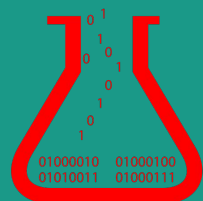


---

# Intermediate Concepts

---

# Printing and Formatting



# print()



```
# Printing strings  
print("Hello World!")
```

```
[out] Hello World!
```

# print()



```
# Printing Variables  
x = "Hello World!")  
print(x)
```

[out] Hello World!

```
x=4  
print(x)  
# Print converts them to strings, if they are not
```

[out] 4

# print()



```
# changing the ending  
print("Hello",end="")  
print(" World!")
```

[out] Hello World!

Note: the default end character is a newline ('\n')

# Format Mini-Language



```
x = "Hello {}!"  
print(x.format('World'))
```

```
[out] Hello World!
```

# Format Mini-Language



```
x = "Hello {}!"  
print(x.format(3.1415))
```

```
[out] Hello 3.1415!
```

# Format Mini-Language



```
x = "Hello {:.2f}!"  
print(x.format(3.1415))
```

```
[out] Hello 3.14!
```



# Format Mini-Language



```
x = "Hello {name:.2f}!"  
print(x.format(name=3.1415))
```

```
[out] Hello 3.14!
```

# Format Mini-Language



<https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-use-string-formatters-in-python-3>

# Print Statements - Escape Characters



- Printing special characters in Python like quotes “ or ‘ or a backslash \
  - Need to be ‘escaped’ with a preceding backslash \
  - If you want to print:
    - `print(“Have a “nice” day!”)` -> Python thinks the quotes are the end/beginning of new strings
    - Can do:
      - `print(“Have a \”nice\” day!”)` -> Have a “nice” day!
- Can also add special characters to a print statement:
  - `\n` = newline, `\t` = tab (there are more)
  - `print(“Have a \n nice day!”)` -> Have a  
nice day!

# Continue Line

- In PEP8, the suggested line length for coding in Python is <80
  - Backslash (“\”) can be used anywhere to carry the code to the next line
  - Example to concatenate strings:

```
>> print("Use a line break " + \
        "so that the extra lines do " + \
        "not interrupt the flow of the code")
```
- **Output:** Use a line break so that the extra lines do not interrupt the functionality of the code
  - \*beware of handling spaces in strings!*

# Exercise



1) *Use a print statement, escape characters to print exactly this.*

“The goal is to turn data into information, and information into insight.”

– Carly Fiorina

former executive, president, and chair of Hewlett-Packard Co.

(note the indentation/tabs)

2) *) store the output of 1 and use slicing and concatenation to print this 300x.*

**CF CF CF CF CF CF CF CF**

# Questions?

—



**Contact:**

**Denis Vrdoljak**  
**denis@bds.group**

—