Customer Requirements Specification

AAS Digital Nameplate Generator

Customer: Rentschler & Holder

Company address: Rotebühlplatz 41, 70178 Stuttgart

Supplier: Team 2

Role	Name	Email Address
Team Lead	Adrian Khairi	Inf21196@lehre.dhbw- stuttgart.de
Test Manager	Janin Ahlemeyer	Inf21006@lehre.dhbw- stuttgart.de
System Architect & Software Developer	Mika Kuge	Inf21059@lehre.dhbw- stuttgart.de
Technical Documentation	Maris Koch	Inf21050 @lehre.dhbw-stuttgart.de
Product Manager	Erika Zhang	Inf21174@lehre.dhbw-stuttgart.de

Version Control

Version	Date	Author	Comment
1.0	26.09.2022	Erika Zhang	Initialized and created the CRS with Adrian Khairi's (BC) input
1.1	27.09.2022	Erika Zhang	Refined the document with Adrian Khairi's comments
1.2	29.10.2022	Erika Zhang	Added BPMN diagrams
1.3	22.10.2022	Erika Zhang	Refined the document with Adrian Khairi's comments
1.4	15.10.2022	Erika Zhang	Refined the document with the customer's - and Mika Kuge's input
1.5	26.10.2022	Erika Zhang	Refined the document with Adrian Khairi's comments
2.0	15.03.2023	Erika Zhang	Final improvements based on Adrian Khairi's comments

Table of Contents

1	Intro	roduction4		
2	Sco	pe	4	
3	Pro	duct Environment	5	
4	Pro	duct Usage	5	
4.1		Business Processes	5	
4.1.	.1	BP01 View Asset	5	
4.1.	.2	BP02 Nameplate generation	6	
4.1.	.3	BP03 Nameplate download	7	
4.2		Use cases	8	
4.2	.1	UC01 Select a Server	8	
4.2	.2	UC02 Browse the Server	9	
4.2	.3	UC03 Select and view an asset	. 10	
4.2	.4	UC04 View nameplate preview	. 10	
4.2	.5	UC05 Download in SVG format	. 11	
4.2	.6	UC06 Download in PNG format	. 12	
4.3		Functional Requirements	. 12	
4.3	.1	REQ1 Responsive and compatible GUI		
4.3	.2	REQ2 Dark and light mode menu	. 13	
4.3	.3	REQ3 Download menu for SVG and PNG format	. 13	
4.3	.4	REQ4 Search functionality	. 14	
4.3	.5	REQ5 Navigation buttons	. 14	
4.3	.6	REQ6 QR-code generator	. 14	
4.3	.7	REQ7 Nameplate generator	. 15	
4.3	.8	REQ8 Nameplate preview	. 15	
4.3	.9	REQ9 Error handling	. 15	
4.4		Non-functional Requirements	. 16	
4.4	.1	NREQ1 User-friendly	. 16	
4.4	.2	NREQ2 Performance	. 16	
4.4	.3	NREQ3 Reliability	. 16	
4.4	.4	NREQ4 Maintainability	. 17	
4.4	.5	NREQ5 License	. 17	
5	UI s	sketches	. 18	
6	Ref	erences	. 18	

1 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to define the requirements for the digital nameplate generator. The information stated in this document will be used for other documents, for instance, the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) as well as providing a base for subsequent development activities. This includes design, implementation and testing.

2 Scope

The main objective of this project is to create a nameplate generator for an Asset Administration Shell (AAS). As visible in figure 2.1 the application shall be able to create graphical illustrations based on the properties provided by the AAS as well as the ability to generate QR codes according to the DIN standard.

Furthermore, a user-friendly front-end application, set up on the host system, shall be designed and implemented utilizing React. This includes a home page where the user can enter a server address. After selecting the server, the user shall be directed to a user interface (UI) listing all the components available on the server. Additionally, the interface shall display the data regarding the asset chosen by the user in an organized and clear structure. Both search functions contain autocomplete. The interface allows the communication between any AAS server through REST-API. Additionally, there shall be an option to download the nameplate in SVG or PNG format. The application shall be tested to ensure compatibility with a diverse AAS server infrastructure. Forbye, the project shall provide a user manual documentation online.

