

PI Major Mutations:

PI Accessory Mutations:

PI Other Mutations:

I13V98% cov=27,034 • K20R93% cov=32,254 • M36I99% cov=37,885 • R41K99% cov=38,487 • L63P94% cov=33,671 • H69K95% cov=31,719 • L89M98% cov=23,549 • I93L94% cov=23,192

Protease Inhibitors	
atazanavir/r (ATV/r)	Susceptible
darunavir/r (DRV/r)	Susceptible
lopinavir/r (LPV/r)	Susceptible

PR comments

Other

- K20R is a highly polymorphic PI-selected accessory mutation that increases replication fitness in viruses with PI-resistance mutations.

No drug resistance mutations were found for PI.

NRTI Mutations:

NNRTI Mutations:

RT Other Mutations:

E6D94% cov=23,799 • V35T99% cov=22,005 • T39E94% cov=20,785 • V90VI: 82%, V: 18% cov=9,613 • K103KR: R: 71%, K: 24% cov=32,167 • K122E95% cov=24,159 • D123G93% cov=24,238 • D177E98% cov=23,652 • T200A98% cov=25,275 • Q207E97% cov=23,130 • R211K97% cov=25,902 • V245Q94% cov=32,715 • E248D97% cov=33,855 • D250E97% cov=33,882 • A272P98% cov=38,093 • E291D97% cov=37,010 • V292I98% cov=37,014 • I293V99% cov=37,000 • I309IV: 79%, I: 20% cov=31,991 • Q334H90% cov=114 • G335D97% cov=113 • R356K98% cov=82 • M357R94% cov=82 • G359T97% cov=72 • K366R97% cov=59

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors		Non-nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors	
abacavir (ABC)	Intermediate Resistance	doravirine (DOR)	High-Level Resistance
zidovudine (AZT)	Susceptible	efavirenz (EFV)	High-Level Resistance
emtricitabine (FTC)	High-Level Resistance	etravirine (ETR)	Low-Level Resistance
lamivudine (3TC)	High-Level Resistance	nevirapine (NVP)	High-Level Resistance
tenofovir (TDF)	Low-Level Resistance	rilpivirine (RPV)	High-Level Resistance

RT comments

NRTI

- **D67N** is a non-polymorphic TAM associated with low-level resistance to AZT.
- **K70/E/Q/N/T/S/G** cause low-leve resistance to ABC and TDF.
- **M184V/I** cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). **M184V/I** are not contraindications to continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.

NNRTI

- **V179D/E** are somewhat polymorphic accessory NNRTI-selected mutation. In combination with other NNRTI DRMs, they appear to contribute low-levels of reduced susceptibility to each of the NNRTIs. In particular, the combinations of K103R/**V179D** and V106I/**V179D** act synergistically to reduce NVP and EFV susceptibility.
- **Y188L** is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level resistance to NVP, EFV, RPV, and DOR, and potentially low-level resistance to ETR.

Other

- **V90I** is a polymorphic accessory mutation weakly selected by each of the NNRTIs. It is associated with minimal, if any, detectable reduction in NNRTI susceptibility.
- **K103R** is a polymorphic mutation that alone has no effect on NNRTI susceptibility. However, in combination with V179D, it reduces NVP and EFV susceptibility about 15-fold.

Mutation scoring: RT

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

Drug resistance mutation scores of NRTI:

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Rule	ABC ⚡	AZT ⚡	FTC ⚡	3TC ⚡	TDF ⚡
<u>D67N</u>	5	15	0	0	5
<u>K70E</u>	15	0	10	10	15
<u>M184IV</u>	15	-10	60	60	-10
<u>K70E + M184IV</u>	0	0	0	0	10
Total	35	5	70	70	20

Drug resistance mutation scores of NNRTI:

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Rule	DOR ⚡	EFV ⚡	ETR ⚡	NVP ⚡	RPV ⚡
<u>Y188L</u>	60	60	10	60	60
<u>K103KR + V179D</u>	0	20	0	20	15
<u>V179D</u>	0	10	10	10	10
Total	60	90	20	90	85