



Power Platform

App in a Day

Module 3: Power Apps Model-driven App

Hands-on Lab Step-by-Step

January 2022

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Power Apps Model-driven App

Lab Prerequisites

This is the third lab in a four-part series covering Power Apps canvas apps, Microsoft Dataverse, Power Apps model-driven apps, and Power Automate. The assumption is that you have successfully completed the first two modules, or at least the initial part of setting up an environment as described in the overview – **“00-AppInADay Lab Overview.pdf”**.

If you have not completed the previous two modules, you can use the partially completed version of the lab package in the “\Completed\Module2” folder. Follow the instructions in the document “Importing Module 2 Completed” before proceeding with this module, which will provision the app, and the Microsoft Dataverse Table into your environment.

Model-driven Apps – A brief introduction

The model-driven apps are built by composing multiple page types and components using several focused designers. Additionally, there are designers for the Table and business logic. The page types come from the View Designer, Form Designer, and Dashboard Designer. Visual components include the Sitemap Designer and Business Process Flow Designer. The App Designer then composes the app by identifying the UI elements to show. The multiple designers allow rich targeted definition of different parts of the app and its behavior.

- App Designer specifies the sitemap, global dashboards, business processes flows, and Table forms, views, and dashboards [learn more](#)
- Sitemap Designer provides the application navigation that is always available [learn more](#)
- Business Process Designer provides stages and steps to guide users consistently through common business processes within a form [learn more](#)
- Table Designer defines the Columns, relationships, and metadata for a Table [learn more](#)
- Business Rule Designer provides no-low business logic for a Table [learn more](#)
- View Designer specifies Columns and filter conditions for a Row list [learn more](#)
- Form Designer specifies the Columns and controls along with layout for a single Row [learn more](#)
- Dashboard Designer summarizes one or more Tables using charts, lists, etc. [learn more](#)

The model-driven apps are fully responsive, so a single definition works from web to tablet to mobile devices. This is different with the canvas apps which need to choose the Mobile vs. Tablet when defining the app.

Scenario for building a Model-driven app

In the first lab module, you built a Power Apps Canvas application for an organization where every three years the employees go through a hardware refresh cycle. The application let employees place a request for a device using the

Power Apps app that you built. In the second lab module, using a custom Table you created in the Microsoft Dataverse lab, you stored that request for processing.

From the requesting employee's point of view, after they place the order, the new device just magically shows up. But there is a back-office process that needs to happen to manage the procurement, setup of the device, and distribution of the device to that requesting employee. In this lab you will be building a Power Apps Model-driven app that will be used by the two or three back office staff that manage fulfilling device requests. Using the Model-driven app style, you can take advantage of the Business Process feature of Model-driven apps to keep the back-office staff on track for each device request.

✓	Device Name	↑	Created On	Approval Status	Estimated Ship Date	Price	Status
	Acer - Aspire U		4/4/2018 2:01 ...	---	---	\$1,899.990	Active
	Acer - Aspire U		4/4/2018 3:08 ...	Approve	4/19/2018	\$1,899.990	Active
	Dell - Inspiron One 23		4/5/2018 9:57 ...	Approve	4/19/2018	\$649.990	Active
	HP - ProBook 4545s		4/4/2018 1:16 ...	---	---	\$499.000	Active
	HP - Z1		4/5/2018 10:06...	---	---	\$2,679.000	Active
	Microsoft - Surface Pro		4/5/2018 10:06...	---	---	\$999.000	Active
	Microsoft - Surface Pro		4/5/2018 10:05...	---	---	\$899.990	Active

Model-driven apps are a new style of application you can build directly from PowerApps.com. Model-driven apps make it easy to build forms over data applications quickly. This style of application brings together forms, views, dashboards and charts quickly to provide a productive user experience for working with related data. These components can quickly be customized to show only the data that is relevant for the scenario.

Table views: Views are what users see when they look at a list of Rows from the Microsoft Dataverse. Views define the columns that are visible as well as the criteria for inclusion of the Rows in the display.

Table forms: Forms are used when users drill down into a Row from an Table View. Forms are created using a visual drag-and-drop designer to place Columns into the form that is structured into tabs and sections.

Business process flows: These flows are interactive visual guides to help the user through a business process. Business process flows use the concept of stages that contain steps. Stages are milestones in the process that need to be completed and the steps highlight to the user either data to collect or tasks to complete the stage to progress. Flows are created using a visual designer using drag and drop to compose the flow and establish any branching conditions (different paths in the business process) that must be handled.

For more details on Model-driven apps and the differences between Canvas apps and Model-driven apps, see the product announcement at [Announcement](#).

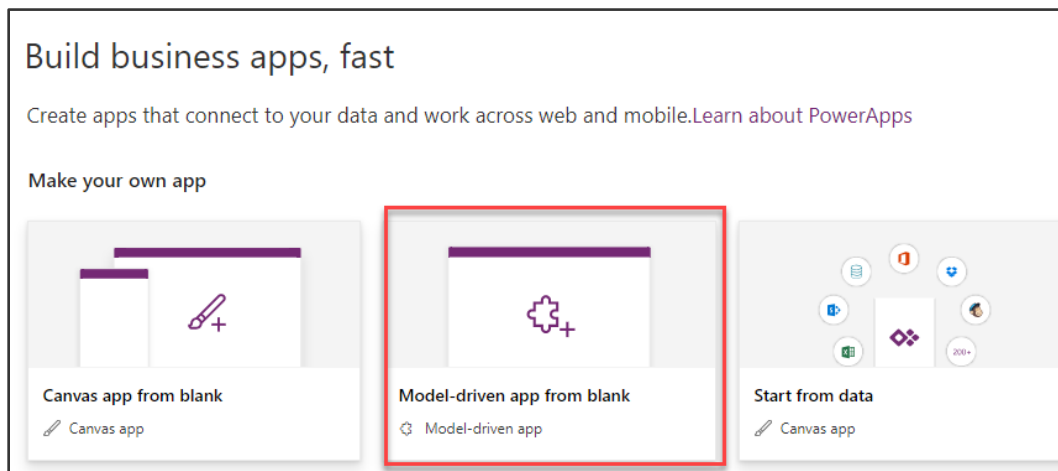
Exercise 1: Create Application and add Columns to the Device Order Table

In this exercise, you will be creating a standalone Model-driven application that will leverage the same Device Request Table you created in the Microsoft Dataverse in Lab 2.

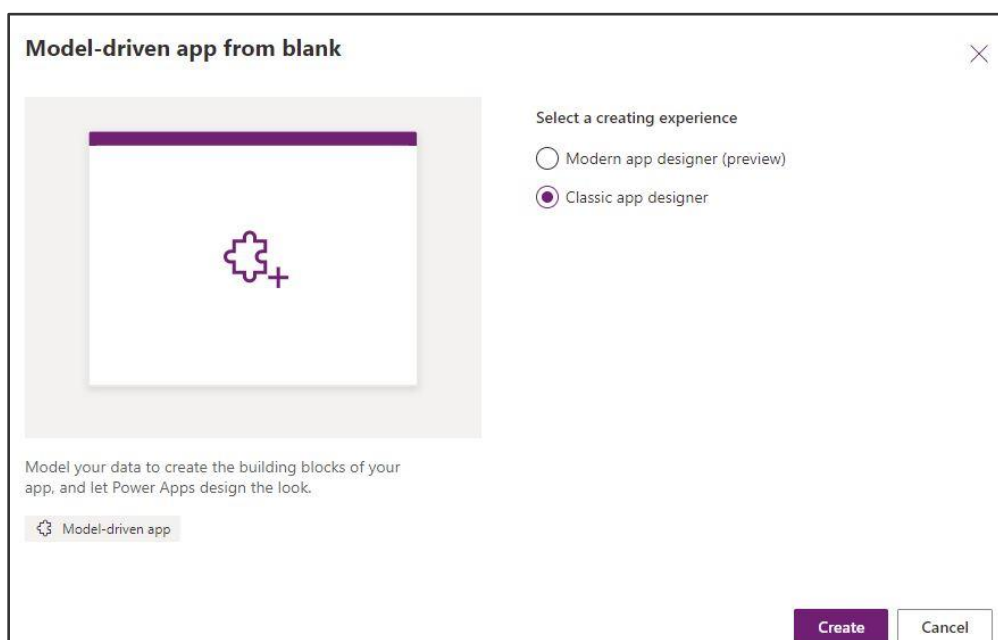
Task 1: Create an application

The first thing you will do is create a Model-driven application. This application will serve as a container to identify all the components that make up the application. It also will include a sitemap that defines the custom navigation users will use to navigate between the components (Table views, Dashboards and other visual components).

1. Navigate to [Make Power Apps](#), and select the environment you created.
2. Select **Home** and click **Model Driven App from Blank**.



3. Select the Classic app designer and click **Create**.



4. Enter **Device Procurement** for Name and click **Done**. You have now created the app definition and will start adding components in to build the app.

Create a New App

Create and publish your own app in minutes. You can start simple and add more components later.

Name :* Device Procurement

Unique Name :* cr9a2_DeviceProcurement

Description:

Icon: ☒ Use Default Image

App Tile:

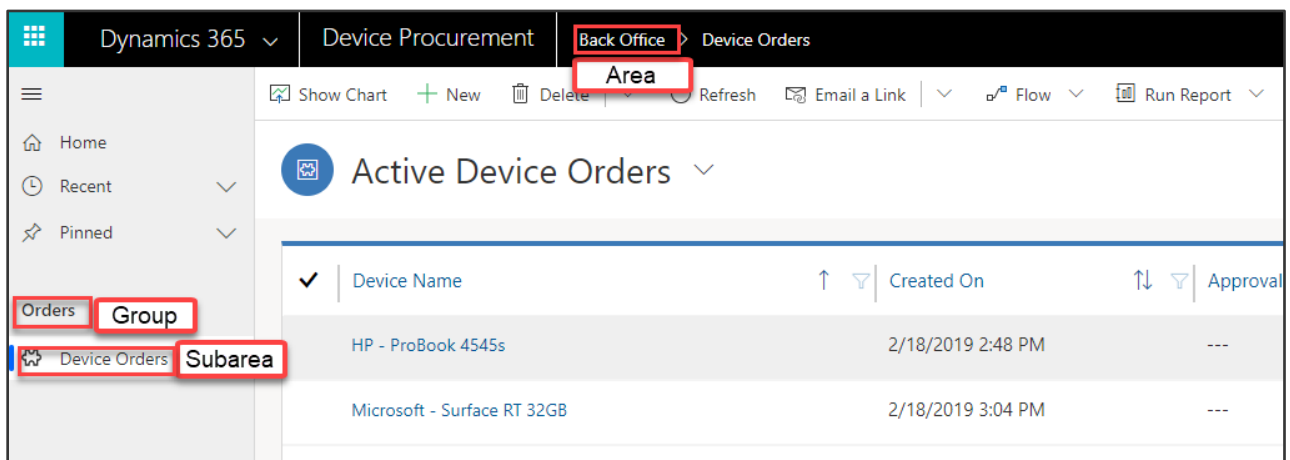
Device Procurement

Unified Interface URL: <https://org3c30c67b.crm3.dynamics.com/Apps/uniquename/>

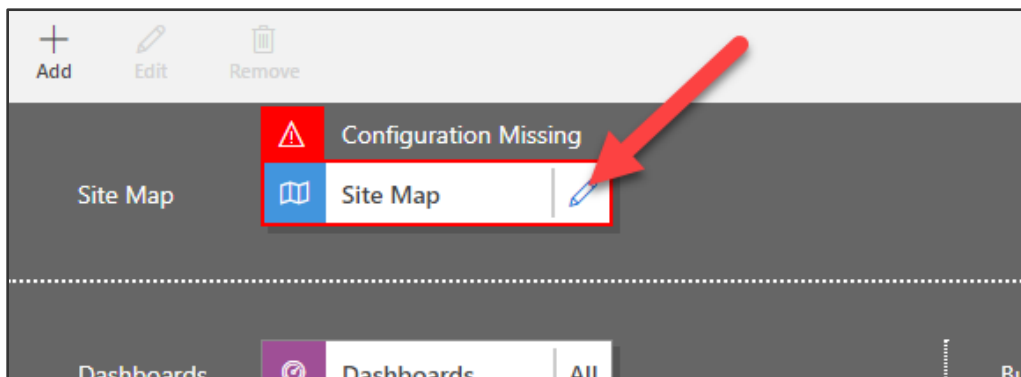
Done Cancel

Note: When building a real app, you would also upload an image to be used as the App Tile. The App Tile is seen by the user in the list of all their applications.

