# Drug resistance interpretation: PR HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

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PI Major Mutations: None PI Accessory Mutations: None

#### Protease Inhibitors

atazanavir/r (ATV/r) Susceptible
darunavir/r (DRV/r) Susceptible
lopinavir/r (LPV/r) Susceptible

### PR comments

### Other

• T74S is a PI-selected accessory mutation that is polymorphic in most non-B subtypes.

### Mutation scoring: PR

NRTI Mutations:

No drug resistance mutations were found for PI.

Drug resistance interpretation: RT

D67N 91% K70R 95% K219Q 94%

NNRTI Mutations: K103N 97% E138A 95% P225H 94% cons16.537

RT Other Mutations: E6G 52% • V8VI 57% V23% • K20R 54% • V35T 55% • V60I 57% • V29VI 52% • K20R 54% • V29VI 52% • K173A 55% • V29VI 52% • V245T 52% •

1293V 90% P294T 89% E300EV V: 53%, E: 40% E312ED D: 87%, E: 20%

### Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

abacavir (ABC)

zidovudine (AZT)

emtricitabine (FTC)

lamivudine (3TC)

Low-Level Resistance

Potential Low-Level Resistance

Potential Low-Level Resistance

tenofovir (TDF) Low-Level Resistance

## Non-nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

doravirine (DOR) Intermediate Resistance
efavirenz (EFV) High-Level Resistance

rilpivirine (RPV)

etravirine (ETR) Potential Low-Level Resistance nevirapine (NVP) High-Level Resistance

Low-Level Resistance

#### RT comments

# NRTI

- D67N is a non-polymorphic TAM associated with low-level resistance to AZT.
- K70R is a TAM that confers intermediate resistance to AZT and contributes to reduced ABC and TDF susceptibility in combination with other TAMs.
- K219E/Q/N/R are accessory TAMS that usually occur in combination with multiple other TAMs.

### NNRTI

- K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.
- E138A is a common polymorphic accessory mutation weakly selected in persons receiving ETR and RPV. It reduces ETR and RPV susceptibility ~2-fold. Its effect on ETR- and RPV-containing regimens is likely to be minimal.
- P225H is a non-polymorphic EFV-selected mutation that usually occurs in combination with K103N. The combination of P225H and K103N synergistically reduces NVP, EFV and DOR susceptibility.

### Other

- K101Q is a relatively non-polymorphic mutation that is weakly selected in persons receiving NVP and EFV. It is of uncertain phenotypic and clinical significance.
- This virus is predicted to have low-level reduced susceptibility to RPV. The use of the combination of CAB/RPV should be considered to be relatively contraindicated.

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Drug resistance mutation scores of NRTI:

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Rule	ABC \$	AZT \$	FTC \$	зтс ≑	TDF \$
<u>D67N</u>	5	15	0	0	5
D67N + K70R + K219Q	10	15	10	10	10
<u>K70R</u>	5	30	0	0	5
<u>K219Q</u>	5	10	0	0	5
Total	25	70	10	10	25

Drug resistance mutation scores of NNRTI:

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	Rule	DOR \$	EFV \$	ETR ‡	NVP \$	RPV \$	
K103	N + P225H	10	0	0	0	0	
	P225H	20	45	0	45	0	
	K103N	0	60	0	60	0	
	E138A	0	0	10	0	15	
	Total	30	105	10	105	15	