

1. 10-year-old child complains of pain in the area of the upper front teeth during eating cold food.

a. Dental compomer

b. Glass ionomer

c. Microhybrid composite

d. Microfilled composite

e. Amalgam

2. 10-year-old child complains of pain in the area of the upper front teeth during eating cold food.

a. Dental compomer

b. Glass ionomer

c. Microfilled composite

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e. Microhybrid composite

3. 3 days after the extraction of tooth 46, a 29-year-old man developed complaints of a dull pain in

a. Acute necropurulent alveolitis

b. Acute suppurative alveolitis

c. Acute serous alveolitis

d. Chronic local osteomyelitis

e. Neuritis of the alveolar nerve

4. 3 days after the extraction of tooth 46, a 29-year-old man developed complaints of a dull pain in

a. Neuritis of the alveolar nerve

b. Chronic local osteomyelitis

c. Acute serous alveolitis

d. Acute suppurative alveolitis

e. Acute necropurulent alveolitis

5. 9.5-year-old child complains of destruction of an upper right lateral tooth. Objectively, the cro

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

e. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

6. 9.5-year-old child complains of destruction of an upper right lateral tooth. Objectively, the cro

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

7. A 10-year-old boy complains of a painful ulcer in his mouth. The ulcer has been persisting and in

a. Cancer

b. Lichen ruber planus

c. Actinomycosis

d. Tuberculosis

e. Syphilis

8. A 10-year-old boy complains of a painful ulcer in his mouth. The ulcer has been persisting and in

a. Lichen ruber planus

b. Syphilis

c. Tuberculosis

d. Cancer

e. Actinomycosis

9. A 10-year-old child complains of pain, dryness, enlargement, and peeling of the lips. Examination

a. Actinic cheilitis

b. Exfoliative cheilitis

c. Cheilitis glandularis

d. Meteorological cheilitis

e. Allergic contact cheilitis

10. A 10-year-old child complains of pain, dryness, enlargement, and peeling of the lips. Examination

- a. Exfoliative cheilitis
- b. Allergic contact cheilitis

c. Cheilitis glandularis

- d. Actinic cheilitis
- e. Meteorological cheilitis

11. A 10-year-old child complains of persisting throbbing pain in tooth 36, which appeared one day a

- a. Conservative treatment
- b. Devital amputation

c. Vital extirpation

- d. Vital amputation
- e. Devital extirpation

12. A 10-year-old child complains of persisting throbbing pain in tooth 36, which appeared one day a

- a. Vital amputation
- b. Conservative treatment

c. Devital extirpation

d. Devital amputation

e. Vital extirpation

13. A 10-year-old child is referred by the orthodontist for extraction of tooth 53. Objectively the

- a. Root bayonet forceps
- b. Crown forceps with S-shaped handles

c. Straight crown forceps

- d. Beak-shaped root forceps
- e. Straight elevator

14. A 10-year-old child is referred by the orthodontist for extraction of tooth 53. Objectively the

- a. Straight elevator
- b. Beak-shaped root forceps

c. Root bayonet forceps

d. Straight crown forceps

e. Crown forceps with S-shaped handles

15. A 10-year-old girl complains of pain in the area of her upper front teeth, observed when she eat

- a. Compomer
- b. Amalgam

c. Microhybrid composite

- d. Glass ionomer cement
- e. Macro-filled composite

16. A 10-year-old girl complains of pain in the area of her upper front teeth, observed when she eat

- a. Compomer
- b. Glass ionomer cement

c. Microhybrid composite

- d. Amalgam
- e. Macro-filled composite

17. A 12-year-old boy complains of a pain and trauma of the buccal tissues on the right. The trauma

- a. Early primary
- b. Secondary

c. Late primary

d. Primary

e. Delayed primary

18. A 12-year-old boy complains of a pain and trauma of the buccal tissues on the right. The trauma

- a. Late primary
- b. Secondary

c. Primary

d. Delayed primary

e. Early primary

19. A 12-year-old boy complains of constant intense throbbing toothache, aggravated by biting on the

- a. Acute odontogenic periostitis

b. Acute purulent periodontitis

c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute purulent pulpitis

20. A 12-year-old boy complains of constant intense throbbing toothache, aggravated by biting on the

a. Acute serous periodontitis

b. Acute purulent pulpitis

c. Acute odontogenic periostitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute purulent periodontitis

21. A 12-year-old boy complains of constant pain in the upper tooth. The pain aggravates on biting.

a. Acute odontogenic periostitis

b. Acute suppurative pulpitis

c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

d. Acute suppurative periodontitis

e. Acute serous periodontitis

22. A 12-year-old boy complains of constant pain in the upper tooth. The pain aggravates on biting.

a. Acute suppurative pulpitis

b. Acute suppurative periodontitis

c. Acute odontogenic periostitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute serous periodontitis

23. A 12-year-old boy complains to a dentist of a swelling on his chin. The edema appeared 3 weeks a

a. Non-odontogenic abscess of the mental region

b. Chronic post-traumatic osteomyelitis

c. Purulent hematoma of the mental region

d. Chronic hyperplastic periostitis

e. Chronic non-odontogenic lymphadenitis

24. A 12-year-old boy complains to a dentist of a swelling on his chin. The edema appeared 3 weeks a

a. Non-odontogenic abscess of the mental region

b. Purulent hematoma of the mental region

c. Chronic hyperplastic periostitis

d. Chronic non-odontogenic lymphadenitis

e. Chronic post-traumatic osteomyelitis

25. A 12-year-old boy develops a long-term aching pain in the area of his tooth 46 after eating hot

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

b. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

26. A 12-year-old boy develops a long-term aching pain in the area of his tooth 46 after eating hot

a. Chronic deep caries

b. Chronic granulating periodontitis

c. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

d. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

27. A 12-year-old child complains of high body temperature of 39.7°C , enlarged lymph nodes, sore th

a. Herpes simplex virus

b. Coxsackievirus

c. Epstein-Barr virus

d. Loeffler bacillus

e. Hemolytic streptococcus

28. A 12-year-old child complains of high body temperature of 39.7°C , enlarged lymph nodes, sore th

a. Herpes simplex virus

b. Coxsackievirus

c. Loeffler bacillus

d. Epstein-Barr virus

e. Hemolytic streptococcus

29. A 12-year-old child presents with temperature 38°C , chills, nausea, vomiting, delirium, and wea

a. Cutaneous actinomycosis

b. Erysipelatous inflammation

c. Streptoderma, submandibular lymphadenopathy

d. Acute non-odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

e. Facial vein thrombophlebitis

30. A 12-year-old child presents with temperature 38°C , chills, nausea, vomiting, delirium, and wea

a. Streptoderma, submandibular lymphadenopathy

b. Acute non-odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

c. Erysipelatous inflammation

d. Facial vein thrombophlebitis

e. Cutaneous actinomycosis

31. A 12-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of spontaneous, paroxysmal pain with short

a. Acute purulent pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic concrementous pulpitis

d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Acute limited pulpitis

32. A 12-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of spontaneous, paroxysmal pain with short

a. Chronic concrementous pulpitis

b. Acute limited pulpitis

c. Acute purulent pulpitis

d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

33. A 12-year-old girl complains of a painful neoplasm under the tongue on the left. It appears duri

a. Interstitial parotitis

b. Sialodochitis

c. Calculous submaxillitis

d. Parenchymatous parotitis

e. Sclerosing submaxillitis

34. A 12-year-old girl complains of a painful neoplasm under the tongue on the left. It appears duri

a. Sclerosing submaxillitis

b. Sialodochitis

c. Calculous submaxillitis

d. Parenchymatous parotitis

e. Interstitial parotitis

35. A 12-year-old girl complains of general weakness, high temperature, and swelling of the face on

a. Acute bacterial parotitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic parenchymal parotitis

c. Concrementous sialadenitis

d. Acute epidemic parotitis

e. Herzenberg's pseudoparotitis

36. A 12-year-old girl complains of general weakness, high temperature, and swelling of the face on

a. Exacerbation of chronic parenchymal parotitis

b. Herzenberg's pseudoparotitis

c. Acute epidemic parotitis

d. Concrementous sialadenitis

e. Acute bacterial parotitis

37. A 12-year-old girl complains of pain in her lower front tooth during eating sweet foods. Objecti

a. Compomer

b. Chemically-cured composite

c. Light-cured composite

- d. Silicate cement
- e. Glass ionomer cement

38. A 12-year-old girl complains of pain in her lower front tooth during eating sweet foods. Objecti

- a. Silicate cement
- b. Glass ionomer cement
- c. Chemically-cured composite

d. Light-cured composite

- e. Compomer

39. A 12-year-old girl complains of pain in her mouth that occurs during eating. According to her me

- a. Chronic recurrent herpetic stomatitis
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- d. Toxic-allergic drug-induced stomatitis

e. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

40. A 12-year-old girl complains of pain in her mouth that occurs during eating. According to her me

- a. Toxic-allergic drug-induced stomatitis
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- c. Chronic recurrent herpetic stomatitis
- d. Acute herpetic stomatitis

e. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

41. A 12-year-old girl complains of spontaneous pain in tooth 16 with short periods of remission (10

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

- b. Acute local pulpitis
- c. Chronic concrementous pulpitis
- d. Acute apical periodontitis
- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

42. A 12-year-old girl has been hospitalized because of injuries sustained during a fall from a heig

- a. Combined trauma

b. Joined trauma

- c. Single trauma
- d. Multiple trauma
- e. Isolated trauma

43. A 12-year-old girl has been hospitalized because of injuries sustained during a fall from a heig

- a. Combined trauma
- b. Single trauma
- c. Isolated trauma
- d. Multiple trauma

e. Joined trauma

44. A 12.5-year-old child came to the dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Objectively caries progres

- a. Enzyme

b. Amine fluoride

- c. Salt supplement
- d. Herbal extract
- e. Antiseptic

45. A 12.5-year-old child came to the dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Objectively caries progres

- a. Salt supplement
- b. Enzyme

c. Amine fluoride

- d. Herbal extract
- e. Antiseptic

46. A 13-year-old boy complains of facial pain and edema on the left, which appeared the day before,

- a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Acute odontogenic purulent periostitis

- c. Odontogenic buccal phlegmon
- d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 36

e. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis

47. A 13-year-old boy complains of facial pain and edema on the left, which appeared the day before,

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Odontogenic buccal phlegmon

c. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 36

e. Acute odontogenic purulent periostitis

48. A 13-year-old boy complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth and constant aching p

a. Generalized parodontitis, initial stage, chronic course

b. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

c. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

e. Localized parodontitis

49. A 13-year-old boy complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth and constant aching p

a. Localized parodontitis

b. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

c. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

e. Generalized parodontitis, initial stage, chronic course

50. A 13-year-old child complains of acute pain in an upper tooth. The pain intensifies during bitin

a. Acute purulent periodontitis

b. Acute purulent pulpitis

c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute circumscribed pulpitis

51. A 13-year-old child complains of acute pain in an upper tooth. The pain intensifies during bitin

a. Acute purulent pulpitis

b. Acute purulent periodontitis

c. Acute circumscribed pulpitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute serous periodontitis

52. A 13-year-old child complains of periodical gingival bleeding during teeth brushing, which has b

a. Herbal extracts

b. Amine fluorides

c. Zinc citrate

d. Salt additives

e. Calcium glycerophosphate

53. A 13-year-old child complains of periodical gingival bleeding during teeth brushing, which has b

a. Herbal extracts

b. Zinc citrate

c. Salt additives

d. Calcium glycerophosphate

e. Amine fluorides

54. A 13-year-old girl complains of pain and swelling in her right submandibular region and a fever

a. Acute odontogenic purulent periostitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 46

c. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

d. Odontogenic abscess of the right submandibular area originating from tooth 46

e. Acute odontogenic serous periostitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

55. A 13-year-old girl complains of pain and swelling in her right submandibular region and a fever

a. Acute odontogenic serous periostitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

b. Odontogenic abscess of the right submandibular area originating from tooth 46

c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 46

d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

e. Acute odontogenic purulent periostitis of the mandible originating from tooth 46

56. A 13-year-old girl complains of painful bleeding gums and bad breath. The signs appeared approxi

- a. Gingivotomy
- b. Vestibuloplasty
- c. Complete professional oral hygiene
- d. Pocket curettage
- e. Physiotherapy

57. A 13-year-old girl complains of painful bleeding gums and bad breath. The signs appeared approxi

- a. Physiotherapy
- b. Gingivotomy
- c. Vestibuloplasty
- d. Pocket curettage
- e. Complete professional oral hygiene

58. A 13-year-old girl complains of tooth mobility. Objectively, her tooth crowns are of normal shap

- a. Dentinogenesis imperfecta
- b. Osteogenesis imperfecta
- c. Systemic enamel hypoplasia
- d. Amelogenesis imperfecta
- e. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome

59. A 13-year-old girl complains of tooth mobility. Objectively, her tooth crowns are of normal shap

- a. Osteogenesis imperfecta
- b. Amelogenesis imperfecta
- c. Systemic enamel hypoplasia
- d. Dentinogenesis imperfecta
- e. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome

60. A 13.5-year-old girl complains of swollen gums that bleed when she brushes her teeth. This condi

- a. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- b. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- d. Localized periodontitis, degree I
- e. Generalized periodontitis, degree I

61. A 13.5-year-old girl complains of swollen gums that bleed when she brushes her teeth. This condi

- a. Generalized periodontitis, degree I
- b. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Localized periodontitis, degree I
- d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- e. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

62. A 14-year-old boy complains of a rash in his oral cavity and on the lips. The rash appeared afte

- a. Anti-inflammatory drugs
- b. Antifungal drugs
- c. Antihistamines
- d. Antiviral drugs
- e. Keratoplastics

63. A 14-year-old boy complains of a rash in his oral cavity and on the lips. The rash appeared afte

- a. Antifungal drugs
- b. Antihistamines
- c. Keratoplastics
- d. Anti-inflammatory drugs
- e. Antiviral drugs

64. A 14-year-old child complains of an aesthetic defect of the front teeth. Objectively, the enamel

- a. Local enamel hypoplasia
- b. Amelogenesis imperfecta
- c. Systemic enamel hypoplasia
- d. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome
- e. Dentinogenesis imperfecta

65. A 14-year-old child complains of an aesthetic defect of the front teeth. Objectively, the enamel

- a. Local enamel hypoplasia
- b. Dentinogenesis imperfecta
- c. Stainton-Capdepont syndrome
- d. Amelogenesis imperfecta

e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

66. A 14-year-old child complains of bleeding and pain in the lower right molar during eating. Objec

a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

b. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

e. Chronic papillitis

67. A 14-year-old child complains of bleeding and pain in the lower right molar during eating. Objec

a. Chronic papillitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

e. Chronic granulating periodontitis

68. A 14-year-old child has a bilateral mandibular fracture in the area of the mental foramina. Agai

a. Foreign bodies in the oral cavity

b. Posterior displacement of the tongue root with a mandibular fragment

c. Hypersalivation

d. Edema of the oral mucosa

e. Formation of a hematoma in the floor of the mouth

69. A 14-year-old child has a bilateral mandibular fracture in the area of the mental foramina. Agai

a. Hypersalivation

b. Edema of the oral mucosa

c. Posterior displacement of the tongue root with a mandibular fragment

d. Formation of a hematoma in the floor of the mouth

e. Foreign bodies in the oral cavity

70. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of a large cavity in her upper molar. Objec

a. Acute deep caries

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic median caries

71. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of a large cavity in her upper molar. Objec

a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

c. Chronic median caries

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Acute deep caries

72. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of dry mouth and decreased salivation. Duri

a. B_2

b. A

c. K

d. D_3

e. B_1

73. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of dry mouth and decreased salivation. Duri

a. B_2

b. K

c. B_1

d. D_3

e. A

74. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of enlarged interdental papillae in the fro

a. Cardiovascular system

- b. Digestive system
- c. Central nervous system
- d. Endocrine system
- e. Immune system

75. A 14-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of enlarged interdental papillae in the fro

- a. Immune system
- b. Cardiovascular system
- c. Central nervous system
- d. Endocrine system
- e. Digestive system

76. A 14-year-old girl complains of a pulsing pain in her upper left teeth that lasts for 3 days alr

- a. Acute purulent periodontitis
- b. Pulpitis complicated with periodontitis
- c. Acute serous periodontitis
- d. Acute purulent pulpitis
- e. Acute serous pulpitis

77. A 14-year-old girl complains of a pulsing pain in her upper left teeth that lasts for 3 days alr

- a. Acute serous pulpitis
- b. Acute purulent periodontitis
- c. Acute purulent pulpitis
- d. Pulpitis complicated with periodontitis
- e. Acute serous periodontitis

78. A 14-year-old girl, while conducting experiments during a chemistry class, received a burn on he

- a. Electric
- b. Radiation
- c. Alkaline
- d. Acidic
- e. Thermal

79. A 14-year-old girl, while conducting experiments during a chemistry class, received a burn on he

- a. Thermal
- b. Electric
- c. Alkaline
- d. Acidic
- e. Radiation

80. A 14-year-old patient has an anomaly of teeth positioning, detected by a dentist during an exami

- a. Transposition of teeth 23 and 24
- b. Distal position of tooth 23
- c. Mesial position of tooth 24 and distal position of tooth 23
- d. Semi-retention of teeth 23 and 24
- e. Mesial position of tooth 24

81. A 14-year-old patient has an anomaly of teeth positioning, detected by a dentist during an exami

- a. Distal position of tooth 23
- b. Mesial position of tooth 24 and distal position of tooth 23
- c. Transposition of teeth 23 and 24
- d. Mesial position of tooth 24
- e. Semi-retention of teeth 23 and 24

82. A 14-year-old teenager complains of dry and chapped lips especially in autumn and winter. Obje

- a. Actinic cheilitis
- b. Atopic cheilitis
- c. Meteorological cheilitis
- d. Allergic contact cheilitis
- e. Exfoliative cheilitis

83. A 14-year-old teenager complains of dry and chapped lips especially in autumn and winter. Obje

- a. Actinic cheilitis
- b. Allergic contact cheilitis

c. Meteorological cheilitis

d. Atopic cheilitis

e. Exfoliative cheilitis

84. A 15-year-old boy fell from a bicycle and hit his face. He came to a doctor for medical aid. Aft

a. Contusion

b. Abrasion

c. Wound

d. Bruise

e. Hematoma

85. A 15-year-old boy fell from a bicycle and hit his face. He came to a doctor for medical aid. Aft

a. Bruise

b. Hematoma

c. Wound

d. Abrasion

e. Contusion

86. A 15-year-old girl complains of a carious cavity in her tooth, spontaneous pain that quickly aba

a. Chronic deep caries

b. Pulp hyperemia

c. Acute deep caries

d. Acute diffuse serous pulpitis

e. Acute local serous pulpitis

87. A 15-year-old girl complains of a carious cavity in her tooth, spontaneous pain that quickly aba

a. Chronic deep caries

b. Acute local serous pulpitis

c. Acute diffuse serous pulpitis

d. Pulp hyperemia

e. Acute deep caries

88. A 15-year-old girl complains of discolored upper front teeth. Examination by a dentist detected

a. Infiltration

b. Remineralization

c. Impregnation

d. Preparation and filling

e. Filing down

89. A 15-year-old girl complains of discolored upper front teeth. Examination by a dentist detected

a. Filing down

b. Preparation and filling

c. Remineralization

d. Infiltration

e. Impregnation

90. A 15-year-old girl complains of enlarged gums in the area of her upper and lower front teeth. Ob

a. Endocrine diseases

b. Hypovitaminosis

c. Hormonal dysfunction

d. Unsatisfactory oral hygiene

e. Diseases of the digestive system

91. A 15-year-old girl complains of enlarged gums in the area of her upper and lower front teeth. Ob

a. Endocrine diseases

b. Unsatisfactory oral hygiene

c. Hypovitaminosis

d. Hormonal dysfunction

e. Diseases of the digestive system

92. A 15-year-old girl has been provisionally diagnosed with localized parodontitis by the dentist.

a. Button probe

b. Periodontal knife

c. Periodontal probe

- d. Endodontic ruler
- e. Gracey curette

93. A 15-year-old girl has been provisionally diagnosed with localized parodontitis by the dentist.

- a. Gracey curette
- b. Button probe
- c. Periodontal knife
- d. Endodontic ruler

e. Periodontal probe

94. A 15-year-old patient complains of bleeding gums and pain during eating. These signs have been o

- a. Catarrhal gingivitis
- b. Localized periodontitis
- c. Ulcerative gingivitis
- d. Generalized periodontitis

e. Hypertrophic gingivitis

95. A 15-year-old patient complains of bleeding gums and pain during eating. These signs have been o

- a. Generalized periodontitis
- b. Catarrhal gingivitis

c. Hypertrophic gingivitis

- d. Ulcerative gingivitis
- e. Localized periodontitis

96. A 15-year-old patient has been diagnosed with pulpal hyperemia of tooth 27. The treatment was ca

- a. Preserving the vitality of the crown pulp and root pulp
- b. Removal of the crown pulp and root pulp under anesthesia
- c. Pulp extirpation in the accessible canals and its mummification in the canals that are difficult
- d. Removal of the crown pulp followed by the application of a mummifying paste to the root canal ope

e. Removal of the crown pulp and preservation of the root pulp vitality

97. A 15-year-old patient has been diagnosed with pulpal hyperemia of tooth 27. The treatment was ca

- a. Removal of the crown pulp and root pulp under anesthesia
- b. Pulp extirpation in the accessible canals and its mummification in the canals that are difficult
- c. Preserving the vitality of the crown pulp and root pulp

d. Removal of the crown pulp and preservation of the root pulp vitality

- e. Removal of the crown pulp followed by the application of a mummifying paste to the root canal ope

98. A 15-year-old teenager came to a dentist with complaints of swollen upper lip, pain, general wea

- a. Carbuncle of the upper lip
- b. Atheroma of the upper lip

c. Furuncle of the upper lip

- d. Dermoid cyst
- e. Upper lip abscess

99. A 15-year-old teenager came to a dentist with complaints of swollen upper lip, pain, general wea

- a. Dermoid cyst
- b. Upper lip abscess
- c. Carbuncle of the upper lip
- d. Atheroma of the upper lip

e. Furuncle of the upper lip

100. A 16-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of frequent injuries to the inner surface o

- a. Both maxillary and mandibular dentition
- b. Maxillary dentition, maxillary alveolar process, and hard palate
- c. Mandibular dentition

d. Mandibular dentition and mandibular alveolar process

- e. Maxillary dentition

101. A 16-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of frequent injuries to the inner surface o

- a. Mandibular dentition
- b. Maxillary dentition, maxillary alveolar process, and hard palate
- c. Maxillary dentition
- d. Both maxillary and mandibular dentition

e. Mandibular dentition and mandibular alveolar process

102. A 16-year-old boy complains of general indisposition, fever, and pain during swallowing. Object

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis
- c. Measles
- d. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative tonsillitis

e. Diphtheria

103. A 16-year-old boy complains of general indisposition, fever, and pain during swallowing. Object

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative tonsillitis
- c. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis

d. Diphtheria

e. Measles

104. A 16-year-old boy complains of generally feeling unwell, a fever of 37.8°C, and pain during sw

a. Löffler bacillus

- b. Epstein-Barr virus
- c. Hemolytic streptococcus
- d. Coxsackievirus
- e. Herpes simplex virus

105. A 16-year-old boy complains of generally feeling unwell, a fever of 37.8°C, and pain during sw

a. Epstein-Barr virus

b. Löffler bacillus

- c. Coxsackievirus
- d. Hemolytic streptococcus
- e. Herpes simplex virus

106. A 16-year-old girl came to a dental orthodontist with complaints of a loosened bracket on tooth

a. Bracket

b. Buccal tube

c. Orthodontic archwire

- d. Metal ligature
- e. Orthodontic ring

107. A 16-year-old girl came to a dental orthodontist with complaints of a loosened bracket on tooth

a. Metal ligature

b. Buccal tube

c. Orthodontic ring

d. Orthodontic archwire

e. Bracket

108. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist complaining of darkened crowns of her teeth 11 and 12. Acc

a. Conservative treatment of teeth 11 and 12

- b. No treatment is needed
- c. Monitoring the condition of teeth 11 and 12 for six months
- d. Conservative surgical treatment of teeth 11 and 12
- e. Removal of teeth 11 and 12

109. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist complaining of darkened crowns of her teeth 11 and 12. Acc

- a. Monitoring the condition of teeth 11 and 12 for six months
- b. Removal of teeth 11 and 12
- c. No treatment is needed

d. Conservative treatment of teeth 11 and 12

e. Conservative surgical treatment of teeth 11 and 12

110. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist to check the quality of fissure sealing that had been perf

a. Preventive filling

- b. Invasive sealing
- c. Electrophoresis with a calcium-containing solution
- d. Applications with a fluoride-containing gel
- e. Repeat noninvasive sealing

111. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist to check the quality of fissure sealing that had been performed.
- Applications with a fluorine-containing gel
 - Preventive filling
 - Electrophoresis with a calcium-containing solution
 - Invasive sealing
 - Repeat noninvasive sealing
112. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of a carious cavity in her upper right tooth.
- Application of odontotropic paste
 - Application of mummifying paste
 - Vital amputation of the pulp
 - Vital extirpation of the pulp
 - Tooth extraction
113. A 16-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of a carious cavity in her upper right tooth.
- Tooth extraction
 - Vital extirpation of the pulp
 - Application of mummifying paste
 - Application of odontotropic paste
 - Vital amputation of the pulp
114. A 16-year-old girl came to an orthodontist with complaints about aesthetical defects. Objective examination shows:
- Bipognathic
 - Orthognathic
 - Deep
 - Direct
 - Opistognathic
115. A 16-year-old girl came to an orthodontist with complaints about aesthetical defects. Objective examination shows:
- Orthognathic
 - Direct
 - Deep
 - Bipognathic
 - Opistognathic
116. A 16-year-old girl complains of constant dull pain in her lower tooth. The pain aggravates on biting.
- Acute suppurative periodontitis
 - Exacerbation of chronic granulomatous periodontitis
 - Exacerbation of chronic granulating periodontitis
 - Exacerbation of chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - Acute serous periodontitis
117. A 16-year-old girl complains of constant dull pain in her lower tooth. The pain aggravates on biting.
- Exacerbation of chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - Acute suppurative periodontitis
 - Acute serous periodontitis
 - Exacerbation of chronic granulomatous periodontitis
 - Exacerbation of chronic granulating periodontitis
118. A 16-year-old girl was referred for X-ray scan before therapeutic treatment of her tooth 46. X-ray shows:
- Giant-cell epulis
 - Cementoma
 - Ameloblastoma
 - Odontoma
 - Osteoma
119. A 16-year-old girl was referred for X-ray scan before therapeutic treatment of her tooth 46. X-ray shows:
- Giant-cell epulis
 - Ameloblastoma
 - Osteoma
 - Odontoma
 - Cementoma
120. A 16-year-old young man complains of temperature increase up to 38.7°C, pain when eating and swelling of the gingiva.

- a. Vincent stomatitis (acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis)
- b. Herpetic angina

c. Infectious mononucleosis

- d. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- e. Monoblastic leukemia

121. A 16-year-old young man complains of temperature increase up to 38.7°C , pain when eating and s

- a. Vincent stomatitis (acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis)
- b. Herpetic angina

c. Monoblastic leukemia

d. Acute herpetic stomatitis

e. Infectious mononucleosis

122. A 17-year-old girl complains of involuntary pain in her upper tooth, which occurred for the fir

a. Pulpal hyperemia

b. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

c. Acute periodontitis

d. Acute circumscribed pulpitis

e. Acute diffuse pulpitis

123. A 17-year-old girl complains of involuntary pain in her upper tooth, which occurred for the fir

a. Acute circumscribed pulpitis

b. Pulpal hyperemia

c. Acute diffuse pulpitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

e. Acute periodontitis

124. A 17-year-old young man came to a dentist with complaints of significant gingival bleeding that

a. Acute leukemia

b. Post-traumatic arthritis

c. Thrombocytopenic purpura

d. Hemophilia

e. Rheumatoid polyarthritis

125. A 17-year-old young man came to a dentist with complaints of significant gingival bleeding that

a. Acute leukemia

b. Rheumatoid polyarthritis

c. Hemophilia

d. Post-traumatic arthritis

e. Thrombocytopenic purpura

126. A 18-year-old boy complains of bleeding and pain in her gums. The disease onset was 4 days ago.

a. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

b. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

c. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

d. -

e. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

127. A 18-year-old boy complains of bleeding and pain in her gums. The disease onset was 4 days ago.

a. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

b. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

c. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

e. -

128. A 19-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of intermittent pain, provoked by biting o

a. Chronic granulating periodontitis

b. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

e. Chronic deep caries

129. A 19-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of intermittent pain, provoked by biting o

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

- b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

130. A 19-year-old young man complains of constant pain in tooth 22, which intensifies on biting with

- a. Dental pulp test
- b. Transillumination

c. X-ray

- d. Rheodentography

- e. Thermometry

131. A 19-year-old young man complains of constant pain in tooth 22, which intensifies on biting with

- a. Rheodentography
- b. Thermometry
- c. Transillumination
- d. Dental pulp test

e. X-ray

132. A 19-year-old young man complains of cosmetic defect of all his teeth, which developed immediately

a. Fluorosis

- b. Chronic superficial caries
- c. Systemic hypoplasia
- d. Chronic initial caries
- e. Enamel erosion

133. A 19-year-old young man complains of cosmetic defect of all his teeth, which developed immediately

a. Fluorosis

- b. Systemic hypoplasia
- c. Chronic initial caries
- d. Chronic superficial caries
- e. Enamel erosion

134. A 19-year-old young man complains of the presence of a spherical thickening on his lower tooth.

a. Hyperplasia

- b. Supernumerary tooth
- c. Marble disease
- d. Local hypoplasia
- e. Fluorosis

135. A 19-year-old young man complains of the presence of a spherical thickening on his lower tooth.

a. Supernumerary tooth

b. Hyperplasia

- c. Local hypoplasia
- d. Marble disease
- e. Fluorosis

136. A 19-year-old young man, who was waiting for the appointed time at the dentist's, suddenly developed

a. Epileptic seizure

- b. Morgagni-Adams-Stokes syndrome
- c. Spasmophilia
- d. Sympathoadrenal crisis
- e. Pulmonary embolism

137. A 19-year-old young man, who was waiting for the appointed time at the dentist's, suddenly developed

- a. Pulmonary embolism
- b. Sympathoadrenal crisis
- c. Spasmophilia

d. Epileptic seizure

- e. Morgagni-Adams-Stokes syndrome

138. A 2-year-old child is being treated for severe acute herpetic stomatitis. Currently, it is the

a. Keratoplastics

- b. Anesthetics

- c. Antiseptics
- d. Proteolytic enzymes
- e. Antiviral agents

139. A 2-year-old child is being treated for severe acute herpetic stomatitis. Currently, it is the

- a. Antiviral agents
- b. Proteolytic enzymes

c. Keratoplastics

- d. Antiseptics
- e. Anesthetics

140. A 2-year-old child received a dental trauma. Objectively the crowns of 51 and 61 are shorter th

- a. Ligature splinting
- b. Extraction of teeth 51, 61
- c. Reimplantation

d. Dispensary observation

- e. Reposition of teeth 51, 61

141. A 2-year-old child received a dental trauma. Objectively the crowns of 51 and 61 are shorter th

- a. Reposition of teeth 51, 61
- b. Extraction of teeth 51, 61
- c. Reimplantation

d. Dispensary observation

- e. Ligature splinting

142. A 2-year-old girl has a bright red neoplasm 1x1.5 cm in size on her upper lip. The neoplasm doe

- a. Capillary lymphangioma
- b. Cavernous hemangioma

c. Capillary hemangioma

- d. Cavernous lymphangioma
- e. Systemic hemangiomatosis

143. A 2-year-old girl has a bright red neoplasm 1x1.5 cm in size on her upper lip. The neoplasm doe

- a. Capillary lymphangioma
- b. Systemic hemangiomatosis
- c. Cavernous lymphangioma
- d. Cavernous hemangioma

e. Capillary hemangioma

144. A 2.5-year-old child is fussy and refuses to eat because of pain in the mouth that lasts for se

- a. Mild leukoplakia
- b. Acute herpetic stomatitis

c. Acute candidal stomatitis

- d. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis
- e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

145. A 2.5-year-old child is fussy and refuses to eat because of pain in the mouth that lasts for se

- a. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

b. Acute candidal stomatitis

- c. Mild leukoplakia
- d. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- e. Acute herpetic stomatitis

146. A 2.5-year-old child is registered for regular check-ups with the orthodontist. The I stage of

a. Temporary molars

- b. Temporary lateral incisors
- c. Temporary central incisors
- d. Temporary canines
- e. Front teeth

147. A 2.5-year-old child is registered for regular check-ups with the orthodontist. The I stage of

- a. Temporary canines

b. Temporary molars

- c. Front teeth

- d. Temporary central incisors
- e. Temporary lateral incisors

148. A 20-year-old girl came to a dentist for a preventive examination. She has no complaints. Objec

a. Chronic superficial caries

- b. Acute initial caries
- c. Acute superficial caries
- d. Chronic initial caries
- e. Chronic median caries

149. A 20-year-old girl came to a dentist for a preventive examination. She has no complaints. Objec

- a. Acute initial caries
- b. Acute superficial caries
- c. Chronic initial caries

d. Chronic superficial caries

e. Chronic median caries

150. A 20-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of severe pain in her left upper jaw. The

a. Vital extirpation

- b. Tooth extraction
- c. Devital extirpation
- d. Biological method
- e. Vital amputation

151. A 20-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints of severe pain in her left upper jaw. The

a. Biological method

b. Vital extirpation

- c. Tooth extraction
- d. Vital amputation
- e. Devital extirpation

152. A 20-year-old man complains of a missing upper right tooth and an aesthetic defect. Objectively

- a. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with teeth 14 and 13 as the abutment
- b. Plastic dental bridge
- c. Plastic-fused-to-metal dental bridge

d. Adhesive dental bridge

e. Swaged-soldered dental bridge

153. A 20-year-old man complains of a missing upper right tooth and an aesthetic defect. Objectively

- a. Swaged-soldered dental bridge
- b. Plastic dental bridge
- c. Plastic-fused-to-metal dental bridge

d. Adhesive dental bridge

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with teeth 14 and 13 as the abutment

154. A 20-year-old man complains of spontaneous pain attacks (5-7 minutes) in the area of 36 that oc

a. Devital amputation

b. Vital extirpation

- c. Biological approach
- d. Vital amputation
- e. Filling of the carious cavity

155. A 20-year-old man complains of spontaneous pain attacks (5-7 minutes) in the area of 36 that oc

- a. Vital amputation
- b. Biological approach

c. Vital extirpation

- d. Devital amputation
- e. Filling of the carious cavity

156. A 20-year-old pregnant woman with the term of 22 weeks complains of thermal sensitivity of her

a. Professional teeth cleaning and remineralization therapy

- b. Postpone the treatment until 30 weeks of gestation
- c. Remineralization therapy and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22
- d. Professional teeth cleaning and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22

- e. Professional teeth cleaning, remineralization therapy, and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22
157. A 20-year-old pregnant woman with the term of 22 weeks complains of thermal sensitivity of her
- a. Professional teeth cleaning and remineralization therapy
- b. Professional teeth cleaning, remineralization therapy, and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22
- c. Professional teeth cleaning and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22
- d. Postpone the treatment until 30 weeks of gestation
- e. Remineralization therapy and filling of teeth 12, 11, 21, and 22
158. A 20-year-old woman complains of pain in the area of tooth 38. The pain increases during swallow
- a. Acute serous periostitis
- b. Acute suppurative pericoronitis
- c. Acute suppurative periostitis
- d. Acute ulcerative pericoronitis
- e. Acute catarrhal pericoronitis
159. A 20-year-old woman complains of pain in the area of tooth 38. The pain increases during swallow
- a. Acute suppurative periostitis
- b. Acute suppurative pericoronitis
- c. Acute ulcerative pericoronitis
- d. Acute serous periostitis
- e. Acute catarrhal pericoronitis
160. A 20-year-old young woman complains of pain and marked bleeding in her gums when she brushes her
- a. Herbal toothpaste
- b. Gel toothpaste with microelements
- c. Mineral-rich toothpaste
- d. Fluoride toothpaste
- e. Antifungal toothpaste
161. A 20-year-old young woman complains of pain and marked bleeding in her gums when she brushes her
- a. Herbal toothpaste
- b. Mineral-rich toothpaste
- c. Gel toothpaste with microelements
- d. Antifungal toothpaste
- e. Fluoride toothpaste
162. A 21-year-old man 3 hours ago received a knife wound to the right cheek; the wound was initially
- a. Primary apposition suture
- b. Late secondary suture
- c. Primary blind suture
- d. Primary approximation suture
- e. Early secondary suture
163. A 21-year-old man 3 hours ago received a knife wound to the right cheek; the wound was initially
- a. Primary approximation suture
- b. Primary apposition suture
- c. Primary blind suture
- d. Late secondary suture
- e. Early secondary suture
164. A 21-year-old man came to the dentist complaining of general weakness, muscle pain, body temperature
- a. Behcet's disease
- b. Herpetic stomatitis
- c. Murrain
- d. Infectious mononucleosis
- e. Herpes zoster
165. A 21-year-old man came to the dentist complaining of general weakness, muscle pain, body temperature
- a. Herpes zoster
- b. Behcet's disease
- c. Murrain
- d. Herpetic stomatitis
- e. Infectious mononucleosis

166. A 21-year-old man complains of difficult mouth opening and visible facial deformation throughout the day.

a. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

b. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Anterior dislocation of the lower jaw

d. Exacerbated chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

e. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

167. A 21-year-old man complains of difficult mouth opening and visible facial deformation throughout the day.

a. Anterior dislocation of the lower jaw

b. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Exacerbated chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

d. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

e. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

168. A 21-year-old man with facial furuncle was brought to the maxillofacial department. What facial area is most affected?

a. Lower lip and chin

b. Upper lip and infraorbital area

c. Nose and external canthus of the eye

d. Lower lip and jaw angle

e. Cheek and parotid-masseteric region

169. A 21-year-old man with facial furuncle was brought to the maxillofacial department. What facial area is most affected?

a. Nose and external canthus of the eye

b. Lower lip and jaw angle

c. Upper lip and infraorbital area

d. Cheek and parotid-masseteric region

e. Lower lip and chin

170. A 21-year-old woman after a domestic accident presents with a fracture of the maxillary alveola.

a. With retention loops

b. With spreader arch

c. Smooth dental brace

d. With inclined plane

e. With supporting plane

171. A 21-year-old woman after a domestic accident presents with a fracture of the maxillary alveola.

a. With supporting plane

b. With retention loops

c. Smooth dental brace

d. With inclined plane

e. With spreader arch

172. A 21-year-old woman complains of short-term pain attacks in her lower left tooth that are provoked by cold and sweet.

a. Chronic median caries

b. Chronic superficial caries

c. Acute deep caries

d. Acute median caries

e. Chronic deep caries

173. A 21-year-old woman complains of short-term pain attacks in her lower left tooth that are provoked by cold and sweet.

a. Chronic superficial caries

b. Chronic deep caries

c. Chronic median caries

d. Acute deep caries

e. Acute median caries

174. A 21-year-old young man came to an orthodontist complaining about his markedly visible labiomandibular protrusion.

a. Deep bite

b. Crossbite

c. Distal bite

d. Open bite

e. Mesial bite

175. A 21-year-old young man came to an orthodontist complaining about his markedly visible labiomandibular protrusion.

- a. Deep bite
- b. Crossbite
- c. Mesial bite

d. Distal bite

- e. Open bite

176. A 22-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a neoplasm that appeared on the mucosa o

- a. Glandular cheilitis

b. Retention cyst

- c. Hemangioma
- d. Papilloma
- e. Lipoma

177. A 22-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a neoplasm that appeared on the mucosa o

- a. Glandular cheilitis

b. Retention cyst

- c. Papilloma
- d. Lipoma
- e. Hemangioma

178. A 22-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of increased salivation and a sharp pain in

- a. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- b. Acantholytic pemphigus

c. Erythema multiforme exudativum

- d. Stevens-Johnson syndrome
- e. Drug-induced stomatitis

179. A 22-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of increased salivation and a sharp pain in

- a. Drug-induced stomatitis
- b. Stevens-Johnson syndrome
- c. Acantholytic pemphigus

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

- e. Acute herpetic stomatitis

180. A 22-year-old man complains of tearing, throbbing, constant, intensifying pain in the tooth on

a. Acute suppurative periodontitis

- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute local pulpitis
- d. Acute serous periodontitis
- e. Acute suppurative pulpitis

181. A 22-year-old man complains of tearing, throbbing, constant, intensifying pain in the tooth on

- a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- b. Acute serous periodontitis
- c. Acute local pulpitis

d. Acute suppurative periodontitis

- e. Acute suppurative pulpitis

182. A 22-year-old man is referred for extraction of tooth 36. In the office of the dental surgeon b

- a. Anaphylactic shock
- b. Epileptic seizure

c. Fainting (Syncope)

- d. Angina pectoris
- e. Collapse

183. A 22-year-old man is referred for extraction of tooth 36. In the office of the dental surgeon b

- a. Angina pectoris
- b. Collapse
- c. Anaphylactic shock

d. Fainting (Syncope)

