PatientID: HDR84

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance
LR: Low-Level Resistance PLR: Potential Low-Level Resistance

IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence
PI	ATV	S	
	DRV	${f S}$	
	FPV	\mathbf{S}	
	IDV	\mathbf{S}	
	LPV	${f S}$	
	NFV	\mathbf{S}	
	SQV	\mathbf{S}	
	TPV	\mathbf{S}	
NRTI	ABC	IR	
	AZT	IR	
	D4T	LR	
	DDI	$_{ m HR}$	K70R;L74I;M184V;K219E
	FTC	$_{ m HR}$	
	LMV	$_{ m HR}$	
	TDF	\mathbf{S}	
NNRTI	DOR	$_{ m HR}$	
	EFV	$_{ m HR}$	
	ETR	IR	V108IV;M230L;K103N
	NVP	$_{ m HR}$	
	RPV	$_{ m HR}$	

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS	
PI		
NRTI	K219E/Q/N/R are accessory TAMS that usually occur in combination with multiple other TAMs. K70R is a TAM that confers intermediate resistance to AZT and contributes to reduced ABC and TDF susceptibility in combination with other TAMs. L74V causes intermediate ABC resistance. L74I causes low-level ABC resistance. M184V/I cause high-level in vitro resistance to 3TC and FTC and low/intermediate resistance to ABC (3-fold reduced susceptibility). M184V/I are not contraindications to	
	continued treatment with 3TC or FTC because they increase susceptibility to AZT and TDF and are associated with clinically significant reductions in HIV-1 replication. K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.	
NNRTI	M230L is an uncommon non-polymorphic mutation selected in persons receiving EFV, NVP, and RPV. It causes intermediate to high-level resistance to each of the NNRTIs. V108I is a relatively non-polymorphic accessory mutation selected in vitro and/or in vivo with each of the NNRTIs. It appears to contribute to reduced susceptibility to most NNRTIs only in combination with other NNRTI-resistance mutations.	

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