT_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} |0\rangle \\ |1\rangle \\ |0\rangle \\ |1\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

## Hadamard na 2. qbit

$$|0\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|0\rangle|0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|0\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|0\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|0\rangle|0\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|0\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle|0\rangle + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle|0\rangle - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|1\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$H = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|0\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|0\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle|0\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle|0\rangle$$

$$NOT_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

## Operace na dvou qbitech a měření

$$NOT = X = F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} |0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle \\ |1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle \end{array}$$

## Controlled NOT = CNOT

Je-li 2. qbit  $|0\rangle$  pak neprovedeme nic  
 $\neg$   $|1\rangle \Rightarrow$  provedeme NOT na 1. qbitu

$$|0\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle|0\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle|0\rangle$$

$$|0\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$|1\rangle|1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle|1\rangle$$

$$CNOT = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$P_2^C$ :

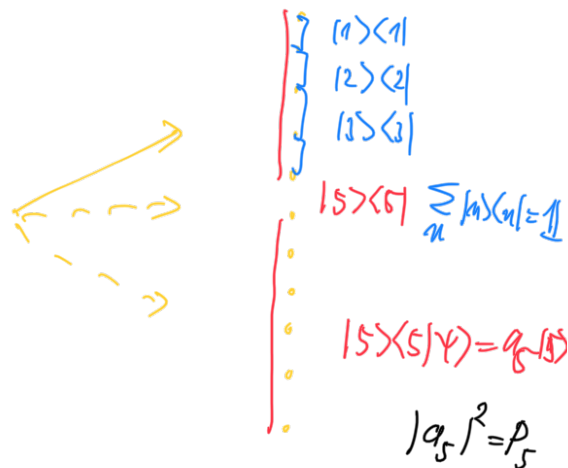
$$(CNOT)(CNOT) = \left( \begin{array}{c|c} \text{red} & \text{blue} \\ \hline \text{blue} & \text{red} \end{array} \right) \left( \begin{array}{c|c} \text{red} & \text{blue} \\ \hline \text{blue} & \text{red} \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{c|c} 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) = \mathbb{1}$$

$P_2^C$ :

$$H_1 \otimes \mathbb{1}_2 = ?$$

miru'

$$|\psi\rangle = a|1\rangle + b|0\rangle$$



$$|1\rangle\langle 1| \quad ; \quad |2\rangle\langle 2| \quad \Rightarrow \quad \mathbb{1} = |1\rangle\langle 1| + |2\rangle\langle 2|$$

$$|\psi_{\text{mag}}\rangle = |5\rangle$$

$$M_5 \propto |5\rangle\langle 5|$$

$$M_5 |\psi\rangle \longrightarrow \frac{1}{a_5} q_5 |5\rangle$$

Redukce, kolaps stavu' funkce.

$$|\psi\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{miru}} P_5 |5\rangle \quad |\psi\rangle \begin{array}{l} \nearrow \\ \rightarrow \\ \searrow \end{array}$$

Shatly s qbity a kvantovymi poradacim

1 qbit

$$\text{NOT} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{array}{l} |0\rangle \rightarrow |1\rangle \\ |1\rangle \rightarrow |0\rangle \end{array}$$

$$H \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} |0\rangle &\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \\ |1\rangle &\rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle - |1\rangle) \end{aligned}$$

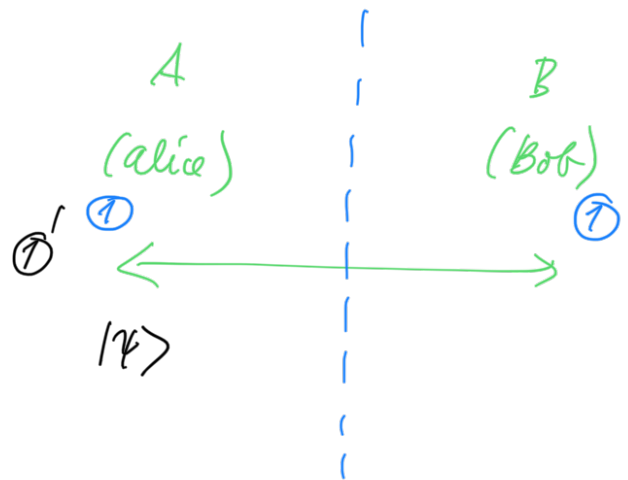
2 qbits

CNOT

$$|\psi(\neq)\rangle \neq |\psi_1\rangle |\psi_2\rangle \quad \frac{|0\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2 + |1\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Entanglement  $\leftarrow$  quantum entanglement  
brautere 'moraxim'