- e. Epileptic seizure

184. A 22-year-old man presents with swollen and hyperemic mucosa of the retromolar area; tooth 38 i

- a. Extraction of tooth 38

b. Gingival flap excision

c. Gingival flap incision and antibacterial treatment

d. Antibiotic treatment

e. Gingival flap incision

185. A 22-year-old woman came to a dentist for preventive examination of her oral cavity. Examination

a. Cuneiform defect

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

c. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

d. Chronic median caries

e. Enamel erosion

186. A 22-year-old woman came to a dentist for preventive examination of her oral cavity. Examination

a. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

c. Chronic median caries

d. Enamel erosion

e. Cuneiform defect

187. A 23-year-old man complains of acute gingival bleeding and unpleasant smell from the mouth that

a. Acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

b. Acute leukemia

c. Hypovitaminosis C

d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

e. Generalized periodontitis, stage II, exacerbated development

188. A 23-year-old man complains of acute gingival bleeding and unpleasant smell from the mouth that

a. Acute necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

b. Generalized periodontitis, stage II, exacerbated development

c. Acute leukemia

d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

e. Hypovitaminosis C

189. A 23-year-old man with an asthenic build came to a dental surgeon for the planned extraction of

a. Collapse

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Quincke's edema

d. Syncope

e. Epilepsy attack

190. A 23-year-old man with an asthenic build came to a dental surgeon for the planned extraction of

a. Quincke's edema

b. Epilepsy attack

c. Syncope

d. Anaphylactic shock

e. Collapse

191. A 23-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of fever of 38°C , headache, general weak

a. Diabetes mellitus

b. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

c. Tertiary syphilis

d. Werlhof's disease

e. Acute leukemia

192. A 23-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of fever of 38°C , headache, general weak

a. Werlhof's disease

b. Acute leukemia

c. Tertiary syphilis

d. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

e. Diabetes mellitus

193. A 23-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of short-term sharp pain in the area of h

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

- c. Acute limited pulpitis
- d. Acute median caries

e. Acute deep caries

194. A 23-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of short-term sharp pain in the area of h

- a. Acute limited pulpitis
- b. Acute diffuse pulpitis
- c. Acute median caries

d. Acute deep caries

e. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

195. A 23-year-old woman complains of a sharp pain in her gums, inability to eat, foul smell from th

a. Complete blood count

- b. Complete urinalysis
- c. Blood sugar levels
- d. Survey X-ray
- e. Allergy testing

196. A 23-year-old woman complains of a sharp pain in her gums, inability to eat, foul smell from th

- a. Blood sugar levels
- b. Allergy testing
- c. Complete urinalysis
- d. Complete blood count**

e. Survey X-ray

197. A 24-year-old man has a painless oval neoplasm with a smooth surface on his upper neck, on the

- a. Cyst of the submandibular salivary gland
- b. Dermoid cervical cyst

c. Lateral cervical cyst

- d. Median cervical cyst
- e. Chronic lymphadenitis

198. A 24-year-old man has a painless oval neoplasm with a smooth surface on his upper neck, on the

- a. Dermoid cervical cyst
- b. Chronic lymphadenitis

c. Lateral cervical cyst

- d. Cyst of the submandibular salivary gland
- e. Median cervical cyst

199. A 24-year-old man needs to have his tooth 47 extracted due to exacerbation of chronic periodont

- a. Infiltration anesthesia
- b. Extraoral mandibular anesthesia
- c. Mental anesthesia

d. Torus anesthesia

e. Plexus anesthesia

200. A 24-year-old man needs to have his tooth 47 extracted due to exacerbation of chronic periodont

a. Plexus anesthesia

b. Torus anesthesia

- c. Infiltration anesthesia
- d. Extraoral mandibular anesthesia
- e. Mental anesthesia

201. A 24-year-old patient came to the dentist complaining of chalky lesions on the front teeth. Obj

a. Enamel hyperplasia

b. Endemic fluorosis

- c. Acute superficial caries
- d. Chronic superficial caries
- e. Enamel hypoplasia

202. A 24-year-old patient came to the dentist complaining of chalky lesions on the front teeth. Obj

a. Enamel hypoplasia

b. Endemic fluorosis

c. Enamel hyperplasia

- d. Acute superficial caries
- e. Chronic superficial caries

203. A 24-year-old patient was diagnosed with sialolithiasis for the first time with the stone local

a. Stone removal

- b. Lithotripsy
- c. Salivary gland removal
- d. Pharmacotherapy
- e. Marsupialization surgery

204. A 24-year-old patient was diagnosed with sialolithiasis for the first time with the stone local

a. Stone removal

- b. Marsupialization surgery
- c. Lithotripsy
- d. Salivary gland removal
- e. Pharmacotherapy

205. A 24-year-old woman complains of a constant increasing pain in her lower right tooth that inten

a. Acute serous periodontitis

- b. Acute diffuse pulpitis
- c. Acute purulent periodontitis
- d. Acute local pulpitis
- e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

206. A 24-year-old woman complains of a constant increasing pain in her lower right tooth that inten

a. Acute serous periodontitis

- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute purulent periodontitis
- d. Acute local pulpitis
- e. Acute diffuse pulpitis

207. A 24-year-old woman complains of a neoplasm on the gums of her right lower jaw, The neoplasm ha

- a. Fibroma
- b. Cavernous hemangioma

c. Angiomatous epulis

- d. Fibrous epulis
- e. Giant cell granuloma

208. A 24-year-old woman complains of a neoplasm on the gums of her right lower jaw, The neoplasm ha

- a. Giant cell granuloma
- b. Fibroma

c. Angiomatous epulis

- d. Cavernous hemangioma
- e. Fibrous epulis

209. A 24-year-old woman is at the III trimester of her pregnancy. She complains of white spots appe

a. Remineralization therapy

- b. Preparation and filling
- c. ART-technique
- d. Preparation without filling
- e. Impregnation with silver nitrate

210. A 24-year-old woman is at the III trimester of her pregnancy. She complains of white spots appe

a. Preparation and filling

b. Remineralization therapy

- c. Preparation without filling
- d. Impregnation with silver nitrate
- e. ART-technique

211. A 24-year-old woman made an appointment with the dental surgeon for extraction of tooth 38. Wha

a. Torus

- b. Plexus
- c. Mandibular
- d. Infiltration

e. Tuberal

212. A 24-year-old woman made an appointment with the dental surgeon for extraction of tooth 38. What

a. Infiltration

b. Torus

c. Tuberal

d. Plexus

e. Mandibular

213. A 24-year-old young man was very worried before an appointment with a dentist. He developed

a. Collapse

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Fainting

d. Epileptic seizure

e. Hypertensive crisis

214. A 24-year-old young man was very worried before an appointment with a dentist. He developed

a. Hypertensive crisis

b. Epileptic seizure

c. Collapse

d. Fainting

e. Anaphylactic shock

215. A 25-year-old correspondent complains of involuntary paroxysmal pain in his left temple. The

a. A course of novocaine (procaine) blockade with vitamin B₁

b. Electrophoresis with potassium iodide in the projection of the apex of tooth 24

c. Vital amputation of tooth 24

d. Remineralization therapy of the cervical areas of teeth 24 and 36

e. Vital extirpation of the pulp of tooth 24

216. A 25-year-old correspondent complains of involuntary paroxysmal pain in his left temple. The

a. Vital amputation of tooth 24

b. A course of novocaine (procaine) blockade with vitamin B₁

c. Vital extirpation of the pulp of tooth 24

d. Remineralization therapy of the cervical areas of teeth 24 and 36

e. Electrophoresis with potassium iodide in the projection of the apex of tooth 24

217. A 25-year-old man complains of a cavity in his lower left tooth, pain after eating sweet, sour,

a. Acute focal pulpitis

b. Acute median caries

c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

e. Acute deep caries

218. A 25-year-old man complains of a cavity in his lower left tooth, pain after eating sweet, sour,

a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

b. Acute focal pulpitis

c. Chronic deep caries

d. Acute deep caries

e. Acute median caries

219. A 25-year-old man complains of a dull pain in the area of his lower right second molar. This

a. Tooth extraction

b. Perforation closure with MTA

c. Perforation closure with glass-ionomer cement

d. Crown lengthening

e. Tooth replantation

220. A 25-year-old man complains of a dull pain in the area of his lower right second molar. This

a. Tooth replantation

b. Perforation closure with MTA

c. Perforation closure with glass-ionomer cement

d. Crown lengthening

e. Tooth extraction

221. A 25-year-old man complains of brief pain attacks in response to sweet foods in one of his lower

a. Acute median caries

b. Acute deep caries

c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

e. Pulp hyperemia

222. A 25-year-old man complains of brief pain attacks in response to sweet foods in one of his lower

a. Acute median caries

b. Chronic deep caries

c. Acute deep caries

d. Pulp hyperemia

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

223. A 25-year-old man complains of general malaise, high body temperature, acute gingival bleeding,

a. Blood glucose test

b. Yasynsky test

c. Bacterioscopy

d. Immunoassay

e. Complete blood test panel

224. A 25-year-old man complains of general malaise, high body temperature, acute gingival bleeding,

a. Immunoassay

b. Yasynsky test

c. Bacterioscopy

d. Complete blood test panel

e. Blood glucose test

225. A 25-year-old man complains of incorrectly positioned maxillary left central incisor due to trauma

a. Orthodontic treatment

b. Splinting followed by prosthetic treatment

c. -

d. Instrumental surgical treatment

e. Surgical treatment

226. A 25-year-old man complains of incorrectly positioned maxillary left central incisor due to trauma

a. Splinting followed by prosthetic treatment

b. Surgical treatment

c. -

d. Orthodontic treatment

e. Instrumental surgical treatment

227. A 25-year-old man complains of pain in the area of tooth 16, heavy bursting sensation in the right

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Acute maxillary periostitis

c. Chronic odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

d. Acute odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

e. Acute rhinogenous maxillary sinusitis

228. A 25-year-old man complains of pain in the area of tooth 16, heavy bursting sensation in the right

a. Chronic odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

c. Acute odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

d. Acute maxillary periostitis

e. Acute rhinogenous maxillary sinusitis

229. A 25-year-old man undergoes the second stage of endodontic treatment of tooth 44 due to exacerbation of

a. Canal filler

b. Spreader

c. U-file

d. Plugger

e. Pro-file

230. A 25-year-old man undergoes the second stage of endodontic treatment of tooth 44 due to exacerbation of

- a. Spreader
- b. Pro-file
- c. Canal filler
- d. U-file
- e. Plugger**

231. A 25-year-old man was brought to the hospital for specialized medical care 48 hours after he re

- a. Late primary**
- b. Early primary
- c. Delayed primary
- d. -
- e. Secondary

232. A 25-year-old man was brought to the hospital for specialized medical care 48 hours after he re

- a. Early primary**
- b. Late primary**
- c. -
- d. Secondary
- e. Delayed primary

233. A 25-year-old man was diagnosed with acute deep caries of tooth 13, Black class V. Photopolymer

- a. Iodoform paste
- b. Calcium-containing paste**
- c. Devitalizing paste
- d. Resorcin-formalin paste
- e. Dentin paste

234. A 25-year-old man was diagnosed with acute deep caries of tooth 13, Black class V. Photopolymer

- a. Resorcin-formalin paste
- b. Iodoform paste
- c. Calcium-containing paste**
- d. Devitalizing paste
- e. Dentin paste

235. A 25-year-old patient has been diagnosed by a dentist with acute limited pulpitis of tooth 26.

- a. Removal of the crown pulp and preservation of the root pulp vitality**
- b. Pulp extirpation from the accessible root canals and its mummification in the tooth canals that a
- c. Removal of the crown pulp followed by the application of a mummifying paste to the opening of the
- d. Removal of the crown pulp and root pulp under anesthesia
- e. Preservation of the vitality of crown pulp and root pulp

236. A 25-year-old patient has been diagnosed by a dentist with acute limited pulpitis of tooth 26.

- a. Preservation of the vitality of crown pulp and root pulp
- b. Removal of the crown pulp and preservation of the root pulp vitality**
- c. Removal of the crown pulp followed by the application of a mummifying paste to the opening of the
- d. Pulp extirpation from the accessible root canals and its mummification in the tooth canals that a
- e. Removal of the crown pulp and root pulp under anesthesia

237. A 25-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of increased sensitivity to thermal and c

- a. Local enamel hypoplasia
- b. Acute superficial caries**
- c. Cuneiform defect
- d. Enamel erosion
- e. Enamel necrosis

238. A 25-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of increased sensitivity to thermal and c

- a. Local enamel hypoplasia
- b. Enamel erosion
- c. Acute superficial caries**
- d. Cuneiform defect
- e. Enamel necrosis

239. A 25-year-old woman complains of acute and prolonged pain attacks in the area of her right lowe

- a. In retrograde, through the apical foramen

- b. Through the branching delta of the root canal
- c. Hematogenous infection through the root apex
- d. Lymphogenous infection through the root apex

e. From the carious cavity along the dentinal tubules

240. A 25-year-old woman complains of acute and prolonged pain attacks in the area of her right lower

- a. Through the branching delta of the root canal
- b. In retrograde, through the apical foramen
- c. Lymphogenous infection through the root apex
- d. Hematogenous infection through the root apex

e. From the carious cavity along the dentinal tubules

241. A 25-year-old woman complains of an intense pain in her upper jaw. The pain increases when she

- a. Biological method
- b. Devital amputation

c. Vital extirpation

- d. Devital extirpation
- e. Vital amputation

242. A 25-year-old woman complains of an intense pain in her upper jaw. The pain increases when she

- a. Vital amputation

b. Vital extirpation

- c. Biological method
- d. Devital amputation
- e. Devital extirpation

243. A 25-year-old woman made an appointment with the dental surgeon for oral cavity sanitation. Object

a. Mandibular and buccal anesthesia

- b. Intraoral infraorbital nerve block
- c. Mandibular anesthesia
- d. Tuberal anesthesia
- e. Mental nerve block

244. A 25-year-old woman made an appointment with the dental surgeon for oral cavity sanitation. Object

a. Mandibular and buccal anesthesia

- b. Mental nerve block
- c. Mandibular anesthesia
- d. Intraoral infraorbital nerve block
- e. Tuberal anesthesia

245. A 26-year-old man came to a dental clinic. He was diagnosed with a non-displaced fracture of the

- a. Tigerstedt splint with an inclined plane
- b. Tigerstedt splint with wire loops
- c. Vasiliev splint

d. Smooth splint-bracket

- e. Tigerstedt splint with a spreader bar

246. A 26-year-old man came to a dental clinic. He was diagnosed with a non-displaced fracture of the

- a. Tigerstedt splint with wire loops

b. Smooth splint-bracket

- c. Tigerstedt splint with an inclined plane
- d. Vasiliev splint
- e. Tigerstedt splint with a spreader bar

247. A 26-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of facial asymmetry that developed because of a

a. Herzenberg parotitis

- b. Mikulicz disease
- c. Pleomorphic adenoma of the parotid gland
- d. Acute purulent parotitis
- e. Exacerbation of chronic parotitis

248. A 26-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of facial asymmetry that developed because of a

- a. Acute purulent parotitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic parotitis

c. Herzenberg parotitis

d. Pleomorphic adenoma of the parotid gland

e. Mikulicz disease

249. A 26-year-old man came to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Objective examination of tooth 16

a. Acute deep caries

b. Chronic median caries

c. Acute median caries

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic superficial caries

250. A 26-year-old man came to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Objective examination of tooth 16

a. Chronic superficial caries

b. Chronic median caries

c. Acute median caries

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Acute deep caries

251. A 26-year-old woman needs dental prosthetics. Objectively the crown of 16 is destroyed by 1/3.

a. Solid crystal materials

b. Silicone materials

c. Thermoplastic materials

d. Gold or platinum foil

e. Wax

252. A 26-year-old woman needs dental prosthetics. Objectively the crown of 16 is destroyed by 1/3.

a. Wax

b. Thermoplastic materials

c. Silicone materials

d. Solid crystal materials

e. Gold or platinum foil

253. A 26-year-old woman, who works with chemical substances at a factory, came to a dentist with co

a. Hyperesthesia of hard dental tissues

b. Acute initial caries

c. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

e. Erosion of hard dental tissues

254. A 26-year-old woman, who works with chemical substances at a factory, came to a dentist with co

a. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

b. Hyperesthesia of hard dental tissues

c. Acute initial caries

d. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

e. Erosion of hard dental tissues

255. A 27-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his gums, bad breath, bleeding,

a. Antibacterial agents

b. Proteolytic enzymes

c. Antihistamines

d. Steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

e. Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

256. A 27-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his gums, bad breath, bleeding,

a. Antibacterial agents

b. Steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

c. Proteolytic enzymes

d. Nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

e. Antihistamines

257. A 27-year-old man complains of a periodical pain in the frontal area of the upper jaw. Maxillar

a. Cystectomy

b. Resection of the root apex of tooth 12

c. Periostotomy

- d. Replantation of tooth 12
- e. Extraction of tooth 12

258. A 27-year-old man complains of a periodical pain in the frontal area of the upper jaw. Maxillary

- a. Replantation of tooth 12
- b. Extraction of tooth 12

c. Resection of the root apex of tooth 12

- d. Cystectomy
- e. Periostotomy

259. A 27-year-old man presents with missing crown of 11. Objectively teeth 21 and 12 are intact; in

a. Metal stump inlay with overlaying porcelain-fused-to-metal crown

- b. Remove the root of 11 and perform implantation
- c. Stump inlay with overlaying swaged crown
- d. Stump inlay with overlaying full cast metal crown
- e. Stump inlay with overlaying plastic crown

260. A 27-year-old man presents with missing crown of 11. Objectively teeth 21 and 12 are intact; in

- a. Stump inlay with overlaying swaged crown
- b. Remove the root of 11 and perform implantation
- c. Stump inlay with overlaying full cast metal crown

d. Metal stump inlay with overlaying porcelain-fused-to-metal crown

- e. Stump inlay with overlaying plastic crown

261. A 27-year-old man received a trauma of the lower jaw. After X-ray examination he was diagnosed

- a. Smooth dental brace
- b. Splint with a corrective loop
- c. Splint with an inclined plane
- d. Two-jaw splint with a spreader arch

e. Two-jaw splint with wire loops

262. A 27-year-old man received a trauma of the lower jaw. After X-ray examination he was diagnosed

- a. Smooth dental brace
- b. Splint with an inclined plane
- c. Splint with a corrective loop
- d. Two-jaw splint with a spreader arch

e. Two-jaw splint with wire loops

263. A 27-year-old patient was provisionally diagnosed with acute suppurative odontogenic maxillary

- a. -
- b. Panoramic radiography
- c. X-ray

d. Computed tomography

- e. Spot-film radiography

264. A 27-year-old patient was provisionally diagnosed with acute suppurative odontogenic maxillary

- a. X-ray

b. Computed tomography

- c. -
- d. Spot-film radiography
- e. Panoramic radiography

265. A 27-year-old pregnant woman came to the surgical dentistry department with complaints of acute

a. Articaine

- b. Mepivacaine
- c. Procaine (Novocaine)
- d. Lidocaine
- e. Prilocaine

266. A 27-year-old pregnant woman came to the surgical dentistry department with complaints of acute

- a. Lidocaine
- b. Procaine (Novocaine)

c. Articaine

- d. Prilocaine

e. Mepivacaine

267. A 27-year-old woman came to the dentist for the purpose of oral cavity sanitation. After anesthesia

a. Syncope

b. Acute heart failure

c. Hypertensive crisis

d. Collapse

e. Hyperglycemic coma

268. A 27-year-old woman came to the dentist for the purpose of oral cavity sanitation. After anesthesia

a. Collapse

b. Hypertensive crisis

c. Hyperglycemic coma

d. Acute heart failure

e. Syncope

269. A 27-year-old woman complains of an aesthetic defect in the area of her upper central incisor

a. Hybrid composites

b. Liquid composites

c. Compomers

d. Macrofilled composites

e. Microfilled composites

270. A 27-year-old woman complains of an aesthetic defect in the area of her upper central incisor

a. Hybrid composites

b. Microfilled composites

c. Macrofilled composites

d. Liquid composites

e. Compomers

271. A 27-year-old woman complains of general weakness and pain in her lower jaw during swallowing.

a. Mental

b. Berchet-Dubov

c. Tuberal

d. Infiltration

e. Verlotsky

272. A 27-year-old woman complains of general weakness and pain in her lower jaw during swallowing.

a. Verlotsky

b. Tuberal

c. Berchet-Dubov

d. Infiltration

e. Mental

273. A 27-year-old woman needs a denture. Objectively, her tooth 15 is missing, while teeth 14 and 1

a. Partial removable laminar denture

b. Swaged dental bridge

c. Clasp (bugel) denture

d. Adhesive dental bridge

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge

274. A 27-year-old woman needs a denture. Objectively, her tooth 15 is missing, while teeth 14 and 1

a. Swaged dental bridge

b. Adhesive dental bridge

c. Clasp (bugel) denture

d. Partial removable laminar denture

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge

275. A 28-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of an ulcer on his tongue. Objectively, on the

a. Actinomyces of the tongue

b. Primary syphilis

c. Tuberculous ulcer

d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

e. Decubital ulcer

276. A 28-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of an ulcer on his tongue. Objectively, on the

- a. Decubital ulcer
- b. Tuberculous ulcer
- c. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- d. Actinomyces of the tongue

e. Primary syphilis

277. A 28-year-old man came to a dentist for the purpose of sanitation. Objectively, on the masticator

a. Chronic granulating periodontitis of tooth 47

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis of tooth 47

c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 47

d. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 47

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 47

278. A 28-year-old man came to a dentist for the purpose of sanitation. Objectively, on the masticator

a. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 47

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 47

c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 47

d. Chronic granulating periodontitis of tooth 47

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis of tooth 47

279. A 28-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgery department. He complains of a cutaneous neo

a. Prevention of malignant transformation of the papilloma. Removal of the papilloma

b. Antibacterial and anti-inflammatory therapy, observation

c. Removal of the papilloma and postoperative radiation therapy

d. Anti-inflammatory therapy followed by observation

e. Anti-inflammatory therapy followed by removal of the papilloma

280. A 28-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgery department. He complains of a cutaneous neo

a. Anti-inflammatory therapy followed by observation

b. Removal of the papilloma and postoperative radiation therapy

c. Prevention of malignant transformation of the papilloma. Removal of the papilloma

d. Antibacterial and anti-inflammatory therapy, observation

e. Anti-inflammatory therapy followed by removal of the papilloma

281. A 28-year-old man complains of an ulcer on his tongue. Objectively, he has a painless red erosi

a. Actinomycotic ulcer

b. Syphilitic ulcer

c. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

d. Decubital ulcer

e. Tuberculous ulcer

282. A 28-year-old man complains of an ulcer on his tongue. Objectively, he has a painless red erosi

a. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

b. Syphilitic ulcer

c. Tuberculous ulcer

d. Actinomycotic ulcer

e. Decubital ulcer

283. A 28-year-old man complains of painless sore in his mouth that persists despite the attempts at

a. Cancer

b. Primary syphilis

c. Secondary syphilis

d. Lupus vulgaris

e. Decubitus ulcer

284. A 28-year-old man complains of painless sore in his mouth that persists despite the attempts at

a. Cancer

b. Lupus vulgaris

c. Primary syphilis

d. Secondary syphilis

e. Decubitus ulcer

285. A 28-year-old man has a tumor on his face. A clinical diagnosis of chin lipoma was made. What a

- a. Bilateral mandibular anesthesia
- b. Bilateral mental anesthesia
- c. General anesthesia
- d. Topical anesthesia

e. Infiltration anesthesia

286. A 28-year-old man has a tumor on his face. A clinical diagnosis of chin lipoma was made. What a

- a. Bilateral mandibular anesthesia
- b. Topical anesthesia

c. Infiltration anesthesia

- d. Bilateral mental anesthesia
- e. General anesthesia

287. A 28-year-old man has received a hit to the chin. He complains of pain in the right side of his

- a. Displaced traumatic central fracture of the mandible
- b. Displaced traumatic mental fracture of the mandible
- c. Displaced traumatic unilateral fracture of the body of the mandible
- d. Displaced traumatic double fracture of the body of the mandible

e. Displaced traumatic fracture of the cervix of the mandibular articular process

288. A 28-year-old man has received a hit to the chin. He complains of pain in the right side of his

- a. Displaced traumatic double fracture of the body of the mandible
- b. Displaced traumatic mental fracture of the mandible
- c. Displaced traumatic unilateral fracture of the body of the mandible
- d. Displaced traumatic central fracture of the mandible

e. Displaced traumatic fracture of the cervix of the mandibular articular process

289. A 28-year-old man has received a trauma of the mental region. X-ray shows a bilateral mental fr

- a. No displacement occurs
- b. Upwards and backwards

c. Downwards and backwards

- d. -
- e. Downwards and forwards

290. A 28-year-old man has received a trauma of the mental region. X-ray shows a bilateral mental fr

- a. Upwards and backwards

b. Downwards and backwards

- c. No displacement occurs
- d. -
- e. Downwards and forwards

291. A 28-year-old man is referred for oral cavity sanitation. On examination there is a filling on th

a. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- b. Radicular cyst
- c. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis
- d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

292. A 28-year-old man is referred for oral cavity sanitation. On examination there is a filling on th

- a. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis
- b. Radicular cyst

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- d. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

293. A 28-year-old man was diagnosed with a non-displaced median mandibular fracture. The continuity

a. Smooth splint-brace

- b. Splint with an inclined plane
- c. Two-jaw splint with anchoring loops
- d. Ivy splint
- e. Two-jaw splint with a spreader arch

294. A 28-year-old man was diagnosed with a non-displaced median mandibular fracture. The continuity

a. Smooth splint-brace

- b. Two-jaw splint with anchoring loops
- c. Two-jaw splint with a spreader arch
- d. Splint with an inclined plane
- e. Ivy splint

295. A 28-year-old patient complains of aesthetical defect. Objectively the crowns of 12, 11, 21, 22

- a. Combined swaged crowns, made in Borodiuk technique
- b. Plastic-faced stump inlays
- c. Immediate denture with posts

d. Stump inlays and porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns

- e. Crown restoration with photopolymer fillings

296. A 28-year-old patient complains of aesthetical defect. Objectively the crowns of 12, 11, 21, 22

- a. Crown restoration with photopolymer fillings
- b. Immediate denture with posts

c. Stump inlays and porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns

- d. Combined swaged crowns, made in Borodiuk technique

- e. Plastic-faced stump inlays

297. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist for a preventive examination. Objectively, the pericervic

a. Preparation and filling

- b. Remineralizing therapy
- c. Filing-off of the defects
- d. Composite filling without preparation
- e. Silvering of the defects

298. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist for a preventive examination. Objectively, the pericervic

- a. Filing-off of the defects

b. Preparation and filling

- c. Composite filling without preparation
- d. Silvering of the defects
- e. Remineralizing therapy

299. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a cavity in her upper right tooth. Obj

a. Chronic deep caries

- b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- d. Chronic median caries
- e. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

300. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a cavity in her upper right tooth. Obj

- a. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

- b. Chronic median caries

- c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

d. Chronic deep caries

- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

301. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling that she discovered accident

- a. Cementoma

b. Globulomaxillary cyst

- c. Nasopalatine cyst
- d. Follicular cyst
- e. Ameloblastoma

302. A 28-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling that she discovered accident

- a. Nasopalatine cyst

- b. Ameloblastoma

- c. Follicular cyst

d. Globulomaxillary cyst

- e. Cementoma

303. A 28-year-old woman came to the dentist for oral cavity sanitation. She was diagnosed with acute

- a. Perform an anesthetic scratch test in the dental chair immediately before giving anesthesia

- b. Perform a cutaneous anesthetic allergy test in the dental chair immediately before giving anesthetic

- c. Use amide local anesthetic
- d. Use ether anesthetic

e. Referral to the allergologist for consultation and anesthetic allergy testing

304. A 28-year-old woman came to the dentist for oral cavity sanitation. She was diagnosed with acute

a. Use amide local anesthetic

b. Referral to the allergologist for consultation and anesthetic allergy testing

c. Use ether anesthetic

d. Perform an anesthetic scratch test in the dental chair immediately before giving anesthesia

e. Perform a cutaneous anesthetic allergy test in the dental chair immediately before giving anesthesia

305. A 28-year-old woman complains of a cavity in her lower left lateral tooth. Objective examination

a. Inlay fixation

b. Model casting

c. Inlay casting

d. Obtaining an impression

e. Inlay modeling

306. A 28-year-old woman complains of a cavity in her lower left lateral tooth. Objective examination

a. Inlay modeling

b. Inlay casting

c. Inlay fixation

d. Model casting

e. Obtaining an impression

307. A 28-year-old woman complains of dull pain when biting on tooth 16. Upon examination she was diagnosed with

a. S-shaped right forceps

b. Straight forceps

c. S-shaped left forceps

d. Beak-shaped non-crushing forceps

e. Beak-shaped curved forceps

308. A 28-year-old woman complains of dull pain when biting on tooth 16. Upon examination she was diagnosed with

a. S-shaped left forceps

b. Straight forceps

c. Beak-shaped curved forceps

d. Beak-shaped non-crushing forceps

e. S-shaped right forceps

309. A 28-year-old woman complains of general weakness and pain during eating and swallowing. The diagnosis is

a. Herpangina

b. Acute herpetic stomatitis

c. Shingles

d. Influenza-associated stomatitis

e. Foot-and-mouth disease

310. A 28-year-old woman complains of general weakness and pain during eating and swallowing. The diagnosis is

a. Acute herpetic stomatitis

b. Shingles

c. Herpangina

d. Influenza-associated stomatitis

e. Foot-and-mouth disease

311. A 28-year-old woman complains of persisting pain in tooth 34, which intensifies on biting. Four weeks ago

a. Dentin dressing is removed, electrophoresis with antidote along the mucogingival fold is prescribed

b. Arsenic antidote is placed into the root canal under occlusive dressing

c. The root canal is lavaged with antidote, the tooth remains uncovered

d. The root canal is lavaged with antidote and filled

e. -

312. A 28-year-old woman complains of persisting pain in tooth 34, which intensifies on biting. Four weeks ago

a. The root canal is lavaged with antidote, the tooth remains uncovered

b. -

c. Arsenic antidote is placed into the root canal under occlusive dressing

d. The root canal is lavaged with antidote and filled

e. Dentin dressing is removed, electrophoresis with antidote along the mucogingival fold is prescribed

313. A 29-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. He complains of frequent de

a. Telescopic crown

b. Plastic crown

c. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crown

d. Crown made using the Belkin technique

e. Swaged metal crown

314. A 29-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. He complains of frequent de

a. Telescopic crown

b. Plastic crown

c. Crown made using the Belkin technique

d. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crown

e. Swaged metal crown

315. A 29-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect in the form of a pig

a. Chronic initial caries

b. Enamel necrosis

c. Local enamel hypoplasia

d. Endemic fluorosis

e. Chronic superficial caries

316. A 29-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect in the form of a pig

a. Chronic superficial caries

b. Enamel necrosis

c. Endemic fluorosis

d. Chronic initial caries

e. Local enamel hypoplasia

317. A 29-year-old man came to the surgery department of a dental hospital. He complains of painful

a. Acute suppurative parotitis on the right

b. Furuncle of the right parotid-masseteric region

c. Chronic suppurative lymphadenitis of the right parotid-masseteric region

d. Submasseteric abscess on the right

e. Chronic interstitial parotitis on the right

318. A 29-year-old man came to the surgery department of a dental hospital. He complains of painful

a. Acute suppurative parotitis on the right

b. Submasseteric abscess on the right

c. Furuncle of the right parotid-masseteric region

d. Chronic interstitial parotitis on the right

e. Chronic suppurative lymphadenitis of the right parotid-masseteric region

319. A 29-year-old man complains of pain in the oral cavity, inability to eat, and a fever of 38°C.

a. Erythema multiforme exudativum

b. Sutton's stomatitis

c. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

d. Miliary ulcerative tuberculosis

e. Acantholytic pemphigus

320. A 29-year-old man complains of pain in the oral cavity, inability to eat, and a fever of 38°C.

a. Sutton's stomatitis

b. Erythema multiforme exudativum

c. Acantholytic pemphigus

d. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

e. Miliary ulcerative tuberculosis

321. A 29-year-old man is diagnosed with medial maxillary fracture. The line of the fracture is symm

a. From tooth 11 to tooth 21

b. From tooth 13 to tooth 23

c. Sensitivity of the teeth and mucosa will remain undisturbed

d. From tooth 18 to tooth 28

e. From tooth 15 to tooth 25

322. A 29-year-old man is diagnosed with medial maxillary fracture. The line of the fracture is symm

a. From tooth 13 to tooth 23

b. From tooth 15 to tooth 25

c. From tooth 11 to tooth 21

d. Sensitivity of the teeth and mucosa will remain undisturbed

e. From tooth 18 to tooth 28

323. A 29-year-old man needs to replace a number of dentition defects on his upper jaw. The defects

a. Retention spheres

b. "Conalor" dental resin

c. EDA varnish

d. Sandblasting

e. Thorough polishing of the frame

324. A 29-year-old man needs to replace a number of dentition defects on his upper jaw. The defects

a. Thorough polishing of the frame

b. EDA varnish

c. "Conalor" dental resin

d. Sandblasting

e. Retention spheres

325. A 29-year-old man with diabetes mellitus developed a short-term agitation after injecting 30 IU

a. Hyperglycemic coma

b. Hypoglycemic coma

c. Myocardial infarction

d. Ketoacidotic coma

e. Stroke

326. A 29-year-old man with diabetes mellitus developed a short-term agitation after injecting 30 IU

a. Myocardial infarction

b. Stroke

c. Hyperglycemic coma

d. Hypoglycemic coma

e. Ketoacidotic coma

327. A 29-year-old woman complains of itching, burning, and pain in the vermilion border of her lips

a. Exfoliative cheilitis, exudative form

b. Actinic cheilitis, exudative form

c. Erosive lupus erythematosus of the vermilion border

d. Meteorological cheilitis

e. Acute eczematous cheilitis

328. A 29-year-old woman complains of itching, burning, and pain in the vermilion border of her lips

a. Meteorological cheilitis

b. Exfoliative cheilitis, exudative form

c. Actinic cheilitis, exudative form

d. Acute eczematous cheilitis

e. Erosive lupus erythematosus of the vermilion border

329. A 29-year-old woman complains of short-term pain in her front teeth, provoked by thermal, mecha

a. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

b. Erosion of hard dental tissues

c. Cuneiform defect

d. Acute median caries

e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

330. A 29-year-old woman complains of short-term pain in her front teeth, provoked by thermal, mecha

a. Erosion of hard dental tissues

b. Cuneiform defect

c. Acute median caries

d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

e. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

331. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of short-term pain provoked by cold stimuli

- a. Acute limited pulpitis
- b. Acute median caries
- c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- d. Acute deep caries**
- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

332. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of short-term pain provoked by cold stimuli

- a. Acute median caries
- b. Acute limited pulpitis
- c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- e. Acute deep caries**

333. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling of his upper lip. Objectively

- a. Repeat endodontic treatment of tooth 21, anti-inflammatory therapy
- b. Repeat endodontic treatment of tooth 21, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy**
- c. Extraction of tooth 21, periosteotomy
- d. Extraction of teeth 12, 21, and 22, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy
- e. Extraction of tooth 21, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy

334. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling of his upper lip. Objectively

- a. Repeat endodontic treatment of tooth 21, anti-inflammatory therapy
- b. Repeat endodontic treatment of tooth 21, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy**
- c. Extraction of tooth 21, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy
- d. Extraction of tooth 21, periosteotomy
- e. Extraction of teeth 12, 21, and 22, periosteotomy, anti-inflammatory therapy

335. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his lower front teeth, which he

- a. Smooth splint-brace**
- b. Port splint
- c. Vasiliev splint
- d. Weber splint
- e. Limberg splint

336. A 30-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his lower front teeth, which he

- a. Smooth splint-brace**
- b. Weber splint
- c. Vasiliev splint
- d. Limberg splint
- e. Port splint

337. A 30-year-old man came to the dental orthopedist's office. He complains of an included defect of

- a. 1:1.5
- b. 1:1
- c. 1:2.5
- d. 1:0.8**
- e. 1:2

338. A 30-year-old man came to the dental orthopedist's office. He complains of an included defect of

- a. 1:2
- b. 1:2.5
- c. 1:0.8**
- d. 1:1.5
- e. 1:1

339. A 30-year-old man complains of a carious cavity in a lower left tooth. Objectively, tooth 34 has

- a. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- b. Chronic granulating periodontitis**
- c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- d. Chronic deep caries
- e. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

340. A 30-year-old man complains of a carious cavity in a lower left tooth. Objectively, tooth 34 has

- a. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- b. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
- c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

341. A 30-year-old man complains of aching toothache that radiates to the ear and intensifies when h

- a. Chronic concrementous pulpitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute diffuse pulpitis
- d. Acute purulent pulpitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

342. A 30-year-old man complains of aching toothache that radiates to the ear and intensifies when h

- a. Chronic concrementous pulpitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute purulent pulpitis
- d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

343. A 30-year-old man complains of lost dental filling on his upper right jaw. Objectively in tooth

- a. Predentin
- b. Hybrid
- c. Primary
- d. Secondary

e. Tertiary

344. A 30-year-old man complains of lost dental filling on his upper right jaw. Objectively in tooth

- a. Predentin
- b. Hybrid
- c. Secondary

d. Tertiary

- e. Primary

345. A 30-year-old man complains of pain, heavy and bursting sensation in the right half of his face

- a. Chronic right-sided odontogenic maxillary sinusitis originating from tooth 15
- b. Odontogenic right-sided phlegmon of the buccal region originating from tooth 15
- c. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis originating from tooth 15
- d. Odontogenic right-sided phlegmon of the infraorbital region originating from tooth 15

e. Acute right-sided odontogenic maxillary sinusitis originating from tooth 15

346. A 30-year-old man complains of pain, heavy and bursting sensation in the right half of his face

- a. Chronic right-sided odontogenic maxillary sinusitis originating from tooth 15
- b. Odontogenic right-sided phlegmon of the infraorbital region originating from tooth 15
- c. Acute right-sided odontogenic maxillary sinusitis originating from tooth 15

- d. Odontogenic right-sided phlegmon of the buccal region originating from tooth 15

- e. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis originating from tooth 15

347. A 30-year-old man needs to have his tooth 26 extracted because of exacerbation of chronic perio

- a. S-shaped forceps with a projecting tip on the right beak

b. S-shaped forceps with a projecting tip on the left beak

- c. Straight forceps

- d. S-shaped forceps without projecting tips

- e. Bayonet root forceps

348. A 30-year-old man needs to have his tooth 26 extracted because of exacerbation of chronic perio

- a. S-shaped forceps without projecting tips

b. S-shaped forceps with a projecting tip on the left beak

- c. Bayonet root forceps

- d. Straight forceps

- e. S-shaped forceps with a projecting tip on the right beak

349. A 30-year-old man presents with fresh median mandibular fracture without visible displacement o

- a. Replacement

b. Fixation

c. Setting

d. Formation

e. Directing

350. A 30-year-old man presents with fresh median mandibular fracture without visible displacement o

a. Setting

b. Directing

c. Fixation

d. Formation

e. Replacement

351. A 30-year-old patient is diagnosed with acute suppurative odontogenic periostitis of the upper

a. Extraction of the causative tooth, pharmacotherapy

b. Periosteotomy and pharmacotherapy followed by treatment of the causative tooth

c. -

d. Extraction of the causative tooth, physiotherapy

e. Extraction of the causative tooth, periosteotomy

352. A 30-year-old patient is diagnosed with acute suppurative odontogenic periostitis of the upper

a. Extraction of the causative tooth, pharmacotherapy

b. Extraction of the causative tooth, physiotherapy

c. Extraction of the causative tooth, periosteotomy

d. -

e. Periosteotomy and pharmacotherapy followed by treatment of the causative tooth

353. A 30-year-old woman after an overexposure to cold complains of facial asymmetry and fever of 37

a. -

b. Trigeminal neuralgia

c. Facial hemispasm

d. Facial nerve neuropathy

e. Progressive facial hemiatrophy

354. A 30-year-old woman after an overexposure to cold complains of facial asymmetry and fever of 37

a. Trigeminal neuralgia

b. Facial nerve neuropathy

c. -

d. Facial hemispasm

e. Progressive facial hemiatrophy

355. A 30-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a cavity in her upper right tooth. Obj

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic median caries

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

356. A 30-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a cavity in her upper right tooth. Obj

a. Chronic median caries

b. Chronic deep caries

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

357. A 30-year-old woman complains of mild burning sensation in her lower lip and its dryness. She p

a. Allergic contact cheilitis

b. Lupus erythematosus

c. Exfoliative cheilitis

d. Eczematous cheilitis

e. Meteorological cheilitis

358. A 30-year-old woman complains of mild burning sensation in her lower lip and its dryness. She p

a. Eczematous cheilitis

b. Lupus erythematosus

- c. Allergic contact cheilitis
- d. Meteorological cheilitis

e. Exfoliative cheilitis

359. A 30-year-old woman complains of pain in the area of an incised cheek wound. She received a dom

- a. -
- b. Primary intention healing
- c. Healing under the scab
- d. Secondary intention healing

e. Combined healing

360. A 30-year-old woman complains of pain in the area of an incised cheek wound. She received a dom

- a. Healing under the scab
- b. Combined healing
- c. Secondary intention healing
- d. Primary intention healing

e. -

361. A 31-year-old man complains of pain in the upper jaw and mobility of the upper teeth. He has a

a. Maxillary cancer

- b. Maxillary osteosarcoma
- c. Chronic maxillary osteomyelitis
- d. Maxillary ameloblastoma
- e. Specific maxillary sinusitis

362. A 31-year-old man complains of pain in the upper jaw and mobility of the upper teeth. He has a

- a. Chronic maxillary osteomyelitis
- b. Maxillary ameloblastoma

c. Maxillary cancer

- d. Maxillary osteosarcoma
- e. Specific maxillary sinusitis

363. A 32-year-old man complains of a moderate periodical dull aching pain in the left temporomandib

- a. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint
- b. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint
- c. Chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

- d. Pain dysfunction syndrome of the left temporomandibular joint
- e. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

364. A 32-year-old man complains of a moderate periodical dull aching pain in the left temporomandib

- a. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint
- b. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint
- c. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint
- d. Chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

e. Pain dysfunction syndrome of the left temporomandibular joint

365. A 32-year-old man complains of a swelling in his left mandibular angle. Objectively, in his low

a. Adamantinoma

b. Follicular cyst

- c. Giant-cell tumor of bone
- d. Radicular cyst
- e. Odontoma

366. A 32-year-old man complains of a swelling in his left mandibular angle. Objectively, in his low

- a. Adamantinoma
- b. Odontoma
- c. Giant-cell tumor of bone
- d. Radicular cyst

e. Follicular cyst

367. A 32-year-old man complains of pain and heaviness in the right half of his face, stuffed nose w

- a. Acute purulent odontogenic maxillary sinusitis
- b. Chronic granulating periodontitis
- c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

