PatientID: HDR56

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance

LR: Low-Level Resistance

IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence
PI	ATV	S	
	DRV	\mathbf{S}	
	FPV	\mathbf{S}	
	IDV	\mathbf{S}	
	LPV	${f S}$	
	NFV	${f S}$	
	SQV	${f S}$	
	TPV	${f S}$	
NRTI	ABC	LR	
	AZT	${f S}$	
	D4T	${f S}$	
	DDI	LR	M184V;K219R
	FTC	$_{ m HR}$	
	LMV	$_{ m HR}$	
	TDF	${f S}$	
NNRTI	DOR	PLR	
	EFV	$_{ m HR}$	
	ETR	\mathbf{S}	V108I;K103N
	NVP	HR	
	RPV	\mathbf{S}	

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS
PI	
NRTI	K219E/Q/N/R are accessory TAMS that usually occur in combination with multiple other
	TAMs.
	M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate
	resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to
	continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and
	TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.
NNRTI	K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV
	susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
	V108I is a relatively non-polymorphic accessory mutation selected in vitro and/or in vivo
	with each of the NNRTIs. It appears to contribute to reduced susceptibility to most
	NNRTIs only in combination with other NNRTI-resistance mutations.
INSTI	