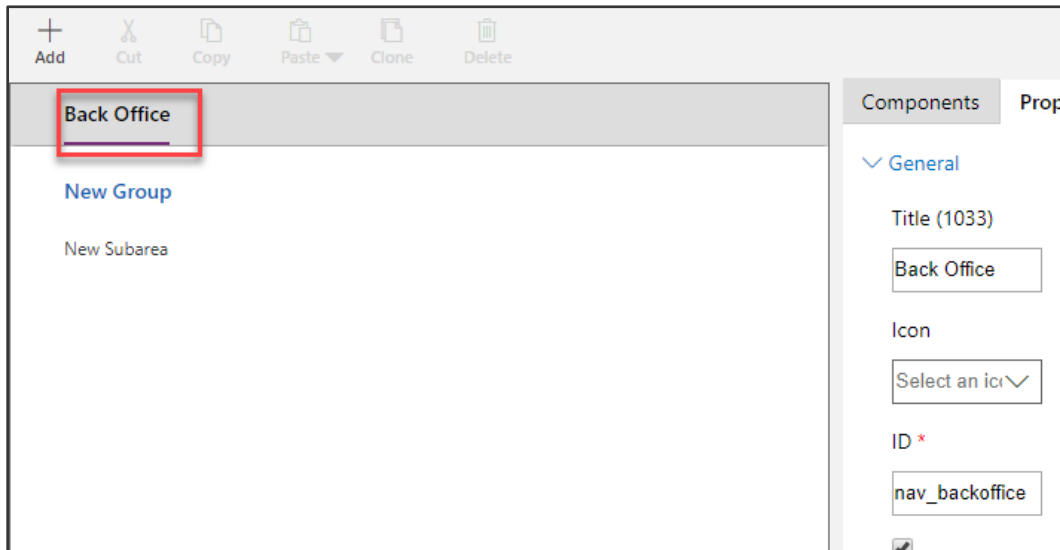
Next, you will build a Site Map for the application, the completed Site Map will look like the image below.



5. Click **Edit Site Map**. This will launch the designer that will let you modify the App navigation.



6. Select the **New Area** label, in the properties rename it **Back Office** and enter **nav_backoffice** for ID. If you were building a more complex application, you could use Areas to group together related items making it easy for the user to navigate between the components.



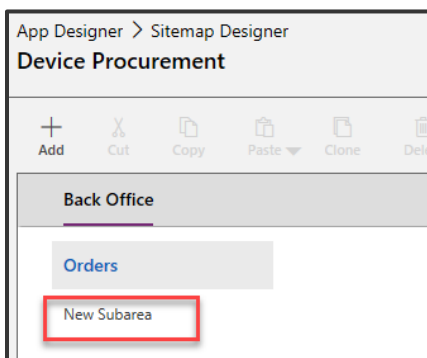
Note: The properties panel on the right will only show if you click on the New Area on the left.

7. Select the **New Group** enter **Orders** for Title, and **nav_ordersgroup** for ID.

Note: The properties panel on the right will only show if you click on the **New Group** on the left.



8. Select the **New Subarea**.

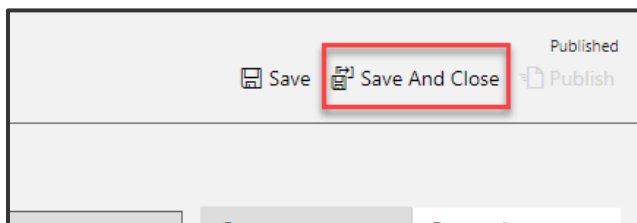


Note: The properties panel on the right will only show if you click on the New Subarea on the left.

9. Set the **Entity** for **Type**, select **Device Order** for **Table**, enter **Device Orders** for **Title** and enter **nav_device_orders** for **ID**.



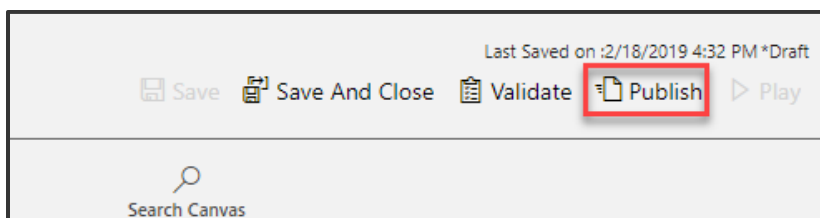
10. Click **Save and Close**.



11. Click **Save** again, this time in the App Designer.



12. **Publish** the application.



13. Click **Save and Close**.

Task 2: Add procurement columns to the Device Orders

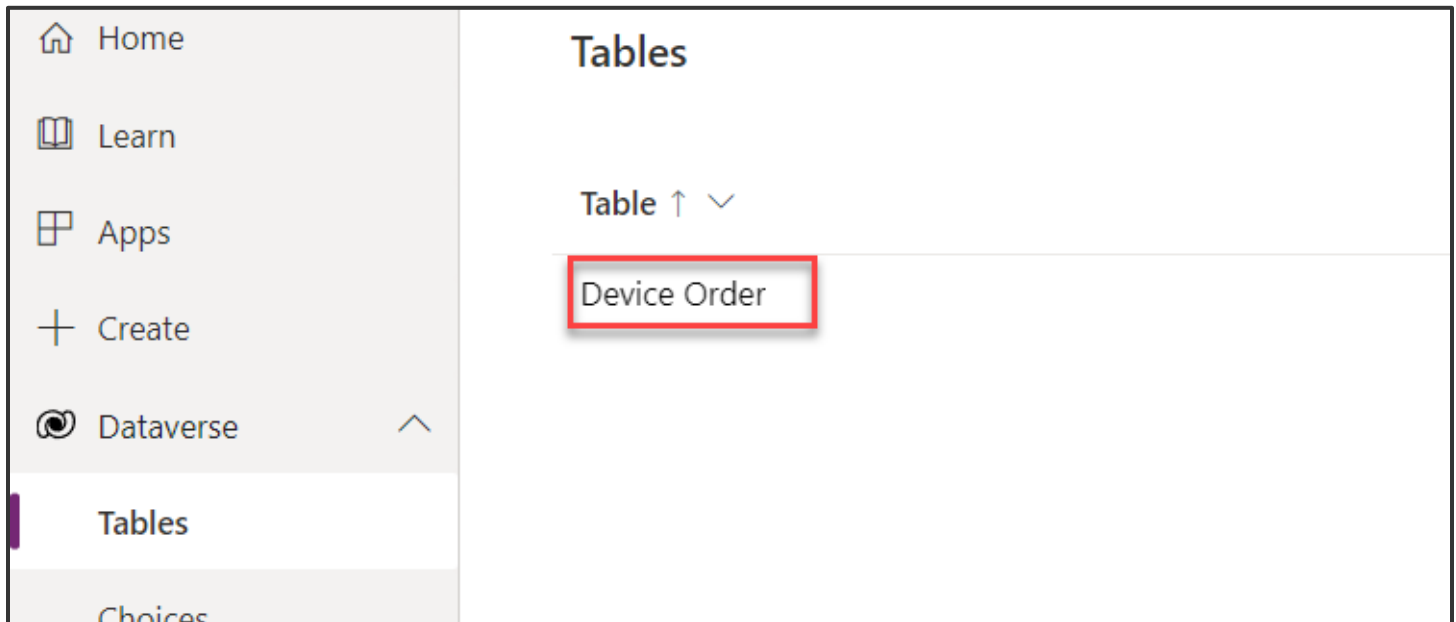
In this task, you will add new Columns to the Device Order table. The Columns you are going to add here are Columns that support the Business Process Flow, which we are going to build in the next exercise. When you use a Business Process, it consists of Stages which you can think of as major milestones in completing the work. Each Stage has one or more Steps. Steps help users keep track of what they need to do before advancing to the next Stage. Steps are just Columns on the Table. To make it quicker when we create the Business Process in this task, we are going to first create the Columns that we need.

To support our scenario, we are going to add the following Columns to the Table:

Capital Approved: This Column will be used in the flow to capture that the device order has received capital approval.

Send Survey: This Column will be used in the final stage. Right now, the team plans on manually sending a survey to see how the user's ordering experience was, and will manually check this once they send it, but they have a desire in a future update to automate sending a survey in a future release.

1. Navigate to [Make Power Apps](#)
2. Expand **Dataverse**, select **Tables**, search for **Device Order** and click on it.



3. Make sure you have the **Columns** tab selected and click **Add Column**.



4. Enter **Capital Approved** for **Display Name**, select **Yes/No** for **Data Type** and click **Done**. We are using a Yes/No data type here because when we use it as a Step in the Business Process, we want to be able to simply mark it completed. Yes/No are essentially a true or false Column.

The screenshot shows a configuration dialog for a new column titled "Capital Approved". The dialog has a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains the following fields and options:

- Display name ***: A text box containing "Capital Approved".
- Name ***: A text box containing "crec2_ CapitalApproved".
- Data type ***: A dropdown menu set to "Yes/No".
- Items**: Two toggle switches. The "Yes" toggle is turned on, and the "No" toggle is turned off.
- Buttons**: "Done" and "Cancel" buttons at the bottom.

5. Create 4 more **Yes/No** Columns and name them **Device Received**, **Device Configured**, **Send Survey**, and **Device Delivered**.

The image shows two side-by-side screenshots of column configuration dialogs for "Device Received" and "Device Configured". Both dialogs follow the same structure as the first one:

- Device Received**:
 - Display name ***: "Device Received"
 - Name ***: "new_ DeviceReceived"
 - Data type ***: "Yes/No"
 - Items**: "Yes" toggle is on, "No" toggle is off.
- Device Configured**:
 - Display name ***: "Device Configured"
 - Name ***: "new_ DeviceConfigured"
 - Data type ***: "Yes/No"
 - Items**: "Yes" toggle is on, "No" toggle is off.

Send Survey

Display name *

Name * ⓘ

Data type * ⓘ

Yes/No

Items

☒ Yes

☐ No

Done Cancel

Device Delivered

Display name *

Name * ⓘ

Data type * ⓘ

Yes/No

Items

☒ Yes

☐ No

Done Cancel

6. Add another Column, with the name **Supplier Order ID**, select **Text** for **Data Type** and click **Done**. Notice we are not asking you to make this Column required here, but we will make it a required Column in the Business Process later in the lab.

Supplier Order ID

Display name *

Name * ⓘ

Data type * ⓘ

Text

Required * ⓘ

Optional

☒ Searchable ⓘ

Calculated or Rollup ⓘ

Done Cancel

7. Click **Save Table**.

Device Name	Primary Name Column	...	Custom	✓	Required	✓
Device Order		...	Standard	✓	Required	✓
				<input type="button" value="Discard"/>	<input checked="" type="button" value="Save Table"/>	

Exercise 2: Business Process Flow

In this exercise, we are going to add a Business Process Flow to the Device Order to help guide the back-office worker through the task of managing the procurement of the requested device.

In discovery meetings with the back-office workers, we learned that a device request goes through the following tasks as they perform the magic to get the requestor their device.

- **Device Requested** – Today this is an e-mail sent to them with the device request. Going forward in the new Power Apps world this will be a Device Order Row in the Microsoft Dataverse.
- **Place Order** – Once they receive the request, they will place an order with a supplier and get an order ID.
- **Receive Device** – This occurs when the device is received, and they send it to the IT staff to be configured with the standard software.
- **Distribute Device** – Once configured it needs to get to the employee that requested it, and they need to survey the employee to make sure they are happy.

Each of these represents a milestone and will become our Stages in the Business Process Flow. In a more complex scenario, you would likely end up compressing or even possibly re-imagining the business process to make it more optimal than the current process the staff performs with their existing process.

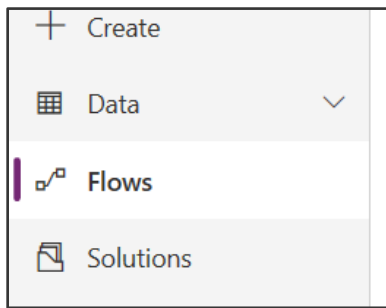
For this lab, the *Receive Device* and *Distribute Device* stages are marked *optional*. While these stages would need to be created for a full implementation of the scenario, to save time you may skip them or do them as a take home exercise.

The completed Business Process Flow will look like the image below.

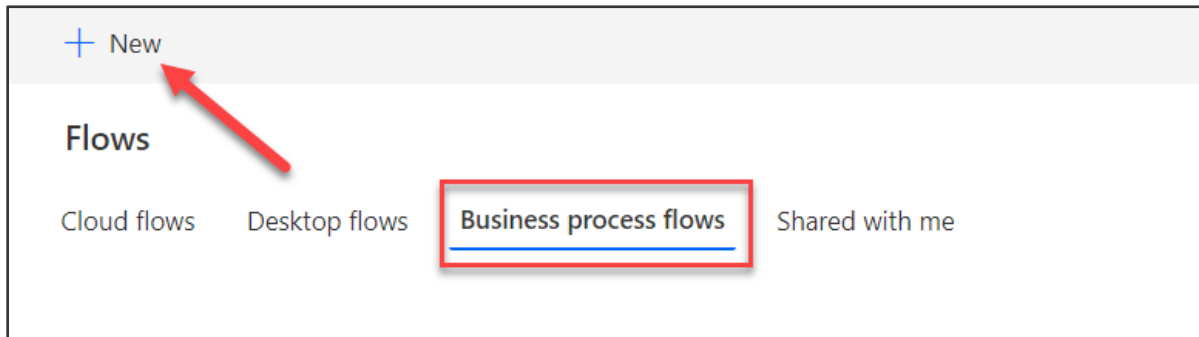
The screenshot shows a Power Apps interface for a 'Device Order' (Acer - Aspire M). The main area displays a Business Process Flow (BPF) with four stages: 'Device Requested (16 Min)', 'Place Order', 'Receive Device', and 'Distribute Device'. The 'Device Requested' stage is currently active, indicated by a red circle and a red box. A 'Steps' dialog box is open for this stage, showing fields for 'Request Date' (04/04/2018), 'Approval Status' (---), and 'Price' (\$699,990). The 'Next Stage' button is visible at the bottom of the dialog. The left sidebar shows the 'General' tab with fields for 'Device Name', 'Owner', and 'Approver'.

