Assignment 2 CDA

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1 Familiarization with the data

The dataset contains a total of 44 signals, with some being static values, other being sinusoid signals, and others being partially discrete (as in, they can rise or drop at certain points). L-signals tend to be more sinusoidal, F-signals tend to be "partially discrete", and S-signals are all binary signals.

All the signals together seem to have little correlation. Some combinations of signals are reasonably correlated: e.g. L_T3 and P_J302 have a 0.42 correlation coefficient. Moreover, the signal P_J302 in figure 1 looks cyclic. A cyclic signal like this is much easier to predict than a 'random' signal, since there is a rough base model that it adheres to. This signal's values are within a clear band at about 2-6 on the Y-axis. In such a case it is very easy to come up with a basic anomaly detection technique: if the signal moves outside this band this would be a clear sign of an anomaly.

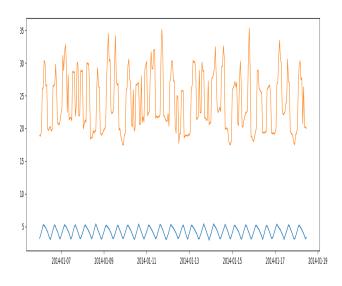


Figure 1: Signals L_T3 and P_J302 . The peaks are roughly aligned.