Taming Aspects with Managed Data

Theologos A. Zacharopoulos

theol.zacharopoulos@gmail.com

April 4, 2016, 17 pages

Supervisor: Tijs van der Storm

Host organisation: Centrum Wiskunde & Informatica, http://www.cwi.nl

Contents

Abstract 3										
1	Introduction 4									
	1.1	Initial Study	4							
	1.2	Problem statement	5							
		1.2.1 Research Questions	5							
		1.2.2 Solutions Outline	5							
		1.2.3 Research Method	5							
	1.3	Contributions	5							
	1.4	Related Work	5							
	1.5	Document Outline	5							
2	Background 6									
4	2.1	Cross Cutting Concerns	7							
	$\frac{2.1}{2.2}$	Aspect Oriented Programming	7							
	2.2	2.2.1 Aspect Oriented Programming Showcases	7							
		2.2.1 Aspect Oriented Programming Showcases	7							
		2.2.3 Aspect Oriented Programming Evaluation	7							
			7							
	2.3	2.2.4 Evolvability	7							
	2.3		7							
	0.4	2.3.2 Data Managers	7							
	2.4	Internal DSLs	7							
	2.5	Java Reflection and Proxies	7							
		2.5.1 Reflection	7							
		2.5.2 Reflection and MetaObject Protocol	7							
	0.0	2.5.3 Dynamic Proxies	7							
	2.6	JHotDraw And AJHotDraw	7							
		2.6.1 Refactoring of Crosscutting Concerns	7							
		2.6.2 The Undo Concern of JHotDraw	7							
		2.6.3 The Persistence Concern of JHotDraw	7							
3	The		8							
	3.1	Self Describing	8							
		3.1.1 Reuse	8							
		3.1.2 Malleability	8							
		3.1.3 Java runtime	8							
	3.2	Model Driven Development	8							
		3.2.1 Object and Schemas	8							
	3.3	Schema	8							
	-	3.3.1 Description of Schema	8							
		3.3.2 Schema Schema	8							
		3.3.3 Metadata	8							
			_							

4	Imp	lement		Ć
	4.1	Manag	ged Data	Ć
		4.1.1	Schema	6
		4.1.2	Data Managers	6
	4.2	Bootst	rapping	Ĝ
		4.2.1	Cutting the umbilical cord	6
	4.3	Self-de	escribing schema (SchemaSchema)	Ĉ
	4.4	Schem	a Loading	ç
		4.4.1	Forward	ç
		4.4.2	Wire the Cross-References	ç
	4.5	Typing	5	Ĝ
		4.5.1	Primitives	Ĝ
		4.5.2	Collections	Ĉ
	4.6	Impler	nentation Issues	ç
		4.6.1	Methods ordering	ç
		4.6.2	Hash-code of Managed Objects	ç
		4.6.3	Default methods of Managed Objects	ç
		4.6.4	Collections of Managed Objects	ç
		4.6.5	Transparent equivalence	ç
		4.0.0	Transparent equivalence	č
5	Eva	luation	1	10
•		5.0.1		10
		5.0.2	•	10
		5.0.3		10
		5.0.4		10
		9.0.4	Ciamis	10
6	Con	clusion	n	11
7	Fur	ther W	Vork	12
A	Hov	v to Us	se the Framework	1 4
В			E E CONTRACTOR CONTRAC	15
	B.1	Schem	as definition	15
		B.1.1	Point Schema	15
		B.1.2	Line Schema	15
	B.2	Data n	nanagers definition	15
		B.2.1	Basic Data Manager	15
		B.2.2	Lockable Data Manager	15
		B.2.3		15
	B.3	Tame .		15
		B.3.1		15
		B.3.2		15
		B.3.3	99 9	15
\mathbf{C}	Ref	actorin	ng of JHotDraw's Undo Concern	16
Bi	bliog	graphy		17

Abstract

Introduction

Cross Cutting Concerns (CCC) is a problem for which the classic programming techniques can not tackle with sufficiently. This results in scattered and tangled code, which affects the system's modularity and it's ease of maintenance and evolution. Since Object Oriented Programming (OOP) and Procedural Programming (PP) techniques can not solve this problem, Aspect Oriented Programming (AOP) presented [KLM⁺97] in order to provide a solution by introducing the notion of aspects.

AOP results in a modular and *single-responsibility* design whose properties must be implemented as *components* (cleanly encapsulated procedure) and *aspects* (not clearly encapsulated procedure), both separate concepts that are combined for the result through a process called *weaving*. However, relying on AOP, paradoxically, does not improve the evolution of a project even with the modularity that it provides since it introduces tight coupling between the aspects and the application. As a result the way to tackle with this problem we need a more sophisticated and expressing crosscut language. Consequently, CCC could be handled in a higher level of the language such as the data structuring and management mechanisms.