Task 1: Create business process flow

1. Select **Flows**.



2. Select the **Business Process Flow** tab and click **New**.

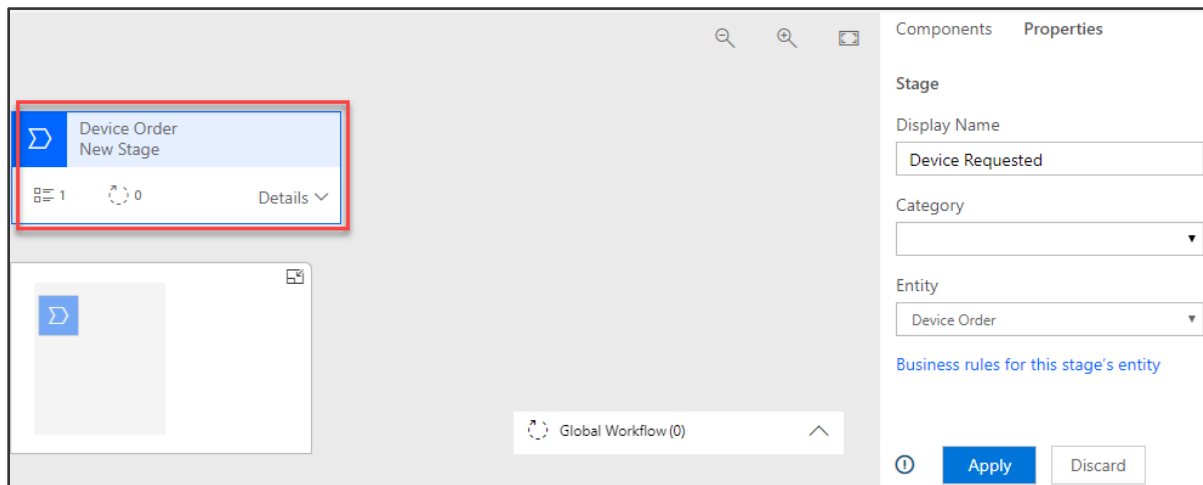


3. Enter **Device Procurement Process** for Flow Name, select **Device Order** for Table, and click **Create**. When you create the Business Process Flow behind the scenes it creates another Table with the same name as the Business Process Flow to track the progress of each business process on the Row. Because of this, choose your name carefully, for example, you wouldn't want to use the same name as your Table e.g. Device Order. Here we choose Device Procurement Process. Note: After you click OK, a new window will be loaded with the designer. If you have popup blockers enabled this might be blocked. The window might also not immediately have focus and you might have to manually bring it into focus.

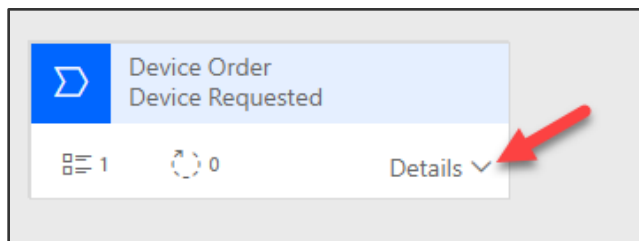
A screenshot of the 'Create' dialog box for a new Business Process Flow. It contains the following fields and controls:

- Flow name ***: A text box containing 'Device Procurement Process'.
- Name ***: A text box containing 'new_' followed by 'deviceprocurementprocess'.
- Choose an entity * ⓘ**: A dropdown menu showing 'DEV' with a magnifying glass icon and a close button (X).
- Device Order**: A radio button option that is selected, indicated by a blue checkmark.
- Create**: A blue button.
- Cancel**: A grey button.

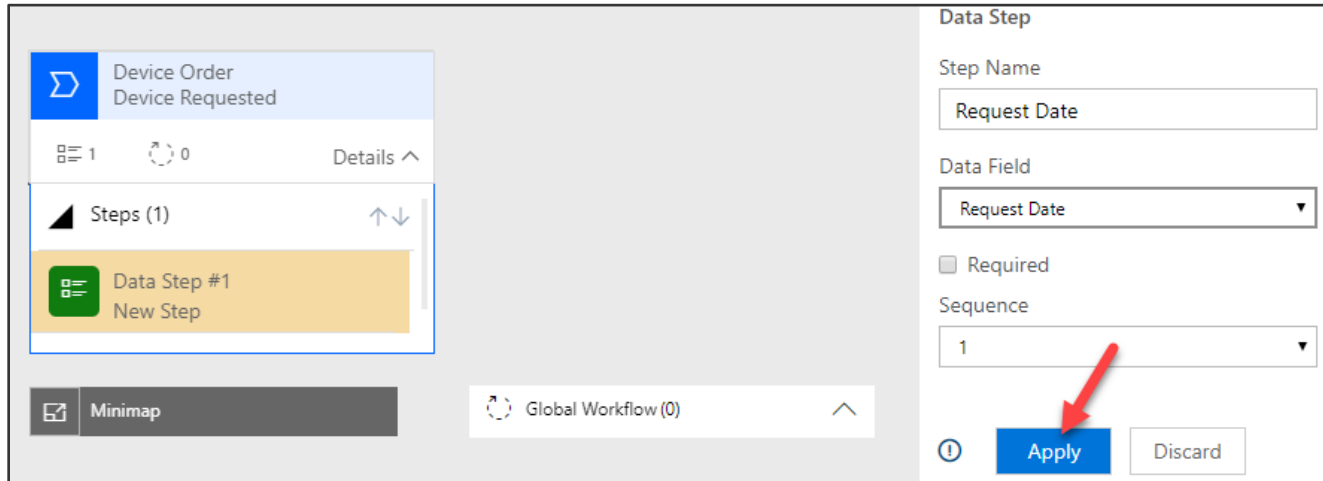
4. Select the **New Stage** and change the Display Name to **Device Requested** and click **Apply**.



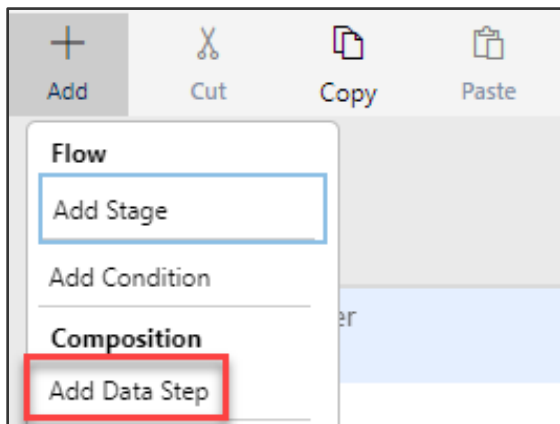
5. Click **Details**.



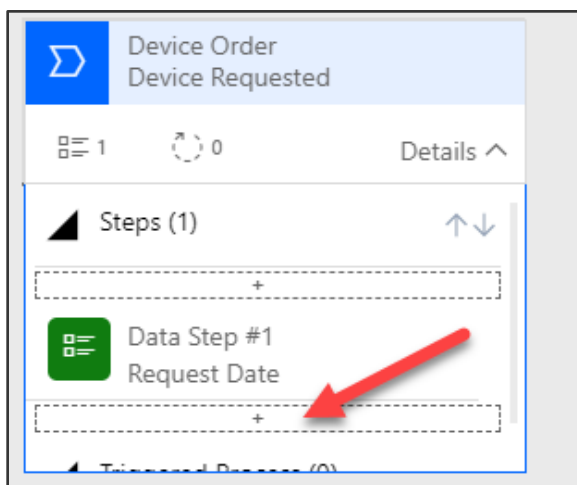
6. Select the **Data Step**, select **Request Date** for Data Field and click **Apply**. The Step Name will auto-filled for you.



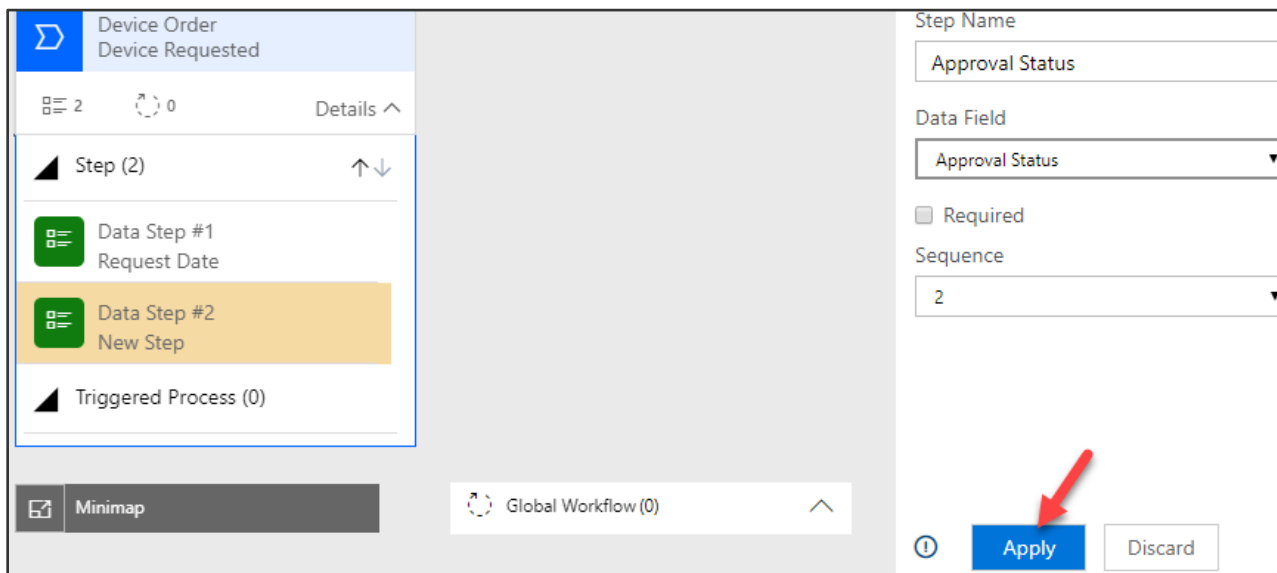
7. Click **Add** and select **Add Data Step**.



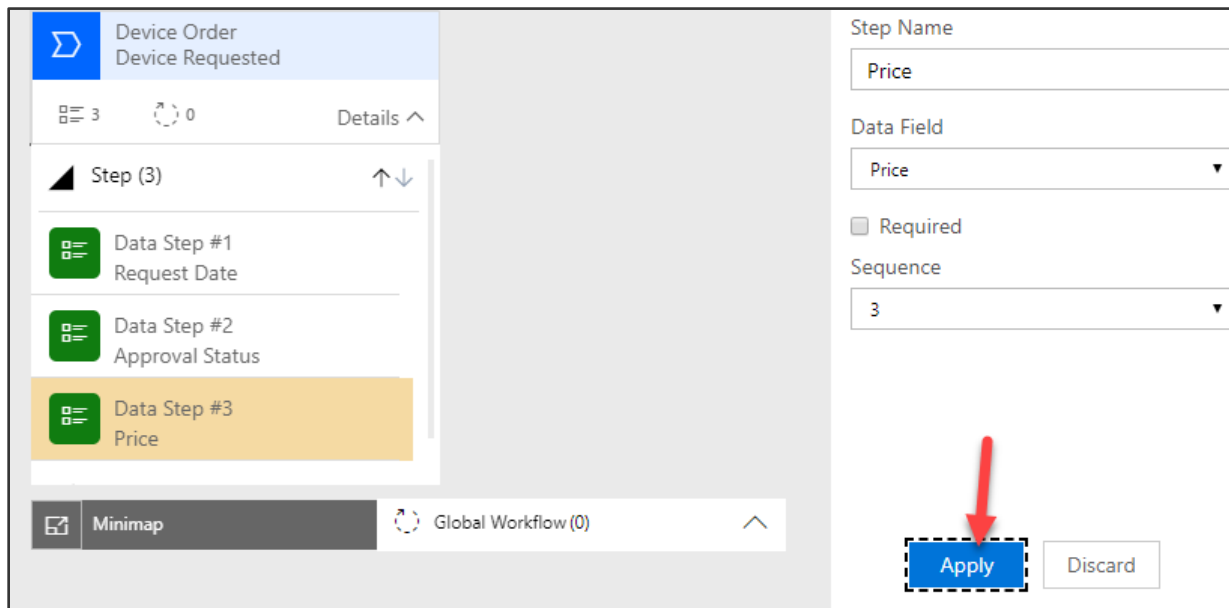
8. Click on the small + under Data Step #1.