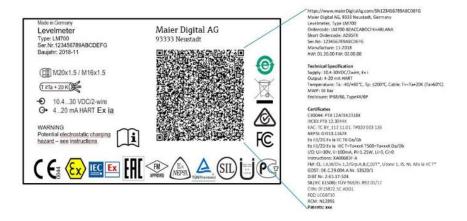


Figure 2.1: Nameplate

3 Product Environment

The web application shall be developed utilizing the framework React, which is an open source front-end JavaScript library. It is used for creating user interfaces (UI) based on UI components [1]. The source code shall be converted to pure with the assistance of the JS platform *Node.js* as well as other modules. This ensures the display of the application in the browser without the use of Node.js.

Thus, the user's web browser acts as the execution environment loading the application through Hypertext Transfer Protocol (Secure), also known as HTTP(S), as well as acquiring the data through REST-API from the AAS-Server.

Since the compiled project shall be hosted on a HTTP(S) server, it does not require an extraordinary infrastructure except providing HTML, CSS and JS to the user.

The AAS is comprised of a number of submodules containing information and functionalities of an asset. It is not only a digital representation of an asset but also acts as a link between physical objects and the intertwined, digital world [2].

4 Product Usage

4.1 Business Processes

4.1.1 BP01 View Asset

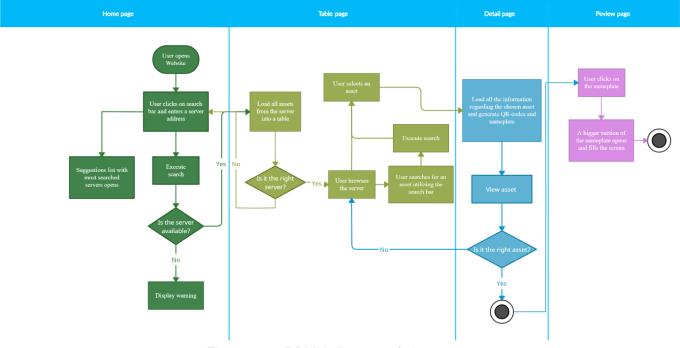


Figure 4.1: BPMN diagram of view asset

Business Process ID	BP01
Involved Roles	User, AAS-Server
Result	The user is able to access a chosen server by entering the
	server address into a search bar. To ensure easier
	handling the most popular servers shall be suggested. A
	table filled with the components of the server is displayed.
	The user can select an asset and view all the sorted
	information provided by the AAS-Server regarding the
	given asset. Additionally, if the user clicks on the wrong
	asset, they can return to the previous page by using the
	back button.
Triggering event	The user wants to view a chosen asset on a specific
	server.
Exceptions	The server is unavailable therefore the user's web browser
	cannot acquire the information for the component list and
	the information regarding a specific asset.
Control points and	There shall be search functions for servers and assets.
measurement	All the components of a chosen server shall be displayed.
	The user can select an asset and more information about
	it shall be presented in a structured order.
	A navigation button shall enable to user to return to the
	previous page.

4.1.2 BP02 Nameplate generation

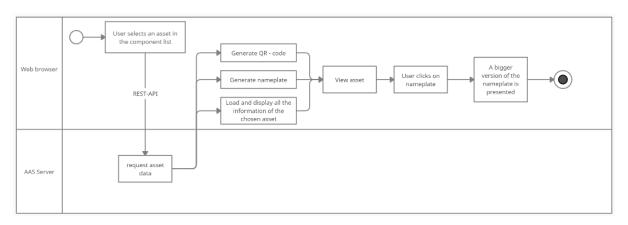


Figure 4.2: BPMN diagram of nameplate generation

Business Process ID	BP02
Involved Roles	User, AAS-Server
Result	The application generates a graphical illustration of a
	nameplate for a given asset with the information provided
	by the AAS-Server. It contains General Information,
	Technical Specification, Certificates and Patents.
	Additionally, the information is stored in a QR-code
	displayed on the nameplate. Furthermore, the nameplate
	must conform to the DIN standard. The nameplate shall be
	displayed on the UI as well as a larger preview version of it
	shall be accessible by clicking on it.
Triggering event	The user wants to look at the nameplate of a chosen
	asset.
Exceptions	The nameplate shall be generated regardless of missing
	information, however, the application shall alert the user
	that the nameplate is not complete.
Control points and	- A nameplate corresponding to the DIN standard must
measurement	be generated for every asset.
	- The information used for the generation should belong
	to the chosen asset.
	- It shall always be displayed in the same position on the
	web application.
	- If there is an error such as missing information, the
	user shall be notified.