- d. Acute rhinogenic maxillary sinusitis
- e. Acute purulent periostitis of the maxilla

368. A 32-year-old man complains of pain and heaviness in the right half of his face, stuffed nose w

- a. Acute purulent periostitis of the maxilla
- b. Acute rhinogenic maxillary sinusitis
- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis
- d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

e. Acute purulent odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

369. A 32-year-old man has been brought into the maxillofacial department of a clinic. He was diagno

a. Bilateral osteosynthesis of the lower jaw

- b. Apply a splint with wire loops to the lower jaw
- c. Apply a smooth splint-bracket
- d. Make a Port splint for the fixation of the lower jaw
- e. Make a Vankevich splint for the fixation of the lower jaw

370. A 32-year-old man has been brought into the maxillofacial department of a clinic. He was diagno

- a. Apply a splint with wire loops to the lower jaw
- b. Apply a smooth splint-bracket
- c. Make a Vankevich splint for the fixation of the lower jaw

d. Bilateral osteosynthesis of the lower jaw

- e. Make a Port splint for the fixation of the lower jaw

371. A 32-year-old man has been hospitalized ith the following diagnosis: displaced open traumatic r

- a. Upwards, forwards, and away from the fracture
- b. Downwards, backwards, and towards the fracture**
- c. Downwards, backwards, and away from the fracture
- d. Upwards, backwards, and towards the fracture
- e. Upwards, forwards, and towards the fracture

372. A 32-year-old man has been hospitalized ith the following diagnosis: displaced open traumatic r

- a. Upwards, forwards, and away from the fracture
- b. Upwards, forwards, and towards the fracture
- c. Downwards, backwards, and towards the fracture**
- d. Downwards, backwards, and away from the fracture
- e. Upwards, backwards, and towards the fracture

373. A 32-year-old man has metallic inlay made for him. The denture is being made for tooth 36 with

- a. All surfaces
- b. Lateral surfaces
- c. Inlay bottom
- d. Occlusal surface**

- e. Lateral surfaces and inlay bottom

374. A 32-year-old man has metallic inlay made for him. The denture is being made for tooth 36 with

- a. Inlay bottom
- b. Occlusal surface**

- c. All surfaces
- d. Lateral surfaces
- e. Lateral surfaces and inlay bottom

375. A 32-year-old man presents with fever of 38.9°C , general weakness, impaired speech, and inabil

- a. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum**
- c. Dermatitis herpetiformis (Duhning's disease)
- d. Nonacantholytic pemphigus
- e. Pemphigus vulgaris

376. A 32-year-old man presents with fever of 38.9°C , general weakness, impaired speech, and inabil

- a. Pemphigus vulgaris
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum**
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- d. Dermatitis herpetiformis (Duhning's disease)

e. Nonacantholytic pemphigus

377. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 27. Vital extirpation is

a. 10% lidocaine

b. 3% mepivastesin (mepivacaine)

c. 5% anaesthesin (benzocaine)

d. 2% novocaine (procaine)

e. 2% dicain (tetracaine)

378. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 27. Vital extirpation is

a. 2% dicain (tetracaine)

b. 2% novocaine (procaine)

c. 10% lidocaine

d. 3% mepivastesin (mepivacaine)

e. 5% anaesthesin (benzocaine)

379. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 21. The docto

a. Mineral trioxide aggregate (MTA)

b. Glass-ionomer cement

c. Epoxy resin and gutta-percha

d. Zinc eugenol material and gutta-percha

e. Resorcinol-formalin paste

380. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 21. The docto

a. Glass-ionomer cement

b. Resorcinol-formalin paste

c. Epoxy resin and gutta-percha

d. Zinc eugenol material and gutta-percha

e. Mineral trioxide aggregate (MTA)

381. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with ulcerative gingivitis. After processing the patient's oral

a. Methyluracil

b. Contrykal (Aprotinin)

c. Metronidazole

d. Terrilytin

e. Pimafucin (Natamycin)

382. A 32-year-old man was diagnosed with ulcerative gingivitis. After processing the patient's oral

a. Methyluracil

b. Terrilytin

c. Contrykal (Aprotinin)

d. Metronidazole

e. Pimafucin (Natamycin)

383. A 32-year-old man was hit in the face with a blunt object. He lost his consciousness for a shor

a. Le Fort II maxillary fracture

b. Zygomatic fracture

c. Le Fort III maxillary fracture

d. Le Fort I maxillary fracture

e. Nasal fracture

384. A 32-year-old man was hit in the face with a blunt object. He lost his consciousness for a shor

a. Nasal fracture

b. Le Fort I maxillary fracture

c. Le Fort II maxillary fracture

d. Le Fort III maxillary fracture

e. Zygomatic fracture

385. A 32-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums and a mild pain in the area of her tooth 36 duri

a. Decreased local resistance

b. Traumatic occlusion

c. Insufficient hygiene

d. Impractical installation of a filling

e. Virulent microflora

386. A 32-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums and a mild pain in the area of her tooth 36 during
a. Virulent microflora

b. Impractical installation of a filling

c. Traumatic occlusion

d. Decreased local resistance

e. Insufficient hygiene

387. A 32-year-old woman complains of white and pigmented spots on her teeth. She lives in an area,

a. Herbal toothpastes

b. Fluorine-containing toothpastes

c. Highly abrasive toothpastes

d. Triclosan-containing toothpastes

e. Calcium phosphate-containing toothpastes

388. A 32-year-old woman complains of white and pigmented spots on her teeth. She lives in an area,

a. Triclosan-containing toothpastes

b. Highly abrasive toothpastes

c. Calcium phosphate-containing toothpastes

d. Fluorine-containing toothpastes

e. Herbal toothpastes

389. A 32-year-old woman needs a denture. On objective examination the decision was made in favor of

a. Orthocor

b. Stomalgin

c. Stomaflex

d. Repin

e. Stens

390. A 32-year-old woman needs a denture. On objective examination the decision was made in favor of

a. Stomalgin

b. Stomaflex

c. Repin

d. Stens

e. Orthocor

391. A 33-year-old man came to a dental surgeon complaining of frequent exacerbations of pain and in

a. Atypical extraction of tooth 48

b. Referral for orthodontic treatment

c. Extraction of tooth 47

d. Excision of the operculum over tooth 48

e. Monitoring until complete eruption of tooth 48

392. A 33-year-old man came to a dental surgeon complaining of frequent exacerbations of pain and in

a. Extraction of tooth 47

b. Atypical extraction of tooth 48

c. Monitoring until complete eruption of tooth 48

d. Referral for orthodontic treatment

e. Excision of the operculum over tooth 48

393. A 33-year-old man complains of a fever of 37.5°C and pain in the area of the socket of tooth 47

a. Acute purulent periostitis of the mandible

b. Acute limited osteomyelitis of the mandible

c. Acute serous lymphadenitis

d. Neuritis of the inferior alveolar nerve

e. Dental alveolitis

394. A 33-year-old man complains of a fever of 37.5°C and pain in the area of the socket of tooth 47

a. Neuritis of the inferior alveolar nerve

b. Dental alveolitis

c. Acute serous lymphadenitis

d. Acute purulent periostitis of the mandible

e. Acute limited osteomyelitis of the mandible

395. A 33-year-old man complains of paroxysmal pain in his upper left tooth. The pain intensifies at

- a. Acute purulent pulpitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute diffuse pulpitis
- d. Acute serous periodontitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

396. A 33-year-old man complains of paroxysmal pain in his upper left tooth. The pain intensifies at

- a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- b. Acute purulent pulpitis
- c. Acute diffuse pulpitis
- d. Acute serous periodontitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

397. A 33-year-old man has been hospitalized after a car accident with an injury to the soft tissues

a. Facial nerve

- b. Capsule of the parotid salivary gland
- c. Parenchyma of the parotid salivary gland
- d. Mimic muscles
- e. Excretory duct of the parotid salivary gland

398. A 33-year-old man has been hospitalized after a car accident with an injury to the soft tissues

- a. Mimic muscles
- b. Capsule of the parotid salivary gland
- c. Parenchyma of the parotid salivary gland
- d. Excretory duct of the parotid salivary gland

e. Facial nerve

399. A 33-year-old man undergoes treatment of tooth 15 for acute median caries. What type of anesthetic

- a. Non-inhalation anesthesia
- b. Conduction anesthesia
- c. Inhalation anesthesia

d. Infiltration anesthesia

e. Application anesthesia

400. A 33-year-old man undergoes treatment of tooth 15 for acute median caries. What type of anesthetic

- a. Non-inhalation anesthesia
- b. Inhalation anesthesia

c. Infiltration anesthesia

- d. Conduction anesthesia
- e. Application anesthesia

401. A 34-year-old man came to a dental clinic to have his tooth 38 extracted. He has an inflammatory

- a. Gow-Gates anesthesia
- b. Torus anesthesia
- c. Mandibular anesthesia

d. Berchet-Dubov anesthesia

e. Mental anesthesia

402. A 34-year-old man came to a dental clinic to have his tooth 38 extracted. He has an inflammatory

- a. Torus anesthesia
- b. Gow-Gates anesthesia
- c. Mandibular anesthesia

d. Berchet-Dubov anesthesia

e. Mental anesthesia

403. A 34-year-old man complains of soft tissue edema in his lower left jaw and fistulae in the sub

a. Extraction of teeth 36 and 37 and mandibular sequestrectomy

- b. Puncture of the inflamed area
- c. Antibacterial treatment
- d. Extraction of teeth 36 and 37
- e. Mandibular sequestrectomy

404. A 34-year-old man complains of soft tissue edema in his lower left jaw and fistulae in the sub

a. Mandibular sequestrectomy

b. Puncture of the inflamed area

c. Extraction of teeth 36 and 37 and mandibular sequestrectomy

d. Extraction of teeth 36 and 37

e. Antibacterial treatment

405. A 34-year-old man presents with persisting dull pain in his tooth, which aggravates on biting.

a. Filling without insulation layer

b. High filling

c. Filling without medicinal substance sealed inside

d. Gingival attachment is disturbed

e. Insulation layer exceeds borders of the dentinoenamel junction

406. A 34-year-old man presents with persisting dull pain in his tooth, which aggravates on biting.

a. Insulation layer exceeds borders of the dentinoenamel junction

b. Filling without medicinal substance sealed inside

c. Filling without insulation layer

d. High filling

e. Gingival attachment is disturbed

407. A 34-year-old man underwent a surgical lancing of an odontogenic phlegmon in the left pterygoma

a. Thrombosis of the cavernous sinus

b. Anterior mediastinitis

c. Phlegmon of the mouth floor

d. Phlegmon of the parapharyngeal space

e. Posterior mediastinitis

408. A 34-year-old man underwent a surgical lancing of an odontogenic phlegmon in the left pterygoma

a. Thrombosis of the cavernous sinus

b. Phlegmon of the parapharyngeal space

c. Posterior mediastinitis

d. Phlegmon of the mouth floor

e. Anterior mediastinitis

409. A 34-year-old man with missing teeth that were extracted 6 years ago came to a dentist to have

a. Dental convergence

b. Dental transposition

c. Dentoalveolar elongation

d. Infraocclusion

e. Dental divergence

410. A 34-year-old man with missing teeth that were extracted 6 years ago came to a dentist to have

a. Dental transposition

b. Dental convergence

c. Infraocclusion

d. Dentoalveolar elongation

e. Dental divergence

411. A 34-year-old woman complains of a pain in her lower left jaw. Two months ago her teeth 35, 36,

a. Acute purulent periostitis

b. Acute serous alveolitis

c. Ameloblastoma

d. Mandibular sarcoma

e. Chronic odontogenic osteomyelitis

412. A 34-year-old woman complains of a pain in her lower left jaw. Two months ago her teeth 35, 36,

a. Ameloblastoma

b. Acute purulent periostitis

c. Chronic odontogenic osteomyelitis

d. Mandibular sarcoma

e. Acute serous alveolitis

413. A 34-year-old woman complains of a short-lasting pain response to thermal stimuli in teeth 34 a

a. Diagnostic X-ray

b. Probing

- c. Electric pulp testing
- d. Percussion
- e. Tomography

414. A 34-year-old woman complains of a short-lasting pain response to thermal stimuli in teeth 34 a

- a. Probing
- b. Electric pulp testing
- c. Percussion

d. Diagnostic X-ray

- e. Tomography

415. A 34-year-old woman complains of dark brown spots on her upper front teeth. The spots formed ap

a. Chronic initial caries

- b. Local enamel hypoplasia
- c. Chronic superficial caries
- d. Tetracycline teeth
- e. Fluorosis

416. A 34-year-old woman complains of dark brown spots on her upper front teeth. The spots formed ap

- a. Local enamel hypoplasia
- b. Tetracycline teeth
- c. Chronic superficial caries
- d. Fluorosis

e. Chronic initial caries

417. A 35-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the body of the lower jaw on the

a. Aluminum splints with hooks and maxillomandibular traction

- b. Vankevich appliance
- c. Betelman appliance
- d. Pharmacological treatment
- e. Elastic Angle arch for the lower jaw

418. A 35-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the body of the lower jaw on the

- a. Betelman appliance
- b. Vankevich appliance
- c. Elastic Angle arch for the lower jaw

d. Aluminum splints with hooks and maxillomandibular traction

- e. Pharmacological treatment

419. A 35-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic with complaints of teeth mobility on his low

- a. Frontosagittal
- b. Sagittal

c. Arch

- d. Frontal
- e. Parasagittal

420. A 35-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic with complaints of teeth mobility on his low

- a. Parasagittal

b. Arch

- c. Frontal
- d. Frontosagittal
- e. Sagittal

421. A 35-year-old man complains of involuntary acute paroxysmal pain in his tooth 25. The pain atta

- a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

b. Acute limited pulpitis

- c. Pulpal hyperemia
- d. Acute purulent pulpitis
- e. Acute diffuse pulpitis

422. A 35-year-old man complains of involuntary acute paroxysmal pain in his tooth 25. The pain atta

- a. Pulpal hyperemia
- b. Acute purulent pulpitis
- c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

d. Acute limited pulpitis

e. Acute diffuse pulpitis

423. A 35-year-old man complains of missing teeth on his lower jaw. Objectively, teeth 36, 37, and,

a. Clasp (bugel) denture with a continuous clasp (clammer) for the lower jaw

b. Removable partial laminar denture for the lower jaw

c. Porcelain-fused-to-metal cantilever denture with abutment crowns on teeth 34 and 35

d. Adhesive dental bridge

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns with abutment implants in place of teeth 36 and 37

424. A 35-year-old man complains of missing teeth on his lower jaw. Objectively, teeth 36, 37, and,

a. Porcelain-fused-to-metal cantilever denture with abutment crowns on teeth 34 and 35

b. Clasp (bugel) denture with a continuous clasp (clammer) for the lower jaw

c. Adhesive dental bridge

d. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns with abutment implants in place of teeth 36 and 37

e. Removable partial laminar denture for the lower jaw

425. A 35-year-old man complains of pain and mobility in his upper jaw when he closes his mouth. The

a. Le Fort I maxillary fracture (inferior)

b. Nasal fracture

c. Displaced zygomatic fracture

d. Le Fort II maxillary fracture (median)

e. Le Fort III maxillary fracture (superior)

426. A 35-year-old man complains of pain and mobility in his upper jaw when he closes his mouth. The

a. Displaced zygomatic fracture

b. Le Fort III maxillary fracture (superior)

c. Le Fort II maxillary fracture (median)

d. Nasal fracture

e. Le Fort I maxillary fracture (inferior)

427. A 35-year-old man complains of persisting pain in tooth 24, which intensifies on biting. Object

a. Acute suppurative periodontitis

b. Acute suppurative pulpitis

c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

428. A 35-year-old man complains of persisting pain in tooth 24, which intensifies on biting. Object

a. Acute suppurative periodontitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Acute suppurative pulpitis

429. A 35-year-old man complains of sour sensation in his mouth and front teeth sensitivity to therm

a. Necrosis of dental hard tissues

b. Pathologic teeth grinding

c. Enamel erosion

d. Fluorosis

e. Enamel hypoplasia

430. A 35-year-old man complains of sour sensation in his mouth and front teeth sensitivity to therm

a. Enamel hypoplasia

b. Pathologic teeth grinding

c. Fluorosis

d. Enamel erosion

e. Necrosis of dental hard tissues

431. A 35-year-old man complains of thickening of his maxillary alveolar process. Preliminary diagno

a. Yellowish liquid

b. Epithelium

c. Blood

d. Pus

e. Turbid infiltration

432. A 35-year-old man complains of thickening of his maxillary alveolar process. Preliminary diagnosis

a. Blood

b. Turbid infiltration

c. Pus

d. Yellowish liquid

e. Epithelium

433. A 35-year-old man has an open unilateral non-displaced fracture of the mandibular body on the left

a. Port splint

b. Splint with an inclined plane

c. Two-jaw splint with wire loops

d. Tigerstedt splint with a spreader bar

e. Smooth splint-bracket

434. A 35-year-old man has an open unilateral non-displaced fracture of the mandibular body on the left

a. Smooth splint-bracket

b. Port splint

c. Tigerstedt splint with a spreader bar

d. Two-jaw splint with wire loops

e. Splint with an inclined plane

435. A 35-year-old man has developed edema and hyperemia that first appeared in the area of his wing

a. Lymphangitis

b. Allergic dermatitis

c. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma

d. Eczema

e. Erysipelas

436. A 35-year-old man has developed edema and hyperemia that first appeared in the area of his wing

a. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma

b. Erysipelas

c. Allergic dermatitis

d. Eczema

e. Lymphangitis

437. A 35-year-old man needs an adhesive dental bridge. Objectively tooth 15 is missing. Abutment teeth

a. Whole or perforated cast overlays

b. Equator crowns

c. Full cast crowns

d. Combined crowns

e. Stump inlays

438. A 35-year-old man needs an adhesive dental bridge. Objectively tooth 15 is missing. Abutment teeth

a. Whole or perforated cast overlays

b. Equator crowns

c. Stump inlays

d. Combined crowns

e. Full cast crowns

439. A 35-year-old man suffered a facial injury 3 days ago. Objectively, his face is asymmetrical due to

a. Bilateral mandibular fracture

b. Anterior unilateral dislocation of the mandible

c. Fracture of the mandibular body

d. Hematoma in the left parotid masticatory region

e. Fracture of the left gonial angle

440. A 35-year-old man suffered a facial injury 3 days ago. Objectively, his face is asymmetrical due to

a. Fracture of the mandibular body

b. Fracture of the left gonial angle

c. Bilateral mandibular fracture

d. Hematoma in the left parotid masticatory region

e. Anterior unilateral dislocation of the mandible

441. A 35-year-old man suffers from localized periodontitis of the front teeth on his lower jaw. Obj
- a. Splinting of the mobile teeth followed by prosthesis-making
 - b. Temporary splinting of the teeth on the lower jaw
 - c. Restore the height of the occlusion with a partial removable laminar denture
 - d. Orthodontic treatment followed by splinting and prosthesis-making**
 - e. Restore the height of the occlusion with a clasp-retained (bugel) denture
442. A 35-year-old man suffers from localized periodontitis of the front teeth on his lower jaw. Obj
- a. Temporary splinting of the teeth on the lower jaw
 - b. Splinting of the mobile teeth followed by prosthesis-making
 - c. Restore the height of the occlusion with a partial removable laminar denture
 - d. Restore the height of the occlusion with a clasp-retained (bugel) denture
 - e. Orthodontic treatment followed by splinting and prosthesis-making**
443. A 35-year-old man undergoes treatment for acute odontogenic mandibular osteomyelitis conducted
- a. By the end of the 2nd week**
 - b. In a week
 - c. In 4-5 days
 - d. In a month
 - e. In 2-3 days
444. A 35-year-old man undergoes treatment for acute odontogenic mandibular osteomyelitis conducted
- b. By the end of the 2nd week**
 - c. In 4-5 days
 - d. In a month
 - e. In 2-3 days
445. A 35-year-old patient has a fresh mental fracture of the mandible without visible displacement
- a. Combined appliance
 - b. Replacement appliance
 - c. Forming appliance
 - d. Fixation appliance**
 - e. Reponation appliance
446. A 35-year-old patient has a fresh mental fracture of the mandible without visible displacement
- a. Forming appliance
 - b. Reponation appliance
 - c. Replacement appliance
 - d. Fixation appliance**
 - e. Combined appliance
447. A 35-year-old patient undergoes treatment of chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 25. The canal is
- a. Endodontic probe
 - b. Spreader
 - c. Plugger**
 - d. Root needle
 - e. K-file
448. A 35-year-old patient undergoes treatment of chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 25. The canal is
- a. Root needle
 - b. Endodontic probe
 - c. Spreader
 - d. Plugger**
 - e. K-file
449. A 35-year-old woman came to a dental surgeon complaining of a slight deformity of the mandibula
- a. Odontoma**
 - b. Mixoma
 - c. Ameloblastoma
 - d. Odontogenic fibroma
 - e. Osteoma
450. A 35-year-old woman came to a dental surgeon complaining of a slight deformity of the mandibula

- a. Osteoma
- b. Ameloblastoma
- c. Odontogenic fibroma

d. Odontoma

- e. Mixoma

451. A 35-year-old woman came to a dentist for treatment of caries in her tooth 37. After local anes

- a. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- b. Fainting
- c. Acute myocardial infarction

d. Anaphylactic shock

- e. Collapse

452. A 35-year-old woman came to a dentist for treatment of caries in her tooth 37. After local anes

- a. Fainting

b. Anaphylactic shock

- c. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- d. Collapse
- e. Acute myocardial infarction

453. A 35-year-old woman came to the dental office complaining of teeth mobility. Objectively, teeth

- a. Consisting of equator crowns
- b. Cap splint

c. Made of armored composite

- d. Consisting of semi-crowns
- e. Clasp-retained (bugel) denture

454. A 35-year-old woman came to the dental office complaining of teeth mobility. Objectively, teeth

- a. Consisting of equator crowns
- b. Consisting of semi-crowns
- c. Clasp-retained (bugel) denture
- d. Cap splint

e. Made of armored composite

455. A 35-year-old woman complains of marked pain, a submucosal nodule that appeared on the vestibul

- a. Epulis
- b. Papilloma
- c. Fibroma

d. Traumatic neuroma

- e. Lipoma

456. A 35-year-old woman complains of marked pain, a submucosal nodule that appeared on the vestibul

- a. Lipoma
- b. Papilloma

c. Traumatic neuroma

- d. Fibroma
- e. Epulis

457. A 35-year-old woman, who works as a teacher, came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic with compla

- a. Spongy anesthesia
- b. Topical anesthesia
- c. Tuberal anesthesia
- d. Central conduction anesthesia

e. Infiltration anesthesia

458. A 35-year-old woman, who works as a teacher, came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic with compla

- a. Tuberal anesthesia

b. Infiltration anesthesia

- c. Central conduction anesthesia
- d. Spongy anesthesia
- e. Topical anesthesia

459. A 36-year-old man complains of an ulcer on his lower left lip. Three weeks ago a smal round red

- a. Trophic ulcer

b. Syphilis (initial period)

- c. Lip cancer
- d. Lupus erythematosus
- e. Ulcerative cheilitis

460. A 36-year-old man complains of an ulcer on his lower left lip. Three weeks ago a small round red

- a. Ulcerative cheilitis
- b. Lip cancer

c. Syphilis (initial period)

- d. Trophic ulcer
- e. Lupus erythematosus

461. A 36-year-old man complains of itching, redness, and a rash on his lips and skin. Objectively,

- a. Glandular cheilitis
- b. Exfoliative cheilitis, exudative form
- c. Chronic recurrent herpes
- d. Actinic cheilitis, exudative form

e. Acute eczematous cheilitis

462. A 36-year-old man complains of severe headache, fever of 38.5°C , and indisposition. Objectively

a. Acute purulent odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

- b. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis
- c. Suborbital phlegmon
- d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis
- e. Acute odontogenic periostitis

463. A 36-year-old man complains of severe headache, fever of 38.5°C , and indisposition. Objectively

- a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis
- b. Suborbital phlegmon

c. Acute purulent odontogenic maxillary sinusitis

- d. Acute odontogenic periostitis
- e. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis

464. A 36-year-old woman complains of a constant mild aching pain in her right lower jaw, observed d

- a. Acute purulent pulpitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- c. Acute purulent periodontitis

d. Acute serous periodontitis

- e. Acute serous periostitis

465. A 36-year-old woman complains of a constant mild aching pain in her right lower jaw, observed d

- a. Acute serous periostitis

b. Acute serous periodontitis

- c. Acute purulent periodontitis
- d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- e. Acute purulent pulpitis

466. A 36-year-old woman complains of dryness and peeling of her lower lip vermillion border. Both d

- a. Candidal cheilitis

b. Lupus erythematosus

- c. Lichen ruber planus
- d. Leukoplakia
- e. Exfoliative cheilitis

467. A 36-year-old woman complains of dryness and peeling of her lower lip vermillion border. Both d

- a. Candidal cheilitis
- b. Lichen ruber planus
- c. Leukoplakia

d. Lupus erythematosus

- e. Exfoliative cheilitis

468. A 36-year-old woman needs a dental prosthesis. Objectively there is a carious cavity on the mes

- a. 1
- b. 3

c. 2

d. 4

e. 5

469. A 36-year-old woman needs a dental prosthesis. Objectively there is a carious cavity on the mes

a. 5

b. 1

c. 2

d. 4

e. 3

470. A 36-year-old woman with a pacemaker complains of bleeding gums when she brushes her teeth. Obj

a. Ultrasound

b. Instrumental

c. Chemical

d. -

e. Air flow abrasive system

471. A 36-year-old woman with a pacemaker complains of bleeding gums when she brushes her teeth. Obj

a. Air flow abrasive system

b. -

c. Ultrasound

d. Chemical

e. Instrumental

472. A 37-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his left lower jaw and reduced m

a. Pericoronitis of tooth 38

b. Acute odontogenic periostitis

c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 38

d. Pterygomaxillary space abscess

e. Parapharyngeal space abscess

473. A 37-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his left lower jaw and reduced m

a. Pericoronitis of tooth 38

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 38

c. Pterygomaxillary space abscess

d. Parapharyngeal space abscess

e. Acute odontogenic periostitis

474. A 37-year-old man complains of a whitish spot on the vermilion border of his lower lip. Objecti

a. Flat leukoplakia

b. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

c. Cancer of the lower lip

d. Manganotti cheilitis

e. Lichen ruber planus

475. A 37-year-old man complains of a whitish spot on the vermilion border of his lower lip. Objecti

a. Manganotti cheilitis

b. Cancer of the lower lip

c. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

d. Flat leukoplakia

e. Lichen ruber planus

476. A 37-year-old man complains of an unpleasant sensation in his gums on the lower left jaw that d

a. High-quality filling

b. Professional hygiene

c. Thorough personal hygiene

d. Closed curettage

e. Pharmacological treatment

477. A 37-year-old man complains of an unpleasant sensation in his gums on the lower left jaw that d

a. Professional hygiene

b. Pharmacological treatment

c. Closed curettage

d. High-quality filling

e. Thorough personal hygiene

478. A 37-year-old man complains of facial asymmetry due to an edema of the right parotid-masticator

a. Central paresis of the facial nerve

b. Trigeminal neuralgia

c. Malignant tumor of a parotid salivary gland

d. Peripheral paresis of the facial nerve

e. Phlegmon of the parotid-masticatory region

479. A 37-year-old man complains of facial asymmetry due to an edema of the right parotid-masticator

a. Peripheral paresis of the facial nerve

b. Trigeminal neuralgia

c. Central paresis of the facial nerve

d. Phlegmon of the parotid-masticatory region

e. Malignant tumor of a parotid salivary gland

480. A 37-year-old man was prescribed an extraction of tooth 25 under a local anesthesia. Where should

a. In front and to the right of the patient

b. Behind and to the left of the patient

c. Behind and to the right of the patient

d. In front and to the left of the patient

e. Directly in front of the patient

481. A 37-year-old man was prescribed an extraction of tooth 25 under a local anesthesia. Where should

a. In front and to the left of the patient

b. Behind and to the right of the patient

c. Behind and to the left of the patient

d. Directly in front of the patient

e. In front and to the right of the patient

482. A 37-year-old woman came to the dentist to have her 25 tooth extracted. What type of anesthesia

a. Unilateral tuberal, infraorbital, and palatal anesthesia

b. Unilateral central anesthesia

c. Unilateral infraorbital and incisor anesthesia

d. Unilateral infraorbital and palatal anesthesia

e. Unilateral tuberal and palatal anesthesia

483. A 37-year-old woman came to the dentist to have her 25 tooth extracted. What type of anesthesia

a. Unilateral tuberal, infraorbital, and palatal anesthesia

b. Unilateral infraorbital and incisor anesthesia

c. Unilateral tuberal and palatal anesthesia

d. Unilateral central anesthesia

e. Unilateral infraorbital and palatal anesthesia

484. A 37-year-old woman came to the dentist with complaints of brief attacks of toothache caused by

a. Acute median caries

b. Chronic median caries

c. Acute superficial caries

d. Endemic fluorosis

e. Enamel hypoplasia

485. A 37-year-old woman came to the dentist with complaints of brief attacks of toothache caused by

a. Enamel hypoplasia

b. Acute superficial caries

c. Acute median caries

d. Endemic fluorosis

e. Chronic median caries

486. A 37-year-old woman complains of a tumor on her lower lip on the surface that faces the oral cavity

a. Retention cyst of the lip

b. Lip abscess

c. Lipoma of the lip

d. Papilloma of the lip

e. Fibroma of the lip

487. A 37-year-old woman complains of a tumor on her lower lip on the surface that faces the oral ca

a. Lip abscess

b. Lipoma of the lip

c. Retention cyst of the lip

d. Papilloma of the lip

e. Fibroma of the lip

488. A 37-year-old woman complains of a white formation on the mucosa of her upper lip. The formatio

a. Lichen ruber planus

b. Lupus erythematosus

c. Secondary syphilis

d. Leukoplakia

e. Candidal cheilitis

489. A 37-year-old woman complains of a white formation on the mucosa of her upper lip. The formatio

a. Secondary syphilis

b. Lichen ruber planus

c. Candidal cheilitis

d. Lupus erythematosus

e. Leukoplakia

490. A 38-year-old man came to the dentist. After history-taking and examination he was found to ha

a. Curettage

b. Gingivotomy

c. Gingivectomy

d. Vestibuloplasty

e. Flap surgery

491. A 38-year-old man came to the dentist. After history-taking and examination he was found to ha

a. Vestibuloplasty

b. Gingivectomy

c. Flap surgery

d. Curettage

e. Gingivotomy

492. A 38-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgery department. He complains of sudden elevatio

a. Lupus erythematosus

b. Quincke's edema

c. Buccal phlegmon

d. Lyell's syndrome

e. Facial erysipelas

493. A 38-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgery department. He complains of sudden elevatio

a. Lyell's syndrome

b. Buccal phlegmon

c. Lupus erythematosus

d. Quincke's edema

e. Facial erysipelas

494. A 38-year-old man complains of a fever of 40°C and constant pain in his right lower jaw that ra

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 46

c. Odontogenic abscess of the right submandibular area

d. Acute odontogenic periostitis

e. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis

495. A 38-year-old man complains of a fever of 40°C and constant pain in his right lower jaw that ra

a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 46

b. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis

c. Odontogenic abscess of the right submandibular area

d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

e. Acute odontogenic periostitis

496. A 38-year-old man complains of a neoplasm 1 cm in size on the gums in the area of tooth 14. The

a. Fibrous epulis

b. Angiomatous epulis

c. Eosinophilic granuloma

d. Migratory granuloma

e. Fibroma

497. A 38-year-old man complains of a neoplasm 1 cm in size on the gums in the area of tooth 14. The

a. Migratory granuloma

b. Eosinophilic granuloma

c. Fibroma

d. Fibrous epulis

e. Angiomatous epulis

498. A 38-year-old man complains of aching pain in the area of his right lower tooth, observed for t

a. Acute serous periodontitis

b. Acute purulent pulpitis

c. Exacerbation of localized parodontitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

e. Acute purulent periodontitis

499. A 38-year-old man complains of aching pain in the area of his right lower tooth, observed for t

a. Exacerbation of localized parodontitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

c. Acute purulent pulpitis

d. Acute purulent periodontitis

e. Acute serous periodontitis

500. A 38-year-old man has undergone the first stage of a two-stage dental implant installation in t

a. 10-12 months

b. 1-2 months

c. 7-8 months

d. 5-6 months

e. 3-4 months

501. A 38-year-old man has undergone the first stage of a two-stage dental implant installation in t

a. 10-12 months

b. 5-6 months

c. 7-8 months

d. 3-4 months

e. 1-2 months

502. A 38-year-old man needs to have his 12 tooth extracted. What type of anesthesia should be used

a. Infraorbital and incisor

b. Infraorbital, palatal and incisor

c. Incisor

d. Infraorbital and palatal

e. Infraorbital

503. A 38-year-old man needs to have his 12 tooth extracted. What type of anesthesia should be used

a. Incisor

b. Infraorbital, palatal and incisor

c. Infraorbital and palatal

d. Infraorbital

e. Infraorbital and incisor

504. A 38-year-old man, an arc welder, is a chain smoker. He came to the dentist to have a denture m

a. Cancer of the lower lip

b. Verrucous precancer

c. Lichen ruber planus, hyperkeratotic form

d. Lupus erythematosus

e. Localized precancerous hyperkeratosis

505. A 38-year-old man, an arc welder, is a chain smoker. He came to the dentist to have a denture m

- a. Lichen ruber planus, hyperkeratotic form
- b. Lupus erythematosus
- c. Verrucous precancer
- d. Cancer of the lower lip

e. Localized precancerous hyperkeratosis

506. A 38-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a burning sensation, pain, and bleeding

- a. -
- b. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage
- c. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- d. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

e. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

507. A 38-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of a burning sensation, pain, and bleeding

- a. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis

b. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

- c. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

d. -

e. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage

508. A 39-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of mobility of his upper and lower teeth. Ob

a. Arched

b. -

c. Parasagittal

d. Frontosagittal

e. Sagittal

509. A 39-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of mobility of his upper and lower teeth. Ob

a. Frontosagittal

b. -

c. Arched

d. Parasagittal

e. Sagittal

510. A 39-year-old woman complains of bad breath, bleeding and sore gums, and loose teeth. Objective

- a. Generalized periodontitis, II degree, chronic progression
- b. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, exacerbated progression
- c. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic progression
- d. Generalized periodontitis, III degree, chronic progression

e. Generalized periodontitis, II degree, exacerbated progression

511. A 39-year-old woman complains of bad breath, bleeding and sore gums, and loose teeth. Objective

- a. Generalized periodontitis, III degree, chronic progression
- b. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic progression

c. Generalized periodontitis, II degree, exacerbated progression

- d. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, exacerbated progression
- e. Generalized periodontitis, II degree, chronic progression

512. A 39-year-old woman complains of teeth mobility in her lower jaw. Objectively her dental formul

- a. Circumferential
- b. Sagittal
- c. Frontal-sagittal
- d. Parasagittal

e. Frontal

513. A 39-year-old woman complains of teeth mobility in her lower jaw. Objectively her dental formul

- a. Parasagittal
- b. Frontal-sagittal

c. Frontal

d. Sagittal

e. Circumferential

514. A 39-year-old woman developed Quincke's edema at the dentist's office. The signs of asphyxia ar

- a. Administer adrenomimetics

- b. Perform artificial respiration
- c. Administer glucocorticoids

d. Perform a tracheostomy

- e. Administer desensitizers

515. A 39-year-old woman developed Quincke's edema at the dentist's office. The signs of asphyxia are

- a. Administer glucocorticoids

b. Perform a tracheostomy

- c. Perform artificial respiration

- d. Administer adrenomimetics

- e. Administer desensitizers

516. A 39-year-old woman was provisionally diagnosed with generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic

a. Closed curettage

- b. Gingivosteoplasty

- c. Flap surgery

- d. Gingivotomy

- e. Open curettage

517. A 39-year-old woman was provisionally diagnosed with generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic

a. Closed curettage

- b. Open curettage

- c. Gingivosteoplasty

- d. Flap surgery

- e. Gingivotomy

518. A 4-year-old child with mouth breathing is registered for regular check-ups with an orthodontist

a. Schonherr standard vestibular plate

- b. Frankel functional regulator, type I

- c. Dass activator

- d. Kraus vestibulo-oral plate

- e. Janson bionator

519. A 4-year-old child with mouth breathing is registered for regular check-ups with an orthodontist

- a. Dass activator

- b. Frankel functional regulator, type I

- c. Kraus vestibulo-oral plate

d. Schonherr standard vestibular plate

- e. Janson bionator

520. A 4-year-old practically healthy child came for oral cavity sanitation. Objectively on the mastic

a. Glass ionomer cement

- b. Silicate cement

- c. Phosphate cement

- d. Silicophosphate cement

- e. Composite material

521. A 4-year-old practically healthy child came for oral cavity sanitation. Objectively on the mastic

- a. Silicate cement

- b. Silicophosphate cement

- c. Composite material

d. Glass ionomer cement

- e. Phosphate cement

522. A 40-year-old man came to a dental clinic with complaints of bleeding, edematous, and hyperemic

- a. Galvanometry

- b. Masticatiography

- c. Myography

d. Rheoparodontography

- e. X-ray

523. A 40-year-old man came to a dental clinic with complaints of bleeding, edematous, and hyperemic

- a. Myography

b. Rheoparodontography

- c. Galvanometry
- d. X-ray
- e. Masticatography

524. A 40-year-old man came to a dental surgeon for extraction of tooth 16. The crown of tooth 16 is

- a. Bayonet crown forceps
- b. Straight forceps
- c. S-shaped left-sided forceps
- d. S-shaped forceps

e. S-shaped right-sided forceps

525. A 40-year-old man came to a dental surgeon for extraction of tooth 16. The crown of tooth 16 is

- a. S-shaped forceps
- b. S-shaped left-sided forceps
- c. Straight forceps

d. S-shaped right-sided forceps

e. Bayonet crown forceps

526. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a filling fallen out of the lower right

- a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- b. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis
- d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic fibrotic periodontitis

527. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a filling fallen out of the lower right

- a. Chronic granulating periodontitis
- b. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
- c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic fibrotic periodontitis

e. Chronic deep caries

528. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding and edematous gums. Objectively

- a. Biochemical method
- b. Microbiological method
- c. Clinical method
- d. Immunological method

e. Radiological method

529. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding and edematous gums. Objectively

- a. Clinical method
- b. Biochemical method
- c. Immunological method

d. Radiological method

e. Microbiological method

530. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums, teeth mobility on both hi

- a. Crown splint
- b. Clasp (bugel) denture with continuous clammers
- c. Cap splint
- d. Mamlok splint

e. Elbrecht's cast continuous splint

531. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums, teeth mobility on both hi

- a. Crown splint
- b. Mamlok splint
- c. Cap splint

d. Elbrecht's cast continuous splint

e. Clasp (bugel) denture with continuous clammers

532. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of the mobility of his lower front teeth. O

a. Mamlock splint

b. Denture splint with a multilink clasp (clammer)

c. -

- d. Elbrecht splint
- e. Van Thiel splint

533. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of the mobility of his lower front teeth. O

- a. -
- b. Denture splint with a multilink clasp (clammer)

c. Mamlock splint

- d. Elbrecht splint
- e. Van Thiel splint

534. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of tooth mobility, pain and gingival bleedi

- a. Make the dentures before the teeth extraction and fix the dentures immediately after the extracti
- b. Make the dentures on the day after the teeth extraction
- c. Make the dentures in a month after the teeth extraction
- d. Make the dentures in ten days after the teeth extraction
- e. Make the dentures in three months after the teeth extraction

535. A 40-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of tooth mobility, pain and gingival bleedi

- a. Make the dentures in three months after the teeth extraction
- b. Make the dentures in a month after the teeth extraction
- c. Make the dentures in ten days after the teeth extraction
- d. Make the dentures on the day after the teeth extraction
- e. Make the dentures before the teeth extraction and fix the dentures immediately after the extracti

536. A 40-year-old man complains of constant decementation of the porcelain-fused-to-metal crown on

- a. Conical shape, convergence angle of 10-15 degrees, single-plane preparation, circular ledge
- b. Conical shape, convergence angle of 15-20 degrees, single-plane preparation, circular ledge
- c. Cylindrical shape, two-plane preparation, circular ledge
- d. Cylindrical shape, single-plane preparation, no ledge
- e. Conical shape, convergence angle of 5-7 degrees, two-plane preparation, circular ledge

537. A 40-year-old man complains of constant decementation of the porcelain-fused-to-metal crown on

- a. Cylindrical shape, two-plane preparation, circular ledge
- b. Conical shape, convergence angle of 5-7 degrees, two-plane preparation, circular ledge
- c. Conical shape, convergence angle of 10-15 degrees, single-plane preparation, circular ledge
- d. Cylindrical shape, single-plane preparation, no ledge
- e. Conical shape, convergence angle of 15-20 degrees, single-plane preparation, circular ledge

538. A 40-year-old man has a fresh mental mandibular fracture without visible displacement of the fr

a. Fixing

- b. Forming
- c. Directing
- d. Reponating
- e. Replacing

539. A 40-year-old man presents with a medial defect of the hard palate 2x3 cm in size. Dentition is

a. Palatal plate

- b. Ilina-Markosian obturator
- c. Floating obturator
- d. Plate prosthesis with obturator
- e. Pomerantseva-Urbanska obturator

540. A 40-year-old man presents with a medial defect of the hard palate 2x3 cm in size. Dentition is

a. Palatal plate

- b. Ilina-Markosian obturator
- c. Plate prosthesis with obturator
- d. Pomerantseva-Urbanska obturator
- e. Floating obturator