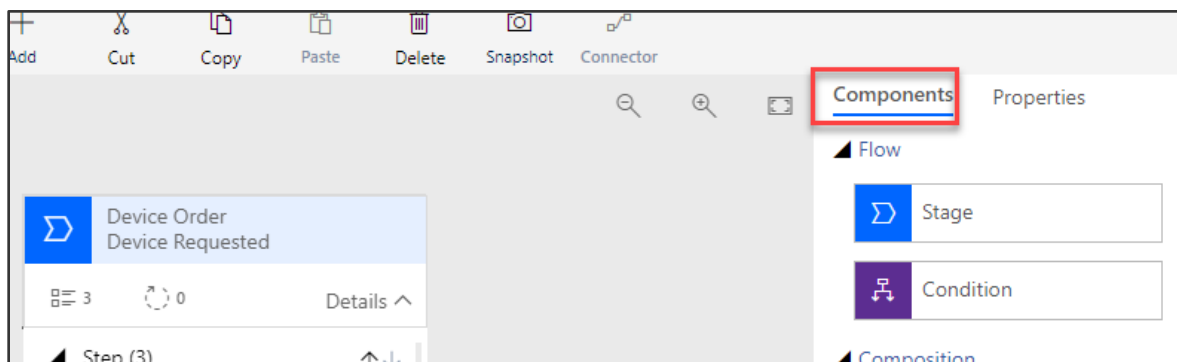
9. Select **Approval Status** for Data Field and click **Apply**.



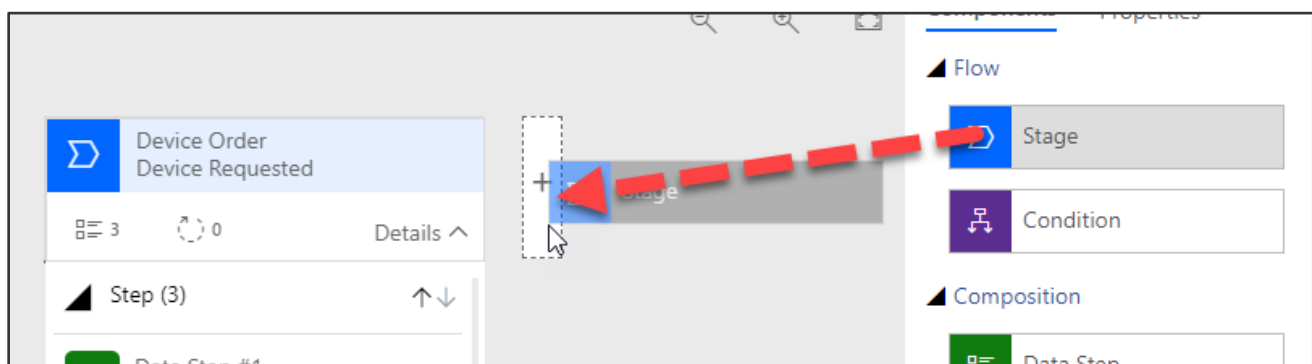
10. Add another Data Step, select **Price** for Data Field and click **Apply**.



11. Select the **Components** tab.



12. Drag **Stage** to the canvas and place to the right of the **Device Requested** stage.



13. Select the new stage, change the Display Name to **Place Order** and click **Apply**.

Stage

Display Name
Place Order

Category
▼

Entity
Device Order ▼

Business Rules
[Business rules for this stage's entity](#)

ⓘ Apply Discard

14. Click **Details**.

Device Order
Place Order

1 0 Details ▼

15. Select the existing Data Step, select **Estimated Ship Date** for Data Field, and click **Apply**.

Device Order
New Stage

1 0 Details ^

Steps (1) ↑↓

Data Step #1
Estimated Ship Date

Triggered Process (0)

Global Workflow (0) ^

Step Name
Estimated Ship Date

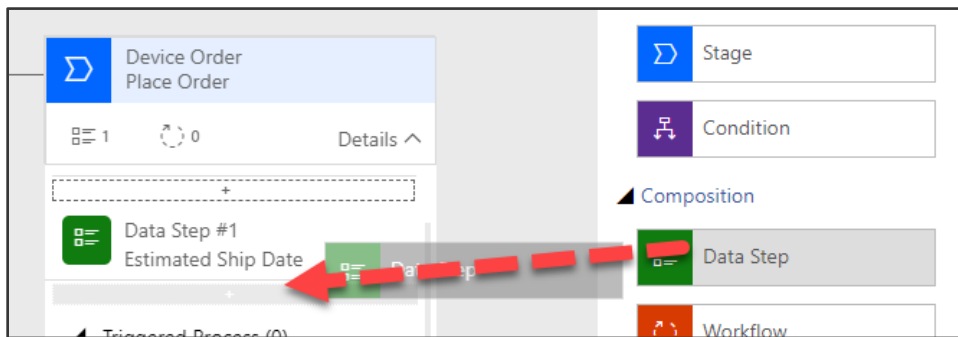
Data Field
Estimated Ship Date ▼

☐ Required

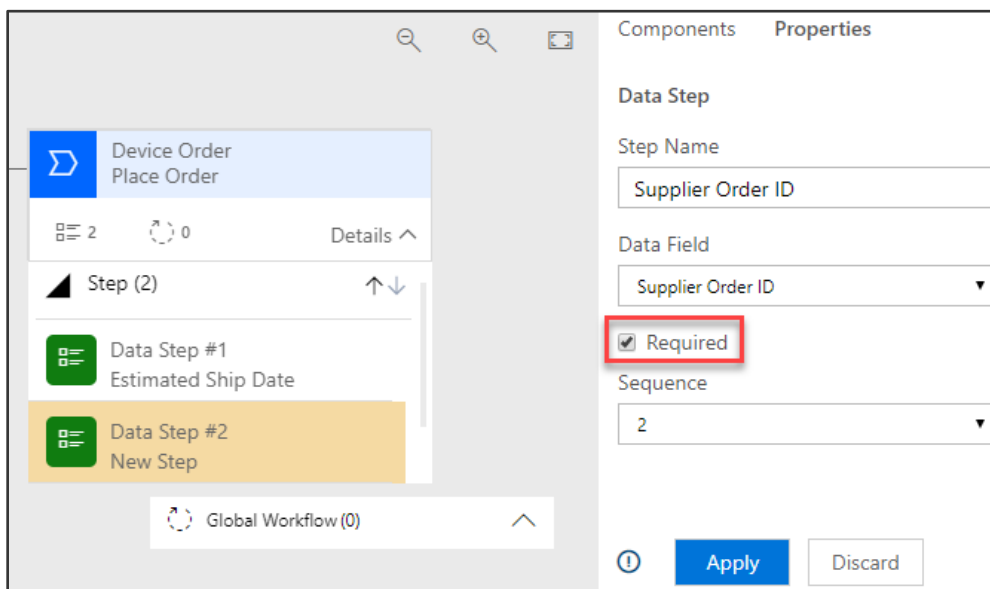
Sequence
1 ▼

Apply Discard

16. Select the **Components** tab, drag **Data Step** to the canvas and place it under the **Estimated Ship Date** step.

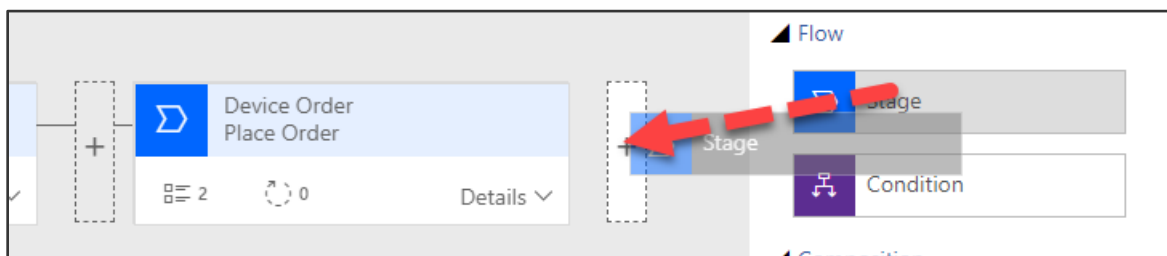


17. Select **Supplier Order ID** for Data Column, check the **Required** field and click **Apply**. Remember from before this Column isn't required, but by checking this here, we will require it to be filled out before they can advance to the next stage. It won't, however, block saving the Row if there isn't a data value populated like it would if it was marked required on the Column definition.

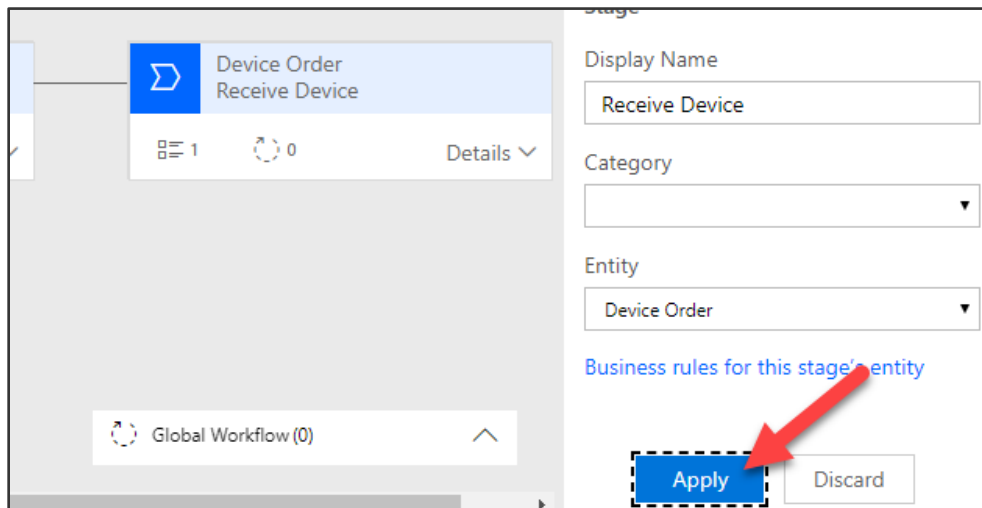


NOTE: All steps from here onwards until you reach Task 2 are **OPTIONAL**. These steps add two more stages to the business process using the same technique you learned above. You may skip ahead to Task 2 to add a branch condition.

18. Select the **Components** tab and drag **Stage** to the right side of the **Place Order** stage.

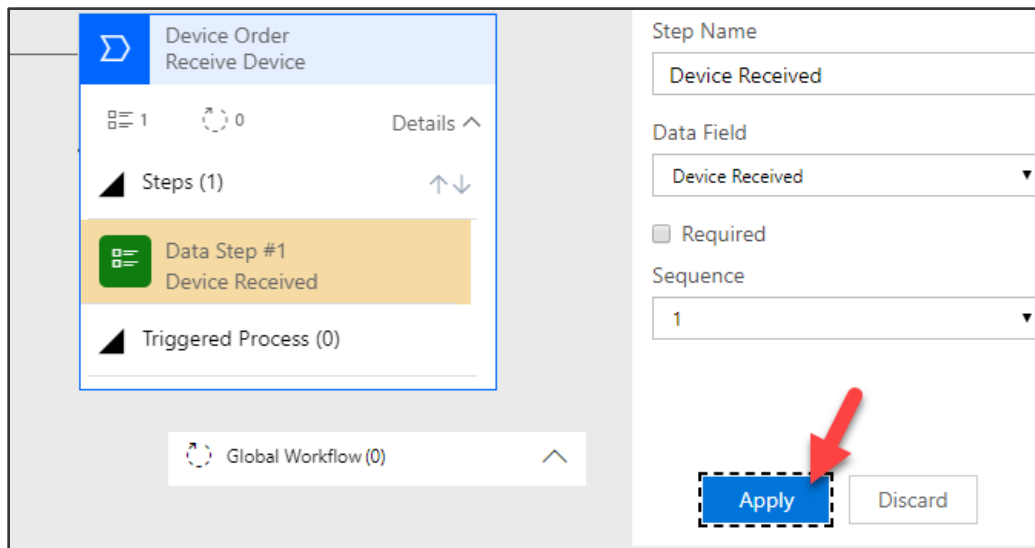


19. Select the new stage, change the Display name to **Receive Device** and click **Apply**.



20. Click **Details**.

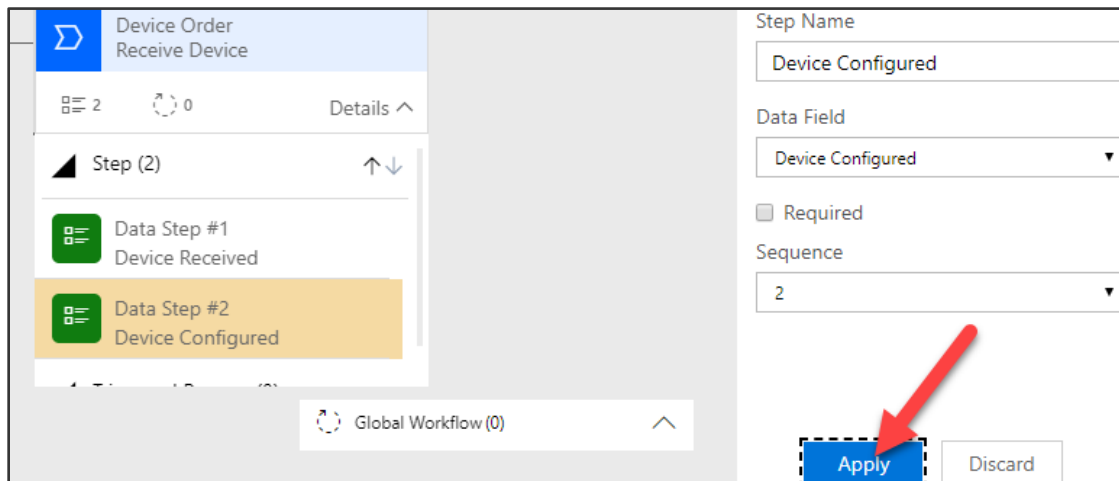
21. Select the existing Data Step and select **Device Received** for Data Column and click **Apply**.