4.1.3 BP03 Nameplate download

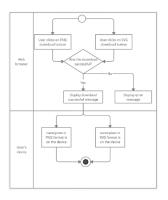


Figure 4.3: BPMN diagram of nameplate download

Business Process ID	BP03
Involved Roles	User, AAS-Server, User's device
Result	A version of the nameplate in either SVG or PNG format is
	downloaded to the user's device.
Triggering event	The user wants a version of the nameplate on their device.
Exceptions	The user's device has no storage for the file or downloads
	a broken file that cannot be opened by the hardware.
Control points and	A correct version of the nameplate is on the user's device.
measurement	The user can open the downloaded file and examine the
	nameplate.

4.2 Use cases

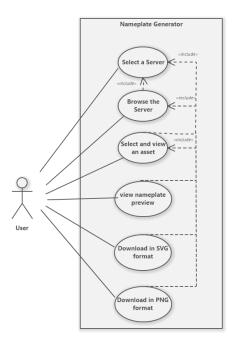


Figure 4.4: Use Case diagram

4.2.1 UC01 Select a Server

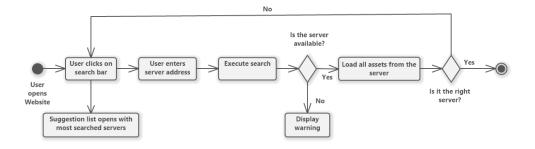


Figure 4.5: Select a server flow chart

Use Case ID	UC01
Description	The user gains access to a server by entering the server
	address into the search bar. When clicking on the search bar a
	suggestion list opens and shows the most visited servers.
	The search function contains autocomplete to ensure easier
	handling.
Involved roles	User, AAS-Server
System boundary	AAS-Server, web browser
Precondition	The user knows the server address and the server must exist
	as well as being available.
Postcondition on	The interface visualizes a table filled with all the components
success	that the server contains.
Triggering event	The user opens the website and wants to view the
	components of a specific server.

4.2.2 UC02 Browse the Server

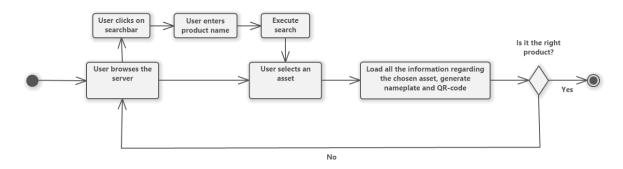


Figure 4.6: Browse the server flow chart

Use Case ID	UC02
Description	Acquire the information of an asset by searching for the
	product name in the component table directly or with the
	search bar.
	The search function contains autocomplete to ensure easier
	handling.
Involved roles	User, AAS-Server
System boundary	AAS-Server, web browser

Precondition	The user knows the name of the product and is on the right
	server containing that specific product.
Postcondition on	The table displays the product names of the assets that match
success	the search key.
Triggering event	The user wants to find a certain product.

4.2.3 UC03 Select and view an asset

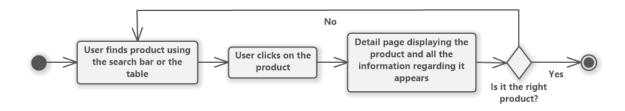


Figure 4.7: Select and view an asset flow chart

Use Case ID	UC03
Description	It describes the selection of an asset and displaying the data
	regarding it.
Involved roles	User, AAS-Server
System boundary	AAS-Server, web browser
Precondition	The user is on the right server containing that specific product.
	Additionally, if there are multiple assets with the same name,
	the user knows which one they are searching for.
Postcondition on	The user is lead to a page displaying the data regarding the
success	chosen asset.
Triggering event	The user wants to view the data of a selected product.

4.2.4 UC04 View nameplate preview



Figure 4.8: Nameplate preview flow chart

Use Case ID	UC04
Description	A preview of the nameplate shall be shown.
Involved roles	User, AAS-Server
System boundary	AAS-Server, web browser
Precondition	A nameplate has been generated.
Postcondition on	The preview of the nameplate filling the whole screen is
success	displayed.
Triggering event	The user wants to inspect a preview of the nameplate in a
	bigger version.