541. A 40-year-old man presents with pathologic teeth grinding caused by their functional overload d

- a. Prosthetic treatment
- b. Prothetic treatment
- c. Prosthetics that increase interalveolar height
- d. Teeth shortening

e. Instrumental surgical treatment

542. A 40-year-old man presents with pathologic teeth grinding caused by their functional overload d

a. Teeth shortening

b. Instrumental surgical treatment

c. Prosthetic treatment

d. Prosthetics that increase interalveolar height

e. Prothetic treatment

543. A 40-year-old serviceman came to the orthopedic dentistry department with complaints of dull in

a. Bone ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

b. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

d. Mandibular subluxation

e. Pain dysfunction of the left temporomandibular joint

544. A 40-year-old serviceman came to the orthopedic dentistry department with complaints of dull in

a. Bone ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

b. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Pain dysfunction of the left temporomandibular joint

d. Mandibular subluxation

e. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

545. A 40-year-old woman came to a dentist to have dentures made for her teeth 12 and 13. These teet

a. Speedex

b. Repin

c. Plaster

d. Stomalgin

e. Orthocor

546. A 40-year-old woman came to a dentist to have dentures made for her teeth 12 and 13. These teet

a. Stomalgin

b. Speedex

c. Plaster

d. Repin

e. Orthocor

547. A 40-year-old woman came to an orthopedic dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect due to

a. Complete working impression of the maxilla, partial impression of the mandible

b. Two-layer working impression of the maxilla and anatomical auxiliary impression of the mandible

c. Two-layer working impression of the maxilla

d. Partial impressions of both jaws

e. Anatomical working and auxiliary impressions of the both jaws

548. A 40-year-old woman came to an orthopedic dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect due to

a. Two-layer working impression of the maxilla

b. Two-layer working impression of the maxilla and anatomical auxiliary impression of the mandible

c. Complete working impression of the maxilla, partial impression of the mandible

d. Anatomical working and auxiliary impressions of the both jaws

e. Partial impressions of both jaws

549. A 40-year-old woman complains of sharply painful ulcers that periodically appear in her mouth t

a. Miliary ulcerative tuberculosis

b. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

c. Sutton's aphthae

d. Primary syphilis

e. Chronic herpetic stomatitis

550. A 40-year-old woman complains of sharply painful ulcers that periodically appear in her mouth t

a. Miliary ulcerative tuberculosis

b. Chronic herpetic stomatitis

c. Primary syphilis

d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

e. Sutton's aphthae

551. A 41-year-old patient came to a dentist with complaints of loosened fixation of his porcelain-f

- a. Secondary caries in the abutment teeth
- b. Wrong denture design choice
- c. No inlays in the stumps
- d. The conicity of the approximal surfaces of the abutment teeth has significantly increased**
- e. Preservation of the relief of the masticatory surfaces of the abutment teeth

552. A 41-year-old patient came to a dentist with complaints of loosened fixation of his porcelain-f

- a. Wrong denture design choice
- b. The conicity of the approximal surfaces of the abutment teeth has significantly increased**
- c. Preservation of the relief of the masticatory surfaces of the abutment teeth
- d. Secondary caries in the abutment teeth
- e. No inlays in the stumps

553. A 42-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling on his left cheek and skin re

a. Subcutaneous migrating granuloma

- b. Buccal carbuncle
- c. Buccal furuncle
- d. Buccal lymphadenitis
- e. Buccal phlegmon

554. A 42-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling on his left cheek and skin re

- a. Buccal carbuncle
- b. Buccal furuncle
- c. Buccal phlegmon
- d. Subcutaneous migrating granuloma**
- e. Buccal lymphadenitis

555. A 42-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums and bad breath. After exam

- a. Koetzshke test
- b. X-ray**

- c. Determining the degree of teeth mobility
- d. Measuring the depth of periodontal pockets
- e. Kulazhenko test

556. A 42-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums and bad breath. After exam

- a. Koetzshke test
- b. X-ray**

- c. Kulazhenko test
- d. Measuring the depth of periodontal pockets
- e. Determining the degree of teeth mobility

557. A 42-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic to have a denture made for him. Object

- a. Mixed
- b. Cerebral**

- c. Digestive
- d. Muscular
- e. Respiratory

558. A 42-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic to have a denture made for him. Object

- a. Respiratory
- b. Muscular
- c. Digestive
- d. Mixed
- e. Cerebral**

559. A 42-year-old man came to the dental surgeon for oral sanitation. After application of anesthesia

- a. Traumatic shock
- b. Collapse
- c. Unconsciousness
- d. Epileptic seizure
- e. Anaphylactic shock**

560. A 42-year-old man came to the dental surgeon for oral sanitation. After application of anesthesia

- a. Traumatic shock
- b. Epileptic seizure
- c. Unconsciousness

d. Anaphylactic shock

- e. Collapse

561. A 42-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic. He complains of inability to chew his food

- a. Non-removable full cast dental bridges
- b. Removable partial laminar denture

c. Clasp-retained (bugel) dentures with splinting elements

- d. -

- e. Metal-based dentures

562. A 42-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic. He complains of inability to chew his food

- a. Removable partial laminar denture

b. Clasp-retained (bugel) dentures with splinting elements

- c. -

- d. Non-removable full cast dental bridges

- e. Metal-based dentures

563. A 42-year-old man came to the prosthodontics clinic to have dental prosthesis made for him. Obj

a. 0.5% sodium hypochlorite solution

- b. 3% hydrogen peroxide solution

- c. 10% hydrogen peroxide solution

- d. Sterillium

- e. 3% sodium hypochlorite solution

564. A 42-year-old man came to the prosthodontics clinic to have dental prosthesis made for him. Obj

- a. 10% hydrogen peroxide solution

- b. Sterillium

c. 0.5% sodium hypochlorite solution

- d. 3% sodium hypochlorite solution

- e. 3% hydrogen peroxide solution

565. A 42-year-old man complains of a whitish neoplasm that appeared on his lower lip and is painful

- a. Exfoliative cheilitis

- b. Meteorological cheilitis

c. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

- d. Leukoplakia

- e. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

566. A 42-year-old man complains of a whitish neoplasm that appeared on his lower lip and is painful

- a. Meteorological cheilitis

- b. Exfoliative cheilitis

- c. Leukoplakia

- d. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

e. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

567. A 42-year-old man complains of difficult chewing. Objectively, teeth 26 and 25 are lost. On the

a. Corrective silicone mass

- b. Articulating paper

- c. Basic silicone mass

- d. -

- e. Model wax

568. A 42-year-old man complains of difficult chewing. Objectively, teeth 26 and 25 are lost. On the

a. Corrective silicone mass

- b. Model wax

- c. -

- d. Articulating paper

- e. Basic silicone mass

569. A 42-year-old man complains of painful bleeding gums that especially trouble him during eating.

- a. Vitamin A

b. Vitamin C

c. Vitamin PP

d. Vitamin B₂

e. Vitamin B₁

570. A 42-year-old man complains of painful bleeding gums that especially trouble him during eating.

a. Vitamin PP

b. Vitamin B₂

c. Vitamin A

d. Vitamin B₁

e. Vitamin C

571. A 42-year-old man complains of periodic pain in his tooth 48. On examination tooth 48 is partially erupted.

a. Atypical tooth extraction of 48

b. Operculum removal

c. Crown and root separation

d. Operculum dissection

e. Typical tooth extraction of 48

572. A 42-year-old man complains of periodic pain in his tooth 48. On examination tooth 48 is partially erupted.

a. Operculum removal

b. Operculum dissection

c. Atypical tooth extraction of 48

d. Crown and root separation

e. Typical tooth extraction of 48

573. A 42-year-old man complains of sharp pain and creaking in his right temporomandibular joint and limited mouth opening.

a. Neuromuscular syndrome

b. Deforming arthrosis

c. Ankylosis

d. Rheumatoid arthritis

e. Acute post-traumatic arthritis

574. A 42-year-old man complains of sharp pain and creaking in his right temporomandibular joint and limited mouth opening.

a. Ankylosis

b. Neuromuscular syndrome

c. Deforming arthrosis

d. Acute post-traumatic arthritis

e. Rheumatoid arthritis

575. A 42-year-old man was delivered to the hospital in the severe condition: inert, body temperature 36.0°C, pulse 40/min, blood pressure 90/60 mmHg.

a. Ludwig's angina (suppurative-necrotic phlegmon of the mouth floor)

b. Adenophlegmon of the mouth floor

c. Actinomycosis of the mouth floor

d. Odontogenic phlegmon of the mouth floor

e. Malignant tumor of the mouth floor

576. A 42-year-old man was delivered to the hospital in the severe condition: inert, body temperature 36.0°C, pulse 40/min, blood pressure 90/60 mmHg.

a. Ludwig's angina (suppurative-necrotic phlegmon of the mouth floor)

b. Malignant tumor of the mouth floor

c. Odontogenic phlegmon of the mouth floor

d. Adenophlegmon of the mouth floor

e. Actinomycosis of the mouth floor

577. A 42-year-old man was hospitalized into the maxillofacial department after a car accident. Examination shows a hematoma of the right orbit.

a. Develops immediately after an injury and is diffuse in nature

b. Develops no sooner than in 12 hours after an injury and is diffuse in nature

c. Develops no sooner than in 24-48 hours after an injury and is diffuse in nature

d. Develops immediately after an injury and does not extend beyond the orbicularis oculi muscle

e. Develops no sooner than in 12 hours after an injury and does not extend beyond the orbicularis oculi muscle

578. A 42-year-old man was hospitalized into the maxillofacial department after a car accident. Examination shows a hematoma of the right orbit.

a. Develops no sooner than in 24-48 hours after an injury and is diffuse in nature

b. Develops no sooner than in 12 hours after an injury and does not extend beyond the orbicularis oculi muscle

- c. Develops immediately after an injury and is diffuse in nature
- d. Develops immediately after an injury and does not extend beyond the orbicularis oculi muscle
- e. Develops no sooner than in 12 hours after an injury and is diffuse in nature

579. A 42-year-old man, a teacher, came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, hi

- a. In one week
- b. In three days
- c. In one month
- d. Immediately after the extraction
- e. In one day

580. A 42-year-old man, a teacher, came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, hi

- a. In three days
- b. In one week
- c. Immediately after the extraction
- d. In one month
- e. In one day

581. A 42-year-old woman after examination was diagnosed with closed medial mandibular fracture in t

- a. Tigerstedt splint with anchor hooks
- b. Vankevych dentogingival splint
- c. Port gingival splint
- d. Weber dentogingival splint
- e. Tigerstedt splint

582. A 42-year-old woman after examination was diagnosed with closed medial mandibular fracture in t

- a. Vankevych dentogingival splint
- b. Weber dentogingival splint
- c. Tigerstedt splint with anchor hooks
- d. Tigerstedt splint
- e. Port gingival splint

583. A 42-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bad breath and tooth mobility. Objecti

- a. Generalized periodontitis, degree II, chronic progression
- b. Generalized periodontitis, degree I, chronic progression
- c. Localized periodontitis, chronic progression
- d. Generalized periodontitis, degree II, exacerbation
- e. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis, degree II, exacerbation

584. A 42-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bad breath and tooth mobility. Objecti

- a. Localized periodontitis, chronic progression
- b. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis, degree II, exacerbation
- c. Generalized periodontitis, degree I, chronic progression
- d. Generalized periodontitis, degree II, chronic progression
- e. Generalized periodontitis, degree II, exacerbation

585. A 42-year-old woman came to a dentist. The doctor noted that her respiration became deep and no

- a. Hyperglycemic coma
- b. Acute myocardial infarction
- c. Bronchial asthma attack
- d. Hypoglycemic coma
- e. Epileptic seizure

586. A 42-year-old woman came to a dentist. The doctor noted that her respiration became deep and no

- a. Acute myocardial infarction
- b. Hypoglycemic coma
- c. Epileptic seizure
- d. Bronchial asthma attack
- e. Hyperglycemic coma

587. A 42-year-old woman complains of a swelling and pus discharge from a fistula in her left paroti

- a. Chronic diffuse osteomyelitis of the gonial angle and mandibular ramus
- b. -
- c. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma of the parotid region

d. Actinomycosis of the parotid region, musculocutaneous form

e. Herzenberg parotitis

588. A 42-year-old woman complains of a swelling and pus discharge from a fistula in her left parotid

a. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma of the parotid region

b. -

c. Herzenberg parotitis

d. Actinomycosis of the parotid region, musculocutaneous form

e. Chronic diffuse osteomyelitis of the gonial angle and mandibular ramus

589. A 42-year-old woman complains of acute lip enlargement, itching, and bursting sensation. She has

a. Exfoliative cheilitis

b. Glandular cheilitis

c. Allergic contact cheilitis

d. Meteorological cheilitis

e. Actinic cheilitis

590. A 42-year-old woman complains of acute lip enlargement, itching, and bursting sensation. She has

a. Exfoliative cheilitis

b. Glandular cheilitis

c. Actinic cheilitis

d. Allergic contact cheilitis

e. Meteorological cheilitis

591. A 42-year-old woman complains of sharp pain in her right temporomandibular joint. The pain intensifies

a. Acute post-traumatic arthritis of the right temporomandibular joint

b. Right-sided anterior dislocation of the mandible

c. Rheumatic arthritis of the temporomandibular joint

d. Pain dysfunction of the right temporomandibular joint

e. Ankylosis of the right temporomandibular joint

592. A 42-year-old woman complains of sharp pain in her right temporomandibular joint. The pain intensifies

a. Pain dysfunction of the right temporomandibular joint

b. Rheumatic arthritis of the temporomandibular joint

c. Right-sided anterior dislocation of the mandible

d. Ankylosis of the right temporomandibular joint

e. Acute post-traumatic arthritis of the right temporomandibular joint

593. A 42-year-old woman complains of swelling and purulent discharge from a fistula in the left parotid

a. Actinomycosis

b. Tuberculosis

c. Adenophlegmon

d. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma

e. Herzenberg's mumps

594. A 42-year-old woman complains of swelling and purulent discharge from a fistula in the left parotid

a. Herzenberg's mumps

b. Adenophlegmon

c. Actinomycosis

d. Odontogenic subcutaneous granuloma

e. Tuberculosis

595. A 42-year-old woman had her tooth 36 extracted 2 months ago. In the left buccal region, she has

a. -

b. Chronic limited osteomyelitis

c. Odontogenic abscess of the buccal region

d. Chronic rarefying periostitis

e. Migrating facial granuloma

596. A 42-year-old woman had her tooth 36 extracted 2 months ago. In the left buccal region, she has

a. -

b. Migrating facial granuloma

c. Odontogenic abscess of the buccal region

d. Chronic rarefying periostitis

e. Chronic limited osteomyelitis

597. A 42-year-old woman with diabetes mellitus developed weakness, palpitations, agitation, hand tr

a. Hypoglycemic coma

- b. Lactic acidotic coma
- c. Hyperosmolar coma
- d. Ketoacidotic coma
- e. Uremic coma

598. A 42-year-old woman with diabetes mellitus developed weakness, palpitations, agitation, hand tr

- a. Hyperosmolar coma
- b. Uremic coma

c. Hypoglycemic coma

- d. Lactic acidotic coma
- e. Ketoacidotic coma

599. A 43-year-old man came to the admission room. He complains of facial edema and enlarged upper l

- a. Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome
- b. Allergic contact cheilitis
- c. Cheilitis glandularis

d. Quincke edema

- e. Lymphedema of the lips

600. A 43-year-old man came to the admission room. He complains of facial edema and enlarged upper l

- a. Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome
- b. Cheilitis glandularis

c. Quincke edema

- d. Lymphedema of the lips
- e. Allergic contact cheilitis

601. A 43-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgeon with complaints of aesthetic defect. Examin

- a. Lipoma
- b. Fibroma
- c. Neurofibromatosis
- d. Lymphangioma

e. Madelung's deformity

602. A 43-year-old man came to the maxillofacial surgeon with complaints of aesthetic defect. Examin

- a. Lipoma
- b. Lymphangioma
- c. Neurofibromatosis

d. Madelung's deformity

- e. Fibroma

603. A 43-year-old man came to the orthopedic dental clinic with complaints of difficult chewing and

a. Upper jaw - class 3, lower jaw - class 2

- b. Upper jaw - class 3, lower jaw - class 3
- c. Upper jaw - class 1, lower jaw - class 3
- d. Upper jaw - class 4, lower jaw - class 2
- e. Upper jaw - class 2, lower jaw - class 2

604. A 43-year-old man came to the orthopedic dental clinic with complaints of difficult chewing and

a. Upper jaw - class 1, lower jaw - class 3

b. Upper jaw - class 3, lower jaw - class 2

- c. Upper jaw - class 2, lower jaw - class 2
- d. Upper jaw - class 3, lower jaw - class 3
- e. Upper jaw - class 4, lower jaw - class 2

605. A 43-year-old man complains of a periodic feeling of heaviness in his right buccal region and a

- a. Pleomorphic adenoma of the parotid gland
- b. Sjogren's syndrome

c. Chronic parenchymal parotitis

- d. Chronic interstitial parotitis
- e. Herzenberg's parotitis

606. A 43-year-old man complains of a periodic feeling of heaviness in his right buccal region and a

- a. Pleomorphic adenoma of the parotid gland
- b. Sjogren's syndrome
- c. Herzenberg's parotitis
- d. Chronic interstitial parotitis

e. Chronic parenchymal parotitis

607. A 43-year-old man complains of an intense unbearable pain in the area of the upper jaw; his gen

- a. Acute odontogenic maxillary periostitis
- b. Odontogenic buccal abscess
- c. Odontogenic zygomatic abscess

d. Acute odontogenic maxillary osteomyelitis

e. Odontogenic palatal abscess

608. A 43-year-old man complains of an intense unbearable pain in the area of the upper jaw; his gen

a. Odontogenic zygomatic abscess

b. Acute odontogenic maxillary osteomyelitis

- c. Acute odontogenic maxillary periostitis
- d. Odontogenic buccal abscess
- e. Odontogenic palatal abscess

609. A 43-year-old man complains of an intensifying painful <<redness>> of his face and increasing e

a. IIIa

b. I

c. IIIb

d. II

e. IV

610. A 43-year-old man complains of an intensifying painful <<redness>> of his face and increasing e

a. IIIb

b. IV

c. II

d. IIIa

e. I

611. A 43-year-old man complains of bleeding gums when he brushes his teeth and sore gums around som

a. Make metal crowns

b. Conduct functional tests

c. File down the occlusal surfaces

d. Make mouthguard splints

e. Make porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns

612. A 43-year-old man complains of bleeding gums when he brushes his teeth and sore gums around som

a. Make mouthguard splints

b. Conduct functional tests

c. File down the occlusal surfaces

d. Make porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns

e. Make metal crowns

613. A 43-year-old man complains of the mobility of his teeth 34, 36 and 37 and purulent discharge f

a. Chronic rarefying periostitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

c. Localized periodontitis

d. Chronic alveolitis

e. Chronic circumscribed osteomyelitis

614. A 43-year-old man complains of the mobility of his teeth 34, 36 and 37 and purulent discharge f

a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

b. Chronic circumscribed osteomyelitis

c. Localized periodontitis

d. Chronic alveolitis

e. Chronic rarefying periostitis

615. A 43-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 24. Tooth preparation, p

- a. -
- b. To the radiographic apex
- c. Reaching 1 mm over the apex
- d. To the anatomical apex
- e. To the physiological apex**

616. A 43-year-old man was diagnosed with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 24. Tooth preparation, p

- a. To the anatomical apex
- b. Reaching 1 mm over the apex
- c. -

d. To the physiological apex

- e. To the radiographic apex

617. A 43-year-old patient complains of a sharp pulsing pain in the area of the right upper jaw. The

- a. Acute serous periodontitis
- b. Maxillary periostitis
- c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

d. Periodontal abscess

- e. Acute suppurative periodontitis

618. A 43-year-old patient complains of a sharp pulsing pain in the area of the right upper jaw. The

- a. Maxillary periostitis

b. Periodontal abscess

- c. Acute serous periodontitis
- d. Acute suppurative periodontitis
- e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

619. A 43-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of defects on her upper front teeth and t

- a. Necrosis of hard dental tissues
- b. Cuneiform defects

c. Erosion of hard dental tissues

- d. Acute superficial caries
- e. Systemic hypoplasia

620. A 43-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of defects on her upper front teeth and t

- a. Systemic hypoplasia

b. Erosion of hard dental tissues

- c. Acute superficial caries
- d. Necrosis of hard dental tissues
- e. Cuneiform defects

621. A 43-year-old woman complains of her lower teeth mobility. Objectively the teeth mobility is of

a. Cobalt nickel chromium alloy

- b. "PD-250" alloy (silver palladium alloy)
- c. Gold alloy of 900 millesimal fineness
- d. Stainless steel
- e. "EI-95" alloy

622. A 43-year-old woman complains of her lower teeth mobility. Objectively the teeth mobility is of

- a. "EI-95" alloy
- b. Gold alloy of 900 millesimal fineness
- c. Stainless steel

d. Cobalt nickel chromium alloy

- e. "PD-250" alloy (silver palladium alloy)

623. A 43-year-old woman was provisionally diagnosed with generalized periodontitis. What examinatio

a. Panoramic X-ray

- b. Measuring the depth of the periodontal pockets
- c. Schiller-Pisarev test
- d. Measuring the degree of tooth mobility
- e. Determining the periodontal index

624. A 43-year-old woman was provisionally diagnosed with generalized periodontitis. What examinatio

- a. Determining the periodontal index

b. Measuring the depth of the periodontal pockets

c. Panoramic X-ray

d. Measuring the degree of tooth mobility

e. Schiller-Pisarev test

625. A 44-year-old man after an injury complains of pain in his lower jaw. The pain intensifies duri

a. Posterior mandibular dislocation on the left

b. Anterior bilateral mandibular dislocation

c. Bilateral fracture of the mandibular ramus

d. -

e. Left-sided fracture of the mandibular angle

626. A 44-year-old man after an injury complains of pain in his lower jaw. The pain intensifies duri

a. Posterior mandibular dislocation on the left

b. Bilateral fracture of the mandibular ramus

c. -

d. Anterior bilateral mandibular dislocation

e. Left-sided fracture of the mandibular angle

627. A 44-year-old man came to a dentist for sanation of the oral cavity. Objectively, the crown of

a. Torus anesthesia

b. Incisor and infraorbital anesthesia

c. Infraorbital and palatine anesthesia

d. Tuberal and palatine anesthesia

e. Plexual anesthesia

628. A 44-year-old man came to a dentist for sanation of the oral cavity. Objectively, the crown of

a. Torus anesthesia

b. Incisor and infraorbital anesthesia

c. Plexual anesthesia

d. Infraorbital and palatine anesthesia

e. Tuberal and palatine anesthesia

629. A 44-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the area of the left cheek, dete

a. Incision along the edge of the mandible

b. Incision along the nasolabial fold

c. External buccal incision above the center of the infiltrate

d. Submandibular skin incision 2 cm below the edge of the mandible

e. Mucosal incision from within the oral cavity

630. A 44-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the area of the left cheek, dete

a. Submandibular skin incision 2 cm below the edge of the mandible

b. Incision along the edge of the mandible

c. External buccal incision above the center of the infiltrate

d. Mucosal incision from within the oral cavity

e. Incision along the nasolabial fold

631. A 44-year-old man came to extract destroyed tooth 24. Objectively his face is symmetrical, the

a. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis of 24

b. Chronic gangrenous periodontitis of 24

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis of 24

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of 24

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis of 24

632. A 44-year-old man came to extract destroyed tooth 24. Objectively his face is symmetrical, the

a. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis of 24

b. Chronic granulating periodontitis of 24

c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis of 24

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of 24

e. Chronic gangrenous periodontitis of 24

633. A 44-year-old man came to the dental polyclinic to have a denture made for him. He complains of

a. 16%

b. 20%

c. 18%

d. 9%

e. 12%

634. A 44-year-old man came to the dental polyclinic to have a denture made for him. He complains of

a. 9%

b. 12%

c. 16%

d. 20%

e. 18%

635. A 44-year-old man complains of a constant dull pain in the area of his tooth 37 that was extrac

a. Acute serous alveolitis

b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

c. Acute serous periostitis

d. Pericoronitis

e. Chronic destructive osteomyelitis

636. A 44-year-old man complains of a constant dull pain in the area of his tooth 37 that was extrac

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Acute serous periostitis

c. Chronic destructive osteomyelitis

d. Acute serous alveolitis

e. Pericoronitis

637. A 44-year-old man complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth. Objectively, the fo

a. Glycogen test

b. Vacuum test

c. Benzidine test

d. Formalin test

e. Rotter test

638. A 44-year-old man complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth. Objectively, the fo

a. Rotter test

b. Formalin test

c. Glycogen test

d. Benzidine test

e. Vacuum test

639. A 44-year-old patient underwent a surgery to close a soft tissue defect in the submental region

a. Only pain sensitivity will be restored

b. Sensitivity will not be restored

c. Tactile sensitivity and partially pain sensitivity will be restored

d. Only temperature sensitivity will be restored

e. Pain sensitivity, tactile sensitivity, and temperature sensitivity will be restored

640. A 44-year-old patient underwent a surgery to close a soft tissue defect in the submental region

a. Only temperature sensitivity will be restored

b. Sensitivity will not be restored

c. Tactile sensitivity and partially pain sensitivity will be restored

d. Pain sensitivity, tactile sensitivity, and temperature sensitivity will be restored

e. Only pain sensitivity will be restored

641. A 45-year-old man after a tooth extraction carried out by a dentist complained of sudden weakne

a. Anaphylactic cardiogenic shock

b. Hypertensive crisis

c. Collapse

d. Angina pectoris attack

e. Myocardial infarction

642. A 45-year-old man after a tooth extraction carried out by a dentist complained of sudden weakne

a. Hypertensive crisis

b. Angina pectoris attack

c. Collapse

d. Anaphylactic cardiogenic shock

e. Myocardial infarction

643. A 45-year-old man came to a dental clinic to have dentures made for him. Objectively, his lower

a. -

b. Arch denture with abutment and retaining clasps

c. Swaged-soldered dental bridge

d. Arch denture with telescopic crowns

e. Partial removable laminar denture

644. A 45-year-old man came to a dental clinic to have dentures made for him. Objectively, his lower

a. Swaged-soldered dental bridge

b. Arch denture with telescopic crowns

c. -

d. Arch denture with abutment and retaining clasps

e. Partial removable laminar denture

645. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 46,

a. Reducing the width of the crowns

b. Removing the crowns from the occlusion

c. Deepening the fissures on the crowns

d. Reducing the height of the crowns

e. Reducing the height of the cusps of antagonist teeth

646. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 46,

a. Reducing the width of the crowns

b. Removing the crowns from the occlusion

c. Reducing the height of the cusps of antagonist teeth

d. Deepening the fissures on the crowns

e. Reducing the height of the crowns

647. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of acute paroxysmal pain in his right lower

a. Acute limited pulpitis

b. Acute serous periodontitis

c. Acute diffuse pulpitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

648. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of acute paroxysmal pain in his right lower

a. Acute serous periodontitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic pulpitis

c. Acute diffuse pulpitis

d. Acute limited pulpitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

649. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing upper teeth. Objectively, his te

a. Plaster

b. Thermoplastic

c. Silicone

d. Alginate

e. Zinc oxide eugenol

650. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing upper teeth. Objectively, his te

a. Plaster

b. Zinc oxide eugenol

c. Silicone

d. Alginate

e. Thermoplastic

651. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain and bleeding in the area of his upp

a. Localized periodontitis

b. Generalized periodontitis, degree I

c. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis, degree I

e. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

652. A 45-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain and bleeding in the area of his upper

a. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

b. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis, degree I

c. Generalized periodontitis, degree I

d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis

e. Localized periodontitis

653. A 45-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect of the

a. Digestive

b. Cerebral

c. Muscular

d. Progenic

e. Respiratory

654. A 45-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect of the

a. Progenic

b. Cerebral

c. Digestive

d. Respiratory

e. Muscular

655. A 45-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic complaining of inability to close his

a. Complete dislocation of the articular head

b. Deforming arthrosis

c. Subluxation of the articular head

d. Chronic arthritis

e. Ankylosis

656. A 45-year-old man came to an orthopedic dentistry clinic complaining of inability to close his

a. Deforming arthrosis

b. Ankylosis

c. Chronic arthritis

d. Subluxation of the articular head

e. Complete dislocation of the articular head

657. A 45-year-old man came to the dental orthopedist's office. He complains of pain on biting in the

a. 10-12 microamperes

b. 100 microamperes or more

c. 50-60 microamperes

d. 2-6 microamperes

e. 20-40 microamperes

658. A 45-year-old man came to the dental orthopedist's office. He complains of pain on biting in the

a. 50-60 microamperes

b. 10-12 microamperes

c. 100 microamperes or more

d. 20-40 microamperes

e. 2-6 microamperes

659. A 45-year-old man came to the prosthodontic department to have a denture made for him. Before the

a. Heart failure

b. Syncope

c. Pain shock

d. Collapse

e. Anaphylactic shock

660. A 45-year-old man came to the prosthodontic department to have a denture made for him. Before the

a. Syncope

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Heart failure

d. Collapse

e. Pain shock

661. A 45-year-old man complains of a discomfort in his tooth 27 and aching pain when biting on this
- Chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
 - Chronic granulating periodontitis
 - Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
662. A 45-year-old man complains of a discomfort in his tooth 27 and aching pain when biting on this
- Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
 - Chronic granulating periodontitis
 - Chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
663. A 45-year-old man complains of a pain in his upper jaw. Two days ago he had a trauma. Objective
- Maxillary contusion
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type II
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type III
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type I
 - Zygomatic fracture
664. A 45-year-old man complains of a pain in his upper jaw. Two days ago he had a trauma. Objective
- Zygomatic fracture
 - Maxillary contusion
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type II
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type I
 - Le Fort maxillary fracture, type III
665. A 45-year-old man complains of pain and creaking in the area of his temporomandibular joint during
- Orthopantomography
 - Computed tomography of the temporomandibular joint
 - Teleradiography
 - Parma X-ray projection
 - Schuller X-ray projection
666. A 45-year-old man complains of pain and creaking in the area of his temporomandibular joint during
- Teleradiography
 - Parma X-ray projection
 - Orthopantomography
 - Computed tomography of the temporomandibular joint
 - Schuller X-ray projection
667. A 45-year-old man complains of painful and loose front teeth on his lower jaw. Objectively, teeth
- On the day of the teeth extraction
 - 14 days after the teeth extraction
 - 7 days after the teeth extraction
 - 3-4 days after the teeth extraction
 - 1-2 days after the teeth extraction
668. A 45-year-old man complains of painful and loose front teeth on his lower jaw. Objectively, teeth
- 3-4 days after the teeth extraction
 - On the day of the teeth extraction
 - 7 days after the teeth extraction
 - 14 days after the teeth extraction
 - 1-2 days after the teeth extraction
669. A 45-year-old man complains of persisting dull pain in 46 that occurs in response to thermal and
- Chronic deep caries
 - Acute deep caries
 - Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
 - Chronic fibrous periodontitis
670. A 45-year-old man complains of persisting dull pain in 46 that occurs in response to thermal and

- a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
- b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- c. Acute deep caries
- d. Chronic deep caries
- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis**

671. A 45-year-old man has been diagnosed with a maxillary fracture. The fracture line passes between

- a. Limberg splint**
- b. Zbarzh splint
- c. Vankevych splint
- d. Vasiliev splint
- e. Port splint

672. A 45-year-old man has been diagnosed with a maxillary fracture. The fracture line passes between

- a. Vasiliev splint
- b. Vankevych splint
- c. Port splint
- d. Zbarzh splint
- e. Limberg splint**

673. A 45-year-old man presents with facial asymmetry due to a dense isolated infiltration in his ri

- a. Migrating facial granuloma**
- b. Cheek furuncle
- c. Actinomycosis
- d. Odontogenic lymphadenitis
- e. Chronic mandibular osteomyelitis

674. A 45-year-old man presents with facial asymmetry due to a dense isolated infiltration in his ri

- a. Migrating facial granuloma**
- b. Odontogenic lymphadenitis
- c. Cheek furuncle
- d. Chronic mandibular osteomyelitis
- e. Actinomycosis

675. A 45-year-old man was hospitalized with the following diagnosis: a non-displaced closed midline

- a. Tigerstedt splint with hooks
- b. Smooth splint-bracket
- c. Vankevich splint
- d. Vasiliev splint
- e. Weber dentogingival splint**

676. A 45-year-old man was hospitalized with the following diagnosis: a non-displaced closed midline

- a. Vankevich splint
- b. Smooth splint-bracket
- c. Tigerstedt splint with hooks
- d. Weber dentogingival splint**
- e. Vasiliev splint

677. A 45-year-old patient complains of bleeding gums and bad breath. After examination the patient

- a. Perform Kotzhshke test (periodontal pocket suppuration test)
- b. Measure the depth of the periodontal pockets
- c. Perform Kulazhenko test (capillary resistance test)
- d. Determine teeth mobility
- e. Perform an X-ray**

678. A 45-year-old patient complains of bleeding gums and bad breath. After examination the patient

- a. Perform Kulazhenko test (capillary resistance test)
- b. Determine teeth mobility
- c. Measure the depth of the periodontal pockets
- d. Perform an X-ray**
- e. Perform Kotzhshke test (periodontal pocket suppuration test)

679. A 45-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bad breath and gums that bleed when sh

- a. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage, chronic progression**

- b. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, exacerbated progression
- c. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic progression
- d. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage, acute progression
- e. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

680. A 45-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bad breath and gums that bleed when she brushes her teeth.

- a. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- b. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, chronic progression
- c. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage, chronic progression**
- d. Generalized periodontitis, I degree, exacerbated progression
- e. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage, acute progression

681. A 45-year-old woman complains of a burning sensation and dryness of her oral cavity, which intensifies after eating spicy food.

- a. Antihistamines
- b. Keratolytics
- c. Antiprotozoal agents
- d. Antibiotics

e. Antifungal agents

682. A 45-year-old woman complains of a burning sensation and dryness of her oral cavity, which intensifies after eating spicy food.

- a. Antiprotozoal agents
- b. Antifungal agents**
- c. Antihistamines
- d. Keratolytics
- e. Antibiotics

683. A 45-year-old woman complains of a mildly painful tumor-like formation in her right parotid region.

- a. -
- b. Acute non-epidemic parotitis

c. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

- d. Sjogren sialopathy
- e. Parotid atheroma

684. A 45-year-old woman complains of a mildly painful tumor-like formation in her right parotid region.

- a. Acute non-epidemic parotitis
- b. Sjogren sialopathy
- c. -

d. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

- e. Parotid atheroma

685. A 45-year-old woman complains of acute pain in her mouth, inability to eat, body temperature of 38.5°C.

a. Erythema multiforme exudativum

- b. Chronic recurrent herpes
- c. Pemphigus
- d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- e. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

686. A 45-year-old woman complains of acute pain in her mouth, inability to eat, body temperature of 38.5°C.

a. Erythema multiforme exudativum

- b. Vincent's necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis
- c. Pemphigus
- d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- e. Chronic recurrent herpes

687. A 45-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums. The bleeding occurs when she brushes her teeth.

a. Localized periodontitis

- b. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage
- c. Catarrhal gingivitis
- d. Generalized periodontitis, I degree
- e. Periodontosis, I degree

688. A 45-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums. The bleeding occurs when she brushes her teeth.

- a. Generalized periodontitis, initial stage
- b. Localized periodontitis**

- c. Generalized periodontitis, I degree
- d. Periodontosis, I degree
- e. Catarrhal gingivitis

689. A 45-year-old woman complains of burning sensations in her tongue and a metallic taste in her mouth.

a. Galvanic currents

- b. Allergic reaction
- c. Mechanical injury
- d. Chemical factors
- e. -

690. A 45-year-old woman complains of burning sensations in her tongue and a metallic taste in her mouth.

- a. Chemical factors
- b. Allergic reaction
- c. Mechanical injury
- d. -

e. Galvanic currents

691. A 45-year-old woman complains of stiffness of movements in her temporomandibular joints, especially in the morning.

- a. False joint (pseudoarthrosis)
- b. Neuromuscular syndrome

c. Arthrosis

- d. Habitual dislocation
- e. Chronic arthritis

692. A 45-year-old woman complains of stiffness of movements in her temporomandibular joints, especially in the morning.

- a. Neuromuscular syndrome
- b. Habitual dislocation
- c. False joint (pseudoarthrosis)
- d. Chronic arthritis

e. Arthrosis

693. A 45-year-old woman diagnosed with thrombophlebitis of the angular vein of the face developed complications.

a. Spread of the inflammatory process into the retrobulbar fat

- b. Development of purulent meningitis as a complication of thrombophlebitis
- c. Suppuration of the angular vein of the face
- d. Development of periphlebitis
- e. Spread of the inflammatory process into the pterygopalatine fossa

694. A 45-year-old woman diagnosed with thrombophlebitis of the angular vein of the face developed complications.

a. Development of periphlebitis

b. Spread of the inflammatory process into the retrobulbar fat

- c. Suppuration of the angular vein of the face
- d. Spread of the inflammatory process into the pterygopalatine fossa
- e. Development of purulent meningitis as a complication of thrombophlebitis

695. A 45-year-old woman who works at a chemical factory came to a dentist with complaints of a tooth.

a. Acute superficial caries

b. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

- c. Systemic hypoplasia
- d. Enamel erosion
- e. Cuneiform defects

696. A 45-year-old woman who works at a chemical factory came to a dentist with complaints of a tooth.

- a. Acute superficial caries
- b. Cuneiform defects
- c. Enamel erosion
- d. Systemic hypoplasia

e. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

697. A 46-year-old man came to a dental clinic for a preventive examination. Objectively, his upper

a. Oblique

b. Orthognathic

c. Open

- d. Direct
- e. Prognathic

698. A 46-year-old man came to a dental clinic for a preventive examination. Objectively, his upper

- a. Prognathic
- b. Oblique
- c. Open
- d. Direct

e. Orthognathic

699. A 46-year-old man complains of facial asymmetry, intense pain in the area of his teeth 17 and 1

- a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis
- b. Odontogenic buccal phlegmon
- c. Odontogenic abscess of the pterygopalatine fossa
- d. Acute odontogenic maxillary sinusitis
- e. Odontogenic acute purulent periostitis

700. A 46-year-old man complains of facial asymmetry, intense pain in the area of his teeth 17 and 1

- a. Odontogenic acute purulent periostitis
- b. Acute odontogenic maxillary sinusitis
- c. Odontogenic abscess of the pterygopalatine fossa
- d. Odontogenic buccal phlegmon
- e. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

701. A 46-year-old man is undergoing endodontic treatment of tooth 26 due to exacerbation of chronic

- a. Chlorhexidine and hydrogen peroxide
- b. Sodium hypochlorite and decamethoxine
- c. Sodium hypochlorite and chlorhexidine
- d. EDTA and sodium hypochlorite
- e. Chloramine and hydrogen peroxide

702. A 46-year-old man is undergoing endodontic treatment of tooth 26 due to exacerbation of chronic

- a. Sodium hypochlorite and chlorhexidine
- b. Sodium hypochlorite and decamethoxine
- c. EDTA and sodium hypochlorite
- d. Chlorhexidine and hydrogen peroxide
- e. Chloramine and hydrogen peroxide

703. A 46-year-old man needs a classic 2-stage surgical installation of implants into the upper jaw.

- a. 1.5 months
- b. 2 months
- c. 1 month
- d. 3-6 months
- e. 0.5 months

704. A 46-year-old man needs a classic 2-stage surgical installation of implants into the upper jaw.

- a. 1.5 months
- b. 2 months
- c. 1 month
- d. 0.5 months
- e. 3-6 months

705. A 46-year-old man was diagnosed with horizontal generalized form of pathological tooth wear, co

- a. 9-10 mm
- b. 0.5-1 mm
- c. 4-6 mm
- d. 3-4 mm
- e. 1-2 mm

706. A 46-year-old man was diagnosed with horizontal generalized form of pathological tooth wear, co

- a. 9-10 mm
- b. 1-2 mm
- c. 3-4 mm
- d. 4-6 mm

e. 0.5-1 mm

707. A 46-year-old man, a teacher, complains of lower teeth mobility that impedes the process of bit

a. Cap splint

b. Mamlok's dental splint

c. Semicrown splint

d. Splint with embrasure clasps

e. Removable segmented splint for the front teeth

708. A 46-year-old man, a teacher, complains of lower teeth mobility that impedes the process of bit

a. Semicrown splint

b. Mamlok's dental splint

c. Removable segmented splint for the front teeth

d. Splint with embrasure clasps

e. Cap splint

709. A 46-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums, suppuration, teeth mobility. She has been prese

a. Osteoplasty

b. Gingivotomy

c. Flap surgery

d. Gingivectomy

e. Curettage

710. A 46-year-old woman complains of bleeding gums, suppuration, teeth mobility. She has been prese

a. Flap surgery

b. Gingivotomy

c. Osteoplasty

d. Curettage

e. Gingivectomy

711. A 46-year-old woman complains of painful reddening of the skin of her face, chills, headache, g

a. Hemangioma

b. Scarlet fever

c. Shingles

d. Erysipelas

e. Lupus erythematosus

712. A 46-year-old woman complains of painful reddening of the skin of her face, chills, headache, g

a. Lupus erythematosus

b. Erysipelas

c. Shingles

d. Hemangioma

e. Scarlet fever

713. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 43,

a. 1

b. 3

c. 2

d. -

e. 4

714. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 43,

a. 4

b. 2

c. -

d. 1

e. 3

715. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a growth on his lower lip that appeared

a. Cancer of the lower lip

b. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

c. Verrucous precancer of the vermilion border

d. Pyogenic granuloma

e. Keratoacanthoma

716. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a growth on his lower lip that appeared

- a. Keratoacanthoma
- b. Cancer of the lower lip
- c. Pyogenic granuloma
- d. Verrucous precancer of the vermillion border
- e. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis

717. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing teeth 12, 11 and 21. After an ex

- a. 0.1-0.2 mm
- b. 0.5-1.0 mm
- c. 3.0-3.2 mm
- d. 2.0-2.5 mm
- e. 2.5-3.0 mm

718. A 47-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing teeth 12, 11 and 21. After an ex

- a. 2.5-3.0 mm
- b. 0.5-1.0 mm
- c. 3.0-3.2 mm
- d. 0.1-0.2 mm
- e. 2.0-2.5 mm

719. A 47-year-old man complains of a painless neoplasm on his lower lip. The neoplasm appeared one

- a. Verrucous precancer
- b. Cutaneous horn
- c. Papilloma
- d. Keratoacanthoma
- e. Pyogenic granuloma