22. Select the **Components** tab, drag **Data Step** to the **Receive Device** stage and place it under the **Device Received** step.

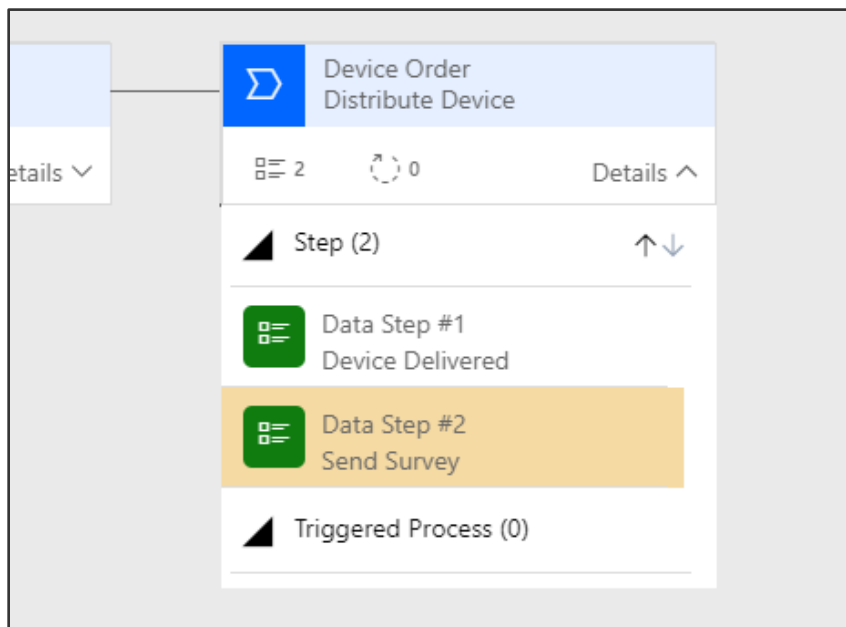


23. Select **Device Configured** for Data Column and click **Apply**.



24. Add another stage and name it **Distribute Device**.

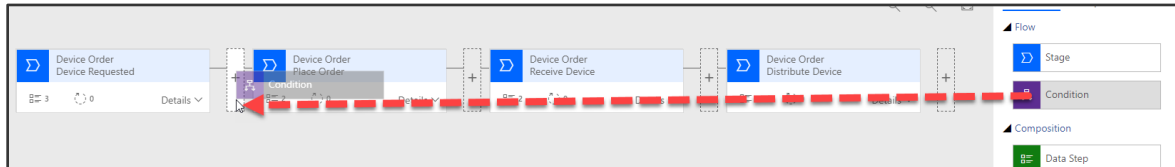
25. Add two data steps **Device Delivered** and **Send Survey**.



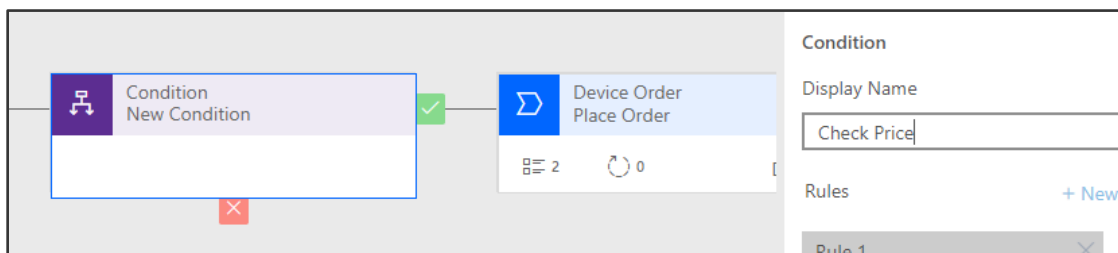
Task 2: Add a branch condition

In this task, we are going to add a conditional branch to our Business Process Flow. When we did the discovery, we learned that if the price was greater than \$1K there were additional steps in place to get capital approval prior to placing the order. In this task, you will see how we can modify the flow we built to accommodate this.

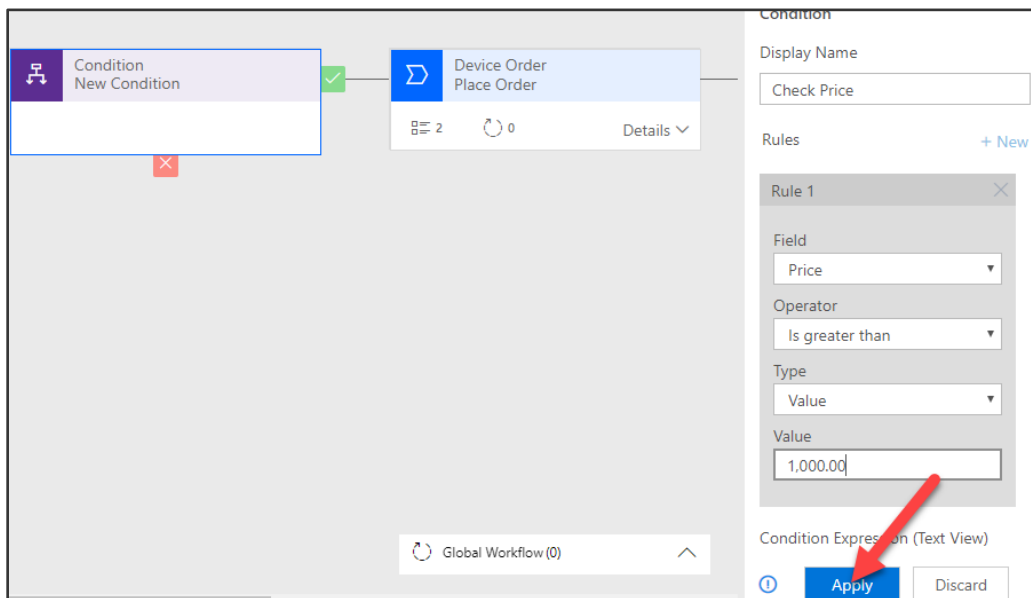
1. Select the **Components** tab, drag **Condition** and place it between **Device Requested** and **Place Order**.



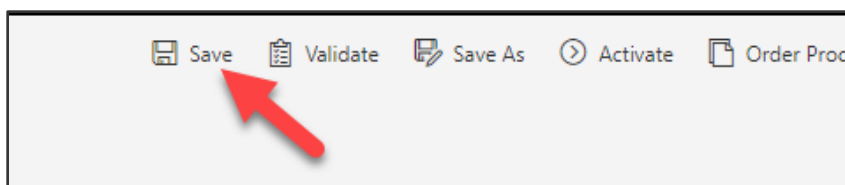
2. Select the **Condition** and change the Display Name to **Check Price**.



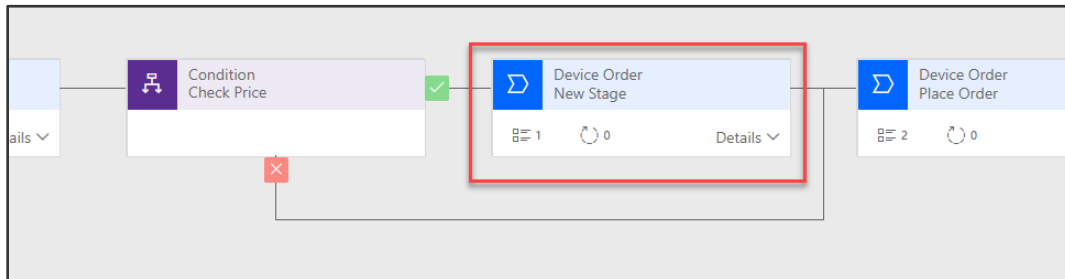
3. In the **Rule 1** section, select **Price** for Column, **is greater than** for Operator, **Value** for Type, **1000** for Value, and click **Apply**. It's important to note that Columns you use in the rules on the condition must be in the prior Stages steps. That is one of the reasons we put the price in there previously.



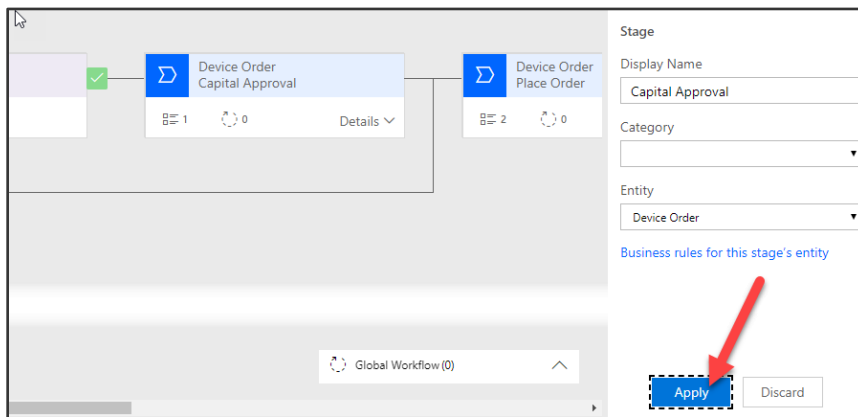
4. Click **Save**.



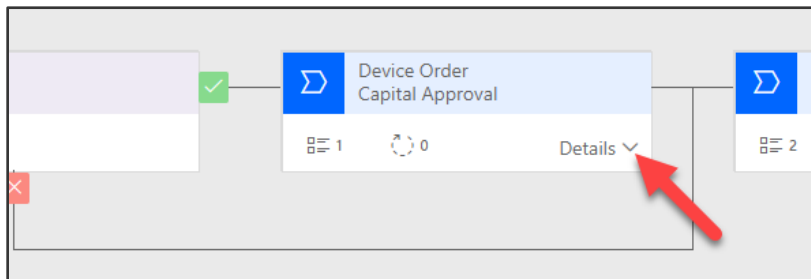
5. A new stage will be added.



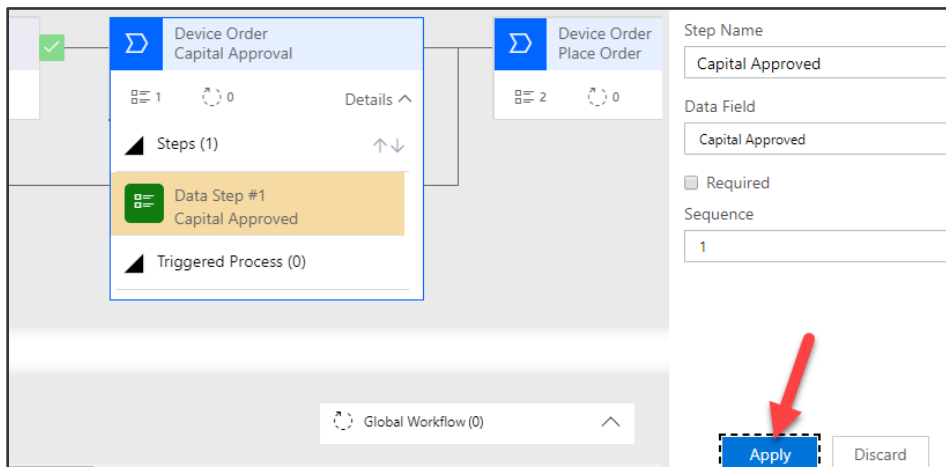
6. Select the new stage, change the Display Name to **Capital Approval** and click **Apply**.



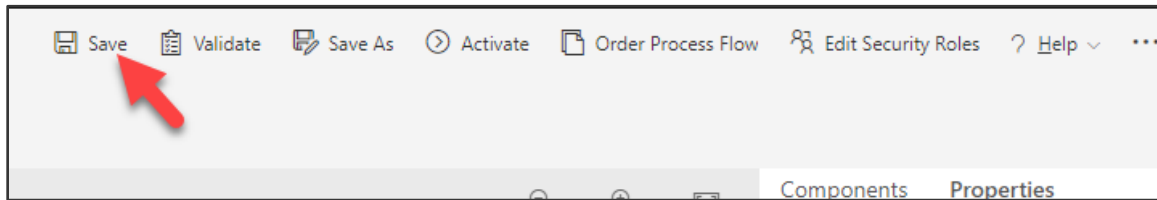
7. Click **Details**.



