Business Case

AAS Digital Nameplate Generator

Customer: Rentschler & Holder

Company address: Rotebühlplatz 41, 70178 Stuttgart

Supplier: Team 2

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
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Version Control

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Version | Date | Author | Comment |
| 1.0 | 25.09.2022 | Adrian Khairi | Initialize the BC and create a first version of the offer |
| 1.1 | 27.09.2022 | Adrian Khairi | Refined the document with Erika Zhang’s comments |
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| 1.4 | 13.10.2022 | Adrian Khairi | Improved the document’s quality even more by using inspirations of actual enterprise documents |
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# Introduction

The purpose of this document is to evaluate the benefits, costs and risks of the project “Digital Nameplate Generator”. Furthermore, it will substantiate why the benefits of this project overweigh its costs.

# Scope

A nameplate generator shall be developed using the DIN standard, a REST-API and the Asset Administration Shell (AAS) - Server. Furthermore, a search function and a user interface with a list of all the assets shall be included in the final version. The user shall be able to choose an asset and all the information regarding it shall be displayed pre-sorted. The nameplate can be downloaded in PNG or SVG format.

# Qualitative and Quantitative Benefits of Development

The purpose of development is to automate the name plating process acting as a long-term solution since no more employees will be needed for this task. It eases the collection of information for a certain product as well as speeding up the information collecting process by presorting it. Thus resulting in employee productivity growth. The clear illustration improves the quality as the ease of use opens up more opportunities to use this program. To sum up, the efficiency and productivity are increased, while the costs are decreased in a long term. It should also be mentioned that there is a possibility to earn money by selling the final product.

# Limits and Risks

First, a risk is that team members have to focus on different subjects, e.g., tasks in their companies, while working on this project. There is also a financial risk for the customer. The customer shall only profit from the aspects of chapter 2 if the project scope is accomplished and the expenditures are kept manageable. Another risk is that the milestones plan cannot be achieved in the requested time. Fulfilling the project scope and avoiding aforesaid risks is realistic because the workload of each team member is manageable and comprehensible. Furthermore, risks, e.g., illnesses like Covid-19, are also considered in the schedule, based on a 30% of total time buffer in the milestones plan to maintain the expectations of the customer. The risk of customer misalignment is met by asking the customer’s opinion on every major decision. There are also more common risks, like exmatriculation. But this risk is considered quite low since all team members usually get good grades. This argumentation is the reason for the upcoming illustrations. The risks are rated on a scale from 1 to 5. 1 conveying a low risk and 5 a high risk.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Risks** | **Rating (1-5)** |
| Focus on Different Subjects | 3 |
| Financial | 5 |
| Timing | 4 |
| Illnesses of Team Members | 2 |
| Exmatriculation | 2 |
| Customer Misalignment | 2 |

Table 1: Risks with Rating

Figure 1: Ratings of Risks

# Time Frame

The time frame for this project is 16.09.2022 - 28.05.2023. However, from 28.11.2022 - 06.03.2023 the team members will work in their companies. Thus, the workload during this time will be reduced.

To achieve the project scope, the main goal is split into two. The goal of the third semester is to program the functional tasks, e.g., the requests to the AAS Server through input by the user. The goal of the fourth semester is to create a React front end. While fulfilling those, the requested documents, e.g., Business Case, are written and refined. The development shall be documented in meeting protocols, which are standardized via a self-made template. The estimated expenditure of time is 150 hours per person. This estimation is based on the plan for self-study via the DHBW of 180 hours for both semesters. 30 hours are removed for exam preparation. The estimation of expenditure time is shown and illustrated in the upcoming table and figures. Each unit of time is estimated in hours.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tasks** | **Adrian Khairi** | **Janin Ahlemeyer** | **Mika Kuge** | **Maris Koch** | **Erika Zhang** |
| Protocoling | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Documents | 30 | 10 | 5 | 40 | 25 |
| Product analysis | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| Project design | 0 | 10 | 30 | 10 | 10 |
| Coding | 0 | 35 | 50 | 40 | 10 |
| Test | 0 | 50 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Meetings | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Customer exchange | 15 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Leading project | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Presentation | 20 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Research | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| GitHub | 5 | 15 | 15 | 25 | 20 |

Table 2: Estimation of Expenditure Time

Figure 2: Illustration of Working Hours regarding the Working Packages

Figure 3: Illustration of Working Hours regarding the Team Members

# Expenses

It is a software project. Thus, the costs shall be composed of software tools, standard office equipment, server solution and working hours.

