Drug resistance interpretation: PR HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

PI Major Mutations: None PI Accessory Mutations: None

PR Other Mutations: T12TA home Arms 113V com to K14KR many E35D com to M36I com to N37NS home arms R41K com to K45R com to C61QE o com to com to L63P com to L63P

Protease Inhibitors

atazanavir/r (ATV/r) Susceptible darunavir/r (DRV/r) Susceptible fosamprenavir/r (FPV/r) Susceptible indinavir/r (IDV/r) Susceptible lopinavir/r (LPV/r) Susceptible nelfinavir (NFV) Susceptible saquinavir/r (SQV/r) Susceptible tipranavir/r (TPV/r) Susceptible

Mutation scoring: PR HVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

No drug resistance mutations were found for PI.

Drug resistance interpretation: RT

NRTI Mutations: L74LV - 100 - 115YF + 100 - 100 - 1115YF + 100 - 100 - 1115YF + 1

E516Q :::::: S519N :::: Q524K :::: K527E ::::: K530KQ q. ::::: A534S :::: A534S :::: A554S :::: V559I ::::

## Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

abacavir (ABC) High-Level Resistance
zidovudine (AZT) Susceptible
stavudine (D4T) Susceptible
didanosine (DDI) High-Level Resistance
emtricitabine (FTC) High-Level Resistance
lamivudine (3TC) High-Level Resistance
tenofovir (TDF) Potential Low-Level Resistance

### Non-nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

doravirine (DOR)

Intermediate Resistance
efavirenz (EFV)

High-Level Resistance
etravirine (ETR)
Intermediate Resistance
nevirapine (NVP)

High-Level Resistance
rilpivirine (RPV)

High-Level Resistance

## RT comments

## NRTI

- L74V causes intermediate ABC resistance. L74I causes low-level ABC resistance.
- . Y115F causes intermediate resistance to ABC and low-level resistance to TDF.
- M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and low/intermediate resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.

# NNRTI

Other

- K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EPV susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
- . Y181C is a non-polymorphic mutation selected in persons receiving NVP, ETR and RPV. It confers high-level resistance to NVP, intermediate resistance to ETR and RPV, and low-level resistance to ETV. It does not significantly reduce DOR susceptibility.
- H221Y is a non-polymorphic accessory mutation selected primarily by NVP, RPV, and DOR. It frequently occurs in combination with Y181C.

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V179I is a polymorphic mutation that is frequently selected in persons receiving ETR and RPV. However, it has little, if any, direct effect on NNRTI susceptibility.

# Mutation scoring: RT

Drug resistance mutation scores of NRTI:

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

Rule	ABC ÷	AZT ÷	D4T ÷	DDI ÷	FTC ÷	3TC ≑	TDF ÷
<u>L74LV</u>	30	0	0	60	0	0	0
L74LV + M184MV	15	0	0	0	0	0	0
<u>Y115YF</u>	30	0	0	0	0	0	15
Y115YF + M184MV	15	0	0	0	0	0	5
M184MV	15	-10	-10	10	60	60	-10
Total	105	-10	-10	70	60	60	10

Drug resistance mutation scores of I	(I)	N
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Rule	DOR ÷	EFV ÷	ETR ÷	NVP ≑	RPV ≑
K103KN+Y181C	5	0	0	0	0
<u>Y181C</u>	10	30	30	60	45
<u>Y181C + H221Y</u>	10	0	0	0	10
H221Y	10	10	10	15	15
K103KN	0	60	0	60	0

35 100 40 135 70

INSTI Major Mutations: INSTI Accessory Mutations: IN Other Mutations:	None  None  K14R =		
Integrase Strand Transfer Inhibitors			
bictegravir (BIC)	Susceptible		
bictegravir (BIC) cabotegravir (CAB)	Susceptible		

Drug resistance interpretation: IN

No drug resistance mutations were found for INSTI.

dolutegravir (DTG) elvitegravir (EVG) raltegravir (RAL) Susceptible Susceptible Susceptible

Mutation scoring: IN HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)