Drug resistance interpretation: PR HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

PI Major Mutations: IS4V • V82A • L90M

PLAccessory Mutations: None

PR Other Mutations: L10I • K14R • R41K • D60E • L63P • J64V • A71V • I93L

Protease Inhibitors

atazanavir/r (ATV/r) High-Level Resistance darunavir/r (DRV/r) Susceptible fosamprenavir/r (FPV/r) High-Level Resistance indinavir/r (IDV/r) High-Level Resistance lopinavir/r (LPV/r) High-Level Resistance nelfinavir (NFV) High-Level Resistance saquinavir/r (SQV/r) High-Level Resistance tipranavir/r (TPV/r) Low-Level Resistance

PR comments

Major

- IS4V is a non-polymorphic PI-selected mutation that contributes reduced susceptibility to each of the PIs except DRV.
- . VB2A is a non-polymorphic mutation selected primarily by IDV and LPV. It is associated with reduced susceptibility to LPV and to a lesser extent ATV. It increases DRV susceptibility.
- . L90M is a non-polymorphic PI-selected mutation that reduces susceptibility to ATV and to a lesser extent LPV.

Other

- L10I/V are polymorphic, PI-selected accessory mutations that increase the replication of viruses with other PI-resistance mutations.
- A71V/T are polymorphic, PI-selected accessory mutations that increase the replication of viruses with other PI-resistance mutations.

Drug resistance mutation scores of PI:

Mutation scoring: PR

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

Rule	ATV∫r ≑	DRV/r ÷	FPV/r ÷	IDV/r÷	LPV/r÷	NFV ÷	sqv/r =	TPV/r 💠
<u>154V</u>	15	0	10	15	15	20	15	20
154V + V82A	10	0	10	10	10	10	10	0
154V + L90M	10	0	10	10	5	10	10	0
V82A	15	0	15	30	30	30	15	0
V82A+L90M	10	0	10	10	5	10	10	0
L90M	25	0	20	30	15	60	45	0
Total	85	0	75	105	80	140	105	20

Drug resistance interpretation: RT

NRTI Mutations: D67N • K70R • T215F • K219Q

NNRTI Mutations: N

RT Other Mutations: K32N • T39A • A98AS • D121Y • K122E • I135K • K173Q • I178L • V245Q

Nucleoside	Reverse	Transcri	ptase	Inhibitors
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abacavir (ABC)
zidovudine (AZT)
High-Level Resistance
stavudine (D4T)
High-Level Resistance
didanosine (D0I)
Intermediate Resistance
emtricitabine (FTC)
Potential Low-Level Resistance
lamivudine (3TC)
Potential Low-Level Resistance
tenofovir (TDF)
Intermediate Resistance

Non-nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase Inhibitors

doravirine (DOR)

efavirenz (EFV)

etravirine (ETR)

nevirapine (NVP)

rilpivirine (RPV)

Susceptible

Susceptible

Susceptible

RT comments

NRTI

- D67N is a non-polymorphic TAM associated with low-level resistance to AZT.
- . K70R is a TAM that confers intermediate resistance to AZT and contributes to reduced ABC and TDF susceptibility in combination with other TAMs.
- T215Y/F are TAMs that causes intermediate/high-level resistance to AZT and potentially low-level resistance to ABC and TDF.
- . K219E/Q/N/R are accessory TAMS that usually occur in combination with multiple other TAMs.

utation scoring: RT	HIVDB 9.5.1 (2023-11-05)

Orug resistance mutation scores of NRTI:						Download	
Rule	ABC ÷	AZT ≑	D4T ≑	DDI ÷	FTC ÷	зтс:	
D67N	5	15	15	5	0	0	
D67N + K70R + K219Q	10	15	10	10	10	10	
D67N + T215F + K219Q	5	5	5	5	0	0	
KTOR	5	30	15	10	0	0	
T215F	10	60	40	15	0	0	
K219Q	5	10	10	5	0	0	

40 135 100 55 10 10 40 Total

No drug resistance mutations were found for NNRTI.