Most of the software tools, used in this project, are either free or open source. The only tool costing money is JetBrains’ Webstorm as a license is 249€ per member. That results in fix costs of 1245€ in this area. Renting an office space is not necessary, since remote work is possible. Every team member has standard office equipment, so no costs are expected in this area, other than energy and internet. Those fix costs are estimated 150€ for each team member. That results in fix costs of 750€ in this area. After accomplishing the scope, the project should work on an efficient server which is maintained in certain time periods. The compiled project shall be hosted on a Hypertext Transfer Protocol (Secure), also known as HTTP(S), therefore free server. The server does not need special infrastructure, besides providing the HyperText Markup Language (HTML), JavaScript (JS) and Cascading Style Sheets (CSS) to a user. That results in total **fix costs** of **1995**€. The fix costs are also displayed in the following figures to provide a simpler view and understanding.

Figure 4: Illustration of Fix Costs per Person

The variable costs of this project are the average wages of those roles or rather jobs in Germany. Furthermore, the estimated amount of working hours are considered in this document. The variable costs can also be shown by separating the costs by work packages. Both ways of listing and illustrating the variable costs are presented in the upcoming graphics. Adding up all employee costs or rather **variable costs** results in **73500€**. That results in a **total costs** of **75495**€ including the fix- and variable costs. The following tables and figures shall show deeper insights into the work packages and employee costs:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Role** | **Team Member** | **Hourly Wage** | **Costs of 150 Hours** |
| Project Lead | Adrian Khairi | 110 € | 16.500 € |
| Product Manager | Erika Zhang | 105 € | 15.750 € |
| Test Manager | Janin Ahlemeyer | 90 € | 13.500 € |
| System Architect & Software Developer | Mika Kuge | 100 € | 15.000 € |
| Technical Documentation | Maris Koch | 85 € | 12.750 € |
| **Estimtated Variable Costs** |  |  | **73.500 €** |

Table 3: Employee Costs

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Work Packages** | **Adrian Khairi** | **Janin Ahlemeyer** | **Mika Kuge** | **Maris Koch** | **Erika Zhang** |
| Protocoling | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| Documents | 30 | 10 | 5 | 40 | 25 |
| Product analysis | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 |
| Project design | 0 | 10 | 30 | 10 | 10 |
| Coding | 0 | 35 | 50 | 40 | 10 |
| Test | 0 | 50 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Meetings | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Customer exchange | 15 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| Leading project | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Presentation | 20 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 0 |
| Research | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| GitHub | 5 | 15 | 15 | 25 | 20 |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Work Packages** | **Costs** |
| Protocoling | 1.075 € |
| Documents | 10.725 € |
| Product analysis | 6.350 € |
| Project design | 5.800 € |
| Coding | 12.600 € |
| Test | 5.425 € |
| Meetings | 9.800 € |
| Customer exchange | 2.150 € |
| Leading project | 3.850 € |
| Presentation | 3.200 € |
| Research | 4.900 € |
| GitHub | 7.625 € |
| **Estimtated Variable Costs** | **73.500 €** |

Table 4: Work Packages of the Employees

Figure 5: Hourly Wage based on Role

Table 5: Costs of Work Packages

Figure 6: Costs of 150 hours based on Work Package

# Offer

All the information and costs, both fix and variable costs, lead to the upcoming offer. Those details as well as the **offer sum** of **90594€** are illustrated in the following tables, which show the total cost of the project along with the profit margin and the offer.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Fix Costs** | **Costs in Euro** | **Amount** | **Costs for whole Team** |
| JetBrains Webstorm license | 249 € | 5 | 1.245 € |
| Energy & Internet | 150 € | 5 | 750 € |
| Server | 0 € | 1 | 0 € |
| **Total fix costs** |  |  | **1.995 €** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Details** | **Expenses** |
| Total Costs | 75.495 € |
| Profit of 20% | 15.099 € |
| **Offer Sum** | **90.594 €** |

Table 6: Fix Costs

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Type of Costs** | **Costs** |
| Variable Costs | 73.500 € |
| Fix Costs | 1.995 € |
| **Total Costs** | **75.495 €** |

Table 7: Total Costs Table 8: Offer