# **CSS**

# **▼** Position property.

#### **Relative Position:**

- HTML elements can either be block-level or inline. The former occupy a full line while the latter take place next to other elements on the same line.
- Elements are treated as boxes. Each element is its own box (CSS Box Model).
- We can override an element's default position using the position property.
- Elements can be positioned relatively to their initial position using position: relative; property.
- The position property allows us to use the top, bottom, left and right offsets to move the element <u>away</u> from its initial position.

#### **Absolute Position:**

- We can remove elements from the normal flow using position: absolute; .
- locks the element in place relative to its parent container and removing it from the normal flow of the document.
- Surrounding elements ignore absolutely positioned ones.
- CSS offset properties are used to move the element around.
- Absolute elements are locked relative to its closest relatively positioned ancestor.
- If the parent element isn't positioned relatively. CSS will keep looking up the chain and ultimately default to the <body> tag.

## **Fixed Position :**

- Similar to the absolute positioning property in that it removes the element from the normal flow of the document.
- Fixed elements are positioned relatively to the browser window.
- We use CSS offset properties to move the element around.

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- Fixed elements retain their position when the browser window is scrolled.
- Media Queries are a new technique introduced in CSS3 that change the presentation of content based on different viewport sizes.
- If the media type matches that of the device the document is being viewed on then the styles are applied.

### **▼** Viewport Units.

- · Relative Units.
- Relative to the viewport dimensions of a device.
- vw (viewport width): 10vw would be 10% of the viewport's width.
- vh (viewport height): 3vh would be 3% of the viewport's height.
- vmin (viewport minimum): 70vmin would be 70% of the viewport's smaller dimension (height or width).
- vmax (viewport maximum): 100vmax would be 100% of the viewport's bigger dimension (height or width).

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