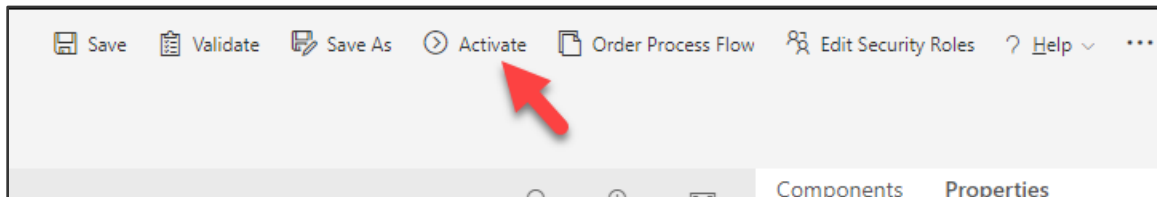
8. Select the existing Data Step, select **Capital Approved** for Data Column and click **Apply**.



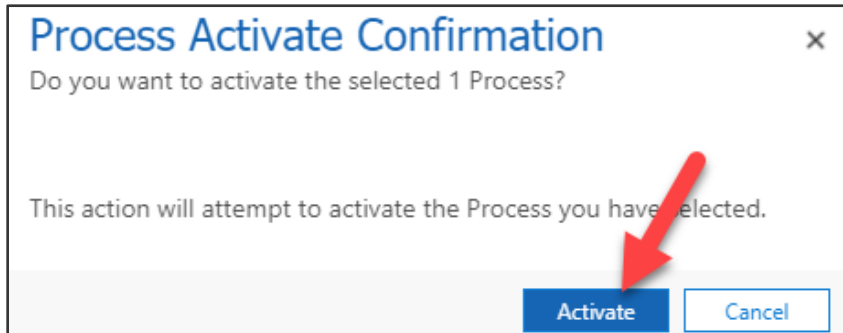
9. Click **Save**.



10. Click **Activate**.

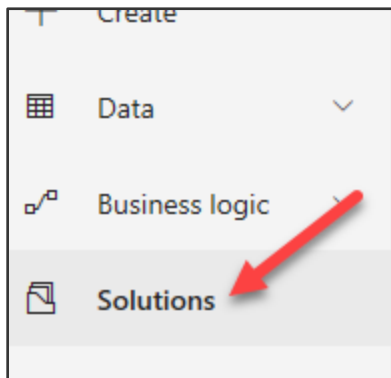


11. Confirm the activation.

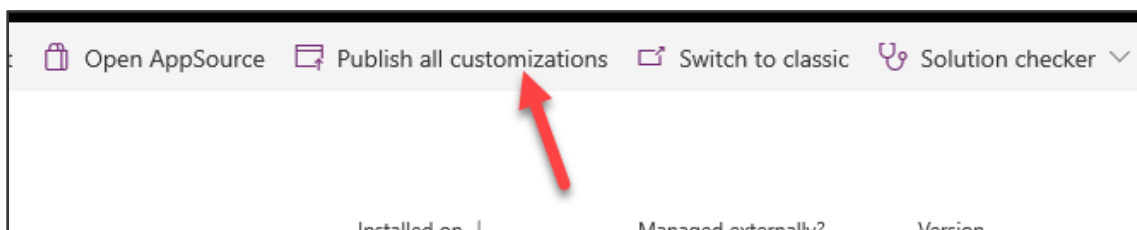


12. Close the process editor.

13. Select **Solutions**.



14. **Publish All Customizations.**

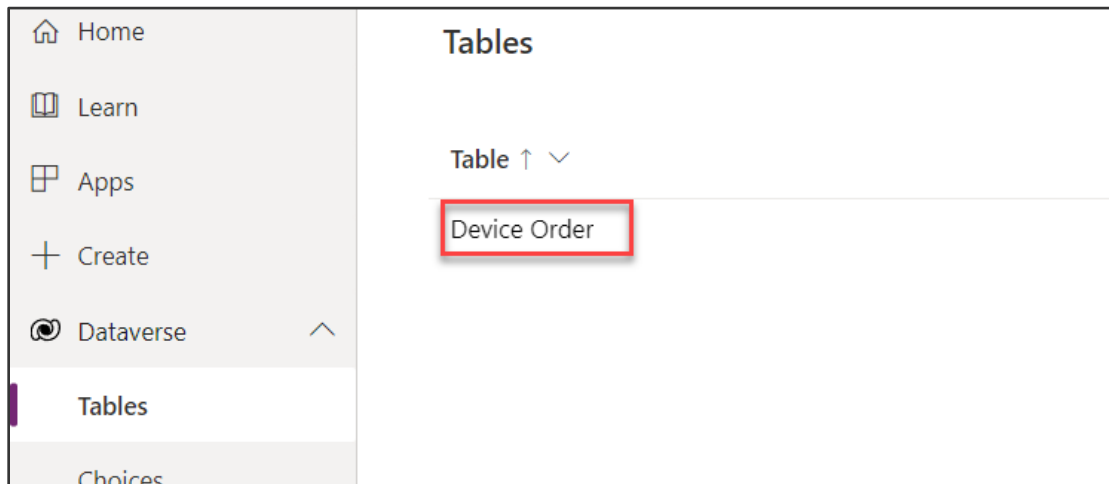


Exercise 3: Form and View Modification

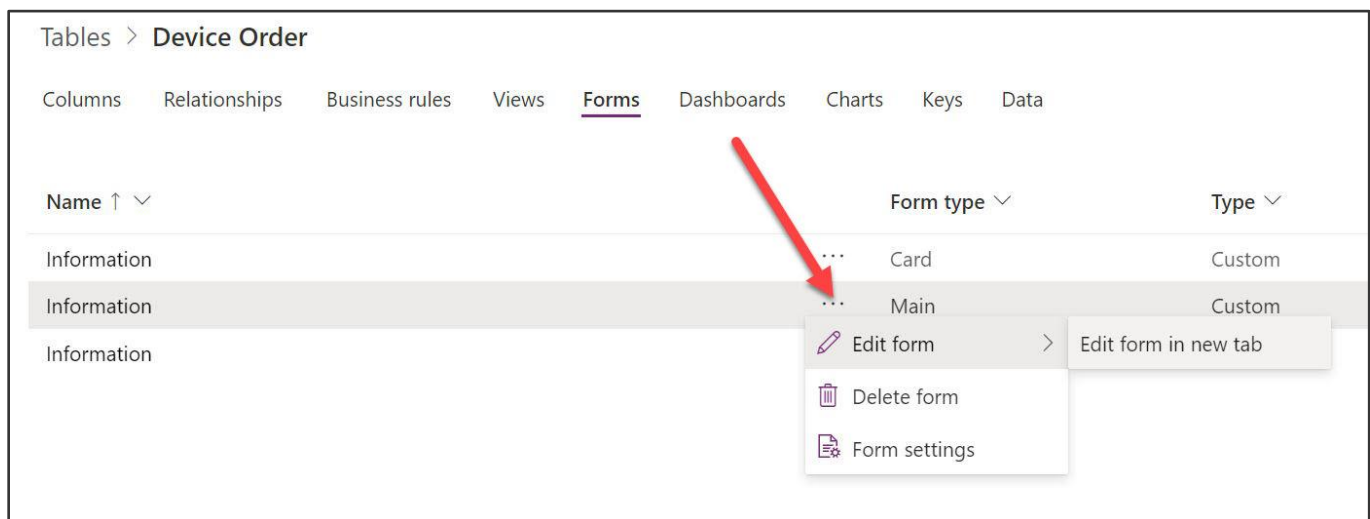
In this exercise, we are going to modify the Device Order form to add additional Columns. When you create an Table in the Microsoft Dataverse, it also creates a main Form for that Table with a few basic Columns on it. In addition to the form, views are created for the Table. Views are used in a Model-Driven app any time a list of the Table Rows are displayed. You would modify the view to add additional Columns or change the placement. You can also create additional views, for example, you might provide a view to show all device requests that are waiting to be received.

Task 1: Modify the form

1. Expand **Dataverse**, select **Tables**. Search for **Device Order** Table and click to open.



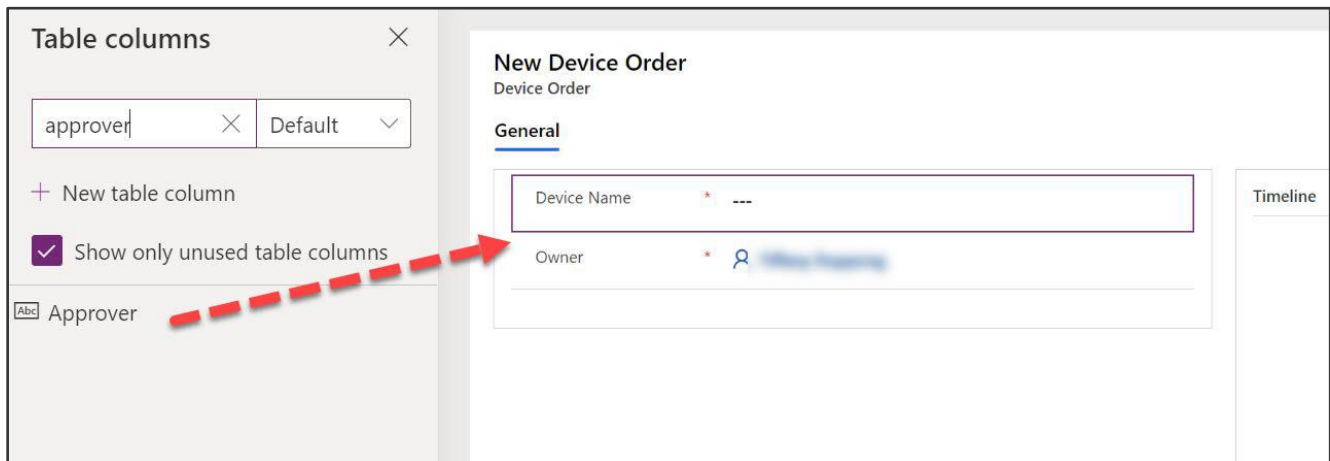
2. Select the **Forms** tab.
3. Select the **Information Main** form and click **Edit Form** > **Edit form in new tab**.



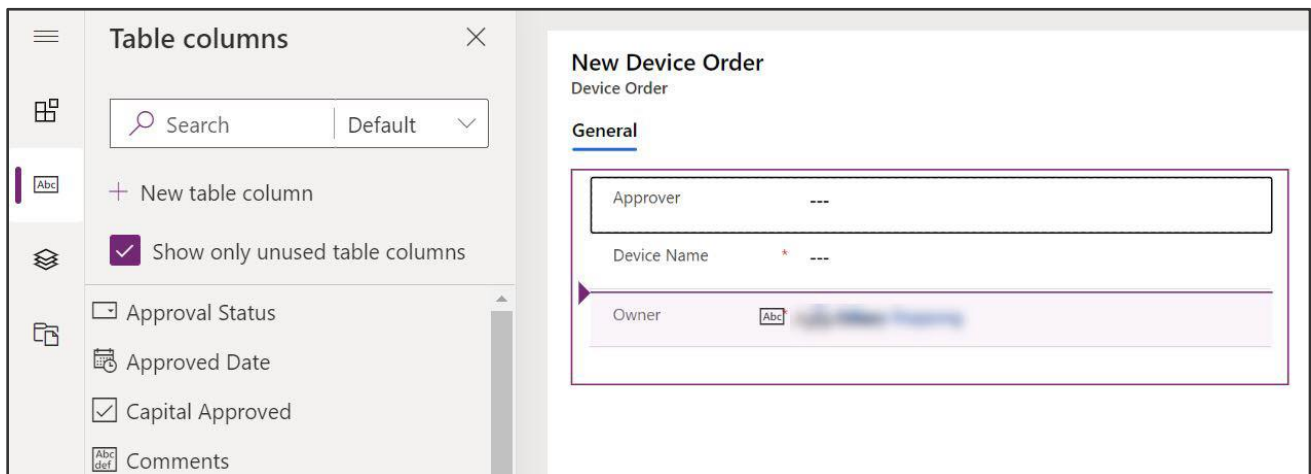
Note: The form designer is being modernized, you can read more here [Overview of the model-driven form designer](#).

