Drug resistance interpretation: PR

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

PI Major Mutations: None
PI Accessory Mutations: None
PR Other Mutations: L10V • I13V • I15V • G16A • E35D • M36I • N37D • R41K • K43R • R57K • D60DE • H69T • L89M

Protease Inhibitors	
atazanavir/r (ATV/r)	Susceptible
darunavir/r (DRV/r)	Susceptible
fosamprenavir/r (FPV/r)	Susceptible
indinavir/r (IDV/r)	Susceptible
lopinavir/r (LPV/r)	Susceptible
nelfinavir (NFV)	Susceptible
saquinavir/r (SQV/r)	Susceptible
tipranavir/r (TPV/r)	Susceptible

PR comments

Other

- **L10I/V** are polymorphic, PI-selected accessory mutations that increase the replication of viruses with other PI-resistance mutations.

Mutation scoring: PR

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

No drug resistance mutations were found for PI.

Drug resistance interpretation: RT

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

NRTI Mutations: M184V
NNRTI Mutations: K103KN • E138G • G190GA
RT Other Mutations: K11A • K20R • V21I • T27S • K32KN • V35T • T39R • K122E • D123N • I135T • K166KR • K173S • Q174K • D177E • V179I • I202V • Q207A • R211K • F214FL

Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors	
abacavir (ABC)	Low-Level Resistance
zidovudine (AZT)	Susceptible
stavudine (D4T)	Susceptible
didanosine (DDI)	Potential Low-Level Resistance
emtricitabine (FTC)	High-Level Resistance
lamivudine (3TC)	High-Level Resistance
tenofovir (TDF)	Susceptible

Non-nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors	
doravirine (DOR)	Susceptible
efavirenz (EFV)	High-Level Resistance
etravirine (ETR)	Low-Level Resistance
nevirapine (NVP)	High-Level Resistance
rilpivirine (RPV)	Intermediate Resistance

RT comments

NRTI

- **M184V/I** cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). **M184V/I** are not contraindications to continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication.

NNRTI

- **K103N** is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
- **E138Q/G** are non-polymorphic accessory mutations selected by ETR occasionally NVP and EFV. They cause low-level reductions in susceptibility to NVP, RPV, and ETR.
- **G190A** is a non-polymorphic mutation that causes high-level resistance to NVP and intermediate resistance to EFV. It does not significantly reduce susceptibility to RPV, ETR, or DOR.

Other

- **V179I** is a polymorphic mutation that is frequently selected in persons receiving ETR and RPV. However, it has little, if any, direct effect on NNRTI susceptibility.
- This virus is predicted to have intermediate-level reduced susceptibility to **RPV**. The use of the combination of CAB/**RPV** should be considered to be contraindicated.

Mutation scoring: RT

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

Drug resistance mutation scores of NRTI: Download CSV

Rule	ABC	AZT	D4T	DDI	FTC	3TC	TDF
M184V	15	-10	-10	10	60	60	-10

Drug resistance mutation scores of NNRTI: Download CSV

Rule	DOR	EFV	ETR	NVP	RPV
K103KN	0	60	0	60	0
E138G	0	10	10	10	15
G190GA	0	45	10	60	15
Total	0	115	20	130	30