PatientID: HDR124

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance

LR: Low-Level Resistance

IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence
PI	ATV	S	
	DRV	\mathbf{S}	
	FPV	\mathbf{S}	
	IDV	\mathbf{S}	
	LPV	\mathbf{S}	
	NFV	\mathbf{S}	
	SQV	\mathbf{S}	
	TPV	\mathbf{S}	
NRTI	ABC	$^{ m HR}$	
	AZT	${f S}$	
	D4T	IR	
	DDI	$_{ m HR}$	K65R;M184V
	FTC	$_{ m HR}$	
	LMV	$_{ m HR}$	
	TDF	IR	
	DOR	\mathbf{S}	
NNRTI	EFV	$_{ m HR}$	
	ETR	PLR	K103N;G190A
	NVP	$_{ m HR}$	
	RPV	LR	

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS
PI	
NRTI	K65R confers intermediate reductions in susceptibility to TDF, ABC, and 3TC/FTC. It increases AZT susceptibility. In NRTI-experienced, INSTI-naive patients with K65R, TDF+3TC+DTG is usually highly effective and more effective than AZT/3TC/DTG. However, in patients receiving TDF+3TC+DTG, there is a risk of emergent DTG resistance that does not arise in NRTI-naive patients receiving TDF+3TC+DTG. M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to
	continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.
	G190A is a non-polymorphic mutation that causes high-level resistance to NVP and
NNRTI	intermediate resistance to EFV. It does not significantly reduce susceptibility to RPV, ETR, or DOR. K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
INSTI	