720. A 47-year-old man complains of a painless neoplasm on his lower lip. The neoplasm appeared one

- a. Cutaneous horn
- b. Papilloma
- c. Pyogenic granuloma
- d. Keratoacanthoma
- e. Verrucous precancer

721. A 47-year-old man complains of discolored teeth 11 and 21. Objectively, his teeth 11 and 21 are

- a. 5°
- b. 15°
- c. 20°
- d. 10°
- e. 0°

722. A 47-year-old man complains of discolored teeth 11 and 21. Objectively, his teeth 11 and 21 are

- a. 5°
- b. 20°
- c. 15°
- d. 10°
- e. 0°

723. A 47-year-old man complains of frequent recurrent jaw dislocations. Objectively, the teeth are

- a. Myogymnastics, physiotherapy
- b. Restriction of the mouth opening, using the Petrosov appliance
- c. Restriction of the mouth opening, using the Schroeder appliance
- d. Physiotherapy
- e. Immobilization of the jaw with teeth ligation

724. A 47-year-old man complains of frequent recurrent jaw dislocations. Objectively, the teeth are

- a. Physiotherapy
- b. Restriction of the mouth opening, using the Petrosov appliance
- c. Immobilization of the jaw with teeth ligation
- d. Myogymnastics, physiotherapy
- e. Restriction of the mouth opening, using the Schroeder appliance

725. A 47-year-old man complains of pain and swelling in his left submandibular region and pain duri

a. Sialolithiasis

- b. Ranula of the sublingual salivary gland
- c. Lymphadenitis of the submandibular region
- d. Mandibular osteoma
- e. Lipoma of the submandibular region

726. A 47-year-old man complains of pain and swelling in his left submandibular region and pain during

- a. Lymphadenitis of the submandibular region

b. Sialolithiasis

- c. Lipoma of the submandibular region
- d. Mandibular osteoma
- e. Ranula of the sublingual salivary gland

727. A 47-year-old man complains of pain in the throat on the left that intensifies during talking and

a. Phlegmon of the left pterygomandibular space

- b. Acute purulent pericoronitis in the area of tooth 38
- c. Peritonsillar abscess
- d. Phlegmon of the left parapharyngeal space
- e. Abscess of the lingual sulcus on the left

728. A 47-year-old man complains of pain in the throat on the left that intensifies during talking and

- a. Phlegmon of the left parapharyngeal space
- b. Peritonsillar abscess
- c. Abscess of the lingual sulcus on the left

d. Phlegmon of the left pterygomandibular space

- e. Acute purulent pericoronitis in the area of tooth 38

729. A 47-year-old man complains of partial loss of his upper teeth. The patient's medical history shows

- a. Clasp-retained (bugel) removable partial denture with attachments
- b. Removable partial laminar denture for the upper jaw
- c. Swaged-soldered metal dental bridge with faceted intermediate part
- d. Plastic dental bridge

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge

730. A 47-year-old man complains of partial loss of his upper teeth. The patient's medical history shows

- a. Swaged-soldered metal dental bridge with faceted intermediate part
- b. Plastic dental bridge
- c. Clasp-retained (bugel) removable partial denture with attachments
- d. Removable partial laminar denture for the upper jaw

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge

731. A 47-year-old man has lost his lower left premolars. After that the teeth at the edges of the denture

- a. Castaigne syndrome

b. Popov-Godon phenomenon

- c. Kourliandski phenomenon
- d. Phenomenon of relative tooth-alveolar lengthening
- e. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome

732. A 47-year-old man has lost his lower left premolars. After that the teeth at the edges of the denture

- a. Phenomenon of relative tooth-alveolar lengthening
- b. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome
- c. Castaigne syndrome

d. Popov-Godon phenomenon

- e. Kourliandski phenomenon

733. A 47-year-old man underwent an unsuccessful conservative treatment of chronic granulating periodontitis

- a. Bayonet forceps
- b. S-shaped left-sided forceps

c. S-shaped forceps

- d. Straight forceps
- e. S-shaped right-sided forceps

734. A 47-year-old man underwent an unsuccessful conservative treatment of chronic granulating periodontitis

- a. S-shaped left-sided forceps

b. S-shaped forceps

- c. Straight forceps
- d. S-shaped right-sided forceps
- e. Bayonet forceps

735. A 47-year-old woman complains of an itching sensation in her gums and increased teeth sensitivity.

- a. Keratoplastics
- b. Antiseptics
- c. Anesthetics

d. Desensitizers

- e. Keratolytics

736. A 47-year-old woman complains of an itching sensation in her gums and increased teeth sensitivity.

- a. Keratoplastics
- b. Keratolytics

c. Desensitizers

- d. Anesthetics
- e. Antiseptics

737. A 47-year-old woman complains of dry mouth, taste disturbance, and a burning sensation in the tongue.

a. Glossodynia

- b. Desquamative glossitis
- c. Neuritis of the lingual nerve
- d. Chronic candidiasis
- e. Median rhomboid glossitis

738. A 47-year-old woman complains of dry mouth, taste disturbance, and a burning sensation in the tongue.

- a. Desquamative glossitis
- b. Chronic candidiasis

c. Glossodynia

- d. Median rhomboid glossitis
- e. Neuritis of the lingual nerve

739. A 47-year-old woman has been diagnosed with chronic generalized parodontitis, II degree of severity.

- a. Pharmacotherapy
- b. Physiotherapy
- c. Closed curettage

d. Professional oral hygiene

- e. Orthopedic dental treatment

740. A 47-year-old woman has been diagnosed with chronic generalized parodontitis, II degree of severity.

- a. Physiotherapy
- b. Pharmacotherapy
- c. Closed curettage
- d. Orthopedic dental treatment

e. Professional oral hygiene

741. A 48-year-old man came to a clinic for oral cavity sanitation. He has a history of mild diabetes.

a. Lichen ruber planus

- b. Lupus erythematosus
- c. Chronic atrophic candidiasis
- d. Leukoplakia
- e. Secondary syphilis

742. A 48-year-old man came to a clinic for oral cavity sanitation. He has a history of mild diabetes.

- a. Chronic atrophic candidiasis
- b. Secondary syphilis
- c. Leukoplakia
- d. Lupus erythematosus

e. Lichen ruber planus

743. A 48-year-old man came to a dental surgeon for extraction of the roots of tooth 37. What instrument should be used?

- a. Beak-shaped forceps, curved in a plane
- b. Bayonet forceps

c. Beak-shaped non-crushing forceps

d. Beak-shaped crushing forceps

e. S-shaped forceps

744. A 48-year-old man came to a dental surgeon for extraction of the roots of tooth 37. What instru

a. S-shaped forceps

b. Bayonet forceps

c. Beak-shaped non-crushing forceps

d. Beak-shaped crushing forceps

e. Beak-shaped forceps, curved in a plane

745. A 48-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of acute short-term toothache provoked by therm

a. Acute limited pulpitis

b. Pulpal hyperemia

c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

e. Acute deep caries

746. A 48-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of acute short-term toothache provoked by therm

a. Pulpal hyperemia

b. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Acute deep caries

e. Acute limited pulpitis

747. A 48-year-old man complains of a dull pain in the area of his tooth 48 that intensifies when bi

a. Acute purulent periodontitis

b. Phlegmon of the submandibular region

c. Acute purulent periostitis

d. -

e. Acute purulent pericoronitis

748. A 48-year-old man complains of a dull pain in the area of his tooth 48 that intensifies when bi

a. Phlegmon of the submandibular region

b. Acute purulent pericoronitis

c. Acute purulent periostitis

d. -

e. Acute purulent periodontitis

749. A 48-year-old man complains of a tumor-like formation on the hard palate. Examination detected

a. Nasopalatine duct cyst

b. Maxillary ameloblastoma

c. Radicular cyst of the maxilla

d. Giant-cell tumor of the maxilla

e. Follicular cyst of the maxilla

750. A 48-year-old man complains of a tumor-like formation on the hard palate. Examination detected

a. Maxillary ameloblastoma

b. Radicular cyst of the maxilla

c. Follicular cyst of the maxilla

d. Nasopalatine duct cyst

e. Giant-cell tumor of the maxilla

751. A 48-year-old man complains of disturbed lower jaw mobility. The condition developed gradually,

a. Arthrosis

b. Habitual mandibular dislocation

c. Acute arthritis

d. Fibrous ankylosis

e. Chronic arthritis

752. A 48-year-old man complains of disturbed lower jaw mobility. The condition developed gradually,

a. Chronic arthritis

b. Acute arthritis

c. Habitual mandibular dislocation

d. Arthrosis

e. Fibrous ankylosis

753. A 48-year-old man complains of gingival overgrowth ("gums cover the teeth"). The patient suff

a. Hypertrophic gingivitis, edematous form, degree II

b. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form, degree II

c. Gingival fibromatosis

d. Hypertrophic gingivitis, edematous form, degree III

e. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form, degree III

754. A 48-year-old man complains of gingival overgrowth ("gums cover the teeth"). The patient suff

a. Hypertrophic gingivitis, edematous form, degree III

b. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form, degree II

c. Hypertrophic gingivitis, edematous form, degree II

d. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form, degree III

e. Gingival fibromatosis

755. A 48-year-old man presents with verruciform, dense, gray-white growths on the buccal mucosa. Th

a. Bowen's disease

b. Papillomatosis

c. Verrucous leukoplakia

d. Erosive leukoplakia

e. Erythroplasia of Queyrat

756. A 48-year-old man presents with verruciform, dense, gray-white growths on the buccal mucosa. Th

a. Erythroplasia of Queyrat

b. Verrucous leukoplakia

c. Papillomatosis

d. Bowen's disease

e. Erosive leukoplakia

757. A 48-year-old man, who for several years already has been suffering from enterocolitis, complai

a. Allergic stomatitis

b. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

c. Chronic recurrent herpes

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

e. Secondary syphilis

758. A 48-year-old man, who for several years already has been suffering from enterocolitis, complai

a. Secondary syphilis

b. Allergic stomatitis

c. Chronic recurrent herpes

d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

759. A 48-year-old woman complains of itching gums and increased teeth sensitivity to thermal and ch

a. Horizontal resorption

b. Vertical resorption

c. Bone pocket formation

d. Diffuse osteoporosis

e. Uneven resorption of the alveolar bone

760. A 48-year-old woman complains of itching gums and increased teeth sensitivity to thermal and ch

a. Horizontal resorption

b. Vertical resorption

c. Diffuse osteoporosis

d. Bone pocket formation

e. Uneven resorption of the alveolar bone

761. A 48-year-old woman complains of low-grade fever and a gradually enlarging ulcer on her gingiva

a. Acute aphthous stomatitis

b. Syphilis

c. Tuberculosis

d. Trophic ulcer

e. Cancerous ulcer

762. A 48-year-old woman complains of low-grade fever and a gradually enlarging ulcer on her gingiva

a. Syphilis

b. Acute aphthous stomatitis

c. Trophic ulcer

d. Tuberculosis

e. Cancerous ulcer

763. A 48-year-old woman complains of missing teeth 38, 37, 36, 45, 46, 47, and 48. Her teeth 35 and

a. Clasp (bugel) denture

b. Adhesive dental bridge

c. Microdenture

d. Removable laminar denture

e. Dental bridge

764. A 48-year-old woman complains of missing teeth 38, 37, 36, 45, 46, 47, and 48. Her teeth 35 and

a. Adhesive dental bridge

b. Removable laminar denture

c. Dental bridge

d. Microdenture

e. Clasp (bugel) denture

765. A 48-year-old woman complains of problems with chewing, caused by missing teeth. Objectively, h

a. Continuous

b. Abutment

c. Vestibular

d. Retaining

e. Dentoalveolar

766. A 48-year-old woman complains of problems with chewing, caused by missing teeth. Objectively, h

a. Abutment

b. Continuous

c. Vestibular

d. Retaining

e. Dentoalveolar

767. A 48-year-old woman was diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis of the temporomandibular joint. Wha

a. A history of chronic trauma

b. Concomitance with arthrogenic contracture

c. Bilateral nature of the condition

d. Mandibular stiffness in the morning

e. Decreased hearing acuity

768. A 48-year-old woman was diagnosed with rheumatoid arthritis of the temporomandibular joint. Wha

a. Concomitance with arthrogenic contracture

b. Bilateral nature of the condition

c. A history of chronic trauma

d. Decreased hearing acuity

e. Mandibular stiffness in the morning

769. A 48-year-old woman was hospitalized after a car accident. The patient complains of a cheek wou

a. Combined

b. Multiple

c. Isolated

d. Compound

e. Single

770. A 48-year-old woman was hospitalized after a car accident. The patient complains of a cheek wou

a. Single

b. Compound

c. Multiple

d. Combined

e. Isolated

771. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, teeth 46, 45,

a. Bonwill clasp

b. Akers clasp

c. Roach clasp

d. Circumferential clasp

e. Reverse action clasp

772. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, teeth 46, 45,

a. Reverse action clasp

b. Circumferential clasp

c. Akers clasp

d. Roach clasp

e. Bonwill clasp

773. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect, speech disorders, a

a. Clasp (bugel) denture with telescopic fixation system

b. Clasp (bugel) denture with beam fixation system

c. Clasp (bugel) denture with continuous clammers

d. Crown splint for the lateral teeth and a partial removable laminar denture

e. Partial removable laminar denture

774. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of an aesthetic defect, speech disorders, a

a. Partial removable laminar denture

b. Clasp (bugel) denture with continuous clammers

c. Clasp (bugel) denture with beam fixation system

d. Clasp (bugel) denture with telescopic fixation system

e. Crown splint for the lateral teeth and a partial removable laminar denture

775. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of his gums bleeding when he eats solid food

a. Generalized parodontitis, I degree, chronic course

b. Generalized parodontitis, II degree, chronic course

c. Generalized parodontitis, I degree, exacerbation

d. Generalized parodontitis, II degree, exacerbation

e. Generalized parodontitis, initial stage

776. A 49-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of his gums bleeding when he eats solid food

a. Generalized parodontitis, I degree, chronic course

b. Generalized parodontitis, initial stage

c. Generalized parodontitis, II degree, exacerbation

d. Generalized parodontitis, I degree, exacerbation

e. Generalized parodontitis, II degree, chronic course

777. A 49-year-old man complains of progressing reduction of mouth opening, pain on the left when swallow

a. Abscess of the sublingual fossa

b. Phlegmon of the pterygomandibular space

c. Phlegmon of the retromandibular area

d. Phlegmon of the submandibular space

e. Phlegmon of the parapharyngeal space

778. A 49-year-old man complains of progressing reduction of mouth opening, pain on the left when swallow

a. Phlegmon of the retromandibular area

b. Phlegmon of the pterygomandibular space

c. Abscess of the sublingual fossa

d. Phlegmon of the submandibular space

e. Phlegmon of the parapharyngeal space

779. A 49-year-old man has been hospitalized into the maxillofacial department in a severe condition

a. Perform phlegmon dissection under face mask anesthesia

b. Perform a tracheotomy

c. Provide symptomatic pharmacotherapy

d. Perform fixation of the tongue

e. Place the patient into an upright position

780. A 49-year-old man has been hospitalized into the maxillofacial department in a severe condition

- a. Provide symptomatic pharmacotherapy
- b. Perform a tracheotomy**
- c. Perform fixation of the tongue
- d. Perform phlegmon dissection under face mask anesthesia
- e. Place the patient into an upright position

781. A 49-year-old man was diagnosed with recurrence of lower lip cancer two years after he had unde

- a. Combined treatment**
- b. Wedge resection of the lower lip
- c. Trapezial resection of the lower lip
- d. Vanakh's operation
- e. Rectangular resection of the lower lip

782. A 49-year-old man was diagnosed with recurrence of lower lip cancer two years after he had unde

- a. Rectangular resection of the lower lip
- b. Trapezial resection of the lower lip
- c. Wedge resection of the lower lip
- d. Combined treatment**

- e. Vanakh's operation

783. A 49-year-old patient complains of bleeding, itching, and sore gums. Objectively, the gums are

- a. Neutrophilic left shift, polycythemia
- b. Neutrophilic left shift, thrombocytopenia
- c. Neutrophilic left shift, decreased ESR
- d. Neutrophilic left shift, increased ESR**

- e. Neutrophilic right shift, increased ESR

784. A 49-year-old patient complains of bleeding, itching, and sore gums. Objectively, the gums are

- a. Neutrophilic left shift, thrombocytopenia
- b. Neutrophilic right shift, increased ESR
- c. Neutrophilic left shift, polycythemia
- d. Neutrophilic left shift, decreased ESR
- e. Neutrophilic left shift, increased ESR**

785. A 5-year-old boy has been referred for consultation to the pediatric maxillofacial surgery depa

- a. Acute serous non-odontogenic lymphadenitis**

- b. Acute serous odontogenic lymphadenitis
- c. Lateral neck cyst
- d. Acute purulent non-odontogenic lymphadenitis
- e. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis

786. A 5-year-old boy has been referred for consultation to the pediatric maxillofacial surgery depa

- a. Lateral neck cyst
- b. Acute serous odontogenic lymphadenitis
- c. Acute purulent non-odontogenic lymphadenitis
- d. Acute serous non-odontogenic lymphadenitis**

- e. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis

787. A 5-year-old child developed a hemorrhage after pulp extirpation of 74 due to exacerbated chron

- a. To hospitalize the child to the maxillofacial unit
- b. To plug the cavity with hemostatic sponge
- c. To place sutures on the mucosa
- d. To hospitalize the child to the hematological unit**

- e. To plug the cavity with epsilon-aminocaproic acid dressing

788. A 5-year-old child developed a hemorrhage after pulp extirpation of 74 due to exacerbated chron

- a. To plug the cavity with hemostatic sponge
- b. To hospitalize the child to the hematological unit**

- c. To hospitalize the child to the maxillofacial unit
- d. To place sutures on the mucosa

- e. To plug the cavity with epsilon-aminocaproic acid dressing

789. A 5-year-old child has all temporary teeth in the oral cavity with tremas between them. The inc

- a. Early transitional dentition**

- b. Formation of the temporary bite
- c. Late transitional dentition
- d. Stabilization of the temporary bite

e. Aging of the temporary bite

790. A 5-year-old child has all temporary teeth in the oral cavity with spaces between them. The inc

- a. Stabilization of the temporary bite
- b. Early transitional dentition
- c. Formation of the temporary bite
- d. Late transitional dentition

e. Aging of the temporary bite

791. A 5-year-old child presents with infantile swallow pattern. What structural element must be pre

- a. Inclined plane
- b. Labial bandages
- c. Buccal shields
- d. Bite plane

e. Rudolph loops

792. A 5-year-old child presents with infantile swallow pattern. What structural element must be pre

- a. Labial bandages
- b. Inclined plane
- c. Buccal shields
- d. Bite plane

e. Rudolph loops

793. A 5-year-old child was diagnosed with chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 55. What substance w

- a. Sodium hypochlorite solution
- b. Formalin (Formaldehyde) solution
- c. Hydrogen peroxide solution
- d. Ethonium solution
- e. Furacilin (Nitrofurazone) solution

794. A 5-year-old child was diagnosed with chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 55. What substance w

- a. Hydrogen peroxide solution
- b. Sodium hypochlorite solution
- c. Furacilin (Nitrofurazone) solution
- d. Formalin (Formaldehyde) solution
- e. Ethonium solution

795. A 5-year-old girl complains of a cavity in her lower tooth. Objectively, her tooth 84 has a car

- a. Chronic deep caries
- b. Acute median caries
- c. Acute deep caries
- d. Chronic median caries
- e. Acute superficial caries

796. A 5-year-old girl complains of a cavity in her lower tooth. Objectively, her tooth 84 has a car

- a. Chronic deep caries
- b. Acute deep caries
- c. Acute median caries

- d. Acute superficial caries
- e. Chronic median caries

797. A 5-year-old girl has a round soft elastic neoplasm up to 2 cm in diameter on the front surface

- a. Chronic hyperplastic lymphadenitis
- b. Cyst of a submandibular salivary gland
- c. Retention cyst of a sublingual salivary gland

d. Midline cervical cyst

- e. Cervical dermoid cyst

798. A 5-year-old girl has a round soft elastic neoplasm up to 2 cm in diameter on the front surface

- a. Chronic hyperplastic lymphadenitis
- b. Retention cyst of a sublingual salivary gland

c. Midline cervical cyst

d. Cyst of a submandibular salivary gland

e. Cervical dermoid cyst

799. A 5-year-old girl was diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 75. Objecti

a. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75

b. Extraction of tooth 75

c. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75 and periostotomy

d. Extraction of tooth 75 and periostotomy

e. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75 and anti-inflammatory therapy

800. A 5-year-old girl was diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 75. Objecti

a. Extraction of tooth 75 and periostotomy

b. Extraction of tooth 75

c. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75 and anti-inflammatory therapy

d. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75

e. Endodontic treatment of tooth 75 and periostotomy

801. A 50-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his dental for

a. Bite rims

b. Bite registrator

c. Silicone key

d. Parallelometer

e. Facial arch

802. A 50-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his dental for

a. Parallelometer

b. Silicone key

c. Bite registrator

d. Bite rims

e. Facial arch

803. A 50-year-old man complains of a formation 4 cm in size in the submandibular region. On palpati

a. Fibromyoma

b. Fibroma

c. Median cyst

d. Migrating granuloma

e. Lipoma

804. A 50-year-old man complains of a formation 4 cm in size in the submandibular region. On palpati

a. Migrating granuloma

b. Lipoma

c. Fibroma

d. Median cyst

e. Fibromyoma

805. A 50-year-old man complains of bleeding gums and mobility of his teeth. After a clinical examin

a. Mixed resorption

b. Osteosclerosis

c. Osteoporosis

d. Horizontal resorption

e. Vertical resorption

806. A 50-year-old man complains of bleeding gums and mobility of his teeth. After a clinical examin

a. Horizontal resorption

b. Osteosclerosis

c. Osteoporosis

d. Vertical resorption

e. Mixed resorption

807. A 50-year-old man complains of gum discoloration, pain when eating spicy food, weakness, and ir

a. Lead salt poisoning

b. Acute leukemia

c. Necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis (Vincent stomatitis)

- d. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- e. Mercury salt poisoning

808. A 50-year-old man complains of gum discoloration, pain when eating spicy food, weakness, and ir

a. Acute leukemia

b. Lead salt poisoning

c. Necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis (Vincent stomatitis)

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

e. Mercury salt poisoning

809. A 50-year-old man complains of painful defect that manifests as a crack in his lower lip. The d

a. Chronic lymphedema of lips

b. Chronic lip fissure

c. Atopic cheilitis

d. Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome

e. Miescher cheilitis granulomatosa

810. A 50-year-old man complains of painful defect that manifests as a crack in his lower lip. The d

a. Chronic lymphedema of lips

b. Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome

c. Chronic lip fissure

d. Miescher cheilitis granulomatosa

e. Atopic cheilitis

811. A 50-year-old man complains to a dentist of pain and creaking in his left temporomandibular joi

a. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

b. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

d. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

e. Pain dysfunction of the temporomandibular joint

812. A 50-year-old man complains to a dentist of pain and creaking in his left temporomandibular joi

a. Pain dysfunction of the temporomandibular joint

b. Arthrosis of the left temporomandibular joint

c. Chronic arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

d. Acute arthritis of the left temporomandibular joint

e. Ankylosis of the left temporomandibular joint

813. A 50-year-old man was diagnosed with sialolithiasis with the salivary gland stone located deep

a. Submandibular gland excision

b. Sclerotherapy

c. Removal of the sialolith while retaining the gland

d. Conservative pharmacotherapy

e. Radiation therapy

814. A 50-year-old man was diagnosed with sialolithiasis with the salivary gland stone located deep

a. Sclerotherapy

b. Conservative pharmacotherapy

c. Submandibular gland excision

d. Radiation therapy

e. Removal of the sialolith while retaining the gland

815. A 50-year-old patient, an employee of the print shop, complains of foul smell from his mouth an

a. Bismuth

b. Catarrhal

c. Lead

d. Mercury

e. Necrotizing ulcerative

816. A 50-year-old patient, an employee of the print shop, complains of foul smell from his mouth an

a. Necrotizing ulcerative

b. Bismuth

c. Lead

d. Mercury

e. Catarrhal

817. A 50-year-old person was hospitalized with a gunshot wound to the lower jaw and a bone defect i

a. Single jaw splint-brace

b. Rudko extraoral appliance

c. Double jaw splint with hook loops and mandibulomaxillary elastic extension

d. Double jaw splint with a spreader arch

e. Bone suture

818. A 50-year-old person was hospitalized with a gunshot wound to the lower jaw and a bone defect i

a. Single jaw splint-brace

b. Bone suture

c. Double jaw splint with a spreader arch

d. Double jaw splint with hook loops and mandibulomaxillary elastic extension

e. Rudko extraoral appliance

819. A 50-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of deteriorated fixation of her partial r

a. Changing the denture base

b. Activation of the retaining clasps (clammers)

c. Reduction of the denture base

d. Making a denture with an elastic lining

e. Making a new denture

820. A 50-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of deteriorated fixation of her partial r

a. Reduction of the denture base

b. Changing the denture base

c. Making a denture with an elastic lining

d. Making a new denture

e. Activation of the retaining clasps (clammers)

821. A 50-year-old woman complains of pain and creaking in her temporomandibular joint. Objectively

a. 2-3 visits at one-month intervals

b. 1-2 visits within a year

c. A single visit

d. 3-4 visits at one-week intervals

e. 2-3 visits at one-day intervals

822. A 50-year-old woman complains of pain and creaking in her temporomandibular joint. Objectively

a. 2-3 visits at one-month intervals

b. 2-3 visits at one-day intervals

c. A single visit

d. 1-2 visits within a year

e. 3-4 visits at one-week intervals

823. A 50-year-old woman with compensated insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus needs dental prostheti

a. Insulin

b. Nitroglycerine

c. Glucose solution

d. Valocordin

e. Ammonia solution

824. A 50-year-old woman with compensated insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus needs dental prostheti

a. Insulin

b. Nitroglycerine

c. Valocordin

d. Glucose solution

e. Ammonia solution

825. A 51-year-old woman came to a clinic with complaints of multiple burns caused by hot steam. Obj

a. I

b. II

c. IIIb

d. IV

e. IIIa

826. A 51-year-old woman came to a clinic with complaints of multiple burns caused by hot steam. Obj

a. IIIb

b. I

c. IIIa

d. IV

e. II

827. A 51-year-old woman complains of dry mouth, distorted sense of taste, and burning and tingling

a. Candidal glossitis

b. Ganglionitis of the sublingual ganglia

c. Moeller-Hunter glossitis

d. Glossodynia

e. Desquamative glossitis

828. A 51-year-old woman complains of dry mouth, distorted sense of taste, and burning and tingling

a. Ganglionitis of the sublingual ganglia

b. Glossodynia

c. Moeller-Hunter glossitis

d. Candidal glossitis

e. Desquamative glossitis

829. A 51-year-old woman has been diagnosed with chronic interstitial parotitis of the right parotid

a. Numerous small cavities in the parenchyma of the gland

b. Sharp narrowing of the II-IV order ducts

c. Clearly demarkated filling defect in the acini and ducts of the gland

d. Uneven widening of the II-IV order ducts

e. Uneven intermittent borders of the ducts

830. A 51-year-old woman has been diagnosed with chronic interstitial parotitis of the right parotid

a. Uneven intermittent borders of the ducts

b. Uneven widening of the II-IV order ducts

c. Clearly demarkated filling defect in the acini and ducts of the gland

d. Numerous small cavities in the parenchyma of the gland

e. Sharp narrowing of the II-IV order ducts

831. A 52-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a bright red spot that appeared on his b

a. Lichen ruber planus

b. Hemangioma

c. Leukoplakia

d. Bowen's disease

e. Trophic ulcer

832. A 52-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a bright red spot that appeared on his b

a. Trophic ulcer

b. Hemangioma

c. Lichen ruber planus

d. Leukoplakia

e. Bowen's disease

833. A 52-year-old man complains of a sharply painful inflammation focus and edema of the soft tissu

a. Furuncle of the right buccal region

b. Abscess of the right buccal region

c. Anthrax carbuncle of the right buccal region

d. Phlegmon of the right buccal region

e. Carbuncle of the right buccal region

834. A 52-year-old man complains of a sharply painful inflammation focus and edema of the soft tissu

a. Furuncle of the right buccal region

b. Carbuncle of the right buccal region

c. Anthrax carbuncle of the right buccal region

d. Abscess of the right buccal region

e. Phlegmon of the right buccal region

835. A 52-year-old man complains of pain and clicking in the area of his left temporomandibular join

a. Neuromuscular joint syndrome

b. Acute post-traumatic arthritis

c. Deforming arthrosis

d. Rheumatoid arthritis

e. Fibrous ankylosis of the joint

836. A 52-year-old man complains of pain and clicking in the area of his left temporomandibular joint

a. Neuromuscular joint syndrome

b. Rheumatoid arthritis

c. Acute post-traumatic arthritis

d. Deforming arthrosis

e. Fibrous ankylosis of the joint

837. A 52-year-old man complains of unpleasant sensations during swallowing and erosions on the oral

a. Antibiotics

b. Proteolytic enzymes

c. Antifungal agents

d. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

e. Corticosteroids

838. A 52-year-old man complains of unpleasant sensations during swallowing and erosions on the oral

a. Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs

b. Corticosteroids

c. Proteolytic enzymes

d. Antibiotics

e. Antifungal agents

839. A 52-year-old woman needs a dental prosthesis. Upon objective examination a removable partial I

a. Plaster

b. Stens

c. Silast

d. Orthocor

e. Wax

840. A 52-year-old woman needs a dental prosthesis. Upon objective examination a removable partial I

a. Wax

b. Silast

c. Stens

d. Plaster

e. Orthocor

841. A 53-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of pain provoked by chemical, thermal, and mech

a. Pathological tooth wear

b. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome

c. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

d. Enamel hypoplasia

e. Enamel erosion

842. A 53-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of pain provoked by chemical, thermal, and mech

a. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome

b. Pathological tooth wear

c. Enamel erosion

d. Enamel hypoplasia

e. Necrosis of hard dental tissues

843. A 53-year-old man complains of increased teeth sensitivity to chemical stimuli. Objectively, th

a. Periodontosis, I degree

b. Catarrhal gingivitis

c. Generalized periodontitis, I degree

d. Generalized periodontitis, II degree

e. Hypertrophic gingivitis

844. A 53-year-old man complains of increased teeth sensitivity to chemical stimuli. Objectively, th

a. Generalized periodontitis, I degree

- b. Catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Hypertrophic gingivitis
- d. Generalized periodontitis, II degree

e. Periodontosis, I degree

845. A 53-year-old woman complains of pain and clicking in her left temporomandibular joint. Objecti

a. Temporomandibular joint dysfunction

- b. Joint ankylosis
- c. Deforming arthrosis
- d. Acute posttraumatic arthritis
- e. Rheumatic arthritis

846. A 53-year-old woman complains of pain and clicking in her left temporomandibular joint. Objecti

a. Rheumatic arthritis

b. Joint ankylosis

c. Temporomandibular joint dysfunction

- d. Acute posttraumatic arthritis
- e. Deforming arthrosis

847. A 54-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of difficulty chewing food due to partial loss

- a. First
- b. Third
- c. Fourth
- d. Fifth

e. Second

848. A 54-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of difficulty chewing food due to partial loss

- a. Third
- b. Fifth
- c. First

d. Second

e. Fourth

849. A 54-year-old man came to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. He has a single small erosion on

- a. Bowen's disease
- b. Recurrent herpes
- c. Leukoplakia, erosive form
- d. Primary syphiloma, erosive form

e. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

850. A 54-year-old man came to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. He has a single small erosion on

a. Primary syphiloma, erosive form

b. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

- c. Bowen's disease
- d. Recurrent herpes
- e. Leukoplakia, erosive form

851. A 54-year-old man developed a pustule on the skin of his chin. The pustule rapidly progressed i

a. Carbuncle

- b. Erysipelas
- c. Furuncle
- d. Festering atheroma
- e. Allergic dermatitis

852. A 54-year-old man developed a pustule on the skin of his chin. The pustule rapidly progressed i

a. Allergic dermatitis

- b. Furuncle
- c. Erysipelas
- d. Festering atheroma

e. Carbuncle

853. A 54-year-old man with completely edentulous jaws was diagnosed with a non-displaced midline ma

a. -

b. Raised bite

- c. Deepened bite
- d. Incorrect splint design was chosen
- e. Displaced mandible

854. A 54-year-old man with completely edentulous jaws was diagnosed with a non-displaced midline ma

- a. Deepened bite
- b. Raised bite**

- c. -
- d. Displaced mandible
- e. Incorrect splint design was chosen

855. A 54-year-old patient is prescribed full cast porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridges for the u

- a. Plaster
- b. Thermoplastic
- c. Alginate
- d. Zinc oxide eugenol
- e. Silicone**

856. A 54-year-old patient is prescribed full cast porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridges for the u

- a. Zinc oxide eugenol
- b. Alginate
- c. Plaster
- d. Silicone**
- e. Thermoplastic

857. A 54-year-old woman complains of a neoplasm on her lower lip that appeared 6 month ago. Twenty

- a. Keratoacanthoma**
- b. Verrucous precancer
- c. Papilloma
- d. Verrucous leukoplakia
- e. Manganotti's cheilitis

858. A 54-year-old woman complains of a neoplasm on her lower lip that appeared 6 month ago. Twenty

- a. Verrucous precancer
- b. Papilloma
- c. Keratoacanthoma**
- d. Manganotti's cheilitis
- e. Verrucous leukoplakia

859. A 54-year-old woman complains of pain and clicking in her temporomandibular joint during moveme

- a. Orthopantomography
- b. Teleradiography
- c. Axiography
- d. Electromyography
- e. Computed tomography of the temporomandibular joint**

860. A 54-year-old woman complains of pain and clicking in her temporomandibular joint during moveme

- a. Teleradiography
- b. Computed tomography of the temporomandibular joint**
- c. Orthopantomography
- d. Axiography
- e. Electromyography

861. A 55-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic to have a denture made for him. Tooth 11 is

- a. Make a clasp-retained (bugel) removable partial denture
- b. Temporarily refrain from making a denture
- c. Make a dental bridge with 12 and 21 as abutment teeth
- d. Perform implantation
- e. Make a temporary removable denture**

862. A 55-year-old man came to the prosthodontic clinic to have a denture made for him. Tooth 11 is

- a. Make a dental bridge with 12 and 21 as abutment teeth
- b. Make a temporary removable denture**
- c. Temporarily refrain from making a denture

- d. Perform implantation
- e. Make a clasp-retained (bugel) removable partial denture

863. A 55-year-old man complains of heartburn and unpleasant sensations in his tongue. The patient has

- a. Coated tongue
- b. Fissured tongue
- c. Hypertrophic lingual papillae
- d. Erosions on the lateral surfaces of the tongue

e. Atrophied and smoothed out lingual papillae

864. A 55-year-old man complains of heartburn and unpleasant sensations in his tongue. The patient has

- a. Fissured tongue
- b. Erosions on the lateral surfaces of the tongue
- c. Hypertrophic lingual papillae
- d. Coated tongue

e. Atrophied and smoothed out lingual papillae

865. A 55-year-old man periodically, once every few months, develops 1-2 sharply painful round erosions

- a. Lupus erythematosus
- b. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis**
- c. Herpetic recurrent stomatitis
- d. Chronic candidal stomatitis
- e. Papular syphilis

866. A 55-year-old man periodically, once every few months, develops 1-2 sharply painful round erosions

- a. Lupus erythematosus
- b. Herpetic recurrent stomatitis
- c. Papular syphilis

d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

e. Chronic candidal stomatitis

867. A 55-year-old man suffered a blow to the frontal mandibular area. He is diagnosed with mandibular fracture

a. Patient's dentures

- b. Vankevych splint
- c. Zbarzh apparatus
- d. Weber splint
- e. Vasiliev splint

868. A 55-year-old man suffered a blow to the frontal mandibular area. He is diagnosed with mandibular fracture

- a. Vankevych splint
- b. Patient's dentures**

- c. Zbarzh apparatus
- d. Vasiliev splint
- e. Weber splint

869. A 55-year-old man was delivered into the hospital with bilateral mandibular fracture within the

a. Weber

- b. Tigerstedt
- c. Gunning-Port
- d. Vankevych
- e. Flat occlusal splint

870. A 55-year-old man was delivered into the hospital with bilateral mandibular fracture within the

a. Vankevych

b. Weber

- c. Tigerstedt
- d. Gunning-Port
- e. Flat occlusal splint

871. A 55-year-old woman complains of erosions in her mouth, pain during eating, and hoarse voice. The

- a. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- b. Chronic herpetic stomatitis
- c. Lichen ruber planus
- d. Pemphigus**

e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

872. A 55-year-old woman complains of erosions in her mouth, pain during eating, and hoarse voice. The

a. Lichen ruber planus

b. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

c. Erythema multiforme exudativum

d. Pemphigus

e. Chronic herpetic stomatitis

873. A 55-year-old woman is undergoing a treatment for generalized parodontitis (II-III degree). In

a. The day when the teeth are extracted

b. 2 months later

c. 7 days later

d. 14 days later

e. 24 hours later

874. A 55-year-old woman is undergoing a treatment for generalized parodontitis (II-III degree). In

a. 2 months later

b. 7 days later

c. The day when the teeth are extracted

d. 14 days later

e. 24 hours later

875. A 55-year-old woman needs removable implant-retained dentures for both jaws. It is necessary to

a. Computed tomography

b. Occlusography

c. Spot X-ray

d. Ultraviolet densitometry

e. Study of diagnostic models

876. A 55-year-old woman needs removable implant-retained dentures for both jaws. It is necessary to

a. Occlusography

b. Study of diagnostic models

c. Computed tomography

d. Spot X-ray

e. Ultraviolet densitometry

877. A 56-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of acute pain and swelling in the submandib

a. Removal of the gland

b. Duct dissection and stone removal

c. Duct bougienage

d. Salivation-inducing diet

e. Pharmacotherapy

878. A 56-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of acute pain and swelling in the submandib

a. Removal of the gland

b. Salivation-inducing diet

c. Pharmacotherapy

d. Duct bougienage

e. Duct dissection and stone removal

879. A 56-year-old man complains of swelling and pain in his right parotid area. The swelling was n

a. Chronic non-epidemic parotitis

b. Chronic lymphadenitis of the right parotid area

c. Actinomycosis of the right parotid gland

d. Mixed tumor of the right parotid gland

e. Adenocarcinoma of the right parotid gland

880. A 56-year-old man complains of swelling and pain in his right parotid area. The swelling was n

a. Chronic non-epidemic parotitis

b. Chronic lymphadenitis of the right parotid area

c. Mixed tumor of the right parotid gland

d. Adenocarcinoma of the right parotid gland

e. Actinomycosis of the right parotid gland

881. A 56-year-old man during obtaining a full anatomical impression of the upper jaw with alginate

- a. Acute bronchitis
- b. Pneumothorax
- c. Bronchial asthma attack
- d. Overactive gag reflex

e. Aspiration asphyxia

882. A 56-year-old man during obtaining a full anatomical impression of the upper jaw with alginate

- a. Bronchial asthma attack
- b. Acute bronchitis

c. Aspiration asphyxia

- d. Overactive gag reflex
- e. Pneumothorax

883. A 56-year-old man has an oval erosion with a deep red smooth surface on the vermillion border o

a. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

- b. Circumscribed precancerous hyperkeratosis of the vermillion border
- c. Actinic cheilitis
- d. Lupus erythematosus
- e. Bowen's disease

884. A 56-year-old man has an oval erosion with a deep red smooth surface on the vermillion border o

- a. Lupus erythematosus
- b. Bowen's disease
- c. Circumscribed precancerous hyperkeratosis of the vermillion border

d. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

e. Actinic cheilitis

885. A 57-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of the mobility of a large group of his teeth.

- a. Dentoalveolar clasps
- b. Vestibular clasps

c. Polyunit and mesiodistal clasps

- d. Abutment clasps
- e. Retaining clasps

886. A 57-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of the mobility of a large group of his teeth.

- a. Dentoalveolar clasps
- b. Vestibular clasps
- c. Abutment clasps

d. Polyunit and mesiodistal clasps

e. Retaining clasps

887. A 57-year-old man complains of pain and creaking in his right temporomandibular joint when eati

a. Arthrosis of the right temporomandibular joint

- b. Acute arthritis of the right temporomandibular joint
- c. Pain dysfunction syndrome of the right temporomandibular joint
- d. Ankylosis of the right temporomandibular joint
- e. Contracture of the right temporomandibular joint

888. A 57-year-old man complains of pain and creaking in his right temporomandibular joint when eati

- a. Contracture of the right temporomandibular joint
- b. Pain dysfunction syndrome of the right temporomandibular joint

c. Arthrosis of the right temporomandibular joint

- d. Acute arthritis of the right temporomandibular joint
- e. Ankylosis of the right temporomandibular joint

889. A 57-year-old man presents with habitual mandibular dislocation. To reduce mouth opening, Yadro

- a. 12 months
- b. 18 months
- c. 6 months
- d. 9 months

e. 3 months

890. A 57-year-old man presents with habitual mandibular dislocation. To reduce mouth opening, Yadro

- a. 6 months
- b. 18 months
- c. 12 months
- d. 9 months
- e. 3 months

891. A 58-year-old man came to a dentist for orthopedic treatment after the extraction of his right

- a. Make a new partial removable laminar denture
- b. Make a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge
- c. Wait two months before making a denture
- d. Perform dental implantation and make a porcelain-fused-to-metal crown
- e. Reconstruct the partial removable laminar denture by welding an artificial tooth to it

892. A 58-year-old man came to a dentist for orthopedic treatment after the extraction of his right

- a. Wait two months before making a denture
- b. Make a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge
- c. Perform dental implantation and make a porcelain-fused-to-metal crown
- d. Reconstruct the partial removable laminar denture by welding an artificial tooth to it
- e. Make a new partial removable laminar denture

893. A 58-year-old man complains of a neoplasm on his lower lip that appeared 6 months ago. Througho

- a. Keratoacanthoma
- b. Papilloma
- c. Verrucous leukoplakia
- d. Verrucous precancer
- e. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis

894. A 58-year-old man complains of a neoplasm on his lower lip that appeared 6 months ago. Througho

- a. Manganotti's abrasive precancerous cheilitis
- b. Verrucous precancer
- c. Keratoacanthoma
- d. Papilloma
- e. Verrucous leukoplakia

895. A 58-year-old man complains of painless gum enlargement. He has a history of epilepsy and for a

- a. Gingival fibromatosis
- b. Hyperplastic syndrome in leukemia
- c. Hypertrophic gingivitis, granulating form
- d. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form
- e. Viral warts

896. A 58-year-old man complains of painless gum enlargement. He has a history of epilepsy and for a

- a. Viral warts
- b. Hyperplastic syndrome in leukemia
- c. Gingival fibromatosis
- d. Hypertrophic gingivitis, fibrous form
- e. Hypertrophic gingivitis, granulating form

897. A 58-year-old woman came to an orthopedic dentist complaining that her partial removable dentur

- a. Redont
- b. Phthorax
- c. Carboplast
- d. Stomaplast
- e. Ethacryl

898. A 58-year-old woman came to an orthopedic dentist complaining that her partial removable dentur

- a. Phthorax
- b. Redont
- c. Stomaplast
- d. Ethacryl
- e. Carboplast

899. A 58-year-old woman complains of a red spot on her lower lip that first appeared 4 years ago. O

- a. Exfoliative cheilitis

b. Bowen's disease

c. Hemangioma

d. Verrucous precancer

e. Simple leukoplakia

900. A 58-year-old woman complains of a red spot on her lower lip that first appeared 4 years ago. O

a. Simple leukoplakia

b. Hemangioma

c. Bowen's disease

d. Exfoliative cheilitis

e. Verrucous precancer

901. A 59-year-old woman complains that fixation of her partial removable laminar denture became wor

a. Activation of the retaining clasps (clammers)

b. Making a denture with an elastic lining

c. Rebasing the denture

d. Making a new denture

e. Making the denture base smaller

902. A 59-year-old woman complains that fixation of her partial removable laminar denture became wor

a. Making a denture with an elastic lining

b. Rebasing the denture

c. Making the denture base smaller

d. Activation of the retaining clasps (clammers)

e. Making a new denture

903. A 59-year-old woman needs splinting of her lower teeth. Objectively, the dentition integrity is

a. Solid-cast removable splint

b. Splint made of soldered crowns

c. Cap splint

d. Splint made of equatorial crowns

e. Semi-crown splint

904. A 59-year-old woman needs splinting of her lower teeth. Objectively, the dentition integrity is

a. Cap splint

b. Splint made of equatorial crowns

c. Solid-cast removable splint

d. Splint made of soldered crowns

e. Semi-crown splint

905. A 6-month-old child has a spherical formation on the mucosa of the crest of the maxillary alveo

a. Papilloma

b. Fibroma

c. Follicular cyst

d. Radicular cyst

e. Eruption hematoma

906. A 6-month-old child has a spherical formation on the mucosa of the crest of the maxillary alveo

a. Radicular cyst

b. Fibroma

c. Follicular cyst

d. Eruption hematoma

e. Papilloma

907. A 6-month-old child was diagnosed with bilateral bronchopneumonia and prescribed broad-spectrum

a. Local hypoplasia

b. Fournier teeth

c. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

d. Hutchinson teeth

e. Stainton-Capdepont syndrome

908. A 6-month-old child was diagnosed with bilateral bronchopneumonia and prescribed broad-spectrum

a. Local hypoplasia

b. Hutchinson teeth

c. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

d. Fournier teeth

e. Stainton-Capdepon syndrome

909. A 6-year-old boy with congenital heart disease (pulmonary artery stenosis) presents with suppur

a. The cardiology unit

b. The pediatric maxillofacial unit

c. The out-patient or in-patient unit at the discretion of the child's parents

d. The out-patient unit after preliminary cardiological treatment

e. The out-patient unit, no precautions are necessary

910. A 6-year-old child complains of food retention in a tooth on the lower jaw. Objectively, in too

a. Acute deep caries

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Chronic median caries

d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic superficial caries

911. A 6-year-old child complains of food retention in a tooth on the lower jaw. Objectively, in too

a. Chronic superficial caries

b. Chronic deep caries

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic median caries

e. Acute deep caries

912. A 6-year-old child complains of pain and edema in the upper right jaw, body temperature up to 3

a. Acute suppurative periostitis of the maxilla originating from tooth 54

b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the maxilla

c. Acute serous periostitis of the maxilla originating from tooth 54

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of 54

e. Chronic odontogenic osteomyelitis of the maxilla

913. A 6-year-old child complains of pain and edema in the upper right jaw, body temperature up to 3

a. Acute suppurative periostitis of the maxilla originating from tooth 54

b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the maxilla

c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of 54

d. Acute serous periostitis of the maxilla originating from tooth 54

e. Chronic odontogenic osteomyelitis of the maxilla

914. A 6-year-old child for a 3rd day presents with body temperature up to 38-39°C and painful swal

a. Herpetic angina

b. Acute herpetic stomatitis

c. Diphtheria

d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

915. A 6-year-old child for a 3rd day presents with body temperature up to 38-39°C and painful swal

a. Acute herpetic stomatitis

b. Erythema multiforme exudativum

c. Diphtheria

d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Herpetic angina

916. A 6-year-old child was referred for extraction of the temporary lower central incisors due to c

a. Conduction anesthesia

b. Application anesthesia

c. Infiltration anesthesia

d. Intraosseous anesthesia

e. Inhalation narcosis

917. A 6-year-old child was referred for extraction of the temporary lower central incisors due to c

a. Intraosseous anesthesia

b. Conduction anesthesia

c. Inhalation narcosis

d. Application anesthesia

e. Infiltration anesthesia

918. A 6-year-old girl fell ill 2 days ago. She complains of an increase in body temperature up to 3

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Scarlet fever

c. Measles

- d. Chickenpox
- e. Shingles

919. A 6-year-old girl fell ill 2 days ago. She complains of an increase in body temperature up to 3

- a. Shingles
- b. Scarlet fever
- c. Chickenpox
- d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Measles

920. A 6-year-old girl took paracetamol to treat a case of URTI two days ago, which resulted in the

a. Stevens-Johnson syndrome

- b. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- d. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- e. Pemphigus

921. A 6-year-old girl took paracetamol to treat a case of URTI two days ago, which resulted in the

a. Pemphigus

b. Stevens-Johnson syndrome

- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis
- d. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- e. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

922. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 14,

a. Installation of the implants

- b. Installation of the abutments
- c. Selective polishing
- d. Occlusion correction
- e. Fixation of the superstructure

923. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his teeth 14,

- a. Occlusion correction
- b. Installation of the abutments

c. Installation of the implants

- d. Fixation of the superstructure
- e. Selective polishing

924. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist two days after the fixation of a removable partial denture.

- a. Eating coarse food
- b. Incorrectly placed clasps

c. Mechanical trauma of the mucosa with the edge of the denture base

- d. Mistakes when fitting the artificial teeth
- e. Poorly fixed denture

925. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist two days after the fixation of a removable partial denture.

- a. Poorly fixed denture
- b. Mistakes when fitting the artificial teeth

c. Mechanical trauma of the mucosa with the edge of the denture base

- d. Incorrectly placed clasps
- e. Eating coarse food

926. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a deteriorated fixation of his complete

- a. 1-2 years
- b. 9-10 years
- c. 5-6 years
- d. 3-4 years

e. 7-8 years

927. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of a deteriorated fixation of his complete

a. 7-8 years

b. 3-4 years

c. 5-6 years

d. 1-2 years

e. 9-10 years

928. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of aesthetic defects in his upper front tee

a. Pathological tooth wear

b. Chronic median caries

c. Cuneiform defects

d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

e. Enamel erosion

929. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of aesthetic defects in his upper front tee

a. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

b. Chronic median caries

c. Enamel erosion

d. Cuneiform defects

e. Pathological tooth wear

930. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his right temporomandibular join

a. In front of the tragus

b. Behind the auricle

c. On the posterior wall of the external acoustic meatus

d. -

e. On the anterior wall of the external acoustic meatus

931. A 60-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his right temporomandibular join

a. On the posterior wall of the external acoustic meatus

b. In front of the tragus

c. Behind the auricle

d. -

e. On the anterior wall of the external acoustic meatus

932. A 60-year-old man has completely edentulous jaws. He has been using dentures for 15 years. Obje

a. Functional decompression impression obtained with dentaflex

b. Functional compression impression obtained with stens

c. Complete anatomical impressions obtained with plaster

d. Functional differentiated impression obtained with repin

e. Complete anatomical impressions obtained with stomalgin

933. A 60-year-old man has completely edentulous jaws. He has been using dentures for 15 years. Obje

a. Functional compression impression obtained with stens

b. Functional differentiated impression obtained with repin

c. Complete anatomical impressions obtained with stomalgin

d. Functional decompression impression obtained with dentaflex

e. Complete anatomical impressions obtained with plaster

934. A 60-year-old man needs a removable partial denture for the upper jaw. Arrangement of the artif

a. Final modelling of the denture base

b. Fitting and fixation of the removable partial dentures in the oral cavity

c. Placing the plaster casts in an articulator

d. Measurement and fixation of the centric jaw relation

e. Final polishing of the denture

935. A 60-year-old man needs a removable partial denture for the upper jaw. Arrangement of the artif

a. Final polishing of the denture

b. Placing the plaster casts in an articulator

c. Fitting and fixation of the removable partial dentures in the oral cavity

d. Final modelling of the denture base

e. Measurement and fixation of the centric jaw relation

936. A 60-year-old man with completely edentulous upper and lower jaws complains of pain in his lower

- a. Vasiliev splint
- b. Vankevych splint
- c. Weber splint
- d. Port splint**

e. Tigerstedt splint

937. A 60-year-old man with completely edentulous upper and lower jaws complains of pain in his lower

- a. Weber splint
- b. Vankevych splint
- c. Vasiliev splint

d. Port splint

e. Tigerstedt splint

938. A 60-year-old patient came to the maxillofacial inpatient department. He complains of pain, bleeding

- a. Limberg gingival splint
- b. Vankevych dentogingival splint
- c. Gunning gingival splint
- d. Rudko appliance

e. Port gingival splint

939. A 60-year-old patient came to the maxillofacial inpatient department. He complains of pain, bleeding

a. Vankevych dentogingival splint

b. Port gingival splint

- c. Gunning gingival splint
- d. Limberg gingival splint
- e. Rudko appliance

940. A 60-year-old woman came to a dental surgeon to have her central upper incisors extracted. The

a. Bayonet forceps

b. Straight forceps

- c. S-shaped right-sided forceps
- d. S-shaped forceps
- e. Beak-shaped crown forceps without spikes

941. A 60-year-old woman came to a dental surgeon to have her central upper incisors extracted. The

- a. S-shaped right-sided forceps
- b. Beak-shaped crown forceps without spikes

c. Straight forceps

- d. S-shaped forceps
- e. Bayonet forceps

942. A 60-year-old woman complains of a pain in the oral cavity that increases during eating. She has

- a. Decubitus ulcer
- b. Tuberculous ulcer

c. Trophic ulcer

- d. Cancerous ulcer
- e. Syphilitic chancre

943. A 60-year-old woman complains of a pain in the oral cavity that increases during eating. She has

- a. Tuberculous ulcer
- b. Syphilitic chancre
- c. Cancerous ulcer
- d. Decubitus ulcer

e. Trophic ulcer

944. A 60-year-old woman complains of pain in her ears and in the area of her temporomandibular joint

- a. Correct the occlusal surface of the lower denture
- b. Correct the occlusal surface of the upper denture
- c. Make a new denture for the upper jaw

d. Make new dentures

e. Correct the occlusal surfaces of the both dentures

945. A 60-year-old woman complains of pain in her ears and in the area of her temporomandibular joint

- a. Make a new denture for the upper jaw
- b. Correct the occlusal surfaces of the both dentures

c. Make new dentures

- d. Correct the occlusal surface of the upper denture
- e. Correct the occlusal surface of the lower denture

946. A 61-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining that the majority of her upper and lower teeth

a. Alginate

- b. Plaster
- c. A-silicone
- d. Zinc oxide eugenol
- e. C-silicone

947. A 61-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining that the majority of her upper and lower teeth

- a. A-silicone
- b. Plaster

c. Alginate

- d. Zinc oxide eugenol
- e. C-silicone

948. A 62-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his

a. Planar fixation

- b. Point fixation
- c. Linear diagonal fixation
- d. Linear transverse fixation
- e. Linear sagittal fixation

949. A 62-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist to have a denture made for him. Objectively, his

- a. Linear sagittal fixation
- b. Point fixation

c. Planar fixation

- d. Linear transverse fixation
- e. Linear diagonal fixation

950. A 62-year-old man came to a dentist to have his tooth 44 extracted. During examination he suddenly

a. Paroxysmal tachycardia attack

b. Epileptic seizure

- c. Syncope
- d. Hypertensive crisis
- e. Acute cerebrovascular accident

951. A 62-year-old man came to a dentist to have his tooth 44 extracted. During examination he suddenly

- a. Syncope
- b. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- c. Hypertensive crisis
- d. Paroxysmal tachycardia attack

e. Epileptic seizure

952. A 62-year-old man came to the dentist for extraction of tooth 44. During examination the patient

a. Epileptic seizure

- b. Acute disturbance of cerebral circulation
- c. Unconsciousness
- d. Hypertensive crisis
- e. Paroxysmal tachycardia attack

953. A 62-year-old man came to the dentist for extraction of tooth 44. During examination the patient

a. Epileptic seizure

- b. Unconsciousness
- c. Paroxysmal tachycardia attack
- d. Hypertensive crisis
- e. Acute disturbance of cerebral circulation

954. A 62-year-old woman complains of intense pain attacks in the area of her left lower jaw that last

a. Neuritis of the 3rd branch of the trigeminal nerve

b. Neuralgia of the 2nd branch of the trigeminal nerve

c. Neuralgia of the 3rd branch of the trigeminal nerve

d. Pterygopalatine ganglionitis

e. Facial nerve neuritis

955. A 62-year-old woman complains of intense pain attacks in the area of her left lower jaw that last

a. Pterygopalatine ganglionitis

b. Facial nerve neuritis

c. Neuralgia of the 2nd branch of the trigeminal nerve

d. Neuritis of the 3rd branch of the trigeminal nerve

e. Neuralgia of the 3rd branch of the trigeminal nerve

956. A 62-year-old woman complains of unpleasant sensations in her mouth during eating, general weakness

a. Dühring's dermatitis herpetiformis

b. Lever's bullous pemphigoid

c. Erythema multiforme exudativum

d. Lupus erythematosus

e. Pemphigus

957. A 62-year-old woman complains of unpleasant sensations in her mouth during eating, general weakness

a. Lever's bullous pemphigoid

b. Dühring's dermatitis herpetiformis

c. Pemphigus

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

e. Lupus erythematosus

958. A 62-year-old woman presents with reduced occlusal height, which makes mandibular condyles press

a. Intra-articular ankylosis

b. Arthrogenic mandibular contracture

c. Costen's syndrome

d. Pierre Robin syndrome

e. Juvenile temporomandibular joint dysfunction

959. A 62-year-old woman presents with reduced occlusal height, which makes mandibular condyles press

a. Juvenile temporomandibular joint dysfunction

b. Arthrogenic mandibular contracture

c. Costen's syndrome

d. Pierre Robin syndrome

e. Intra-articular ankylosis

960. A 63-year-old completely edentulous patient (the upper jaw - Schroeder's type II, the lower jaw

a. The basal arch of the upper jaw is narrower than its alveolar arch, and the basal arch of the lower

b. Basal arches of the upper and lower jaw are narrower than their alveolar arches

c. The basal arch of the upper jaw is wider than its alveolar arch, and the basal arch of the lower

d. Basal and alveolar arches of the upper and lower jaw are of the same width

e. Basal arches of the upper and lower jaw are wider than their alveolar arches

961. A 63-year-old completely edentulous patient (the upper jaw - Schroeder's type II, the lower jaw

a. The basal arch of the upper jaw is wider than its alveolar arch, and the basal arch of the lower

b. The basal arch of the upper jaw is narrower than its alveolar arch, and the basal arch of the lower

c. Basal and alveolar arches of the upper and lower jaw are of the same width

d. Basal arches of the upper and lower jaw are narrower than their alveolar arches

e. Basal arches of the upper and lower jaw are wider than their alveolar arches

962. A 63-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of a painless formation with a wide base (up to

a. Atheroma

b. Fibroma

c. Melanoma

d. Cutaneous horn

e. Keratoacanthoma

963. A 63-year-old man came to a dentist complaining of a painless formation with a wide base (up to

a. Cutaneous horn

b. Melanoma

c. Keratoacanthoma

d. Atheroma

e. Fibroma

964. A 63-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing lower lateral teeth. Objectively

a. Elbrecht splint

b. Partial removable laminar denture

c. Clasp (bugel) denture with a multi-link clasp (clammer)

d. Dental bridge-splint

e. Mamlok splint

965. A 63-year-old man came to a dentist with complaints of missing lower lateral teeth. Objectively

a. Partial removable laminar denture

b. Dental bridge-splint

c. Elbrecht splint

d. Mamlok splint

e. Clasp (bugel) denture with a multi-link clasp (clammer)

966. A 63-year-old man complains of fever and multiple painful rashes in his oral cavity and on his

a. Chronic recurrent herpes

b. Secondary syphilis

c. Toxic allergic dermatostomatitis

d. Herpes zoster

e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

967. A 63-year-old man complains of fever and multiple painful rashes in his oral cavity and on his

a. Erythema multiforme exudativum

b. Chronic recurrent herpes

c. Secondary syphilis

d. Herpes zoster

e. Toxic allergic dermatostomatitis

968. A 63-year-old man is referred for the extraction of his tooth 36 due to exacerbation of chronic

a. S-shaped left-sided forceps

b. Beak-shaped forceps curved in a plane

c. Beak-shaped forceps curved along the edge with a spike

d. Bayonet forceps

e. Beak-shaped forceps curved along the edge without a spike

969. A 63-year-old man is referred for the extraction of his tooth 36 due to exacerbation of chronic

a. S-shaped left-sided forceps

b. Beak-shaped forceps curved in a plane

c. Beak-shaped forceps curved along the edge with a spike

d. Beak-shaped forceps curved along the edge without a spike

e. Bayonet forceps

970. A 63-year-old woman has an oval neoplasm on the lateral surface of her neck. The neoplasm has a

a. Adenoma

b. Fibroma

c. Lateral cyst of the neck

d. Lipoma

e. Lymphoma

971. A 63-year-old woman has an oval neoplasm on the lateral surface of her neck. The neoplasm has a

a. Lymphoma

b. Adenoma

c. Lipoma

d. Lateral cyst of the neck

e. Fibroma

972. A 64-year-old man undergoes fixation of a removable partial denture for the lower jaw. The dent

a. Disturbed process of acrylic resin polymerization

b. Disturbed process of denture base polishing

c. Uneven moistening of acrylic resin with a monomer

- d. Fractures in the denture base caused by mechanical damage
- e. Foreign admixtures in the denture base

973. A 64-year-old man undergoes fixation of a removable partial denture for the lower jaw. The dent

- a. Disturbed process of denture base polishing
- b. Foreign admixtures in the denture base
- c. Uneven moistening of acrylic resin with a monomer

d. Disturbed process of acrylic resin polymerization

- e. Fractures in the denture base caused by mechanical damage

974. A 65-year-old man was diagnosed with a bilateral uncomplicated mandibular fracture in the menta

- a. Vankevich splint
- b. Weber splint

c. Port splint

- d. The patient's own dentures
- e. Vasiliev splint

975. A 65-year-old man was diagnosed with a bilateral uncomplicated mandibular fracture in the menta

- a. Weber splint

b. Port splint

- c. Vasiliev splint
- d. The patient's own dentures
- e. Vankevich splint

976. A 65-year-old man with fully edentulous upper jaw needs removable full laminar denture. To make

- a. 1% dimedrol (diphenhydramine) solution
- b. 0.1% atropin solution

c. 10% lidocaine solution

- d. 10% glucose solution
- e. 0.2% noradrenaline solution

977. A 65-year-old man with fully edentulous upper jaw needs removable full laminar denture. To make

- a. 1% dimedrol (diphenhydramine) solution
- b. 0.2% noradrenaline solution
- c. 10% glucose solution
- d. 0.1% atropin solution

e. 10% lidocaine solution

978. A 65-year-old patient complains of poor mandibular fixation of the clasp (bugel) denture that w

a. Casting the frame

- b. Obtaining the impressions
- c. Determining the centric occlusion
- d. Performing parallelometry
- e. Modeling the clasps (clammers)

979. A 65-year-old patient complains of poor mandibular fixation of the clasp (bugel) denture that w

- a. Performing parallelometry

b. Casting the frame

- c. Modeling the clasps (clammers)
- d. Obtaining the impressions
- e. Determining the centric occlusion

980. A 65-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining of a mildly painful ulcer on the mucosa of he

- a. Cancerous ulcer

b. Trophic ulcer

- c. Decubitus ulcer
- d. Tubercular ulcer
- e. Syphilitic ulcer

981. A 65-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining of a mildly painful ulcer on the mucosa of he

- a. Decubitus ulcer
- b. Cancerous ulcer
- c. Tubercular ulcer
- d. Syphilitic ulcer

e. Trophic ulcer

982. A 65-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums, mobility of her teeth,

a. Three

b. Five

c. One

d. Four

e. Two

983. A 65-year-old woman came to a dentist with complaints of bleeding gums, mobility of her teeth,

a. Four

b. Five

c. One

d. Two

e. Three

984. A 65-year-old woman complains of a painless neoplasm on her upper lip that slowly enlarges. Obj

a. Bowen's disease

b. Cutaneous horn

c. Keratoacanthoma

d. Verrucous precancer

e. Flat leukoplakia

985. A 65-year-old woman complains of a painless neoplasm on her upper lip that slowly enlarges. Obj

a. Flat leukoplakia

b. Keratoacanthoma

c. Bowen's disease

d. Cutaneous horn

e. Verrucous precancer

986. A 66-year-old woman complains of dull pain in her left parotid-masseteric region and increasing

a. Mixed tumor of the left parotid gland

b. Actinomycosis of the left parotid-masseteric region

c. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

d. Exacerbated chronic parotitis

e. Adenocarcinoma

987. A 66-year-old woman complains of dull pain in her left parotid-masseteric region and increasing

a. Mixed tumor of the left parotid gland

b. Exacerbated chronic parotitis

c. Adenocarcinoma

d. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

e. Actinomycosis of the left parotid-masseteric region

988. A 66-year-old woman while waiting for her appointment with a dentist complained of feeling unwe

a. Anaphylactic shock

b. Hypertensive crisis

c. Quincke's edema

d. Myocardial infarction

e. Angina pectoris attack

989. A 66-year-old woman while waiting for her appointment with a dentist complained of feeling unwe

a. Anaphylactic shock

b. Myocardial infarction

c. Quincke's edema

d. Hypertensive crisis

e. Angina pectoris attack

990. A 67-year-old man complains of a painless neoplasm that appeared on his lower lip several month

a. Papilloma

b. Cutaneous horns

c. Verrucous precancer

d. Keratoacanthoma

e. Verrucous leukoplakia

991. A 67-year-old man complains of a painless neoplasm that appeared on his lower lip several months ago.

a. Verrucous leukoplakia

b. Verrucous precancer

c. Cutaneous horns

d. Keratoacanthoma

e. Papilloma

992. A 67-year-old man complains of poor fixation of his full removable laminar denture for the upper jaw.

a. Correct the denture

b. File the artificial teeth in the denture for better fit

c. Change the denture base

d. Make a new denture

e. Make elastic lining

993. A 67-year-old man complains of poor fixation of his full removable laminar denture for the upper jaw.

a. File the artificial teeth in the denture for better fit

b. Change the denture base

c. Make elastic lining

d. Make a new denture

e. Correct the denture

994. A 67-year-old man needs a partial removable denture for the upper jaw. Where should the denture rest?

a. Overlapping crowns by 2/3 of their height

b. Overlapping crowns by 1/3 of their height

c. Reaching the necks of the teeth

d. Overlapping crowns by their full height

e. Located below the necks of the teeth

995. A 67-year-old man needs a partial removable denture for the upper jaw. Where should the denture rest?

a. Overlapping crowns by their full height

b. Reaching the necks of the teeth

c. Overlapping crowns by 1/3 of their height

d. Located below the necks of the teeth

e. Overlapping crowns by 2/3 of their height

996. A 67-year-old woman complains of an ulcer on her oral mucosa and pain when eating. She has a history of smoking.

a. Decubitus ulcer

b. Necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

c. Cancerous ulcer

d. Trophic ulcer

e. Tuberculous ulcer

997. A 67-year-old woman complains of an ulcer on her oral mucosa and pain when eating. She has a history of smoking.

a. Tuberculous ulcer

b. Decubitus ulcer

c. Necrotizing ulcerative stomatitis

d. Trophic ulcer

e. Cancerous ulcer

998. A 67-year-old woman during an appointment with a dentist complained of an acute vision deterioration.

a. Angina pectoris attack

b. Hypertensive crisis

c. Hypoglycemic coma

d. Acute cerebrovascular accident

e. Rupture of an aortic aneurysm

999. A 67-year-old woman during an appointment with a dentist complained of an acute vision deterioration.

a. Rupture of an aortic aneurysm

b. Angina pectoris attack

c. Hypoglycemic coma

d. Hypertensive crisis

e. Acute cerebrovascular accident

1000. A 68-year-old man complains of a neoplasm on his cheek. Recently, the neoplasm started increasing in size.

- a. Migratory granuloma
- b. Atheroma
- c. Fibroma
- d. Chronic lymphadenitis
- e. Lipoma

1001. A 68-year-old man complains of a neoplasm on his cheek. Recently, the neoplasm started increas

- a. Migratory granuloma
- b. Chronic lymphadenitis
- c. Fibroma

d. Lipoma

e. Atheroma

1002. A 68-year-old man has removable partial dentures made for him. At the stage of checking the de

- a. Height of centric occlusion is overstated
- b. Lateral occlusion is fixed

c. Anterior occlusion is fixed

- d. Prosthetic plane is designed incorrectly
- e. Height of centric occlusion is understated

1003. A 68-year-old man has removable partial dentures made for him. At the stage of checking the de

- a. Height of centric occlusion is overstated
- b. Prosthetic plane is designed incorrectly
- c. Height of centric occlusion is understated
- d. Lateral occlusion is fixed

e. Anterior occlusion is fixed

1004. A 69-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining of problematic swallowing and her teeth clac

a. The bite height is too high

- b. The bite height is too low
- c. The Bonville three-point contact has not been formed
- d. The edges of the functional impression are designed incorrectly
- e. The denture plane is defined incorrectly

1005. A 69-year-old woman came to a dentist complaining of problematic swallowing and her teeth clac

a. The bite height is too low

b. The bite height is too high

- c. The denture plane is defined incorrectly
- d. The Bonville three-point contact has not been formed
- e. The edges of the functional impression are designed incorrectly

1006. A 69-year-old woman complains of dry mouth and burning pain in her oral cavity. For the last 2

- a. Antibiotics
- b. Antiviral agents
- c. Anti-inflammatory agents
- d. Antiprotozoal agents

e. Antifungal agents

1007. A 69-year-old woman complains of dry mouth and burning pain in her oral cavity. For the last 2

- a. Antiprotozoal agents
- b. Antibiotics
- c. Antiviral agents
- d. Anti-inflammatory agents

e. Antifungal agents

1008. A 7-year-old boy during primary examination was found to have a habit of sleeping with his fis

a. Crossbite

- b. Open bite
- c. Deep bite
- d. Mesial bite
- e. Prognathism

1009. A 7-year-old boy during primary examination was found to have a habit of sleeping with his fis

a. Deep bite

b. Crossbite

- c. Mesial bite
- d. Open bite
- e. Prognathism

1010. A 7-year-old boy is diagnosed with epidemic parotitis (mumps). Name the most likely complication

- a. Dermatitis
- b. Cholecystitis

c. Orchitis

- d. Pneumonia
- e. Colitis

1011. A 7-year-old boy is diagnosed with epidemic parotitis (mumps). Name the most likely complication

- a. Dermatitis
- b. Pneumonia
- c. Colitis

d. Orchitis

- e. Cholecystitis

1012. A 7-year-old boy underwent fissure sealing in teeth 36 and 46. Fissure sealing would be most effective

- a. In 3-4 years after tooth eruption
- b. If permanent teeth are affected with caries
- c. After permanent occlusion is formed
- d. Immediately after eruption of the permanent tooth

- e. In 1-2 years after tooth eruption

1013. A 7-year-old boy underwent fissure sealing in teeth 36 and 46. Fissure sealing would be most effective

- a. In 3-4 years after tooth eruption
- b. If permanent teeth are affected with caries
- c. After permanent occlusion is formed
- d. In 1-2 years after tooth eruption
- e. Immediately after eruption of the permanent tooth

e. Immediately after eruption of the permanent tooth

1014. A 7-year-old boy was brought to the dentist. Objectively his gums are hyperemic and bleeding,

a. Hand-Schuller-Christian disease

- b. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome
- c. Letterer-Siwe disease
- d. Gaucher disease
- e. Taratnov disease (eosinophilic granuloma of bone)

1015. A 7-year-old boy was brought to the dentist. Objectively his gums are hyperemic and bleeding,

- a. Letterer-Siwe disease
- b. Gaucher disease
- c. Taratnov disease (eosinophilic granuloma of bone)
- d. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome
- e. Hand-Schuller-Christian disease

e. Hand-Schuller-Christian disease

1016. A 7-year-old boy was diagnosed with chronic periodontitis of teeth 64 and 85. The child has hemophilia

- a. Teeth extraction is possible both in the maxillofacial inpatient department and in the outpatient
- b. Teeth extraction is possible in the hematology department after all the necessary preparations
- c. Teeth extraction is possible in the maxillofacial department
- d. Teeth extraction is contraindicated due to the high risk of bleeding
- e. Teeth extraction is possible in an outpatient setting; after the teeth extraction, the alveoli must be treated

1017. A 7-year-old boy was diagnosed with chronic periodontitis of teeth 64 and 85. The child has hemophilia

- a. Teeth extraction is possible in the maxillofacial department
- b. Teeth extraction is possible in the hematology department after all the necessary preparations
- c. Teeth extraction is possible in an outpatient setting; after the teeth extraction, the alveoli must be treated
- d. Teeth extraction is possible both in the maxillofacial inpatient department and in the outpatient
- e. Teeth extraction is contraindicated due to the high risk of bleeding

1018. A 7-year-old boy was diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic granular periodontitis of tooth 75

- a. Facemask general anesthesia
- b. Infiltration anesthesia

c. Topical anesthesia

d. Conduction anesthesia

e. Intravenous anesthesia

1019. A 7-year-old boy was diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic granular periodontitis of tooth 75

a. Intravenous anesthesia

b. Topical anesthesia

c. Infiltration anesthesia

d. Conduction anesthesia

e. Facemask general anesthesia

1020. A 7-year-old child complains of pain in the upper right molar during eating. The masticatory s

a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

b. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

c. Exacerbation of chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic gangrenous pulpitis

e. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

1021. A 7-year-old child complains of pain in the upper right molar during eating. The masticatory s

a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Exacerbation of chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic gangrenous pulpitis

e. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

1022. A 7-year-old child needs mandibular vestibuloplasty. What pathology is most often caused by a

a. Crowded front teeth

b. Parafunction of the facial muscles

c. Diseases of periodontal tissues

d. Deep bite

e. Mandibular growth retardation

1023. A 7-year-old child needs mandibular vestibuloplasty. What pathology is most often caused by a

a. Deep bite

b. Diseases of periodontal tissues

c. Parafunction of the facial muscles

d. Crowded front teeth

e. Mandibular growth retardation

1024. A 7-year-old girl complains of a neoplasm on her lower lip. The neoplasm appeared 3 months ago

a. Hemangioma of the lower lip

b. Lymphangioma of the lower lip

c. Retention cyst of the lower lip

d. Papilloma of the lower lip

e. Fibroma of the lower lip

1025. A 7-year-old girl complains of a neoplasm on her lower lip. The neoplasm appeared 3 months ago

a. Lymphangioma of the lower lip

b. Retention cyst of the lower lip

c. Papilloma of the lower lip

d. Hemangioma of the lower lip

e. Fibroma of the lower lip

1026. A 7-year-old girl received conduction anesthesia with 2% articaine solution for extraction of

a. Collapse

b. Allergic response to the anesthetic

c. Vertigo

d. Anaphylactic shock

e. Pain shock

1027. A 7-year-old girl received conduction anesthesia with 2% articaine solution for extraction of

a. Pain shock

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Collapse

- d. Vertigo
- e. Allergic response to the anesthetic

1028. A 7-year-old girl was brought to the clinic by her parents during the first hours after she re

a. Disturbed intactness of the neurovascular bundle

- b. Trauma of the interdental papilla
- c. Disturbed intactness of the growth zone
- d. Trauma of the oral mucosa in the area of the causative tooth
- e. Disturbed intactness of the marginal periodontium

1029. A 7-year-old girl was brought to the clinic by her parents during the first hours after she re

- a. Disturbed intactness of the marginal periodontium
- b. Trauma of the interdental papilla
- c. Trauma of the oral mucosa in the area of the causative tooth
- d. Disturbed intactness of the neurovascular bundle
- e. Disturbed intactness of the growth zone

1030. A 7-year-old practically healthy child was undergoing the carious cavity preparation of tooth

a. Biological approach

- b. Devital amputation
- c. Vital amputation
- d. Devital extirpation
- e. Vital extirpation

1031. A 7-year-old practically healthy child was undergoing the carious cavity preparation of tooth

- a. Devital extirpation
- b. Devital amputation
- c. Biological approach
- d. Vital amputation
- e. Vital extirpation

1032. A 7.5-year-old practically healthy child complains of crown fracture and pain in the upper rig

- a. Vital extirpation
- b. Vital amputation

- c. Devital extirpation
- d. Devital amputation
- e. Biological approach

1033. A 7.5-year-old practically healthy child complains of crown fracture and pain in the upper rig

- a. Vital extirpation
- b. Devital amputation
- c. Devital extirpation
- d. Vital amputation

e. Biological approach

1034. A 70-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist complaining of all his teeth missing. Objective

a. First

- b. -
- c. Fourth
- d. Third
- e. Second

1035. A 70-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist complaining of all his teeth missing. Objective

- a. Fourth
- b. Second

c. First

- d. Third
- e. -

1036. A 70-year-old man complains of displacement of the lower jaw to the right when he opens his mo

- a. Chondroma
- b. Osteoma

- c. Giant-cell tumor of bone
- d. Odontoma

e. Osteoid osteoma

1037. A 70-year-old man complains of displacement of the lower jaw to the right when he opens his mouth

a. Odontoma

b. Osteoid osteoma

c. Osteoma

d. Giant-cell tumor of bone

e. Chondroma

1038. A 70-year-old man has edentulous maxilla. Objectively maxillary tuberosity and alveolar process

a. -

b. Keller class II

c. Keller class III

d. Schroeder class II

e. Schroeder class III

1039. A 70-year-old man has edentulous maxilla. Objectively maxillary tuberosity and alveolar process

a. Schroeder class II

b. Keller class III

c. Schroeder class III

d. Keller class II

e. -

1040. A 70-year-old man with a completely edentulous lower jaw came to a dentist to have a denture made

a. Keller's type 1

b. Keller's type 4

c. Keller's type 3

d. Keller's type 2

e. Oxman's type 2

1041. A 70-year-old man with a completely edentulous lower jaw came to a dentist to have a denture made

a. Keller's type 2

b. Oxman's type 2

c. Keller's type 3

d. Keller's type 4

e. Keller's type 1

1042. A 71-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist to have a denture made for him. During examination

a. Second

b. Third

c. Fourth

d. First

e. -

1043. A 71-year-old man came to a dental orthopedist to have a denture made for him. During examination

a. First

b. Third

c. Second

d. -

e. Fourth

1044. A 72-year-old patient came to a dentist complaining of insufficient fixation of a complete removable

a. Widen the edges of the denture base

b. Make a new denture

c. Correct the occlusal plane of the denture

d. Correct and polish the edges of the denture base

e. Perform three-dimensional modeling of the denture base

1045. A 72-year-old patient came to a dentist complaining of insufficient fixation of a complete removable

a. Widen the edges of the denture base

b. Correct the occlusal plane of the denture

c. Perform three-dimensional modeling of the denture base

d. Make a new denture

e. Correct and polish the edges of the denture base

1046. A 75-year-old man complains of poor fixation of his full removable denture for the lower jaw a

a. Retroalveolar space

- b. Mucogingival fold
- c. Mylohyoid ridge
- d. Vestibule of the oral cavity
- e. Internal oblique line

1047. A 75-year-old man complains of poor fixation of his full removable denture for the lower jaw a

- a. Mucogingival fold
- b. Internal oblique line
- c. Vestibule of the oral cavity

d. Retroalveolar space

- e. Mylohyoid ridge

1048. A 75-year-old man was diagnosed with a right-sided mandibular fracture in the area of the ment

- a. Vasiliev splint
- b. Zbarzh appliance
- c. Rudko appliance
- d. Vankevich splint

e. Port splint

1049. A 75-year-old man was diagnosed with a right-sided mandibular fracture in the area of the ment

- a. Zbarzh appliance
- b. Vasiliev splint
- c. Rudko appliance

d. Port splint

- e. Vankevich splint

1050. A 75-year-old patient complains of being unable to use his complete removable laminar denture

- a. Eating solid foods
- b. Mistakes were made during the denture manufacturing
- c. Using the denture when sleeping
- d. Incorrect usage of the denture

e. Exceeding the service life of the denture

1051. A 75-year-old patient complains of being unable to use his complete removable laminar denture

- a. Using the denture when sleeping

b. Exceeding the service life of the denture

- c. Mistakes were made during the denture manufacturing
- d. Eating solid foods
- e. Incorrect usage of the denture

1052. A 78-year-old man complains of a painful sore in his mouth that has been persisting for 2 mont

- a. Decubitus ulcer

b. Tuberculous ulcer

- c. Trophic ulcer
- d. Cancerous ulcer
- e. Hard chancre

1053. A 78-year-old man complains of a painful sore in his mouth that has been persisting for 2 mont

- a. Hard chancre
- b. Decubitus ulcer

c. Tuberculous ulcer

- d. Trophic ulcer
- e. Cancerous ulcer

1054. A 9-year-old boy complains of a sore throat and fever. Objectively, he has catarrhal gingiviti

- a. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- b. Herpetic tonsillitis
- c. Stevens-Johnson syndrome

d. Infectious mononucleosis

- e. Acute herpetic stomatitis

1055. A 9-year-old boy complains of a sore throat and fever. Objectively, he has catarrhal gingiviti

- a. Stevens-Johnson syndrome
- b. Herpetic tonsillitis
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis

d. Infectious mononucleosis

- e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

1056. A 9-year-old boy complains of a spontaneous pulsing and irradiating pain in his lower right te

a. Vital pulp extirpation

- b. Devital pulp amputation

- c. Devital pulp extirpation

- d. Biological treatment

- e. Vital pulp amputation

1057. A 9-year-old boy complains of a spontaneous pulsing and irradiating pain in his lower right te

- a. Devital pulp amputation

- b. Devital pulp extirpation

- c. Vital pulp amputation

- d. Biological treatment

e. Vital pulp extirpation

1058. A 9-year-old boy complains of an incorrect placement of his teeth. Because of his chronic rhin

- a. Bad habits

b. Pathology of the upper respiratory tract

- c. Sagittal reduction of the upper jaw

- d. Heredity

- e. Jaw injury

1059. A 9-year-old boy complains of an incorrect placement of his teeth. Because of his chronic rhin

- a. Heredity

- b. Sagittal reduction of the upper jaw

- c. Bad habits

d. Pathology of the upper respiratory tract

- e. Jaw injury

1060. A 9-year-old boy complains of pain in his upper right tooth that intensifies during biting. Th

a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

- b. Acute purulent periodontitis

- c. Acute purulent maxillary periostitis

- d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

- e. Acute serous periodontitis

1061. A 9-year-old boy complains of pain in his upper right tooth that intensifies during biting. Th

- a. Acute purulent periodontitis

- b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

- c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

- e. Acute purulent maxillary periostitis

1062. A 9-year-old girl complains of persisting pain in tooth 11 that one month ago sustained a trau

a. Acute traumatic periodontitis

- b. Acute suppurative periodontitis

- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- d. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

- e. Acute diffuse suppurative pulpitis

1063. A 9-year-old girl complains of persisting pain in tooth 11 that one month ago sustained a trau

- a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

- b. Acute diffuse suppurative pulpitis

- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- d. Acute suppurative periodontitis

e. Acute traumatic periodontitis

1064. A bleeding occurred in the patient, when a needle was removed from the soft tissues after pala

- a. Ligate the external carotid artery

- b. Put in the stitches
- c. Administer vicasol (menadione) intramuscularly

d. Press the injection site with a swab

- e. Administer 10% calcium chloride solution intravenously

1065. A bleeding occurred in the patient, when a needle was removed from the soft tissues after pala

- a. Put in the stitches
- b. Administer 10% calcium chloride solution intravenously

c. Press the injection site with a swab

- d. Administer vicasol (menadione) intramuscularly

- e. Ligate the external carotid artery

1066. A bus driver received a head injury in a traffic accident. Concussion was diagnosed at the sit

- a. Stenotic asphyxia
- b. Obstructive asphyxia

c. Aspiration asphyxia

- d. Dislocation asphyxia

- e. Valve asphyxia

1067. A bus driver received a head injury in a traffic accident. Concussion was diagnosed at the sit

- a. Valve asphyxia

b. Aspiration asphyxia

- c. Stenotic asphyxia

- d. Dislocation asphyxia

- e. Obstructive asphyxia

1068. A ceramic dental bridge is being made for a 38-year-old man. Vital teeth 33 and 35 are used as

- a. Infiltration anesthesia
- b. Inhalation anesthesia

c. Conduction anesthesia

- d. Cooling anesthesia

- e. Topical anesthesia

1069. A ceramic dental bridge is being made for a 38-year-old man. Vital teeth 33 and 35 are used as

- a. Topical anesthesia
- b. Cooling anesthesia
- c. Inhalation anesthesia

d. Conduction anesthesia

- e. Infiltration anesthesia

1070. A child born with cleft palate needs an obturator. What is the optimal age for installing a pa

- a. 1.5 years
- b. 3-4 years
- c. 5-6 years
- d. 1 year

e. The first days after birth

1071. A child born with cleft palate needs an obturator. What is the optimal age for installing a pa

- a. 3-4 years
- b. 1 year
- c. 1.5 years

d. The first days after birth

- e. 5-6 years

1072. A child is 5 years old. There are complaints of an aesthetical defect. An extraoral examinatio

a. Removable partial denture for the upper jaw

- b. Frankel appliance
- c. Clasp-retained (bugel) denture
- d. Dental bridge
- e. Andresen-Haupl appliance

