

de Broglie's theory

Planck

Planck's relation $E = h\nu$

Einstein's relation $\vec{p} = h\vec{k}$

relativistic $E = \sqrt{p^2 c^2 + m_0^2 c^4}$

photon: $m_0 = 0 \Rightarrow E = pc$

$$p = \frac{E}{c} = \frac{h\nu}{c} = h/\lambda$$

Photon is represented as a wave

$$\boxed{\psi(\vec{r}, t) \sim e^{-i\omega t + i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{r}} = e^{-\frac{i}{h}Et + \frac{i}{h}\vec{p} \cdot \vec{r}}}$$

"Wave" function of photon

de Broglie's hypothesis: take 'character' as particles 'wave' properties - wave of the probability of the photon

Electrons:

$$\psi_{\vec{p}}(\vec{r}, t) \sim e^{-\frac{i}{h}(Et + \vec{p} \cdot \vec{r})}$$

Take function as 'particle' state denoted by $|\vec{p}\rangle$

Choose standard basis, like $|\vec{p}\rangle$ & $|\vec{p}'\rangle$ etc.

or $\langle \vec{p}' | \vec{p} \rangle = \delta_{\vec{p}', \vec{p}} \Rightarrow$ operator

$$\hat{p}|\vec{p}\rangle = \vec{p}|\vec{p}\rangle$$

naše teď stačí pracovat s \hat{p}_x a veličinou p_x

$$\hat{p}_x|p_x\rangle = p_x|p_x\rangle$$

jak pracovat s více stupni volnosti?