4. If you are required to sign in again, do so.
5. Search for **Approver** Column and drag it to the form.

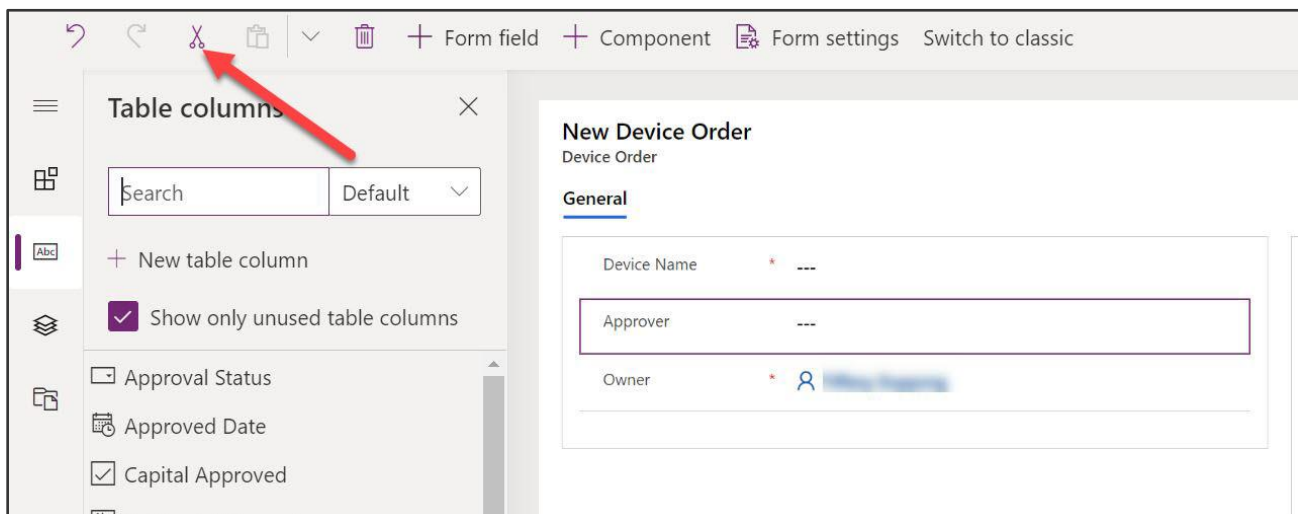
6. Place the **Approver** Column above the Device Name Column.



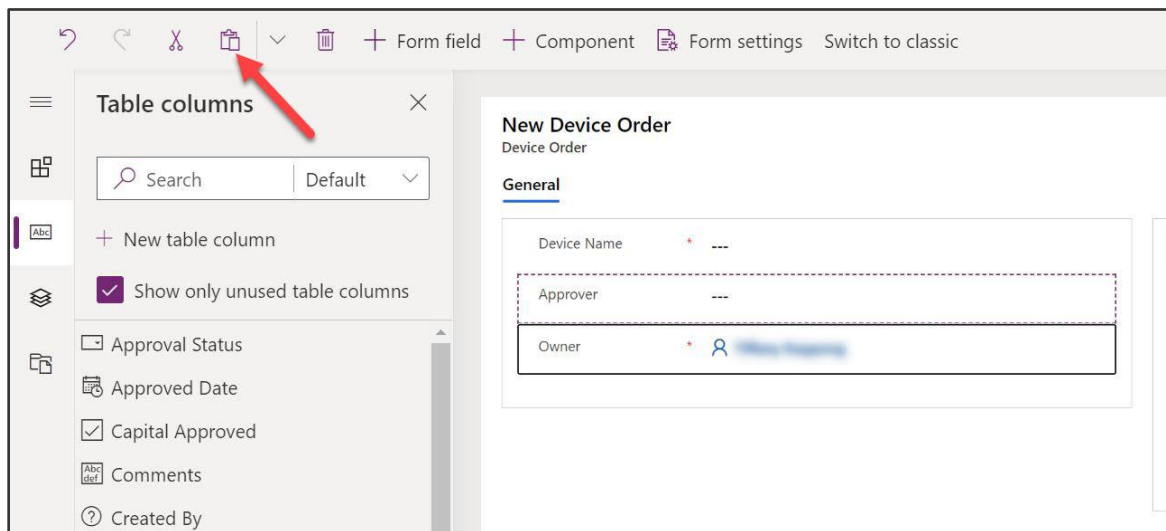
7. The new form designer will let you reposition Columns. Drag the **Approver** Column and place it between the Device Name and Owner Columns.



8. The new form designer will let you cut and paste Columns. Select the **Approver** Column and click on the **Cut** button.



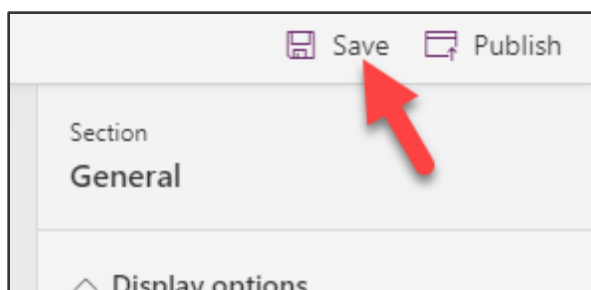
9. Select the **Owner** Column and click **Paste**.



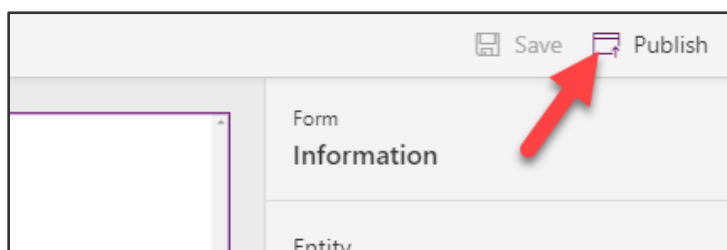
10. The **Approval** Column will be moved to the bottom.



11. Click **Save**.



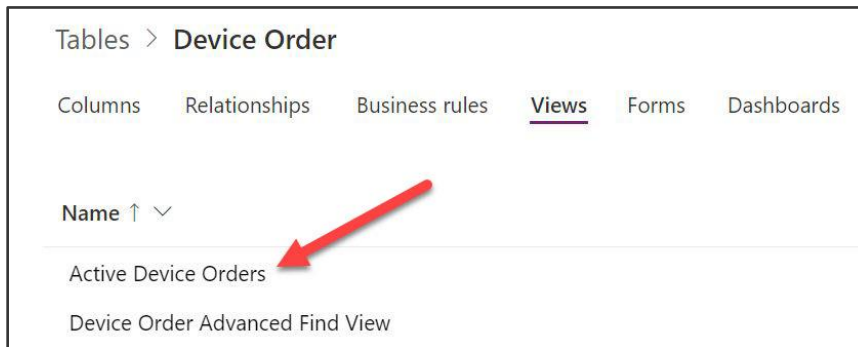
12. Click **Publish**.



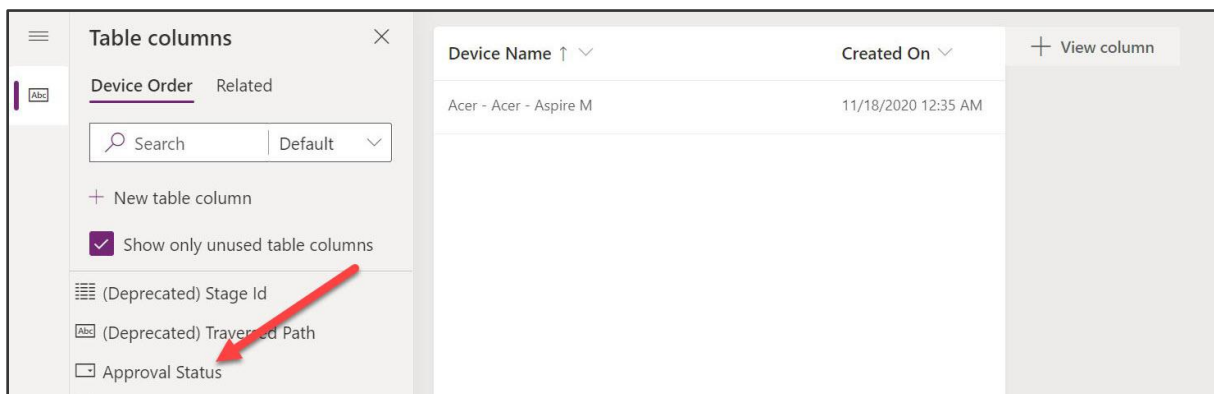
13. Close the **Form Designer** tab.

Task 2: Modify the view

1. Select the **Views** tab and click on the **Active Device Orders** view to open it.



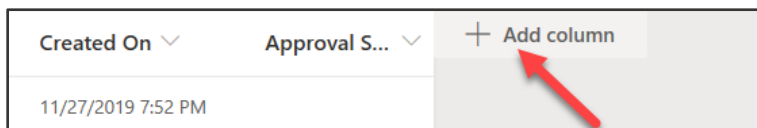
2. Click the **Approval Status** Column once (you do not need to double click).



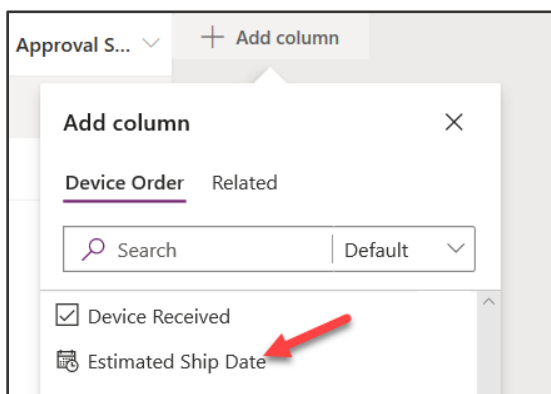
3. The new column will be added to the view.



4. Click on the **+ View Column** button.



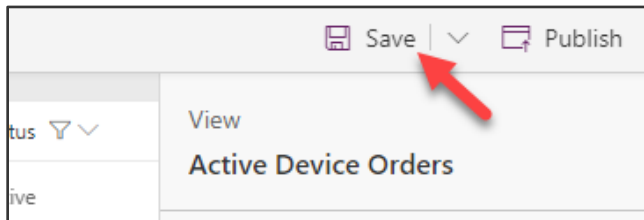
5. Select **Estimated Ship Date**.



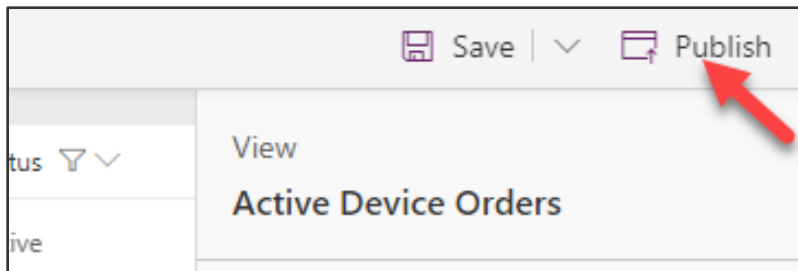
6. Add **Price** and **Status** to the View.

Device Name ↑ ▾	Created On ▾	Approval Status ▾	Estimated Shi... ▾	Price ▾	Status ▾ ▾
Microsoft - Surface Pro 128GB	12/18/2018 11:12 AM			\$999,000	Active

7. Click **Save**.



8. **Publish** the View.



9. Click on the back button.

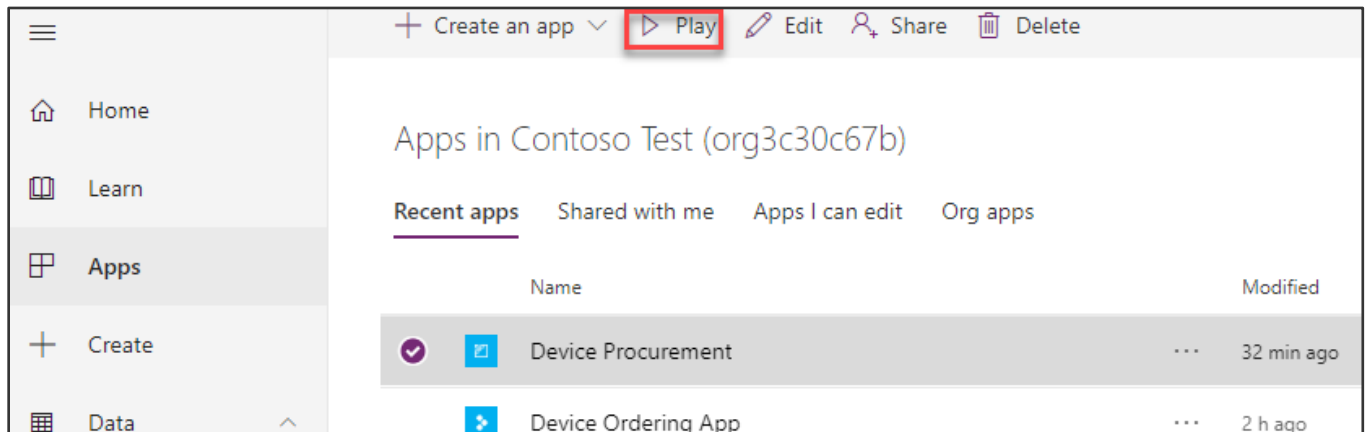


Exercise 4: Test the application

In this exercise, we are going to test the application you just built.