1073. A child is 5 years old. There are complaints of an aesthetical defect. An extraoral examinatio

- a. Andresen-Haupl appliance
- b. Clasp-retained (bugel) denture

c. Frankel appliance

d. Removable partial denture for the upper jaw

e. Dental bridge

1074. A child is 9 years old. The central upper incisors are rotated around their axis. What abnormality is present?

a. Transposition

b. Supraocclusion

c. Torsion

d. Infraocclusion

e. Vestibular position

1075. A child is 9 years old. The central upper incisors are rotated around their axis. What abnormality is present?

a. Vestibular position

b. Transposition

c. Supraocclusion

d. Infraocclusion

e. Torsion

1076. A child is diagnosed with congenital cleft in the soft palate and posterior part of the hard palate. What is the best method of anesthesia?

a. Anesthesia mask

b. Infiltration anesthesia

c. Intravenous narcosis

d. Conduction anesthesia

e. Intubation narcosis

1077. A child is diagnosed with congenital cleft in the soft palate and posterior part of the hard palate. What is the best method of anesthesia?

a. Intravenous narcosis

b. Infiltration anesthesia

c. Anesthesia mask

d. Intubation narcosis

e. Conduction anesthesia

1078. A child under 1 year of age with a congenital facial defect was hospitalized into the maxillofacial surgery department. What is the most likely diagnosis?

a. Hidden cleft of the hard and soft palate

b. Complete cleft of the soft palate and incomplete cleft of the hard palate

c. Combined cleft palate

d. Isolated complete cleft of the hard and soft palate

e. Isolated incomplete cleft of the hard and soft palate

1079. A child under 1 year of age with a congenital facial defect was hospitalized into the maxillofacial surgery department. What is the most likely diagnosis?

a. Isolated incomplete cleft of the hard and soft palate

b. Combined cleft palate

c. Hidden cleft of the hard and soft palate

d. Isolated complete cleft of the hard and soft palate

e. Complete cleft of the soft palate and incomplete cleft of the hard palate

1080. A child was bitten in the area of the upper lip by the family's dog. What aid must be provided first?

a. Apply a sterile gauze pad

b. Apply a tourniquet

c. Administer anti-tetanus serum

d. Administer an anesthetic solution

e. Wash the wound with a 10% solution of household soap with water

1081. A child was bitten in the area of the upper lip by the family's dog. What aid must be provided first?

a. Apply a tourniquet

b. Wash the wound with a 10% solution of household soap with water

c. Administer anti-tetanus serum

d. Apply a sterile gauze pad

e. Administer an anesthetic solution

1082. A child with unilateral nonunion of the upper lip underwent Limberg cheiloplasty. What is the normal age for this procedure?

a. 6-8 months

b. 2-3 years

c. 1-1.5 years

d. The first days after birth

e. 4-6 years

1083. A child with unilateral nonunion of the upper lip underwent Limberg cheiloplasty. What is norm

a. 6-8 months

b. The first days after birth

c. 2-3 years

d. 1-1.5 years

e. 4-6 years

1084. A clasp (bugel) denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 47-year-old woman. Objectively,

a. 0.5-1.0 mm

b. 2.0-3.0 mm

c. 4.0-5.0 mm

d. 1.0-1.5 mm

e. 1.5-2.0 mm

1085. A clasp (bugel) denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 47-year-old woman. Objectively,

a. 0.5-1.0 mm

b. 1.0-1.5 mm

c. 4.0-5.0 mm

d. 2.0-3.0 mm

e. 1.5-2.0 mm

1086. A clasp (bugel) denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 59-year-old man. At the stage of

a. Midline

b. Equator

c. Smile line

d. Line A

e. Border line

1087. A clasp (bugel) denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 59-year-old man. At the stage of

a. Smile line

b. Line A

c. Border line

d. Equator

e. Midline

1088. A clasp (bugel) denture is being made by a dentist for a 58-year-old patient with a defect of

a. Gingival zone

b. Neutral zone

c. Occlusal zone

d. Retaining zone

e. Seal zone

1089. A clasp (bugel) denture is being made by a dentist for a 58-year-old patient with a defect of

a. Retaining zone

b. Seal zone

c. Occlusal zone

d. Neutral zone

e. Gingival zone

1090. A clasp (bugel) denture is being made for the upper jaw of a 64-year-old man, who has a Kenned

a. Type I

b. Type IV

c. Type III

d. Type II

e. Type V

1091. A clasp (bugel) denture is being made for the upper jaw of a 64-year-old man, who has a Kenned

a. Type III

b. Type V

c. Type IV

d. Type I

e. Type II

1092. A clasp (bugel) denture with clammer fixation is being made for a partially edentulous (Kenned

a. Installation of the gating system

b. Obtaining a refractory cast

c. Marking the denture frame

d. Studying the working cast in a parallelometer

e. Duplication of the cast

1093. A clasp (bugel) denture with clammer fixation is being made for a partially edentulous (Kenned

a. Obtaining a refractory cast

b. Installation of the gating system

c. Marking the denture frame

d. Duplication of the cast

e. Studying the working cast in a parallelometer

1094. A complete removable denture is being made for the lower jaw of a 67-year-old man. The individ

a. Active movements of facial muscles

b. Alternately touching the cheeks with the tongue

c. Running the tongue over the vermilion border of the upper lip

d. Opening the mouth slowly

e. Swallowing

1095. A complete removable denture is being made for the lower jaw of a 67-year-old man. The individ

a. Running the tongue over the vermilion border of the upper lip

b. Swallowing

c. Active movements of facial muscles

d. Opening the mouth slowly

e. Alternately touching the cheeks with the tongue

1096. A complete removable laminar denture needs to be made for the lower jaw of an 82-year-old man.

a. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

b. At the distance of 1 cm from the midline on the sublingual edge of the tray on the right

c. Near the lingual frenulum

d. Along the mylohyoid line on the left

e. At the distance of 1 cm from the midline on the sublingual edge of the tray on the left

1097. A complete removable laminar denture needs to be made for the lower jaw of an 82-year-old man.

a. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

b. At the distance of 1 cm from the midline on the sublingual edge of the tray on the left

c. At the distance of 1 cm from the midline on the sublingual edge of the tray on the right

d. Near the lingual frenulum

e. Along the mylohyoid line on the left

1098. A dental bridge is being made for a 43-year-old man. Anesthesia was provided before the prepar

a. Acute cerebrovascular accident

b. Hypoglycemic coma

c. Epileptic seizure

d. Collapse

e. Anaphylactic shock

1099. A dental bridge is being made for a 43-year-old man. Anesthesia was provided before the prepar

a. Epileptic seizure

b. Collapse

c. Hypoglycemic coma

d. Anaphylactic shock

e. Acute cerebrovascular accident

1100. A dental bridge needs to be made for the lower jaw of a 48-year-old man, with teeth 45 and 47

a. Buccal

b. Distal

c. Masticatory

d. Mesial

e. Lingual

1101. A dental bridge needs to be made for the lower jaw of a 48-year-old man, with teeth 45 and 47

- a. Buccal
- b. Lingual
- c. Masticatory
- d. Mesial
- e. Distal

1102. A dental orthodontist has prescribed a complex of myogymnastic exercises with an equilibrator

- a. Respiratory muscles
- b. Pharyngeal muscles
- c. Orbicularis oris muscle
- d. Mandibular elevator muscles
- e. Tongue muscles

1103. A dental orthodontist has prescribed a complex of myogymnastic exercises with an equilibrator

- a. Respiratory muscles
- b. Pharyngeal muscles
- c. Mandibular elevator muscles
- d. Orbicularis oris muscle
- e. Tongue muscles

1104. A dentist diagnosed a 20-year-old patient with acute initial caries of tooth 12. What treatment

- a. ART technique
- b. Remineralizing therapy
- c. Enamel filing-down without filling
- d. Professional hygiene
- e. Preparation of the defect followed by its filling

1105. A dentist diagnosed a 20-year-old patient with acute initial caries of tooth 12. What treatment

- a. Enamel filing-down without filling
- b. Preparation of the defect followed by its filling
- c. Professional hygiene
- d. Remineralizing therapy
- e. ART technique

1106. A dentist diagnosed chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 36 in an 11-year-old girl. Choose the

- a. Sodium hypochlorite
- b. Aethonium
- c. Furacilin (Nitrofuril)
- d. Hydrogen peroxide
- e. Ethyl alcohol

1107. A dentist diagnosed chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 36 in an 11-year-old girl. Choose the

- a. Ethyl alcohol
- b. Aethonium
- c. Sodium hypochlorite
- d. Furacilin (Nitrofuril)
- e. Hydrogen peroxide

1108. A dentist has witnessed a car accident and had to provide emergency aid for bleeding from the

- a. 1.5 hours in winter, 2 hours in summer
- b. 2.5 hours in winter, 3 hours in summer
- c. 3 hours in winter and in summer
- d. 3 hours in winter, 3.5 hours in summer
- e. 2 hours in winter, 2.5 hours in summer

1109. A dentist has witnessed a car accident and had to provide emergency aid for bleeding from the

- a. 2.5 hours in winter, 3 hours in summer
- b. 3 hours in winter and in summer
- c. 3 hours in winter, 3.5 hours in summer
- d. 1.5 hours in winter, 2 hours in summer
- e. 2 hours in winter, 2.5 hours in summer

1110. A dentist makes a dental bridge for the lower jaw of a 45-year-old man due to missing teeth 44

a. Syncope

b. Collapse

c. Anaphylactic shock

d. Toxic effect

e. Acute cerebrovascular accident

1111. A dentist makes a dental bridge for the lower jaw of a 45-year-old man due to missing teeth 44

a. Toxic effect

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Acute cerebrovascular accident

d. Syncope

e. Collapse

1112. A dentist makes complete removable laminar dentures for the upper and lower jaw of a 58-year-old

a. Second premolars

b. First molars

c. Second molars

d. First premolars

e. -

1113. A dentist makes complete removable laminar dentures for the upper and lower jaw of a 58-year-old

a. Second premolars

b. First premolars

c. -

d. First molars

e. Second molars

1114. A dentist treats chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 47 in a 28-year-old man. What results of

a. Electric pulp testing - 2-6 microamperes

b. Electric pulp testing - 60 microamperes

c. Electric pulp testing - 10-12 microamperes

d. Electric pulp testing - 20 microamperes

e. Electric pulp testing - 110 microamperes

1115. A dentist treats chronic gangrenous pulpitis of tooth 47 in a 28-year-old man. What results of

a. Electric pulp testing - 20 microamperes

b. Electric pulp testing - 10-12 microamperes

c. Electric pulp testing - 60 microamperes

d. Electric pulp testing - 110 microamperes

e. Electric pulp testing - 2-6 microamperes

1116. A dentist uses a 4% articaine solution to administer anesthesia for the extraction of tooth 38

a. 500 mg

b. 600 mg

c. 200 mg

d. 100 mg

e. 1000 mg

1117. A dentist uses a 4% articaine solution to administer anesthesia for the extraction of tooth 38

a. 100 mg

b. 600 mg

c. 500 mg

d. 1000 mg

e. 200 mg

1118. A doctor has received a removable partial denture from the laboratory. On examination of the denture

a. Non-compliance with the polymerization regimen

b. Packing during the "rubber-like" phase

c. Packing during the "sand-like" phase

d. Inadequate stirring of the plastic dough

e. Excessive monomer

1119. A doctor has received a removable partial denture from the laboratory. On examination of the denture

a. Non-compliance with the polymerization regimen

- b. Packing during the "sand-like" phase
- c. Excessive monomer
- d. Inadequate stirring of the plastic dough
- e. Packing during the "rubber-like" phase

1120. A draft-age young man undergoes an examination in the orthopedic dental clinic. Objectively, t

- a. 10%
- b. 24%
- c. 5%
- d. 6%

e. 12%

1121. A draft-age young man undergoes an examination in the orthopedic dental clinic. Objectively, t

- a. 10%
- b. 5%
- c. 6%

d. 12%

e. 24%

1122. A full removable denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 65-year-old man. Currently, the

a. From canine to canine on the lingual side

b. From the place behind the retromolar tubercle to the mylohyoid line

c. In the premolar area on the lingual side

d. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

e. Along the mylohyoid line

1123. A full removable denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 65-year-old man. Currently, the

a. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

b. From canine to canine on the lingual side

c. Along the mylohyoid line

d. In the premolar area on the lingual side

e. From the place behind the retromolar tubercle to the mylohyoid line

1124. A full removable laminar denture for the upper jaw is being made for a 69-year-old man. A

a. Leaving 5-6 mm before the line A

b. Overlapping the line A by 5-6 mm

c. -

d. Leaving 1-2 mm before the line A

e. Overlapping the line A by 1-2 mm

1125. A full removable laminar denture for the upper jaw is being made for a 69-year-old man. A

a. Overlapping the line A by 5-6 mm

b. -

c. Overlapping the line A by 1-2 mm

d. Leaving 5-6 mm before the line A

e. Leaving 1-2 mm before the line A

1126. A group of experts conducts epidemiologic investigation of certain age groups by severity of s

a. PMA (Parma)

b. OHI-S (Green-Vermillion)

c. PDI (Ramfjord)

d. CPITN (WHO)

e. PI (Russel)

1127. A group of experts conducts epidemiologic investigation of certain age groups by severity of s

a. PMA (Parma)

b. PDI (Ramfjord)

c. PI (Russel)

d. OHI-S (Green-Vermillion)

e. CPITN (WHO)

1128. A hit to the face has forced the upper central incisors of a 15-year-old boy to sink into the

a. Dynamic observation, endodontic treatment of 11 and 21 if necessary

b. Transplantation of 11 and 21 into the dentition, endodontic treatment

c. Replantation of 11 and 21 into the dentition, ligation

d. Surgical repositioning of 11 and 21, teeth immobilization, endodontic treatment if necessary

e. Extraction of 11 and 21, their replacement with dentures

1129. A hit to the face has forced the upper central incisors of a 15-year-old boy to sink into the

a. Replantation of 11 and 21 into the dentition, ligation

b. Dynamic observation, endodontic treatment of 11 and 21 if necessary

c. Extraction of 11 and 21, their replacement with dentures

d. Surgical repositioning of 11 and 21, teeth immobilization, endodontic treatment if necessary

e. Transplantation of 11 and 21 into the dentition, endodontic treatment

1130. A man came to a dental therapy clinic with complaints of isolated transversal furrows on the c

a. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

b. Fluorosis

c. Enamel hyperplasia

d. Amelogenesis imperfecta

e. Erosion of hard dental tissues

1131. A man came to a dental therapy clinic with complaints of isolated transversal furrows on the c

a. Enamel hyperplasia

b. Fluorosis

c. Amelogenesis imperfecta

d. Erosion of hard dental tissues

e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

1132. A man came to a dentist with complaints of a painless tumor-like formation on his left lower j

a. Follicular cyst of the lower jaw

b. Giant-cell tumor of bone

c. Mandibular ameloblastoma

d. Mandibular keratocyst

e. Radicular cyst of the lower jaw

1133. A man came to a dentist with complaints of a painless tumor-like formation on his left lower j

a. Mandibular ameloblastoma

b. Follicular cyst of the lower jaw

c. Giant-cell tumor of bone

d. Mandibular keratocyst

e. Radicular cyst of the lower jaw

1134. A man came to a dentist with complaints of pain and edema in the area of his upper lip and in

a. Infraorbital (extraoral) and incisor anesthesia

b. Narcosis

c. Infraorbital (intraoral) and palatal anesthesia

d. Infiltration anesthesia

e. Tuberal and palatal anesthesia

1135. A man came to a dentist with complaints of pain and edema in the area of his upper lip and in

a. Infiltration anesthesia

b. Narcosis

c. Infraorbital (extraoral) and incisor anesthesia

d. Infraorbital (intraoral) and palatal anesthesia

e. Tuberal and palatal anesthesia

1136. A man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his left lower jaw and limited mouth openin

a. Hemisection

b. Resection of the dental root apex

c. Atypical tooth extraction

d. Operculectomy

e. Bicuspidization

1137. A man came to a dentist with complaints of pain in his left lower jaw and limited mouth openin

a. Resection of the dental root apex

b. Operculectomy

c. Atypical tooth extraction

- d. Hemisection
- e. Bicuspidization

1138. A man complains of destroyed crown of the 16 tooth. Objectively the crown portion of the 16 to

- a. Infraorbital and tuberal anesthesia
- b. Tuberal anesthesia
- c. Tuberal and incisor anesthesia
- d. Infraorbital anesthesia

e. Tuberal and palatal anesthesia

1139. A man complains of destroyed crown of the 16 tooth. Objectively the crown portion of the 16 to

- a. Infraorbital anesthesia
- b. Infraorbital and tuberal anesthesia
- c. Tuberal anesthesia
- d. Tuberal and incisor anesthesia

e. Tuberal and palatal anesthesia

1140. A man complains of gingival bleeding that has been persisting for the last 2 years. Objectivel

- a. Generalized periodontitis, early stage, chronic development
- b. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Generalized periodontitis, stage I, exacerbated development
- d. Parodontosis, stage I

e. Generalized periodontitis, stage I, chronic development

1141. A man complains of gingival bleeding that has been persisting for the last 2 years. Objectivel

- a. Generalized periodontitis, stage I, exacerbated development
- b. Parodontosis, stage I
- c. Generalized periodontitis, early stage, chronic development
- d. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

e. Generalized periodontitis, stage I, chronic development

1142. A man complains of gingival pain in his upper left jaw and bleeding that occurs when he brushe

- a. Refer the patient for X-ray
- b. Make metal-fused-to-porcelain dental bridge

c. Remove the dental bridge

- d. Refer the patient for consultation with the dental therapist
- e. Refer the patient for clinical blood test

1143. A man complains of gingival pain in his upper left jaw and bleeding that occurs when he brushe

- a. Refer the patient for consultation with the dental therapist

b. Remove the dental bridge

- c. Refer the patient for X-ray
- d. Refer the patient for clinical blood test
- e. Make metal-fused-to-porcelain dental bridge

1144. A man complains of muscle weakness, constipations, dry mouth, inability to swallow food, and v

a. Botulism

- b. Cholera
- c. Shigellosis
- d. Salmonellosis
- e. Food poisoning

1145. A man complains of muscle weakness, constipations, dry mouth, inability to swallow food, and v

- a. Food poisoning
- b. Shigellosis
- c. Salmonellosis
- d. Cholera

e. Botulism

1146. A man complains of pain in his lower right jaw and impaired mouth opening. Objectively on visu

a. Pericoronitis

- b. Acute odontogenic periostitis
- c. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis
- d. Exacerbation of chronic granulating periodontitis

e. Abscess of the pterygomandibular space

1147. A man complains of pain in his lower right jaw and impaired mouth opening. Objectively on visu

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

b. Acute odontogenic periostitis

c. Exacerbation of chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Pericoronitis

e. Abscess of the pterygomandibular space

1148. A man presents with clinical signs that resemble acute herpetic stomatitis. This diagnosis wil

a. Niemann-Pick cells

b. Multinucleated giant cells

c. Gaucher cells

d. Atypical mononuclear cells

e. Tzanck cells

1149. A man presents with clinical signs that resemble acute herpetic stomatitis. This diagnosis wil

a. Tzanck cells

b. Atypical mononuclear cells

c. Gaucher cells

d. Niemann-Pick cells

e. Multinucleated giant cells

1150. A man with an occupational face trauma on the right has been brought into the first-aid center

a. Early primary surgical debridement

b. -

c. Late primary surgical debridement

d. Delayed primary surgical debridement

e. Secondary surgical debridement

1151. A man with an occupational face trauma on the right has been brought into the first-aid center

a. Delayed primary surgical debridement

b. Secondary surgical debridement

c. -

d. Early primary surgical debridement

e. Late primary surgical debridement

1152. A man with distal bite underwent Eschler-Bittner test for the purpose of differential diagnost

a. Overdeveloped lower jaw

b. Overdeveloped upper jaw

c. Underdeveloped lower jaw

d. Maldevelopments and growth abnormalities of the both jaws

e. Underdeveloped upper jaw

1153. A man with distal bite underwent Eschler-Bittner test for the purpose of differential diagnost

a. Underdeveloped upper jaw

b. Overdeveloped upper jaw

c. Underdeveloped lower jaw

d. Maldevelopments and growth abnormalities of the both jaws

e. Overdeveloped lower jaw

1154. A man with hemophilia came to a dental clinic to have his tooth 36 extracted. His previous too

a. -

b. To extract the tooth in the outpatient department and provide the patient with follow-up recommen

c. To extract the tooth in the inpatient department with proper pre- and postoperative preparation

d. Proper preoperative preparation must be provided in the clinic

e. To extract the tooth in the clinic under the supervision of a hematologist

1155. A man with hemophilia came to a dental clinic to have his tooth 36 extracted. His previous too

a. To extract the tooth in the outpatient department and provide the patient with follow-up recommen

b. -

c. To extract the tooth in the inpatient department with proper pre- and postoperative preparation

d. Proper preoperative preparation must be provided in the clinic

e. To extract the tooth in the clinic under the supervision of a hematologist

1156. A maxillofacial surgery department has received a 34-year-old man with a frostbite on his face

a. I degree

b. III degree

c. IV degree

d. -

e. II degree

1157. A maxillofacial surgery department has received a 34-year-old man with a frostbite on his face

a. IV degree

b. II degree

c. III degree

d. I degree

e. -

1158. A new dental polyclinic is being opened in the city. There are to be 38 doctors in the dental

a. 1

b. 3

c. 5

d. 2

e. 4

1159. A new dental polyclinic is being opened in the city. There are to be 38 doctors in the dental

a. 5

b. 1

c. 2

d. 3

e. 4

1160. A non-removable dental bridge screw-retained on two implants was made for a 45-year-old patient

a. Remove the denture

b. Perform professional hygiene

c. Prescribe antimicrobial treatment

d. Tighten the screws

e. Prescribe anti-inflammatory treatment

1161. A non-removable dental bridge screw-retained on two implants was made for a 45-year-old patient

a. Remove the denture

b. Perform professional hygiene

c. Tighten the screws

d. Prescribe anti-inflammatory treatment

e. Prescribe antimicrobial treatment

1162. A non-removable porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for a 35-year-old woman.

a. 0.5% hypochlorite sodium solution

b. 70% alcohol solution

c. 3% chloramine solution

d. 0.5% hydrogen peroxide solution

e. 1.5% sodium bicarbonate solution

1163. A non-removable porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for a 35-year-old woman.

a. 0.5% hydrogen peroxide solution

b. 0.5% hypochlorite sodium solution

c. 3% chloramine solution

d. 70% alcohol solution

e. 1.5% sodium bicarbonate solution

1164. A partial removable laminar denture is being made for a 57-year-old patient with missing upper

a. 1/3 of the height of the crown

b. 1/2 the height of the crown

c. Reaching the level of the necks of the teeth

d. 2/3 of the height of the crown

e. The entire height of the crown

1165. A partial removable laminar denture is being made for a 57-year-old patient with missing upper

- a. 2/3 of the height of the crown
- b. The entire height of the crown
- c. Reaching the level of the necks of the teeth

d. 1/3 of the height of the crown

- e. 1/2 the height of the crown

1166. A partial removable laminar denture is to be made for the upper jaw of a 53-year-old man. He h

a. Plane fixation

- b. Linear diagonal fixation
- c. Linear sagittal fixation
- d. Point fixation
- e. Linear transverse fixation

1167. A partial removable laminar denture is to be made for the upper jaw of a 53-year-old man. He h

- a. Linear diagonal fixation
- b. Linear transverse fixation
- c. Linear sagittal fixation

d. Plane fixation

- e. Point fixation

1168. A patient came to a dentist for extraction of tooth 24 due to orthodontic indication. Select t

- a. S-shaped right-sided forceps
- b. Bayonet forceps
- c. Straight forceps

d. S-shaped crown forceps

- e. S-shaped left-sided forceps

1169. A patient came to a dentist for extraction of tooth 24 due to orthodontic indication. Select t

- a. Straight forceps
- b. S-shaped right-sided forceps

c. S-shaped crown forceps

- d. Bayonet forceps
- e. S-shaped left-sided forceps

1170. A patient came to the dentist for sanitation. The patient has diabetes mellitus. 30 minutes befo

a. Hypoglycemic coma

- b. Anaphylactic shock
- c. Collapse
- d. Hyperglycemic coma
- e. Unconsciousness

1171. A patient came to the dentist for sanitation. The patient has diabetes mellitus. 30 minutes befo

a. Hypoglycemic coma

- b. Hyperglycemic coma
- c. Unconsciousness
- d. Anaphylactic shock
- e. Collapse

1172. A patient complains of a painless neoplasm on the lower lip, which appeared 2 weeks ago after

a. Angiomatous epulis

b. Retention cyst of the salivary gland

- c. Fibrous epulis
- d. Decubital ulcer
- e. Trophic ulcer

1173. A patient complains of a painless neoplasm on the lower lip, which appeared 2 weeks ago after

a. Fibrous epulis

b. Retention cyst of the salivary gland

- c. Trophic ulcer
- d. Decubital ulcer
- e. Angiomatous epulis

1174. A patient complains of a slowly growing neoplasm in the frontal area on the left. The neoplasm

a. Frontal fibroma

b. Frontal lipoma

c. Frontal atheroma

d. Exophytic form of skin cancer

e. Frontal keratoacanthoma

1175. A patient complains of a slowly growing neoplasm in the frontal area on the left. The neoplasm

a. Frontal lipoma

b. Frontal fibroma

c. Frontal atheroma

d. Frontal keratoacanthoma

e. Exophytic form of skin cancer

1176. A patient complains of carious cavity in tooth 11. The filling was lost one week ago. The tooth

a. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

b. Radicular cyst

c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

1177. A patient complains of carious cavity in tooth 11. The filling was lost one week ago. The tooth

a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

c. Radicular cyst

d. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

e. Chronic granulating periodontitis

1178. A patient complains of constant aching pain in a left upper tooth during the last 24 hours. Ob

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

b. Acute purulent pulpitis

c. Acute purulent periodontitis

d. Acute serous periodontitis

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

1179. A patient complains of constant aching pain in a left upper tooth during the last 24 hours. Ob

a. Acute purulent pulpitis

b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

c. Acute serous periodontitis

d. Acute diffuse pulpitis

e. Acute purulent periodontitis

1180. A patient diagnosed with phlegmon of the root of the tongue has been hospitalized into the max

a. Intraoral

b. Midline

c. Collar-like

d. Submandibular

e. Near the gonial angle

1181. A patient diagnosed with phlegmon of the root of the tongue has been hospitalized into the max

a. Near the gonial angle

b. Midline

c. Intraoral

d. Submandibular

e. Collar-like

1182. A patient from a psychiatric clinic was referred to a dentist for treatment. After the examina

a. Glass ionomer cement

b. Microfilled composite

c. Amalgam

d. Hybrid composite

e. Macrofilled composite

1183. A patient from a psychiatric clinic was referred to a dentist for treatment. After the examina

a. Microfilled composite

b. Glass ionomer cement

- c. Macrofilled composite
- d. Hybrid composite
- e. Amalgam

1184. A patient has a tumor on the upper lip. The tumor is 1.5x2.0 cm in size, cyanotic. The "compr

- a. Fibroma
- b. Cavernous hemangioma**

- c. Hematoma
- d. Epulis
- e. Pigment spot

1185. A patient has a tumor on the upper lip. The tumor is 1.5x2.0 cm in size, cyanotic. The "compr

- a. Pigment spot
- b. Hematoma

- c. Cavernous hemangioma**

- d. Epulis
- e. Fibroma

1186. A patient has been diagnosed with a unilateral linear fracture in the area of the gonial angle

- a. 1 month
- b. 2 weeks
- c. 10 days
- d. 7 days

- e. 3 weeks**

1187. A patient has been diagnosed with a unilateral linear fracture in the area of the gonial angle

- a. 7 days
- b. 1 month
- c. 10 days
- d. 2 weeks

- e. 3 weeks**

1188. A patient has been diagnosed with acute purulent pulpitis of tooth 48. What type of anesthesia

- a. Conduction anesthesia**

- b. Intrapulpal anesthesia
- c. Topical anesthesia
- d. General anesthesia
- e. Infiltration anesthesia

1189. A patient has been diagnosed with acute purulent pulpitis of tooth 48. What type of anesthesia

- a. Infiltration anesthesia
- b. General anesthesia
- c. Topical anesthesia

- d. Conduction anesthesia**

- e. Intrapulpal anesthesia

1190. A patient is diagnosed with mandibular ameloblastoma. What type of surgery is recommended for

- a. Mandibular resection at the distance of 1.5 cm from the lesion focus**

- b. Tumor curettage within healthy tissue
- c. Cystectomy
- d. Only conservative treatment
- e. Tumor cryodestruction

1191. A patient is diagnosed with mandibular ameloblastoma. What type of surgery is recommended for

- a. Cystectomy
- b. Tumor cryodestruction
- c. Tumor curettage within healthy tissue
- d. Only conservative treatment

- e. Mandibular resection at the distance of 1.5 cm from the lesion focus**

1192. A patient is indicated extraction of tooth 46, the crown of which is completely destroyed, its

- a. Bayonet forceps
- b. Beak-shaped converging forceps**
- c. Beak-shaped forceps with spikes

- d. Beak-shaped non-converging forceps
- e. Forceps curved in a plane

1193. A patient is indicated extraction of tooth 46, the crown of which is completely destroyed, its

- a. Forceps curved in a plane
- b. Beak-shaped forceps with spikes
- c. Bayonet forceps
- d. Beak-shaped non-converging forceps
- e. Beak-shaped converging forceps

1194. A patient is prescribed mandibular vestibuloplasty. What pathology is likely to occur if the v

- a. Deep occlusion
- b. Delayed growth of the jaw
- c. Diseases of periodontal tissues
- d. Parafunction of mimic muscles
- e. Overcrowding of the front teeth

1195. A patient is prescribed mandibular vestibuloplasty. What pathology is likely to occur if the v

- a. Overcrowding of the front teeth
- b. Deep occlusion
- c. Diseases of periodontal tissues
- d. Parafunction of mimic muscles
- e. Delayed growth of the jaw

1196. A patient is undergoing a plastic surgery to correct a soft tissues defect of the face caused

- a. Formation appliances
- b. Combined appliances
- c. Reponation appliances
- d. Replacement appliances
- e. Fixation appliances

1197. A patient is undergoing a plastic surgery to correct a soft tissues defect of the face caused

- a. Fixation appliances
- b. Combined appliances
- c. Formation appliances
- d. Replacement appliances
- e. Reponation appliances

1198. A patient is undergoing treatment for chronic granulating periodontitis of tooth 26. The root

- a. Furacilin (nitrofurazone) solution
- b. Chlorhexidine solution
- c. Physiological saline
- d. Hydrogen peroxide solution
- e. Hypochlorite sodium solution

1199. A patient is undergoing treatment for chronic granulating periodontitis of tooth 26. The root

- a. Physiological saline
- b. Furacilin (nitrofurazone) solution
- c. Hydrogen peroxide solution
- d. Hypochlorite sodium solution
- e. Chlorhexidine solution

1200. A patient needs a clasp (bugel) denture for the upper jaw. The working impression was obtained

- a. One working cast and two auxiliary casts
- b. One working cast
- c. One working cast and one auxiliary cast
- d. Two working casts and one auxiliary cast
- e. Two working casts and two auxiliary casts

1201. A patient needs a clasp (bugel) denture for the upper jaw. The working impression was obtained

- a. One working cast and two auxiliary casts
- b. Two working casts and two auxiliary casts
- c. One working cast
- d. One working cast and one auxiliary cast

e. Two working casts and one auxiliary cast

1202. A patient needs a removable full laminar denture for the upper jaw. Objectively on the mucosa

a. Remove papillomas and make a denture with a double layered base lined with elastic material

b. Reduce the area of the denture base

c. Make a denture base from metal

d. Make a 3D-model of the denture base

e. Removable dentures are contraindicated in this case

1203. A patient needs a removable full laminar denture for the upper jaw. Objectively on the mucosa

a. Make a 3D-model of the denture base

b. Reduce the area of the denture base

c. Removable dentures are contraindicated in this case

d. Remove papillomas and make a denture with a double layered base lined with elastic material

e. Make a denture base from metal

1204. A patient needs endodontic treatment of tooth 21. The canal is being processed with manually o

a. H-file

b. Spreader

c. K-file

d. K-reamer

e. Plugger

1205. A patient needs endodontic treatment of tooth 21. The canal is being processed with manually o

a. K-reamer

b. Plugger

c. K-file

d. H-file

e. Spreader

1206. A patient received a chemical burn to the face. The burn was caused by sulfuric acid. What sub

a. Acid

b. Antiseptic

c. Flowing water

d. Alkali

e. Alcohol

1207. A patient received a chemical burn to the face. The burn was caused by sulfuric acid. What sub

a. Flowing water

b. Alcohol

c. Alkali

d. Acid

e. Antiseptic

1208. A patient undergoes endodontic treatment of tooth 11. The doctor has performed instrumental tr

a. Root needle

b. K-file

c. Plugger

d. Gutta-percha condenser

e. Spreader

1209. A patient undergoes endodontic treatment of tooth 11. The doctor has performed instrumental tr

a. Root needle

b. K-file

c. Gutta-percha condenser

d. Spreader

e. Plugger

1210. A patient undergoes fitting of the frame of a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with abut

a. 0.3 mm

b. 0.1 mm

c. 0.8 mm

d. 0.5 mm

e. 0.4 mm

1211. A patient undergoes fitting of the frame of a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with abut

- a. 0.4 mm
- b. 0.8 mm
- c. 0.1 mm
- d. 0.5 mm
- e. 0.3 mm**

1212. A patient was diagnosed with cancer of the right parotid gland, T2N2M0. What treatment method

- a. Chemotherapy
- b. Combined therapy**
- c. Surgical removal of the lymph node
- d. Surgical removal of the neoplasm
- e. Radiation therapy

1213. A patient was diagnosed with cancer of the right parotid gland, T2N2M0. What treatment method

- a. Radiation therapy
- b. Chemotherapy
- c. Surgical removal of the neoplasm
- d. Surgical removal of the lymph node
- e. Combined therapy**

1214. A patient with a defect in the crown portion of tooth 26 came to a dentist with complaints of

- a. Pivot crown
- b. Inlay**
- c. Tooth extraction and making a dental bridge
- d. Cement filling
- e. Artificial crown

1215. A patient with a defect in the crown portion of tooth 26 came to a dentist with complaints of

- a. Pivot crown
- b. Cement filling
- c. Inlay**
- d. Artificial crown
- e. Tooth extraction and making a dental bridge

1216. A patient with ischemic heart disease and exertional angina pectoris complains of a sudden con

- a. Cardialgia
- b. Angina pectoris attack
- c. Hypotension
- d. Acute myocardial infarction**
- e. Stable angina pectoris

1217. A patient with ischemic heart disease and exertional angina pectoris complains of a sudden con

- a. Stable angina pectoris
- b. Hypotension
- c. Cardialgia
- d. Acute myocardial infarction**
- e. Angina pectoris attack

1218. A patient with non-generalized parodontitis, first degree, chronic course, presents with a dec

- a. Decreased protective functions of the oral mucosa and an unfavorable course of the disease**
- b. Increased level of the body's non-specific resistance
- c. Stabilization of the pathological process
- d. Decreased activity of the inflammatory process in the periodontal tissues
- e. Decreased level of the body's sensitization

1219. A patient with non-generalized parodontitis, first degree, chronic course, presents with a dec

- b. Decreased protective functions of the oral mucosa and an unfavorable course of the disease**
- c. Decreased level of the body's sensitization
- d. Stabilization of the pathological process
- e. Decreased activity of the inflammatory process in the periodontal tissues

1220. A person has a unilateral linear fracture in the area of the gonial angle. Immobilization was

- a. In 10 days
- b. In 5 weeks
- c. In 7 days

d. In 3 weeks

- e. In 2 weeks

1221. A person has a unilateral linear fracture in the area of the gonial angle. Immobilization was

- a. In 2 weeks
- b. In 10 days

c. In 3 weeks

- d. In 7 days

- e. In 5 weeks

1222. A person was provisionally diagnosed with sialolithiasis with stone localization in a salivary

- a. Thermometry
- b. Rheography

c. Ultrasound diagnostics

- d. Targeted radiography

- e. Computed radiography

1223. A person was provisionally diagnosed with sialolithiasis with stone localization in a salivary

- a. Thermometry
- b. Targeted radiography
- c. Rheography

d. Ultrasound diagnostics

- e. Computed radiography

1224. A porcelain-fused-to-metal crown for tooth 11 is being made for the patient. The tooth will be

- a. Calcium preparations

b. Pharmaceutical crown

- c. Fluorine preparations
- d. Anti-inflammatory preparations
- e. Physical therapy

1225. A porcelain-fused-to-metal crown for tooth 11 is being made for the patient. The tooth will be

- a. Fluorine preparations

b. Pharmaceutical crown

- c. Physical therapy
- d. Anti-inflammatory preparations
- e. Calcium preparations

1226. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for a 31-year-old woman. Vital teeth 33

- a. Application
- b. Conduction (tuberal and palatal)
- c. Infiltration

d. Conduction (torus)

- e. Intraligamentary

1227. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for a 31-year-old woman. Vital teeth 33

- a. Infiltration
- b. Conduction (tuberal and palatal)

c. Conduction (torus)

- d. Intraligamentary

- e. Application

1228. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for the upper jaw of a 40-year-old man.

- a. Base silicone mass
- b. Base wax

c. Corrective silicone mass

- d. "Orthocor" material
- e. Copying paper

1229. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge is being made for the upper jaw of a 40-year-old man.

