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Frequency Synthesizer

Introduction

Frequency Synthesizer using the concept of Numeric Controlled Oscillator. The Synthesizer is programmed through the serial port. An effective synthesizer for frequencies in the range of milli-Hz to 10s of KHz.

Can be used with Any AVR with a serial port uses a 40-bit summer value of the 40 bits is received from the serial port at 9600-8-N-1 ASCII encoded format: 123456789A Left to right --> MSB to LSB

Using the Synthesizer

For an 8MHz clock, and a 40-bit Adder as used in this Program, the user is required to send a data string from the PC in 9600-8-N-1 format. The string starts with “ * ” followed by a 10-digit number in ASCII. The 10 digit number “N” is calculated as follows: $N = (2^{40}) * F * 10^{-6}$ (i.e., $N = 1099511.627776 * F$). F is the required frequency and 10^{-6} is the cycle time for the adder loop.

Example: Lets assume you want 1KHz frequency. Therefore N = 004189374B. So transmit the following string to the AVR through the PC serial port: *004189374B and the AVR will generate 1 KHz signal on the PB7 pin. Similarly, to generate a 225 Hz signal, N = 000EBEDFA4. So the string is: *000EBEDFA4.

Code

Use the appropriate path of the 2313def.inc file on your system

```
;*****  
.include "c:\avrtools\appnotes\2313def.inc"  
*****  
  
.equ baudrate=$33 ; 9600 at 8MHz  
  
.def sundry=r16  
.def sum0=r20  
.def sum1=r21  
.def sum2=r22  
.def sum3=r23  
.def sum4=r24  
.def rreg=r25  
.def err_code=r26  
.def rtemp=r16  
.def f0=r1
```

```
.def f1=r2
.def f2=r3
.def f3=r4
.def f4=r5

.cseg
.org 0

rjmp STARTUP

;*****
;Receive data Interrupt Subroutine
.org 7
rjmp get_data
;*****

.org 20

STARTUP:
    ldi sundry, low(RAMEND) ; Stack pointer init.
    out SPL, sundry

    ldi sundry, 255           ;Output port for PORTB.
    out DDRB, sundry

;load default value for the NCO
    ldi sundry, $9c
    mov f0, sundry

    ldi sundry, $dc
    mov f1, sundry

    ldi sundry, $ef
    mov f2, sundry

    ldi sundry, $50
    mov f3, sundry

    ldi sundry, $00
    mov f4, sundry

    rcall init_uart
    sei
;*****
;Main Frequency Synthesizing Loop
loop:   add sum0, f0
        adc sum1, f1
        adc sum2, f2
```

```

        adc sum3, f3
        adc sum4, f4
        out PORTB, sum4           ; Output Frequency on PB7
        rjmp loop
;*****



;*****
;Initialize the UART for 9600-8-N-1 Data Format
init_uart:
    ldi rtemp, baudrate      ;setting baud rate
    out UBRR,rtemp
    ldi rtemp, $98            ;initialising UART control register
                               ;RXCIE interrupt is enabled.
    out UCR, rtemp
    ret
;*****



;*****
;Serial Data Receive ISR
;Routine is invoked when a byte is received.
;The Routine then receives 7 more bytes, if the first
;byte is '*'. Else it returns back to the main program

get_data:
    in r0, sreg
    in sundry, ucr          ;disable further receive interrupt
    andi sundry, $7f
    out ucr, sundry

rxcomp:   sbis USR,RXC          ;poll to check if char received
    rjmp rxcomp
    in rreg,UDR              ;put received data in rreg
    out UDR,rreg              ;echo the character

    cpi rreg, 42              ;start of data header is: '*'
    brne go_back              ; If not, GO BACK.

    ldi err_code, 0

    rcall rx_byte
    cpi err_code, 0
    brne go_back
    mov f4, sundry

    rcall rx_byte
    cpi err_code, 0
    brne go_back
    mov f3, sundry

```

```
        rcall rx_byte
        cpi err_code, 0
        brne go_back
        mov f2, sundry

        rcall rx_byte
        cpi err_code, 0
        brne go_back
        mov f1, sundry

        rcall rx_byte
        cpi err_code, 0
        brne go_back
        mov f0, sundry
        clr sum0
        clr sum1
        clr sum2
        clr sum3
        clr sum4

go_back:
        in sundry, ucr
        ori sundry, $80          ;enable receive complete interrupt again
        out ucr, sundry
        out sreg, r0
        reti

rx_byte:
        sbis USR, 7              ;poll to check if char received
        rjmp rx_byte
        in rreg, UDR
        out UDR, rreg

        cpi rreg,$40
        brsh asnxt
        subi rreg,$30
        rjmp asnxt1
asnxt:   subi rreg,$37
asnxt1:  mov sundry, rreg
        swap sundry
        andi sundry, $f0

rx_bytel:
        sbis USR, 7              ;poll to check if char received
        rjmp rx_bytel
        in rreg, UDR
```

```
    out UDR, rreg
    cpi rreg,$40
    brsh asnxt2
    subi rreg,$30
    rjmp asnxt3
asnxt2: subi rreg,$37
asnxt3: andi rreg, $0f
        or sundry, rreg
        ret
```