PatientID: HDR98

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance

LR: Low-Level Resistance

IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence
PI	ATV	S	
	DRV	${f S}$	
	FPV	\mathbf{S}	
	IDV	${f S}$	
	LPV	${f S}$	
	NFV	\mathbf{S}	
	SQV	\mathbf{S}	
	TPV	\mathbf{S}	
NRTI	ABC	IR	
	AZT	IR	
	D4T	IR	
	DDI	$_{ m HR}$	L74I;M184V;T215Y
	FTC	$^{ m HR}$	
	LMV	HR	
	TDF	\mathbf{S}	
NNRTI	DOR	IR	
	EFV	$^{ m HR}$	
	ETR	IR	L100I;K103N
	NVP	$_{ m HR}$	
	RPV	HR	

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS
PI	
	L74V causes intermediate ABC resistance. L74I causes low-level ABC resistance.
	M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate
	resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to
	continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and
NRTI	TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.
	T215Y/F are TAMs that causes intermediate/high-level resistance to AZT and potentially
	low-level resistance to ABC and TDF.
NNRTI	K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV
	susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
	L100I is a non-polymorphic mutation that usually occurs in combination with K103N. In
	this setting it confers high-level resistance to NVP, EFV, and RPV and intermediate
	resistance to ETR and DOR.
INSTI	