$$|\beta\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle_1 |0\rangle_2 + |1\rangle_1 |1\rangle_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$



Teleportare brautere 'no stem

$$|\psi\rangle = \alpha |0\rangle + \beta |1\rangle$$

$$|\phi\rangle = |\psi\rangle |\beta\rangle = (\alpha |0\rangle + \beta |1\rangle) \left( \frac{|0\rangle |0\rangle + |1\rangle |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

1) alice ponde CNOT<sub>1</sub>:

ne vidim chybu' sávrška

$$|\phi\rangle_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \alpha|0\rangle(|0\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle) + \beta|1\rangle(|1\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle)$$

2) alice H<sub>1</sub>'

$$\begin{aligned} |\phi\rangle_2 &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \alpha \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\underline{|0\rangle} + \underline{|1\rangle}) (\underline{|0\rangle}|0\rangle + \underline{|1\rangle}|1\rangle) + \beta \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\underline{|0\rangle} - \underline{|1\rangle}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. \times (\underline{|1\rangle}|0\rangle + \underline{|0\rangle}|1\rangle) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left( |0\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle) + |0\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle + \beta|0\rangle) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + |1\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle - \beta|1\rangle) + |1\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle - \beta|0\rangle) \right) \end{aligned}$$

3) alice měřím'

alice změní'

$$\begin{aligned} |\phi\rangle_2 &\begin{cases} \rightarrow |0\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle) = |\psi\rangle \\ \rightarrow |0\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle + \beta|0\rangle) \Rightarrow |\psi\rangle = \text{NOT} |\varphi\rangle \\ \rightarrow |1\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle - \beta|1\rangle) \\ \rightarrow |1\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle - \beta|0\rangle) \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Teleportace kvantového stavu

Záhor klonování kvantového stavu

A

B

①' ①

②

$|\varphi\rangle_1$

CNOT  
H

klasická informace

$|\psi_2\rangle$

$$|\phi\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|0\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle) + |1\rangle|0\rangle (\alpha|0\rangle - \beta|1\rangle) + |0\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle + \beta|0\rangle) + |1\rangle|1\rangle (\alpha|1\rangle - \beta|0\rangle))$$

merim

$$|\phi\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{redukujc}} \underline{|0\rangle|0\rangle} (\alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle)$$

je možné klonovat?

$$\underset{1}{|0\rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi \rangle} \xrightarrow{\hat{C}} \underset{1}{| \psi \rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi \rangle}$$

není možné klonovat

Důkaz:

$$\hat{C} \underset{1}{|0\rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi_1 \rangle} = \underset{1}{| \psi_1 \rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi_1 \rangle}$$

$$\hat{C} \underset{1}{|0\rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi_2 \rangle} = \underset{1}{| \psi_2 \rangle} \underset{2}{| \psi_2 \rangle}$$

Skalární součin

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \psi_1 | \langle 0 | \hat{C}^\dagger \hat{C} | 0 \rangle | \psi_2 \rangle &= \langle \psi_1 | \langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle | \psi_2 \rangle = |\langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle|^2 \\ &\searrow \\ \langle \psi_1 | \langle 0 | 0 \rangle | \psi_2 \rangle &= \langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$|\langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle|^2 = \langle \psi_1 | \psi_2 \rangle$$

$$x^2 = x \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x=0 \\ x=1 \end{matrix}$$

$|\psi_1\rangle \perp |\psi_2\rangle$    
  $|\psi_1\rangle = |\psi_2\rangle$    
  $\uparrow$    
 ne vidu   
 chybný index

