

1. Candidiasis affects only mucous membranes of the body.

- a. Not given
- b. True

c. False

2. Candidiasis affects only mucous membranes of the body.

- a. True
- b. Not given

c. False

3. Candidiasis can indicate a problem with the immune system

a. True

b. Not given

c. False

4. Candidiasis can indicate a problem with the immune system

a. False

b. True

c. Not given

5. CandidiasisMucocutaneous infection results in oropharyngeal (thrush) or vaginal or cervical candi

6. Choose the correct statement.

- a. Candidiasis itself is not dangerous
- b. Candidiasis occurs only in neonates
- c. Candidiasis - is always the symptom of more serious illness

d. In some cases, candidiasis can lead to death

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8. How can a definitive diagnosis of invasive candidiasis be made?

- a. By performing endoscopy
- b. Microscopically
- c. Clinically

d. By finding Candida in the tissue that is normally sterile

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- b. By performing endoscopy
- c. By finding Candida in the tissue that is normally sterile
- d. Microscopically

10. Oral candidiasis is always a symptom of HIV infection.

a. False

b. Not given

c. True

11. Oral candidiasis is always a symptom of HIV infection.

a. False

b. True

c. Not given

12. The patients in the ICU have a high possibility of developing candidiasis.

a. Not given

b. False

c. True

13. The patients in the ICU have a high possibility of developing candidiasis.

a. True

b. Not given

c. False

14. What factors increase the risk of getting candidiasis?

a. Prematurity, neutropenia, or treatment with corticosteroids

- b. Cytotoxic chemotherapy and asthma
- c. Allergy and neutropenia
- d. Treatment with corticosteroids and NSAIDs

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16. What patients have a higher risk of getting infected with candidiasis?

a. Patients who underwent surgery

- b. Patients who stay in the hospital
- c. Patients who are taking any drugs
- d. Patients who had contact with the infected person

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