PatientID: HDR56

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance
LR: Low-Level Resistance
IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence	
PI	ATV	S		
	DRV	\mathbf{S}		
	FPV	\mathbf{S}		
	IDV	\mathbf{S}		
	LPV	${f S}$		
	NFV	\mathbf{S}		
	SQV	${f S}$		
	TPV	${f S}$		
NRTI	ABC	LR		
	AZT	${f S}$		
	D4T	${f S}$	M184V;K219R	
	DDI	$_{ m LR}$		
	FTC	$_{ m HR}$		
	LMV	$_{ m HR}$		
	TDF	${f S}$		
NNRTI	DOR	HR		
	EFV	$_{ m HR}$	V108I;F227L;K103N	
	ETR	\mathbf{S}		
	NVP	$_{ m HR}$		
	RPV	${f S}$		
INSTI	BIC	${f S}$		
	CAB	${f S}$		
	DTG	${f S}$		
	EVG	${f S}$		
	RAL	${f S}$		

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS		
PI			
NRTI	K219E/Q/N/R are accessory TAMS that usually occur in combination with multiple other		
	TAMs.		
	M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate		
	resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to		
	continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and		
	TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.		
	F227L is a non-polymorphic mutation that usually occurs in combination with V106A. It is		
	selected in vivo and in vitro with both NVP and DOR. In this context it is associated with		
	high-level reductions in NVP and DOR susceptibility and intermediate reductions in EFV		
	susceptibility. F227I/V are extremely rare mutations that have been selected in vitro by		
	DOR.		
	K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV		
NNRTI	susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.		
	V108I is a relatively non-polymorphic accessory mutation selected in vitro and/or in vivo		
	with each of the NNRTIs. It appears to contribute to reduced susceptibility to most		
	NNRTIs only in combination with other NNRTI-resistance mutations.		

INSTI