4.2.5 UC05 Download in SVG format

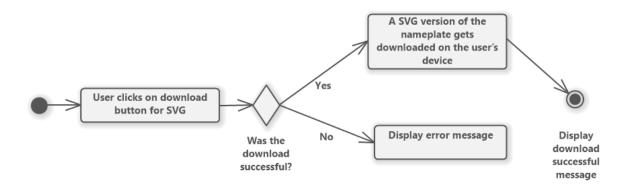


Figure 4.9: Download in SVG format flow chart

Use Case ID	UC05
Description	The nameplate shall be downloaded in SVG format.
Involved roles	User, User's device
System boundary	Web browser
Precondition	The user's device has enough space to store the file.
Postcondition on	A SVG version of the nameplate is on the user's device.
success	
Triggering event	The user wants to download the nameplate in a SVG format.

4.2.6 UC06 Download in PNG format

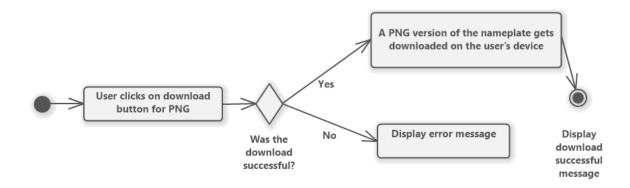


Figure 4.10: Download in PNG format flow chart

Use Case ID	UC06
Description	The nameplate shall be downloaded in PNG format.
Involved roles	User, User's device
System boundary	Web browser
Precondition	The user's device has enough space to store the file.
Postcondition on	A PNG version of the nameplate is on the user's device.
success	
Triggering event	The user wants to download the nameplate in a PNG format.

4.3 Functional Requirements

The requirements shall be described using a requirement number, an overview describing the requirement, originator, fit criterion and a priority number. The requirements shall be ranked from zero to five. Zero being the least important and five being the highest priority. This enables the developers to determine which requirements, have a higher priority and therefore need to be dealt with first or which ones are rather optional.

4.3.1 REQ1 Responsive and compatible GUI

Requirement ID	REQ1
Overview	The interface is built on a responsive web design thus it can be accessed on phone and laptop and the view shall adjust
	according to the user's device.
	It shall also be compatible with multiple browsers.
Priority	2
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	Testing whether there is a similar design on laptop and phone
	as well as on different Browsers, for instance, Chrome, Firefox
	and Edge.

4.3.2 REQ2 Dark and light mode menu

Requirement ID	REQ2
Overview	The buttons shall enable switching between light and dark
	mode.
Priority	0
Originator	Team
Fit Criterion	If the user is using light mode and clicks on the dark mode
	button the colors of the page shall change to a darker theme. If
	the user is using dark mode and clicks on the light mode
	button, the color theme shall change to a lighter one.

4.3.3 REQ3 Download menu for SVG and PNG format

Requirement ID	REQ3
Overview	The nameplates are downloaded onto the user's device.
Priority	4
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	A SVG or PNG version of the exact nameplate displayed on
	the page shall be on the user's device and the user is notified
	about the successful download. The format depends on which
	button is pressed.

4.3.4 REQ4 Search functionality

Requirement ID	REQ4
Overview	The search functions allow the user to search for a certain
	product or a server.
Priority	3
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	It requires a search bar where the user can type in the server
	or product name with the assistance of autocomplete. When
	clicking the search button, the right asset on server shall be
	displayed for the user.

4.3.5 REQ5 Navigation buttons

Requirement ID	REQ5
Overview	When clicking the back button the user shall be led to the
	page, he previously viewed, while being directed to the
	following page when clicking the forward button.
Priority	1
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	With the back button the user shall be able to move to the
	previous page. Navigating to the root shall be possible, e.g.,
	from detail page to table page to home page. The forward
	button shall forward the user to the next page.

4.3.6 REQ6 QR-code generator

Requirement ID	REQ6
Overview	The application is able to generate QR-codes for the
	nameplates.
Priority	5
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	QR-codes shall be generated for every asset and visible on the detail page. They shall correspond to the DIN Standard and

	contain information in the following order: General Information,
	Technical Specification, Certificates and Patents.

