PatientID: HDR38

Okitobba 06, 2023

Color Code

HR: High-Level Resistance
LR: Low-Level Resistance
IR: Intermediate Resistance

S: Susceptible

DRUG.CLASS	DRUG	RESISTANCE.PROFILE	DRMS.above.20.percent.prevalence
PI	ATV	S	
	DRV	\mathbf{S}	
	FPV	\mathbf{S}	
	IDV	\mathbf{S}	
	LPV	${f S}$	
	NFV	S	
	SQV	\mathbf{S}	
	TPV	\mathbf{S}	
NRTI	ABC	IR	
	AZT	${f S}$	
	D4T	$_{ m HR}$	
	DDI	$_{ m HR}$	K65R;V75A
	FTC	IR	
	LMV	IR	
	TDF	IR	
NNRTI	DOR	$_{ m HR}$	
	EFV	$_{ m HR}$	
	ETR	IR	L100I;F227L;K103N
	NVP	$_{ m HR}$	
	RPV	$_{ m HR}$	
INSTI	BIC	\mathbf{S}	
	CAB	\mathbf{S}	
	DTG	\mathbf{S}	
	EVG	\mathbf{S}	
	RAL	${f S}$	

Appendix

Drug abbreviations in full

DRUG.CLASS	ABBREVIATION	DRUG.NAME
	ATV	Atazanavir
	DRV	Darunavir
	FPV	Fosamprenavir
PI	IDV	Indinavir
11	LPV	Lopinavir
	NFV	Nelfinavir
	SQV	Saquinavir
	TPV	Tipranavir
	ABC	Abacavir
	AZT	Azidothymidine
	DFT	Stavudine
NRTI	DDI	Didanosine
	FTC	Emtricitabine
	LMV	Lamivudine
	TDF	Tenofovir
	DOR	Doravirine
	EFV	Efavirenz
NNRTI	ETR	Etravirine
	NVP	Nevirapine
	RPV	Rilpivirine
	BIC	Bictegravir
	CAB	Cabotegravir
INSTI	DTG	Dolutegravir
	EVG	Elvitegravir
	RAL	Raltegravir

Comments

DRUG.CLASS	COMMENTS				
PI					
	K65R confers intermediate reductions in susceptibility to TDF, ABC, and 3TC/FTC. It				
	increases AZT susceptibility. In NRTI-experienced, INSTI-naive patients with K65R,				
	TDF+3TC+DTG is usually highly effective and more effective than AZT/3TC/DTG.				
	However, in patients receiving TDF+3TC+DTG, there is a risk of emergent DTG				
NRTI	resistance that does not arise in NRTI-naive patients receiving TDF+3TC+DTG.				
NAII	V75T/M/A/S are nonpolymorphic accessory NRTI-selected mutations. They appear to				
	have minimal phenotypic effects on AZT, ABC, and TDF.				
	F227L is a non-polymorphic mutation that usually occurs in combination with V106A. It is				
	selected in vivo and in vitro with both NVP and DOR. In this context it is associated with				
	high-level reductions in NVP and DOR susceptibility and intermediate reductions in EFV				
	susceptibility. F227I/V are extremely rare mutations that have been selected in vitro by				
	DOR.				
	K103N is a non-polymorphic mutation that confers high-level reductions in NVP and EFV				
NNRTI	susceptibility. It is the most commonly transmitted DRM.				
	L100I is a non-polymorphic mutation that usually occurs in combination with K103N. In				
	this setting it confers high-level resistance to NVP, EFV, and RPV and intermediate				
	resistance to ETR and DOR.				

INSTI	