

Bellova nerovnosť

Teorie skrytých parametrov



Optické formulace EPR experimentu

2 fotóny

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (a_{1x}^+ a_{2y}^+ - a_{1y}^+ a_{2x}^+) |0\rangle$$

$$\overline{u}_{1x} = \langle \psi | a_{1x}^+ a_{1x} | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \langle \psi | (a_{2y}^+ a_{1x} - a_{2x}^+ a_{1y})$$

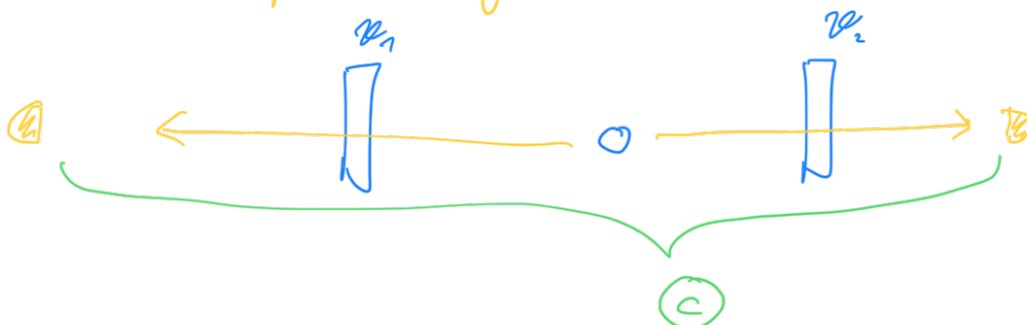
$$\times a_{1x}^+ a_{1x} (\dots) |0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}$$

obdobne

$$\overline{u}_{1y} = \overline{u}_{2x} = \overline{u}_{2y} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\langle a_{1x}^+ a_{1y} \rangle = 0$$

vlastné polarizácie



Polarizovaní světlo

$$a_j^+ = a_{j+}^+ \cos \vartheta_j + a_{j-}^+ \sin \vartheta_j$$

$$\bar{n}_j(\vartheta_j) = \langle \psi | a_j^+ a_j | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$G_{\pm}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \langle \psi | a_1^+ a_2^+ a_2 a_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2)$$

4 případy

- oba detektory zachytí

$$P_{++}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = G_{\pm}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2)$$

- 1 zachytí, 2 nezachytí

$$P_{+-}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \bar{n}_1(\vartheta_1) - G_{\pm}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2)$$

- 1 nezachytí, 2 zachytí

$$P_{-+}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \bar{n}_2(\vartheta_2) - G_{\pm}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2)$$

- žádný nezachytí

$$P_{--}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = 1 - P_{++} - P_{+-} - P_{-+} = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2)$$

Nová pozorovatelná A_j

hodnoty $\rightarrow 1 \rightarrow$ polní detektor j zachytí
 $\rightarrow -1 \rightarrow$ polní detektor j nezachytí

$$C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) \equiv \langle A_1 A_2 \rangle = P_{++} + P_{--} - P_{+-} - P_{-+} =$$

$$= -\cos(2\varphi_1 - 2\varphi_2)$$

Skryté parametry

marčipodobnostní rovelem \mathcal{P}_λ

parametr λ

$$\int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda = 1$$

Výsledok měření

$$C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) = \int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda A_1(\lambda) A_2(\lambda)$$

$$|C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) - C(\varphi_1, \vartheta_2)| = \left| \int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda A_1(\varphi_1, \lambda) A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) - \int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda A_1(\varphi_1, \lambda) A_2(\vartheta_2, \lambda) \right| =$$

$$= \left| \int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda A_1(\varphi_1, \lambda) (A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) - A_2(\vartheta_2, \lambda)) \right|$$

$$|a(b-c)| \leq |a| |b-c|$$

$$\leq \int d\lambda \mathcal{P}_\lambda |A_1(\varphi_1, \lambda)| |A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) - A_2(\vartheta_2, \lambda)|$$

$$A_1 = \pm 1 \quad |A_1(\varphi_1, \lambda)| = 1$$

$$|C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) - C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| \leq \int d\lambda \rho_\lambda |A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) - A_2(\theta_2, \lambda)|$$

obdobne^c

$$|C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) + C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| \leq \int d\lambda \rho_\lambda |A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) + A_2(\theta_2, \lambda)|$$

sečtením oba členy

$$\begin{aligned} & |C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) - C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| + |C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) + C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| \leq \\ & \leq \int d\lambda \rho_\lambda \underbrace{(|A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) - A_2(\theta_2, \lambda)| + |A_2(\varphi_2, \lambda) + A_2(\theta_2, \lambda)|)}_2 \end{aligned}$$

protože $A \pm 1$

\Rightarrow

$$|C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) - C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| + |C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) + C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| \leq 2$$

Bellovy nerovnosti \Uparrow

$$\varphi_1 = 0$$

$$\theta_1 = -\frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\varphi_2 = \frac{3\pi}{8}$$

$$\theta_2 = \frac{\pi}{8}$$

\Downarrow

$$|C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) - C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| + |C(\varphi_1, \varphi_2) + C(\varphi_1, \theta_2)| = 2\sqrt{2}$$

Kvantová mechanika nemůže být vyjádřena

pomocí konicových parametrů.

Korelace nepolarizovaných stavů

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} a_{1x}^\dagger a_{2y}^\dagger |0\rangle\langle 0| a_{2y} a_{1x}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} a_{1y}^\dagger a_{2x}^\dagger |0\rangle\langle 0| a_{2x} a_{1y}$$

$$\cancel{+ \frac{1}{2} a_{1x}^\dagger a_{2y}^\dagger |0\rangle\langle 0| a_{2x} a_{1y} +}$$

polarizace

$$\overline{u}_{1x} = \text{Tr} \left\{ \hat{\rho} a_{1x}^\dagger a_{1x} \right\} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Korelační funkce intenzit vyjde jinaak

$$G_I(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\vartheta_1 - \vartheta_2) + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2\vartheta_1 \sin 2\vartheta_2$$

člen navíc

$$\Delta_I(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = \frac{1}{4} \sin 2\vartheta_1 \sin 2\vartheta_2$$

$$P_{++}^{\text{no}} = P_{++} + \Delta_I$$

$$P_{+-}^{\text{no}} = P_{+-} - \Delta_I$$

$$P_{-+}^{\text{no}} = P_{-+} - \Delta_I$$

$$P_{--}^{\text{no}} = P_{--} + \Delta_I$$

$$C_D^{np}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2) = P_{++}^{np} + P_{--}^{np} - P_{+-}^{np} - P_{-+}^{np}$$

$$= -\cos(2\vartheta_1 - 2\vartheta_2) + \sin 2\vartheta_1 \sin 2\vartheta_2$$

$$= -\cos 2\vartheta_1 \cos 2\vartheta_2$$

Dosadíme do Bellou nerovnosti:

\Rightarrow

$$|\cos 2\vartheta_1| |\cos 2\vartheta_2 - \cos 2\vartheta_2| + |\cos 2\vartheta_1| |\cos 2\vartheta_2 + \cos 2\vartheta_2| \leq 2$$

Bellova nerovnost je splněna