4.3.7 REQ7 Nameplate generator

Requirement	REQ7
Number	
Overview	It can create nameplates for the chosen asset.
Priority	5
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	Nameplates according to the DIN standard shall be generated
	out of the asset the user chose. It shall contain all the
	necessary information such as general Information, warning
	signs, certificates and a QR-code. A small version shall be
	displayed on the detail page.

4.3.8 REQ8 Nameplate preview

Requirement ID	REQ8
Overview	The application provides a preview of the nameplate.
Priority	1
Originator	Team
Fit Criterion	The user can click on the nameplate enabling a bigger version
	to open and fill the screen so it can be looked at in more detail,
	e.g., zooming in.

4.3.9 REQ9 Error handling

Requirement ID	REQ9
Overview	The system has an error handling.
Priority	4
Originator	Team
Fit Criterion	When the server is down or does not exist, the user shall be notified.

4.4 Non-functional Requirements

4.4.1 NREQ1 User-friendly

Requirement ID	NREQ1
Overview	The application should be user-friendly, thus, a user with no
	experience with the website shall be able to use it effortlessly.
Priority	5
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	An inexperienced user shall be able to navigate through the
	page in two minutes and use search functions in 30 seconds. If
	the user knows the right server and product name, it shall take
	them one minute to get to the detail page of the asset they
	were trying to look at and 20 seconds to download a SVG or
	PNG version of the nameplate.

4.4.2 NREQ2 Performance

Requirement ID	NREQ2
Overview	The software should maintain a high performance in terms of
	how fast a website loads including the time fetching data from
	the server and displaying it.
Priority	3
Originator	Customer
Fit Criterion	The standard loading time of websites is one to two seconds.
	However, taken into consideration that it depends on the
	internet connection as well, the pages will load in a duration of
	well below seven seconds.

4.4.3 NREQ3 Reliability

Requirement ID	NREQ3
Overview	The application needs to be reliable in terms of containing the right information.
Priority	4
Originator	Customer

Fit Criterion	The nameplates and QR-codes have to be generated
	according to the DIN standard. The information must belong to
	the chosen asset meaning there shall not be a false exchange
	of data regarding different assets.

4.4.4 NREQ4 Maintainability

Requirement ID	NREQ4
Overview	The website requires a high maintainability.
Priority	3
Originator	Team
Fit Criterion	Each team member shall be able to read and understand the
	code as well as knowing how to make changes. Additionally,
	developers not belonging to the team shall be able to do so as
	well after reading the code for five hours.

4.4.5 NREQ5 License

Requirement ID	NREQ5
Overview	The product is an open source software thus a license for
	publishing it is required.
Priority	5
Originator	Team
Fit Criterion	The product is published under the MIT license and it is added to the GitHub.
. it cittori	·

5 UI sketches

A high fidelity prototype of the front-end application has been designed using the tool Figma and can be found under the following link: Figma prototype.

The current illustration on the homepage is only a placeholder and will therefore be replaced with a nameplate later on.

At the top of the page there is a navigation bar containing a back button, either a sun or moon icon, a home, about and GitHub link. By clicking on the moon and sun icons the user can switch between dark and light mode. Through the back button the user can navigate to the previous page. Furthermore, the home link leads to the home page.

After searching for a server by clicking on the magnifying glass the user is led to a component list where they can search for an asset. When clicking on the last row the table expands and a scrolling function is activated. This is simply for sketch purposes since the table will be generated dynamically. The first row leads the user to an example page of an asset, however, for show purposes it does not contain all the information nor the right nameplate. Lastly, clicking on the nameplate results in a nameplate preview with a bigger version filling the page.

6 References

- [1] W3Schools, "What is React?," [Online]. Available: https://www.w3schools.com/whatis/whatis_react.asp. [Accessed on 29.09.2022].
- [2] A. O. S. P. Jörg Neidig, "Asset Administration Shell Reading Guide," 01 2022. [Online]. Available: chrome-extension://efaidnbmnnnibpcajpcglclefindmkaj/https://www.plattformi40.de/IP/Redaktion/DE/Downloads/Publikation/AAS-ReadingGuide_202201.pdf?__blob=publicationFile&v=4#:~:text=The%20Asset%20Administration%20Shell%20(AAS,and%20capabilities%20%E2%80%9. [Accessed on 28.09.2022].