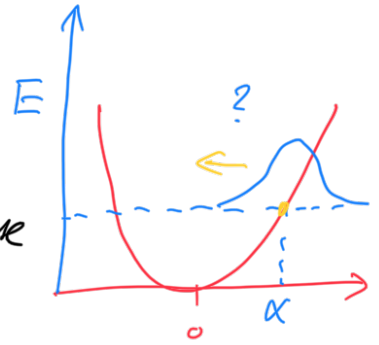


## Časový vývoj koherentního stavu

$$\psi_0(q-\alpha) = e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}(a^\dagger - a)} \psi_0(q)$$

$$\boxed{|\alpha\rangle = e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}(a^\dagger - a)} |0\rangle} \text{ -- vývoj v čase}$$

↑ koherentní stav



$$|\alpha(t)\rangle = ? = U(t) |\alpha(0)\rangle$$

$$= e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} |\alpha(0)\rangle = e^{-i\omega a^\dagger a t} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}(a^\dagger - a)} |0\rangle$$

$$e^X e^Y = e^Z$$

$$Z = X + Y + \frac{1}{2}[X, Y] + \dots$$

$$[a^\dagger, a] = a^\dagger a - a a^\dagger = -1$$

$$e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}(a^\dagger - a)} e^{\frac{1}{2}\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$= \boxed{e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} e^{-\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a} = e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}(a^\dagger - a)}}$$

$$|\alpha(0)\rangle = e^{-\frac{1}{2}\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}}} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} |0\rangle$$

$$e^{\xi a} |0\rangle = \left(1 + \xi a + \frac{1}{2}\xi^2 a^2 + \dots\right) |0\rangle = |0\rangle$$

úloha:

$$e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} |0\rangle$$

$$\boxed{e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} a^\dagger = \left(1 - \frac{i}{\hbar} \hbar \omega a^\dagger a t + \left(-\frac{i}{\hbar}\right)^2 (\hbar \omega)^2 a a^\dagger a^\dagger a t^2 + \dots\right) a^\dagger}$$

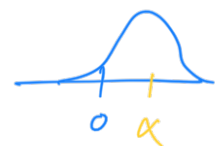
$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \sum_n (-i\omega)^n (a^\dagger a)^n a^\dagger t^n = \sum_n \frac{(-i\omega)^n}{n!} a^\dagger (a a^\dagger)^n t^n \\
 &= a^\dagger \sum_n \frac{(-i\omega)^n}{n!} (a^\dagger a + 1)^n = a^\dagger e^{-i\omega t} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar} H t}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} \underbrace{a^\dagger a^\dagger \dots a^\dagger}_n = a^\dagger e^{-i\omega t} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} (a^\dagger)^{n-1} = \dots = \underbrace{(a^\dagger)^n e^{-i\omega t}}_{(a^\dagger e^{i\omega t})^n} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t}$$

$$e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} = e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} e^{-i\omega t} e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} \Rightarrow e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} a^\dagger} |0\rangle = e^{\frac{\kappa}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-i\omega t} a^\dagger} |0\rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow |\alpha(t)\rangle = e^{\frac{\kappa_0}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-i\omega t} a^\dagger} e^{\frac{i\omega t}{\hbar} a} |0\rangle$$

$$\psi_0(q) \rightarrow \psi_0(q - \kappa)$$



$$|\alpha(t)\rangle = e^{\frac{\kappa_0}{\sqrt{2}} \cos \omega t (a^\dagger - a)} e^{-i \frac{\kappa_0}{\sqrt{2}} \sin \omega t (a^\dagger + a)} |0\rangle$$

$$= e^{-i \kappa_0 \cos \omega t \hat{p}} e^{-i \kappa_0 \sin \omega t \hat{q}} |0\rangle$$

$$l^x l^y = l^z i$$

$$z = x + y + \frac{1}{2} [x, y]$$

$$\approx e^{-i\alpha_0 \sin \omega t \hat{q}} e^{-i\alpha_0 \cos \omega t \hat{p}} |0\rangle$$

posunuti o  $q(t) = \alpha_0 \cos \omega t$

$$|\alpha_{q=\alpha_0 \cos \omega t}\rangle$$

v impulsové reprezentaci

$$|\alpha(t)\rangle = e^{-\alpha_0 \sin \omega t \frac{\partial}{\partial p}} |\alpha_{q=\alpha_0 \cos \omega t}\rangle$$

$$= |\alpha_{q=\alpha_0 \cos \omega t; p=\alpha_0 \sin \omega t}\rangle$$