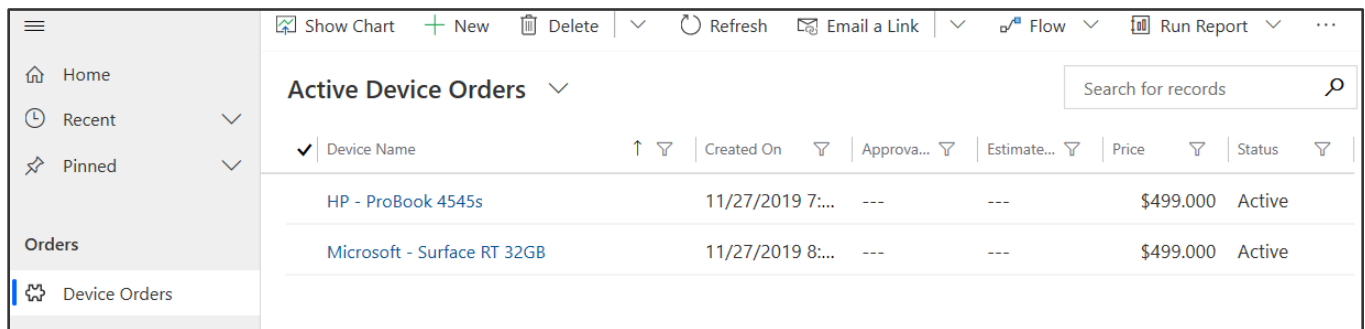
Task 1: Test the application

1. Select **Apps**, select the Device Procurement application and click **Play**.

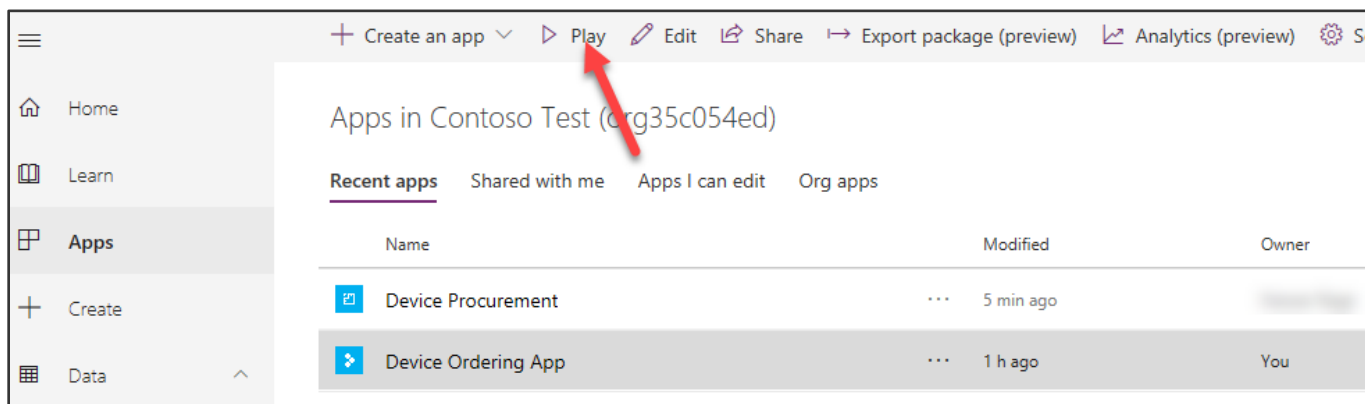


2. The application will start. The **Active Device Orders** view will load.

Note: If you don't show any data in the list, run the Device Ordering canvas app you built and submit some orders.

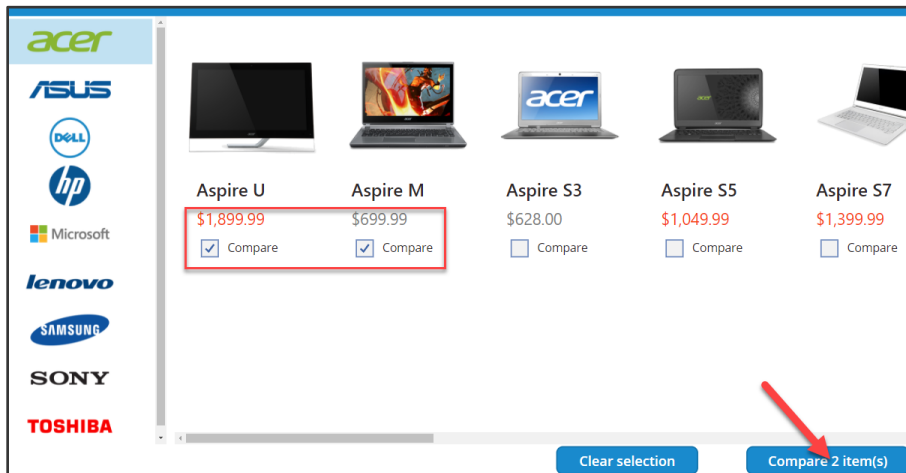


3. Start a new web browser instance and navigate to [Make Power Apps](#). Do not close the Model-driven application.
4. Select **Apps**, select the Device Ordering application you created in module 2, and click **Play**.

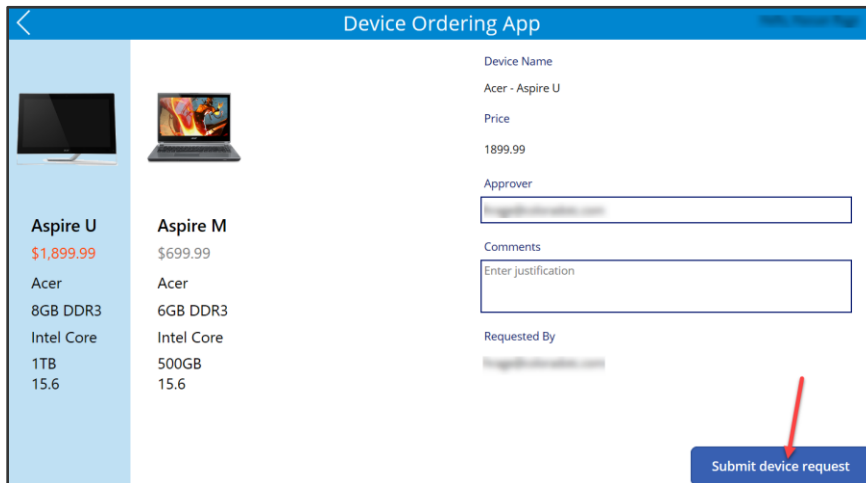


5. Select two devices, make sure one of the devices is priced over \$1,000 and click **Compare**.

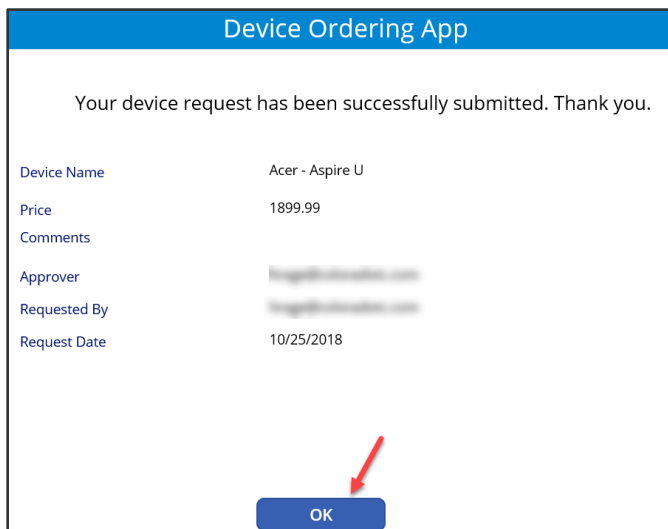
Note: If you are using a Chrome browser, the Manufacturer logos may not load correctly.



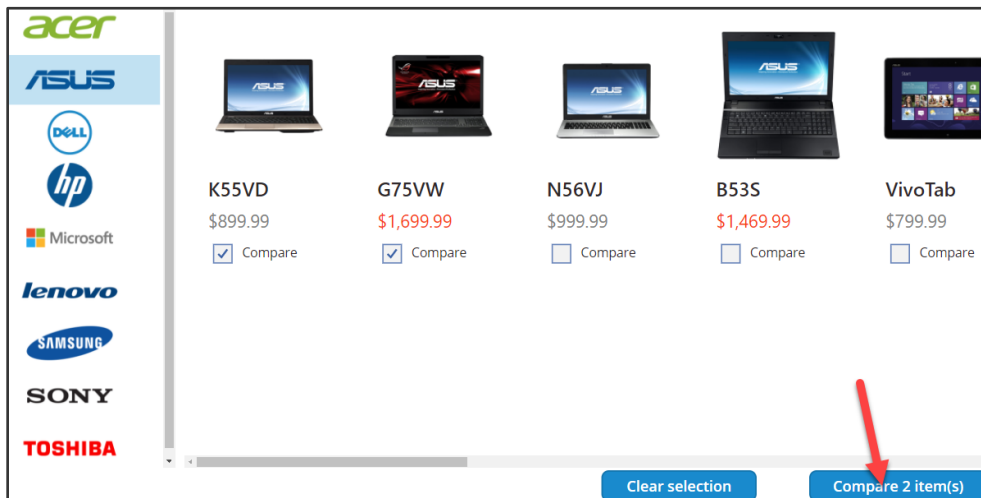
6. Select the device with the price over \$1k and click **Submit**.



7. Click **OK**. Note that if you did not choose to create the submission success screen in a previous module that this option will not exist. You will need complete steps 3 and 4 (above) in order to continue.



8. Select two more devices and click Compare.



9. Select a device with a price under \$1k, provide approver email (or leave in the auto-populated manager email) and click **Submit**.

The screenshot shows a form for submitting a device request. On the left, two device cards are displayed:

Device Name	Price
K55VD	\$899.99
G75VW	\$1,699.99

Below the cards, the details for the selected device (K55VD) are shown:

- Device Name: Asus - K55VD
- Price: 899.99
- Approver:
- Comments:
- Requested By:

At the bottom right, there is a blue button labeled 'Submit device request'. A red arrow points to this button.

10. Go back to the Model-driven application you created and refresh the view. Sort the orders by **Created On** column, and you should see the two devices you ordered using the Power Apps Canvas App.

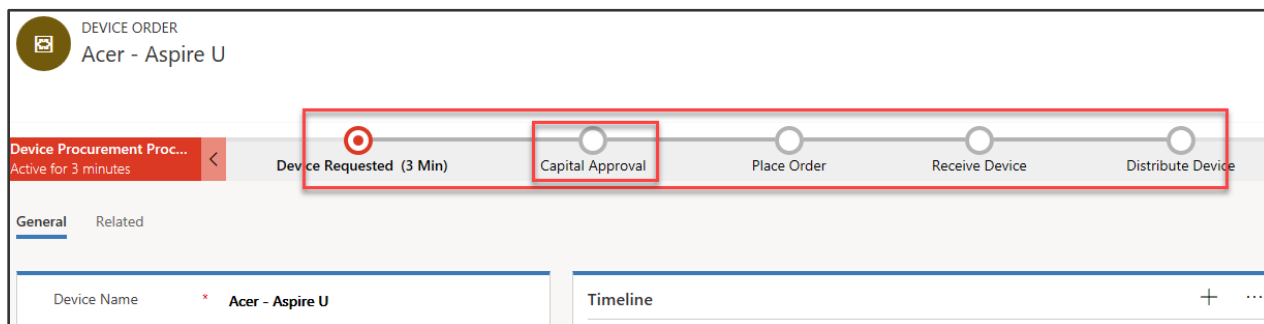
The screenshot shows a table titled 'Active Device Orders' with a search bar and a dropdown menu. The table has the following columns: Device Name, Created On, Approval Status, Estimated Ship..., Price, and Status. The data is sorted by 'Created On' in descending order.

Device Name	Created On	Approval Status	Estimated Ship...	Price	Status
Acer - Aspire U	10/25/2018 3:11 ...	---	---	\$1,899.990	Active
Asus - K55VD	10/25/2018 3:13 ...	---	---	\$899.990	Active
HP - EliteBook 8570p	10/25/2018 1:04 ...	---	---	\$1,049.000	Active
HP - ProBook 4545s	10/25/2018 12:03...	---	---	\$499.000	Active
Microsoft - Surface RT 32GB	10/25/2018 1:34 ...	---	---	\$499.000	Active

11. Open the one priced over \$1k.

Active Device Orders						
Search for records						
✓	Device Name	Created On	Approval Status	Estimated Ship...	Price	Status
	Asus - K55VD	10/25/2018 3:13 ...	---	---	\$899.990	Active
	Acer - Aspire U	10/25/2018 3:11 ...	---	---	\$1,899.990	Active
	Microsoft - Surface RT 32GB	10/25/2018 1:34 ...	---	---	\$499.000	Active

12. The **Business Process Flow** should now have **5** stages. This is because this order costs more than \$1k and needs **Capital Approval**.



13. Select **Device Orders**.

14. Click on the other order you created.

Active Device Orders						
Search for records						
✓	Device Name	Created On	Approval Status	Estimated Ship...	Price	Status
	Asus - K55VD	10/25/2018 3:13 ...	---	---	\$899.990	Active
	Acer - Aspire U	10/25/2018 3:11 ...	---	---	\$1,899.990	Active

15. The **Business Process Flow** for this order should have **4** stages; this is because this order does not require **Capital Approval**.



References

App in a Day introduces some of the key functionalities available in Power Apps, Power Automate, Power BI and the Microsoft Dataverse. For an up to date list of learning references, see [Power Apps Resources](#) and [Power Automate Resources](#).

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