Managed data [LvdSC12] allows programmers to take control of important aspects of data as reusable modules. Using managed data a developer can build data managers that handle the fundamental data manipulation primitives that are usually hard-coded in the programming language, by introducing custom data manipulation mechanisms. Managed data have been researched and implemented under the Enso project¹, which is developed in Ruby² (a dynamic programming language) using Rubys reflection capabilities. Furthermore, managed data are considered less able to be supported in static languages directly which makes it more challenging for this thesis since it is going to be implemented in Java. In this thesis I am going to use the Java reflection capabilities to implement managed data and focus on specific aspects and design patterns implementations using the data managers concept of managed data.

1.1 Initial Study

In their study on managed data, A Loh et al. [LvdSC12] present an implementation of managed data in Ruby and they use as a case study a web development framework from the Enso project to reuse database management and access control mechanisms across different data definitions.

This thesis is support and an extension of their work; we implement managed data in Java (a static programming language) using the Java reflection API³ and dynamic proxies⁴. Although proxies in static programming languages can not implement the full range of managed data [LvdSC12]. Java provides a strong implementation of the meta-object protocol [KDRB91], which can be used though the Java Reflection API [FFI04]. Additionally, this project will focus on aspects and will provide a solution to the CCC problem by using managed data.

¹http://enso-lang.org/

²https://www.ruby-lang.org/en/

³https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/reflect/

⁴https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/api/java/lang/reflect/Proxy.html

- 1.2 Problem statement
- 1.2.1 Research Questions
- 1.2.2 Solutions Outline
- 1.2.3 Research Method
- 1.3 Contributions
- 1.4 Related Work
- 1.5 Document Outline

Background

2.1	Cross Cutting Concerns
2.2	Aspect Oriented Programming
2.2.1	Aspect Oriented Programming Showcases
2.2.2	Design Patterns in Aspect Oriented Programming
2.2.3	Aspect Oriented Programming Evaluation
2.2.4	Evolvability
2.3	Managed Data
	Managed Data Schemas
2.3.1	C
2.3.1 2.3.2	Schemas
2.3.12.3.22.4	Schemas Data Managers

- 2.5.1 Reflection
- 2.5.2 Reflection and MetaObject Protocol
- 2.5.3 Dynamic Proxies

Uniform Proxies

2.6 JHotDraw And AJHotDraw

2.6.1 Refactoring of Crosscutting Concerns

Role-based Refactoring of Crosscutting Concerns.

Evaluation

2.6.2 The Undo Concern of JHotDraw

Evaluation

AspectJ Drawbacks in the Undo Solution

2.6.3 The Persistence Concern of JHotDraw

Theory

- 3.1 Self Describing
- **3.1.1** Reuse
- 3.1.2 Malleability
- 3.1.3 Java runtime
- 3.2 Model Driven Development
- 3.2.1 Object and Schemas
- 3.3 Schema
- 3.3.1 Description of Schema
- 3.3.2 Schema Schema
- 3.3.3 Metadata
- 3.4 Factories

Implementation

4.1	Managed Data				
4.1.1	Schema				
Schema Definition					
4.1.2	Data Managers				
Data Managers Definition					
4.2	Bootstrapping				
4.2.1	Cutting the umbilical cord				
4.3	Self-describing schema (SchemaSchema)				
4.4	Schema Loading				
4.4.1	Forward				
4.4.2	Wire the Cross-References				
4.5	Typing				
4.5.1	Primitives				
4.5.2	Collections				
4.6	Implementation Issues				
4.6.1	Methods ordering				
4.6.2	Hash-code of Managed Objects				
4.6.3	Default methods of Managed Objects				

Collections of Managed Objects

Transparent equivalence

4.6.4 4.6.5

Evaluation

- 5.0.1 Research Questions and Answers
- 5.0.2 Evidence

Design Patterns

Undo Concern of JHotDraw

Persistence Concern of JHotDraw

- 5.0.3 Results
- 5.0.4 Claims

Conclusion

Further Work

Acknowledgments

Appendix A

How to Use the Framework

Appendix B

Example Application

- **B.1** Schemas definition
- B.1.1 Point Schema
- B.1.2 Line Schema
- B.2 Data managers definition
- B.2.1 Basic Data Manager
- B.2.2 Lockable Data Manager
- B.2.3 Observable Data Manager
- B.3 Tame Aspects
- B.3.1 Immutability
- B.3.2 Logging
- B.3.3 More

Appendix C

Refactoring of JHotDraw's Undo Concern

Bibliography

- [FFI04] Ira R Forman, Nate Forman, and John Vlissides Ibm. Java reflection in action. 2004.
- [KDRB91] Gregor Kiczales, Jim Des Rivieres, and Daniel Gureasko Bobrow. The art of the metaobject protocol. MIT press, 1991.
- [KLM⁺97] Gregor Kiczales, John Lamping, Anurag Mendhekar, Chris Maeda, Cristina Lopes, Jean-Marc Loingtier, and John Irwin. Aspect-oriented programming. In *ECOOP'97Object-oriented programming*, pages 220–242. Springer, 1997.
- [LvdSC12] Alex Loh, Tijs van der Storm, and William R Cook. Managed data: modular strategies for data abstraction. In *Proceedings of the ACM international symposium on New ideas*, new paradigms, and reflections on programming and software, pages 179–194. ACM, 2012.