- a. Base wax

- b. "Orthocor" material
- c. Copying paper
- d. Base silicone mass

e. Corrective silicone mass

1230. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with teeth 21 and 13 as the abutment is being made fo

a. Contact

- b. Saddle-shaped
- c. Combined
- d. Arbitrary-shaped
- e. Flushing

1231. A porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge with teeth 21 and 13 as the abutment is being made fo

a. Flushing

b. Arbitrary-shaped

c. Contact

- d. Combined
- e. Saddle-shaped

1232. A practically healthy 7-year-old child complains of a broken crown of the upper right front to

a. Vital amputation

b. Biological method

- c. Devital amputation
- d. Devital extirpation
- e. Vital extirpation

1233. A practically healthy 7-year-old child complains of a broken crown of the upper right front to

a. Vital extirpation

b. Devital amputation

c. Biological method

- d. Vital amputation
- e. Devital extirpation

1234. A regular check-up has detected crowded teeth on the front lower jaw of a 15-year-old boy. The

a. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

- b. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- d. Desquamative gingivitis
- e. Acute ulcerative gingivitis

1235. A regular check-up has detected crowded teeth on the front lower jaw of a 15-year-old boy. The

a. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

- b. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- c. Acute ulcerative gingivitis
- d. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- e. Desquamative gingivitis

1236. A regular check-up of a 7-year-old girl detected chalk-like spots on the vestibular surface of

- a. Filing down the defects of teeth 11 and 21
- b. Impregnation therapy of teeth 11 and 21

c. Deep fluoridation of teeth 11 and 21

- d. Filling of teeth 11 and 21
- e. Regular check-ups to monitor the child's condition

1237. A regular check-up of a 7-year-old girl detected chalk-like spots on the vestibular surface of

- a. Regular check-ups to monitor the child's condition
- b. Impregnation therapy of teeth 11 and 21
- c. Filing down the defects of teeth 11 and 21
- d. Filling of teeth 11 and 21

e. Deep fluoridation of teeth 11 and 21

1238. A regular check-up of a 7-year-old girl detected smooth chalk-like spots on the vestibular sur

a. Systemic hypoplasia

b. Local hypoplasia

- c. Caries at the spot stage
- d. Acute superficial caries
- e. Hyperplasia

1239. A regular check-up of a 7-year-old girl detected smooth chalk-like spots on the vestibular sur

- a. Systemic hypoplasia
- b. Caries at the spot stage
- c. Local hypoplasia

- d. Hyperplasia
- e. Acute superficial caries

1240. A regular preventive examination of a 5-year-old girl detected that she has problems with nasa

- a. Narrowing of the upper dentition in the lateral areas

- b. Teeth rotation around their axis
- c. Incomplete eruption of front teeth
- d. Expansion of the upper dentition
- e. Partial adentia

1241. A regular preventive examination of a 5-year-old girl detected that she has problems with nasa

- a. Teeth rotation around their axis

- b. Narrowing of the upper dentition in the lateral areas

- c. Incomplete eruption of front teeth
- d. Partial adentia
- e. Expansion of the upper dentition

1242. A removable complete denture is being made for the lower jaw of a 50-year-old man. During the

- a. Swallowing saliva

- b. Licking the upper lip

- c. Stretching the tongue towards the tip of the nose
- d. Wide mouth opening
- e. Alternately touching the right and left cheeks with the tongue

1243. A removable complete denture is being made for the lower jaw of a 50-year-old man. During the

- a. Swallowing saliva

- b. Alternately touching the right and left cheeks with the tongue

- c. Licking the upper lip

- d. Wide mouth opening
- e. Stretching the tongue towards the tip of the nose

1244. A removable full denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 75-year-old man. Objectively th

- a. Along the mylohyoid line

- b. From behind the mandibular tuberosity to the mylohyoid line

- c. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

- d. In the premolar area on the lingual side
- e. From canine to canine on the lingual side

1245. A removable full denture for the lower jaw is being made for a 75-year-old man. Objectively th

- a. From canine to canine on the lingual side

- b. Along the mylohyoid line

- c. From behind the mandibular tuberosity to the mylohyoid line

- d. From canine to canine on the vestibular side

- e. In the premolar area on the lingual side

1246. A removable partial denture has been made for the upper jaw of a 58-year-old man. During the a

- a. Rapid temperature increase during the plastic polymerization

- b. Excessive plastic thickness

- c. Rapid cooling of the cuvette after the plastic polymerization

- d. Use of expired plastic

- e. Insufficient plastic thickness

1247. A removable partial denture has been made for the upper jaw of a 58-year-old man. During the a

- a. Rapid temperature increase during the plastic polymerization

- b. Rapid cooling of the cuvette after the plastic polymerization

- c. Use of expired plastic

- d. Excessive plastic thickness
- e. Insufficient plastic thickness

1248. A removable partial laminar denture for the upper jaw is being made for the patient. The center

a. Fitting the wax model of the denture in the oral cavity

- b. Measuring the interalveolar height
- c. Determining the edges of the base
- d. Arrangement of artificial teeth
- e. Replacing wax with plastic

1249. A removable partial laminar denture for the upper jaw is being made for the patient. The center

- a. Determining the edges of the base
- b. Measuring the interalveolar height
- c. Arrangement of artificial teeth
- d. Replacing wax with plastic

e. Fitting the wax model of the denture in the oral cavity

1250. A removable partial laminar denture was made for the upper jaw of a 55-year-old patient. During

a. Rapid temperature increase during plastic polymerization

- b. Insufficient amount of monomer in the plastic dough
- c. Rapid cooling of the cuvette after plastic polymerization
- d. Using plastic with an expired expiration date
- e. Insufficient pressure applied to the plastic during its polymerization

1251. A removable partial laminar denture was made for the upper jaw of a 55-year-old patient. During

a. Insufficient pressure applied to the plastic during its polymerization

b. Rapid temperature increase during plastic polymerization

- c. Insufficient amount of monomer in the plastic dough
- d. Rapid cooling of the cuvette after plastic polymerization
- e. Using plastic with an expired expiration date

1252. A serviceman has received a shrapnel wound to the oropharynx. As a result of the tongue sinking

- a. Obstructive asphyxia
- b. Aspiration asphyxia
- c. Stenotic asphyxia
- d. Valve asphyxia

e. Dislocation asphyxia

1253. A serviceman has received a shrapnel wound to the oropharynx. As a result of the tongue sinking

- a. Stenotic asphyxia
- b. Aspiration asphyxia
- c. Valve asphyxia
- d. Obstructive asphyxia

e. Dislocation asphyxia

1254. A victim of a traffic accident was delivered into the admission room. The patient is supine and

a. In the sitting position with air tube inserted into the upper airways

b. In the prone position on a soft stretcher

- c. Positioned on the side on a rigid stretcher
- d. In the sitting position with the head thrown back
- e. Positioned on the side on a soft stretcher

1255. A victim of a traffic accident was delivered into the admission room. The patient is supine and

- a. In the sitting position with the head thrown back
- b. Positioned on the side on a soft stretcher
- c. In the sitting position with air tube inserted into the upper airways
- d. Positioned on the side on a rigid stretcher

e. In the prone position on a soft stretcher

1256. A victim of a traffic accident was delivered into the admission room. The patient is supine and

- a. Fixation of the tongue to the patient's collar
- b. Fixation of the lower jaw and tongue with standard Entin's head-chin strap
- c. Tracheostomy and artificial pulmonary ventilation
- d. Excision of injured mucosal flaps

e. Removal of foreign bodies from the oral cavity

1257. A victim of a traffic accident was delivered into the admission room. The patient is supine and

a. Removal of foreign bodies from the oral cavity

b. Tracheostomy and artificial pulmonary ventilation

c. Fixation of the lower jaw and tongue with standard Entin's head-chin strap

d. Excision of injured mucosal flaps

e. Fixation of the tongue to the patient's collar

1258. A white non-glossy spot was detected on the masticatory surface of tooth 36 of an 18-year-old

a. Staining tests with dyes

b. Measuring hygiene indices

c. Thermal stimulation

d. Electric pulp testing

e. X-ray

1259. A white non-glossy spot was detected on the masticatory surface of tooth 36 of an 18-year-old

a. Measuring hygiene indices

b. X-ray

c. Staining tests with dyes

d. Electric pulp testing

e. Thermal stimulation

1260. A woman came to a dentist with complaints of a formation on her face. Objectively, on the cheek

a. Lymphangioma

b. Papilloma

c. Lipoma

d. Atheroma

e. Fibroma

1261. A woman came to a dentist with complaints of a formation on her face. Objectively, on the cheek

a. Papilloma

b. Fibroma

c. Atheroma

d. Lymphangioma

e. Lipoma

1262. A woman came to a dentist with complaints of periodically occurring pain in the area of the go

a. Forceps curved along the plane

b. Beak-shaped non-converging forceps

c. Beak-shaped forceps with spikes

d. Beak-shaped converging forceps

e. Bayonet forceps

1263. A woman came to a dentist with complaints of periodically occurring pain in the area of the go

a. Beak-shaped non-converging forceps

b. Beak-shaped forceps with spikes

c. Forceps curved along the plane

d. Bayonet forceps

e. Beak-shaped converging forceps

1264. A woman came to the dental surgeon with complaints of teeth mobility. After objective examination

a. With degrees 2-3 of tooth mobility

b. With degree 1 of tooth mobility

c. Carious teeth

d. Teeth with painful percussion

e. Intact teeth

1265. A woman came to the dental surgeon with complaints of teeth mobility. After objective examination

a. Teeth with painful percussion

b. With degrees 2-3 of tooth mobility

c. Intact teeth

d. Carious teeth

e. With degree 1 of tooth mobility

1266. A woman complains of a neoplasm in her sublingual area. The neoplasm makes eating and speaking

a. Ranula of the sublingual gland

b. Calculous sialoadenitis

c. Adenolymphoma

d. Hemangioma of the submandibular region

e. Mixed tumor of the submandibular gland

1267. A woman complains of a neoplasm in her sublingual area. The neoplasm makes eating and speaking

a. Adenolymphoma

b. Calculous sialoadenitis

c. Hemangioma of the submandibular region

d. Ranula of the sublingual gland

e. Mixed tumor of the submandibular gland

1268. A woman complains of pain in her gums, unpleasant smell from her mouth, difficult eating, gene

a. Galascorbin

b. Chlorhexidine

c. Metronidazole

d. Keratoline

e. Chymotrypsin

1269. A woman complains of pain in her gums, unpleasant smell from her mouth, difficult eating, gene

a. Keratoline

b. Chymotrypsin

c. Metronidazole

d. Galascorbin

e. Chlorhexidine

1270. A woman complains of pain response to thermal stimuli in her lower right jaw. The pain quickl

a. Acute deep caries

b. Chronic superficial caries

c. Chronic deep caries

d. Chronic median caries

e. Acute median caries

1271. A woman complains of pain response to thermal stimuli in her lower right jaw. The pain quickl

a. Chronic median caries

b. Chronic superficial caries

c. Acute deep caries

d. Acute median caries

e. Chronic deep caries

1272. A woman complains of spontaneous attacks of acute pain, with practically no intermissions and

a. Acute suppurative pulpitis

b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

c. Acute diffuse pulpitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

e. Pulpal hyperemia

1273. A woman complains of spontaneous attacks of acute pain, with practically no intermissions and

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

b. Acute suppurative pulpitis

c. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

d. Pulpal hyperemia

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

1274. According to the professional standards, a dental orthopedist with work experience of 7 years

a. 8 years

b. 15 years

c. 12 years

d. 9 years

e. 10 years

1275. According to the professional standards, a dental orthopedist with work experience of 7 years

- a. 9 years
- b. 12 years
- c. 10 years
- d. 15 years
- e. 8 years

1276. After a blow to the temporomandibular joint the patient developed facial hematoma, the joint i

- a. Panoramic dental X-ray
- b. Limit the joint mobility
- c. X-ray and consultation with the neurologist
- d. Rheoencephalography and consultation with the neurologist
- e. Bilateral X-ray of the temporomandibular joint with mouth open and closed

1277. After a blow to the temporomandibular joint the patient developed facial hematoma, the joint i

- a. Rheoencephalography and consultation with the neurologist
- b. Bilateral X-ray of the temporomandibular joint with mouth open and closed
- c. Panoramic dental X-ray
- d. Limit the joint mobility
- e. X-ray and consultation with the neurologist

1278. After a car accident, a 42-year-old man was hospitalized. Examination detects an edema of the

- a. Le Fort III maxillary fracture
- b. Le Fort I maxillary fracture
- c. Le Fort II maxillary fracture
- d. Nasal fracture
- e. Zygomatic fracture

1279. After a car accident, a 42-year-old man was hospitalized. Examination detects an edema of the

- a. Le Fort III maxillary fracture
- b. Le Fort I maxillary fracture
- c. Zygomatic fracture
- d. Le Fort II maxillary fracture
- e. Nasal fracture

1280. After a clasp-retained (bugel) maxillary denture is made, it is necessary to assess the qualit

- a. 5-8 mm
- b. 10-12 mm
- c. 1.5-2 mm
- d. 3-5 mm
- e. 12-15 mm

1281. After a clasp-retained (bugel) maxillary denture is made, it is necessary to assess the qualit

- a. 3-5 mm
- b. 10-12 mm
- c. 12-15 mm
- d. 1.5-2 mm
- e. 5-8 mm

1282. After a fall, a 28-year-old man came to a maxillofacial surgery clinic with complaints of limi

- a. Le Fort II maxillary fracture
- b. Fracture of the left zygomatic arch
- c. Non-displaced zygomatic fracture
- d. Le Fort III maxillary fracture
- e. Displaced zygomatic fracture

1283. After a fall, a 28-year-old man came to a maxillofacial surgery clinic with complaints of limi

- a. Le Fort II maxillary fracture
- b. Non-displaced zygomatic fracture
- c. Displaced zygomatic fracture
- d. Le Fort III maxillary fracture
- e. Fracture of the left zygomatic arch

1284. After a fall, a woman complains of pain and swelling in the middle part of her face on the rig

- a. Displaced fracture of the right zygomatic arch

- b. Soft tissue contusion in the right infraorbital region
- c. Le Fort type II maxillary fracture
- d. Non-displaced fracture of the right zygomatic bone

e. Displaced fracture of the right zygomatic bone and zygomatic arch

1285. After a fall, a woman complains of pain and swelling in the middle part of her face on the right

- a. Soft tissue contusion in the right infraorbital region
- b. Le Fort type II maxillary fracture
- c. Displaced fracture of the right zygomatic arch
- d. Non-displaced fracture of the right zygomatic bone

e. Displaced fracture of the right zygomatic bone and zygomatic arch

1286. After a thorough examination, a 32-year-old patient was diagnosed with black hairy tongue syndrome

a. Antiseptics

b. Keratolytics

- c. Antiviral agents
- d. Keratoplastics
- e. Vitamins

1287. After a thorough examination, a 32-year-old patient was diagnosed with black hairy tongue syndrome

a. Antiviral agents

b. Vitamins

c. Keratolytics

- d. Antiseptics
- e. Keratoplastics

1288. After a tooth extraction, the patient developed a hemorrhage from the socket of the extracted tooth

- a. Administer vicasol (menadione) solution intramuscularly
- b. Administer 5-10 mL of 10% calcium chloride solution intravenously

c. Tightly pack the tooth socket with a strip of iodoform gauze

- d. Place sutures into the soft tissues
- e. Insert a gauze pack soaked in 3% hydrogen peroxide solution

1289. After a tooth extraction, the patient developed a hemorrhage from the socket of the extracted tooth

- a. Administer vicasol (menadione) solution intramuscularly
- b. Place sutures into the soft tissues
- c. Administer 5-10 mL of 10% calcium chloride solution intravenously

d. Tightly pack the tooth socket with a strip of iodoform gauze

- e. Insert a gauze pack soaked in 3% hydrogen peroxide solution

1290. After a trauma, a man has developed complaints of displaced tooth 32 and pain that intensifies

a. Incomplete dislocation of tooth 32

- b. Contusion of tooth 32
- c. Impacted dislocation of tooth 32
- d. Complete dislocation of tooth 32
- e. Root fracture of tooth 32

1291. After a trauma, a man has developed complaints of displaced tooth 32 and pain that intensifies

- a. Impacted dislocation of tooth 32
- b. Root fracture of tooth 32

c. Incomplete dislocation of tooth 32

- d. Complete dislocation of tooth 32
- e. Contusion of tooth 32

1292. After adenotonsillectomy it is necessary to break the mouth breathing habit in a 4-year-old child

- a. Lateral pterygoid muscle
- b. Medial pterygoid muscle
- c. Temporal muscle

d. Orbicular muscle

- e. Masseter muscle

1293. After adenotonsillectomy it is necessary to break the mouth breathing habit in a 4-year-old child

- a. Masseter muscle
- b. Medial pterygoid muscle

c. Temporal muscle

d. Orbicular muscle

e. Lateral pterygoid muscle

1294. After examination of a 27-year-old patient, a dentist diagnosed him with acute catarrhal gingi

a. Allergizing effect

b. Impaired taste

c. Epithelial hypertrophy

d. Microflora resistance

e. Bad breath

1295. After examination of a 27-year-old patient, a dentist diagnosed him with acute catarrhal gingi

a. Epithelial hypertrophy

b. Allergizing effect

c. Microflora resistance

d. Bad breath

e. Impaired taste

1296. After examination, a 34-year-old patient was diagnosed with Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome. Wha

a. Fissured tongue, atopic cheilitis, trigeminal neuritis

b. Median rhomboid glossitis, eczematous cheilitis, paresis of the facial nerve

c. Lichen ruber planus, essential hypertension, diabetes mellitus

d. Hutchinson's teeth, congenital deafness, congenital blindness

e. Macrocheilitis, fissured tongue, paresis of the facial nerve

1297. After examination, a 34-year-old patient was diagnosed with Melkersson-Rosenthal syndrome. Wha

a. Median rhomboid glossitis, eczematous cheilitis, paresis of the facial nerve

b. Hutchinson's teeth, congenital deafness, congenital blindness

c. Lichen ruber planus, essential hypertension, diabetes mellitus

d. Macrocheilitis, fissured tongue, paresis of the facial nerve

e. Fissured tongue, atopic cheilitis, trigeminal neuritis

1298. After examination, a 6-month-old infant was diagnosed with a complete labial cleft. What surgi

a. Frenulotomy

b. Frenulectomy

c. Uranoplasty

d. Uranostaphyloplasty

e. Cheiloplasty

1299. After examination, a 6-month-old infant was diagnosed with a complete labial cleft. What surgi

a. Frenulotomy

b. Uranostaphyloplasty

c. Uranoplasty

d. Frenulectomy

e. Cheiloplasty

1300. After examination, an 8-year-old child was diagnosed with torsion of the lateral maxillar

a. First temporary molars, temporary canines, first premolars

b. First temporary molars, first premolars, temporary canines

c. Second incisors, temporary canines and first temporary molar

d. First temporary molars, temporary canines, second premolars

e. Temporary canines, first temporary molars, first premolars

1301. After examination, an 8-year-old child was diagnosed with torsion of the lateral maxillar

a. First temporary molars, temporary canines, second premolars

b. Second incisors, temporary canines and first temporary molar

c. Temporary canines, first temporary molars, first premolars

d. First temporary molars, first premolars, temporary canines

e. First temporary molars, temporary canines, first premolars

1302. After extraction of tooth 27 the dental surgeon suspected that the maxillary sinus was perfora

a. Ask the patient to blow through the mouth, while observing the socket of 27

b. Pinch the nostrils together to occlude the patient's nose and ask the patient to blow through the

c. Pinch the nostrils together to occlude the patient's nose and ask the patient to blow through the

- d. Ask the patient to inhale through the nose, pinch the nostrils together, and exhale through the mouth.
e. Ask the patient to blow through the nose, while observing the socket of 27

1303. After extraction of tooth 27 the dental surgeon suspected that the maxillary sinus was perforated.

- a. Ask the patient to blow through the nose, while observing the socket of 27
b. Ask the patient to inhale through the nose, pinch the nostrils together, and exhale through the mouth.
c. Pinch the nostrils together to occlude the patient's nose and ask the patient to blow through the mouth.
d. Ask the patient to blow through the mouth, while observing the socket of 27
e. Pinch the nostrils together to occlude the patient's nose and ask the patient to blow through the nose.

1304. After extraction of tooth 46, a 41-year-old man noticed a dark defect on the distal contact surface.

- a. Chronic median caries, Black class IV
b. Chronic superficial caries, Black class II
c. Chronic superficial caries, Black class IV
d. Chronic initial caries, Black class II
e. Chronic initial caries, Black class IV

1305. After extraction of tooth 46, a 41-year-old man noticed a dark defect on the distal contact surface.

- a. Chronic superficial caries, Black class IV
b. Chronic median caries, Black class IV
c. Chronic initial caries, Black class IV
d. Chronic initial caries, Black class II
e. Chronic superficial caries, Black class II

1306. After sustained trauma a man developed nose bleeding, reduced mouth opening, sensation of paraesthesia.

- a. Displaced fracture of the temporal bone
b. Le Fort I maxillary fracture
c. Zygomatic arch fracture
d. Nondisplaced fracture of the temporal bone
e. Le Fort II maxillary fracture

1307. After sustained trauma a man developed nose bleeding, reduced mouth opening, sensation of paraesthesia.

- a. Zygomatic arch fracture
b. Le Fort I maxillary fracture
c. Displaced fracture of the temporal bone
d. Le Fort II maxillary fracture
e. Nondisplaced fracture of the temporal bone

1308. After the atypical extraction of tooth 38, the patient developed numbness in the left half of the tongue.

- a. Trigeminal neuritis
b. Trigeminal neuralgia
c. Glossodynia
d. Dental plexalgia
e. Glossopharyngeal neuropathy

1309. After the atypical extraction of tooth 38, the patient developed numbness in the left half of the tongue.

- a. Glossopharyngeal neuropathy
b. Glossodynia
c. Trigeminal neuralgia
d. Trigeminal neuritis
e. Dental plexalgia

1310. After the complex examination of a 44-year-old man, the dentist made a diagnosis of generalized periodontitis.

- a. Blood sugar levels
b. Vitamin C levels in blood
c. Immunologic blood test
d. Blood iron levels
e. Complete comprehensive blood count

1311. After the complex examination of a 44-year-old man, the dentist made a diagnosis of generalized periodontitis.

- a. Immunologic blood test
b. Blood iron levels
c. Vitamin C levels in blood
d. Blood sugar levels

e. Complete comprehensive blood count

1312. After the extraction of tooth 38, the patient developed bleeding from the tooth socket. The de

a. Finish the visit, give advice to the patient about properly taking care of the tooth socket

b. Suture the socket

c. Perform tamponade of the socket again

d. Refer the patient to the inpatient department

e. Refer the patient to a hematologist for a consultation

1313. After the extraction of tooth 38, the patient developed bleeding from the tooth socket. The de

a. Finish the visit, give advice to the patient about properly taking care of the tooth socket

b. Refer the patient to a hematologist for a consultation

c. Suture the socket

d. Perform tamponade of the socket again

e. Refer the patient to the inpatient department

1314. After the unsuccessful treatment for chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 15 by dental

a. Bayonet forceps

b. S-shaped forceps

c. S-shaped left-sided forceps

d. S-shaped right-sided forceps

e. Straight forceps

1315. After the unsuccessful treatment for chronic granulomatous periodontitis of tooth 15 by dental

a. S-shaped left-sided forceps

b. Straight forceps

c. Bayonet forceps

d. S-shaped forceps

e. S-shaped right-sided forceps

1316. An 11-year-old boy complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth. Examination by a

a. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 21, 16, 26 and lingual surfaces of teeth 31, 41, 34, 44

b. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 31, 16, 26 and lingual surfaces of teeth 36, 46

c. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 43, 42, 41, 31, 32, 33

d. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 23, 22, 21, 11, 12, 13

e. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 31, 24, 14 and lingual surfaces of teeth 36, 46

1317. An 11-year-old boy complains of his gums bleeding when he brushes his teeth. Examination by a

a. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 23, 22, 21, 11, 12, 13

b. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 31, 24, 14 and lingual surfaces of teeth 36, 46

c. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 21, 16, 26 and lingual surfaces of teeth 31, 41, 34, 44

d. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 43, 42, 41, 31, 32, 33

e. Vestibular surfaces of teeth 11, 31, 16, 26 and lingual surfaces of teeth 36, 46

1318. An 11-year-old child has a thickening in the frontal region of the lower jaw that appeared aft

a. Rarefying periostitis

b. Chronic osteomyelitis, destructive form

c. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

d. Chronic osteomyelitis, destructive- productive form

e. Osteitis deformans

1319. An 11-year-old child has a thickening in the frontal region of the lower jaw that appeared aft

a. Rarefying periostitis

b. Chronic osteomyelitis, destructive- productive form

c. Chronic osteomyelitis, destructive form

d. Osteitis deformans

e. Chronic granulomatous periodontitis

1320. An 11-year-old child presents with protrusion of the upper front teeth, there are tremata and

a. Frankel, type 3

b. Mershon

c. Bruckle

d. Vasylenko

e. Osadchy

1321. An 11-year-old child presents with protrusion of the upper front teeth, there are tremata and

- a. Vasylenko
- b. Osadchy
- c. Mershon
- d. Frankel, type 3
- e. Brukle

1322. An 11-year-old child undergoes an orthodontic treatment. The child is prescribed a dental appl

- a. Occlusive onlays, screw
- b. Occlusive onlays, labial bandages
- c. Occlusive onlays, buccal shields
- d. Omega loop, screw
- e. Inclined plane, tongue shield

1323. An 11-year-old child undergoes an orthodontic treatment. The child is prescribed a dental appl

- a. Occlusive onlays, labial bandages
- b. Inclined plane, tongue shield
- c. Occlusive onlays, buccal shields
- d. Occlusive onlays, screw
- e. Omega loop, screw

1324. An 11-year-old girl was diagnosed with chronic parenchymatous parotitis. What X-ray sign indic

- a. "Leafless tree" sign
- b. Filling defect
- c. Fluctuation sign
- d. "Bunch of grapes" sign
- e. "String of pearls" sign

1325. An 11-year-old girl was diagnosed with chronic parenchymatous parotitis. What X-ray sign indic

- a. "String of pearls" sign
- b. "Leafless tree" sign
- c. Fluctuation sign
- d. Filling defect
- e. "Bunch of grapes" sign

1326. An 18-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of a sharp pain in his upper tooth. The p

- a. Conservative treatment, closed method
- b. Conservative treatment, open method
- c. Conservative-surgical treatment
- d. Monitoring of the tooth condition for the next 6 months
- e. Extraction of tooth 21

1327. An 18-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of a sharp pain in his upper tooth. The p

- a. Monitoring of the tooth condition for the next 6 months
- b. Conservative treatment, open method
- c. Conservative treatment, closed method
- d. Extraction of tooth 21
- e. Conservative-surgical treatment

1328. An 18-year-old girl complains of pain in her parotid regions and general indisposition. Examin

- a. Acute suppurative lymphadenitis
- b. Phlegmon of the parotid-masseteric region
- c. Acute epidemic parotitis
- d. Acute non-epidemic parotitis
- e. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

1329. An 18-year-old girl complains of pain in her parotid regions and general indisposition. Examin

- a. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis
- b. Acute non-epidemic parotitis
- c. Phlegmon of the parotid-masseteric region
- d. Acute epidemic parotitis
- e. Acute suppurative lymphadenitis

1330. An 18-year-old girl in her childhood underwent a surgery for complete bilateral cleft upper li

- a. Both upper and lower jaws are flattened in their lateral areas due to disturbed nasal breathing
 - b. The lower jaw is underdeveloped due to reduced masticatory load, the upper jaw is flattened
 - c. Both upper and lower jaws are underdeveloped due to reduced masticatory load and flattened in the
 - d. The upper jaw is underdeveloped in its frontal area, while its lateral areas remain without patho
 - e. The upper jaw is underdeveloped, the intermaxilla is frontally displaced due to interrupted labia
1331. An 18-year-old girl in her childhood underwent a surgery for complete bilateral cleft upper lip
- a. Both upper and lower jaws are underdeveloped due to reduced masticatory load and flattened in the
 - b. The upper jaw is underdeveloped, the intermaxilla is frontally displaced due to interrupted labia
 - c. The upper jaw is underdeveloped in its frontal area, while its lateral areas remain without patho
 - d. Both upper and lower jaws are flattened in their lateral areas due to disturbed nasal breathing
 - e. The lower jaw is underdeveloped due to reduced masticatory load, the upper jaw is flattened
1332. An 18-year-old girl needs consultation of the dentist regarding a neoplasm that appeared in the
- a. Birthmark (nevus)
 - b. Lymphangioma
 - c. Neurofibromatosis
 - d. Capillary hemangioma
 - e. Cavernous hemangioma
1333. An 18-year-old girl needs consultation of the dentist regarding a neoplasm that appeared in the
- a. Lymphangioma
 - b. Cavernous hemangioma
 - c. Capillary hemangioma
 - d. Birthmark (nevus)
 - e. Neurofibromatosis
1334. An 18-year-old girl, having returned from a summer vacation, developed complaints of a mild pain
- a. Chronic exfoliative cheilitis
 - b. Exfoliative cheilitis
 - c. Meteorological cheilitis
 - d. Actinic cheilitis
 - e. Glandular glandularis
1335. An 18-year-old girl, having returned from a summer vacation, developed complaints of a mild pain
- a. Exfoliative cheilitis
 - b. Meteorological cheilitis
 - c. Chronic exfoliative cheilitis
 - d. Glandular glandularis
 - e. Actinic cheilitis
1336. An 18-year-old young man complains of a cavity in 27 and pain when eating solid food. He has a
- a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - b. Chronic granulating periodontitis
 - c. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - d. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
 - e. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
1337. An 18-year-old young man complains of a cavity in 27 and pain when eating solid food. He has a
- a. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
 - b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
 - c. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
 - d. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - e. Chronic granulating periodontitis
1338. An 18-year-old young man complains of a cavity in his tooth 37 and pain that occurs when food
- a. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
 - b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
 - c. Granulations from the area of root bifurcation
 - d. Hypertrophic papillitis
 - e. Chronic granulating periodontitis
1339. An 18-year-old young man complains of a cavity in his tooth 37 and pain that occurs when food
- a. Chronic granulating periodontitis

- b. Hypertrophic papillitis
- c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

- e. Granulations from the area of root bifurcation

1340. An 18-year-old young man complains of a painful submandibular edema on the left that developed

a. Furuncle

- b. Pyoderma
- c. Lymphadenitis
- d. Actinomycosis
- e. Carbuncle

1341. An 18-year-old young man complains of a painful submandibular edema on the left that developed

- a. Actinomycosis
- b. Carbuncle
- c. Pyoderma
- d. Lymphadenitis

e. Furuncle

1342. An 18-year-old young man complains of tooth sensitivity in his lower left jaw when eating sweet

a. Chronic initial caries of tooth 37

b. Acute superficial caries of tooth 37

- c. Acute initial caries of tooth 37
- d. Chronic median caries of tooth 37
- e. Chronic superficial caries of tooth 37

1343. An 18-year-old young man complains of tooth sensitivity in his lower left jaw when eating sweet

- a. Chronic initial caries of tooth 37
- b. Chronic superficial caries of tooth 37

c. Acute superficial caries of tooth 37

- d. Acute initial caries of tooth 37
- e. Chronic median caries of tooth 37

1344. An 8-year-old boy complains of a dull pain in his lower right tooth. The pain appears in response to

- a. Devital amputation
- b. Devital extirpation

c. Vital amputation

- d. Biological approach
- e. Vital extirpation

1345. An 8-year-old boy complains of a dull pain in his lower right tooth. The pain appears in response to

a. Devital extirpation

b. Vital amputation

- c. Biological approach
- d. Vital extirpation
- e. Devital amputation

1346. An 8-year-old boy complains of an acute pain in his lower left jaw, general weakness, high body temperature

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

- b. Non-odontogenic acute purulent lymphadenitis
- c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis
- d. Inflammatory infiltration of the left cheek
- e. Odontogenic phlegmon of the submandibular region

1347. An 8-year-old boy complains of an acute pain in his lower left jaw, general weakness, high body temperature

a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

- b. Non-odontogenic acute purulent lymphadenitis
- c. Inflammatory infiltration of the left cheek
- d. Odontogenic phlegmon of the submandibular region
- e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

1348. An 8-year-old boy complains of toothache during eating. Objectively, the proximal surface of tooth 37 is

- a. Calcium-containing
- b. Resorcinol-formaldehyde

c. Paraformaldehyde

d. Arsenic

e. Thymol

1349. An 8-year-old boy complains of toothache during eating. Objectively, the proximal surface of t

a. Thymol

b. Paraformaldehyde

c. Resorcinol-formaldehyde

d. Calcium-containing

e. Arsenic

1350. An 8-year-old boy during a preventive examination presents with chalk-like spots on the vestib

a. Vital staining

b. Intraoral X-ray

c. Orthopantomography

d. Ultraviolet stomatoscopy

e. Electric pulp testing

1351. An 8-year-old boy during a preventive examination presents with chalk-like spots on the vestib

a. Intraoral X-ray

b. Orthopantomography

c. Electric pulp testing

d. Vital staining

e. Ultraviolet stomatoscopy

1352. An 8-year-old boy was diagnosed by a dentist with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 36. Previo

a. Devital amputation

b. Biological method

c. Devital extirpation

d. Vital extirpation

e. Vital amputation

1353. An 8-year-old boy was diagnosed by a dentist with chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 36. Previo

a. Devital extirpation

b. Biological method

c. Vital extirpation

d. Vital amputation

e. Devital amputation

1354. An 8-year-old child was diagnosed with acute odontogenic mandibular periostitis on the right o

a. Endodontic treatment of 74, periosteotomy

b. -

c. Periosteotomy, pharmacotherapy

d. Extraction of 74, periosteotomy, pharmacotherapy

e. Endodontic treatment of 74, pharmacotherapy

1355. An 8-year-old child was diagnosed with acute odontogenic mandibular periostitis on the right o

a. Endodontic treatment of 74, pharmacotherapy

b. Extraction of 74, periosteotomy, pharmacotherapy

c. Endodontic treatment of 74, periosteotomy

d. -

e. Periosteotomy, pharmacotherapy

1356. An 8-year-old girl complains of bleeding gums. The child has diabetes mellitus. Objectively th

a. Rheoparodontography

b. Stomatoscopy

c. Vacuum test

d. X-ray

e. PMA index

1357. An 8-year-old girl complains of bleeding gums. The child has diabetes mellitus. Objectively th

a. Vacuum test

b. Stomatoscopy

c. Rheoparodontography

d. X-ray

e. PMA index

1358. An 8-year-old girl complains of dry lips and a painful burning sensation in them. She has a hi

a. Actinic cheilitis

b. Glandular cheilitis

c. Exfoliative cheilitis

d. Meteorological cheilitis

e. Eczematous cheilitis

1359. An 8-year-old girl complains of dry lips and a painful burning sensation in them. She has a hi

a. Exfoliative cheilitis

b. Meteorological cheilitis

c. Eczematous cheilitis

d. Glandular cheilitis

e. Actinic cheilitis

1360. An 8-year-old girl complains of pain in her mouth during eating. Objectively, on the mucosa of

a. Behcet disease

b. Acute herpetic stomatitis

c. Sutton aphthae

d. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

e. -

1361. An 8-year-old girl complains of pain in her mouth during eating. Objectively, on the mucosa of

a. Behcet disease

b. Sutton aphthae

c. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

d. Acute herpetic stomatitis

e. -

1362. An 8-year-old girl complains of tooth 21 discoloration and pain response to hot stimulus. Seve

a. Glass ionomer cement

b. Resorcinol-formalin paste

c. Calcium hydroxide paste

d. Zinc phosphate cement

e. -

1363. An 8-year-old girl complains of tooth 21 discoloration and pain response to hot stimulus. Seve

a. Zinc phosphate cement

b. Calcium hydroxide paste

c. Resorcinol-formalin paste

d. Glass ionomer cement

e. -

1364. An 8-year-old girl has been complaining of pain in her lower right tooth for the second day al

a. Acute serous odontogenic periostitis of the mandible

b. Physiological replacement of tooth 84

c. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis of the mandible

d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the mandible

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

1365. An 8-year-old girl has been complaining of pain in her lower right tooth for the second day al

a. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis of the mandible

b. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis of the mandible

c. Physiological replacement of tooth 84

d. Acute serous odontogenic periostitis of the mandible

e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis

1366. An 80-year-old man needs a removable partial denture for the lower jaw. How should the denture

a. Fully covers the crowns

b. Covers the crowns by 2/3 of their height

c. Covers the crowns by 1/3 of their height

d. Located below dental services

e. Reaches dental cervices

1367. An 80-year-old man needs a removable partial denture for the lower jaw. How should the denture

a. Located below dental cervices

b. Reaches dental cervices

c. Covers the crowns by 1/3 of their height

d. Fully covers the crowns

e. Covers the crowns by 2/3 of their height

1368. An HIV-infected patient needs a dental prosthesis. The dentist plans to make dental bridges f

a. According to the special scheme

b. With lysoformin

c. With 3% chloramine solution

d. According to the usual scheme

e. In a hot air sterilizer

1369. An HIV-infected patient needs a dental prosthesis. The dentist plans to make dental bridges f

a. According to the usual scheme

b. According to the special scheme

c. With 3% chloramine solution

d. With lysoformin

e. In a hot air sterilizer

1370. An adolescent complains of reduced and painful mouth opening, difficulties when eating, and sw

a. Mandibular alveolar fracture

b. Left mandibular angle fracture

c. Mandibular periostitis on the left

d. Odontogenic mandibular osteomyelitis

e. Anterior mandibular fracture

1371. An adolescent complains of reduced and painful mouth opening, difficulties when eating, and sw

a. Mandibular periostitis on the left

b. Anterior mandibular fracture

c. Left mandibular angle fracture

d. Odontogenic mandibular osteomyelitis

e. Mandibular alveolar fracture

1372. An implant-supported removable denture is planned to be made for a 70-year-old patient to repl

a. 1

b. 8

c. 6

d. 2

e. 4

1373. An implant-supported removable denture is planned to be made for a 70-year-old patient to repl

a. 8

b. 1

c. 4

d. 6

e. 2

1374. As a result of a trauma, an upper front tooth was broken in a 39-year-old patient. Objectively

a. V

b. IV

c. II

d. VI

e. III

1375. As a result of a trauma, an upper front tooth was broken in a 39-year-old patient. Objectively

a. VI

b. V

c. IV

d. II

e. III

1376. At the dentist's office, a patient diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of too

- a. Fixation
- b. Traction

c. Syndesmotomy

- d. Luxation
- e. Advancement of forceps

1377. At the dentist's office, a patient diagnosed with exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of too

- a. Luxation
- b. Traction

c. Fixation

d. Syndesmotomy

- e. Advancement of forceps

1378. Based on the principle of its action, the Angle's arch belongs to the following group of ortho

- a. -
- b. Functionally-acting appliances
- c. Functionally-guiding appliances
- d. Appliances with a combined action

e. Mechanically-acting appliances

1379. Based on the principle of its action, the Angle's arch belongs to the following group of ortho

- a. Functionally-acting appliances

b. Mechanically-acting appliances

c. -

- d. Functionally-guiding appliances
- e. Appliances with a combined action

1380. Before the extraction of tooth 28, the patient received tuberal and palatal anesthesia for pai

- a. Calcium chloride

b. Adrenaline hydrochloride

- c. Dimedrol (Diphenhydramine)
- d. Euphylline (Theophylline)
- e. Prednisolone

1381. Before the extraction of tooth 28, the patient received tuberal and palatal anesthesia for pai

- a. Prednisolone
- b. Euphylline (Theophylline)

c. Adrenaline hydrochloride

- d. Dimedrol (Diphenhydramine)
- e. Calcium chloride

1382. Biopsy material was obtained from the focus of a lesion in the retromolar space. Pathohistolog

a. Bowen disease

- b. Keratoacanthoma
- c. Leukoplakia
- d. Lichen ruber planus, verrucous form
- e. Lupus erythematosus

1383. Biopsy material was obtained from the focus of a lesion in the retromolar space. Pathohistolog

- a. Keratoacanthoma
- b. Lichen ruber planus, verrucous form

c. Bowen disease

- d. Leukoplakia
- e. Lupus erythematosus

1384. Complete removable dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 67-year-old patie

a. 33°

- b. 110°
- c. 17°
- d. 63°
- e. 12°

1385. Complete removable dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 67-year-old patie

- a. 33°
- b. 63°
- c. 17°
- d. 110°
- e. 12°

1386. Complete removable dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 75-year-old man.

- a. Fixation of anterior occlusion
- b. No contact between the bite rims in the lateral regions
- c. Deformation of the working cast
- d. No contact between the bite rims in the frontal region
- e. Mistake during the teeth placement

1387. Complete removable dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 75-year-old man.

- a. No contact between the bite rims in the lateral regions
- b. Deformation of the working cast
- c. No contact between the bite rims in the frontal region

d. Fixation of anterior occlusion

- e. Mistake during the teeth placement

1388. Complete removable dentures have been made for a patient for the first time. After denture fix

- a. In 3 years
- b. In 7 years
- c. In 5 years
- d. In 2 years
- e. In one year

1389. Complete removable dentures have been made for a patient for the first time. After denture fix

- a. In 5 years
- b. In 2 years
- c. In 7 years

d. In 3 years

- e. In one year

1390. Complete removable laminar dentures are being made for a patient. Objectively, the alveolar pr

- a. Obtaining functional impressions
- b. Checking the placement of the teeth
- c. Determining the central ratio of the jaws
- d. Making individual impression trays
- e. Checking the wax models of the dentures

1391. Complete removable laminar dentures are being made for a patient. Objectively, the alveolar pr

- a. Making individual impression trays
- b. Obtaining functional impressions
- c. Determining the central ratio of the jaws
- d. Checking the wax models of the dentures
- e. Checking the placement of the teeth

1392. Decay-missing-filled index of a 6.5-year-old child is DMF+df=7. Fedorov-Volodkina hygiene inde

- a. Application of fluoride varnish
- b. Electrophoresis-aided application of remineralization solution

c. Noninvasive fissure sealing

- d. Application of remineralization solution
- e. Invasive fissure sealing

1393. Decay-missing-filled index of a 6.5-year-old child is DMF+df=7. Fedorov-Volodkina hygiene inde

- a. Invasive fissure sealing
- b. Noninvasive fissure sealing

c. Application of fluoride varnish

- d. Application of remineralization solution
- e. Electrophoresis-aided application of remineralization solution

1394. Due to lack of timely specialized treatment a 44-year-old man presents with incorrectly healed

- a. Correct the malocclusion via instrumental surgical method

- b. Correct the malocclusion by filing down the patient's teeth
- c. Make a dentogingival laminar denture

d. Make a prosthesis with double dentition

- e. Make a non-removable dental bridge with movable joint

1395. Due to lack of timely specialized treatment a 44-year-old man presents with incorrectly healed

- a. Make a non-removable dental bridge with movable joint

b. Make a prosthesis with double dentition

- c. Make a dentogingival laminar denture

- d. Correct the malocclusion via instrumental surgical method

- e. Correct the malocclusion by filing down the patient's teeth

1396. During Eschler-Bittner test the profile of a 12-year-old girl with posterior occlusion has sho

- a. Mandibular underdevelopment and maxillary overdevelopment

b. Mandibular underdevelopment

- c. Maxillary overdevelopment

- d. Mandibular overdevelopment

- e. Maxillary underdevelopment

1397. During Eschler-Bittner test the profile of a 12-year-old girl with posterior occlusion has sho

- a. Maxillary overdevelopment

b. Mandibular underdevelopment

- c. Mandibular overdevelopment

- d. Maxillary underdevelopment

- e. Mandibular underdevelopment and maxillary overdevelopment

1398. During a preventive examination of a 19-year-old girl after the removal of dental plaque, chal

- a. Changes in the mantle dentin

- b. Superficial enamel demineralization

c. Subsurface enamel demineralization

- d. Degenerative changes in odontoblasts

- e. Damaged dentinoenamel junction

1399. During a preventive examination of a 19-year-old girl after the removal of dental plaque, chal

- a. Degenerative changes in odontoblasts

- b. Changes in the mantle dentin

c. Subsurface enamel demineralization

- d. Superficial enamel demineralization

- e. Damaged dentinoenamel junction

1400. During a preventive examination of an 11-year-old child, an orthodontist observes the followin

a. Expand the upper dentition, open the bite, move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

- b. Expand the upper dentition and move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

- c. Replant tooth 22

- d. Extract tooth 22, retract the front upper teeth

- e. Extract tooth 24, move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

1401. During a preventive examination of an 11-year-old child, an orthodontist observes the followin

- a. Replant tooth 22

b. Expand the upper dentition, open the bite, move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

- c. Expand the upper dentition and move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

- d. Extract tooth 22, retract the front upper teeth

- e. Extract tooth 24, move tooth 22 to its proper place in the dentition

1402. During a tooth extraction, a 37-year-old patient suddenly complained of intense headache, dizz

- a. Acute cerebrovascular accident

- b. Angina pectoris attack

- c. Myocardial infarction

d. Hypertensive crisis

- e. Anaphylactic shock

1403. During a tooth extraction, a 37-year-old patient suddenly complained of intense headache, dizz

- a. Angina pectoris attack

b. Hypertensive crisis

- c. Myocardial infarction
- d. Anaphylactic shock
- e. Acute cerebrovascular accident

1404. During administration of infraorbital anesthesia, a patient developed a focus of skin pallor i

- a. Administer 1 mL of 10% caffeine solution subcutaneously
- b. Give liquid ammonia to smell
- c. Administer 1 mL of cordiamine intramuscularly
- d. This condition needs no treatment, the ischemia will pass on its own

- e. Administer tavegil (clemastine) or suprastin (chloropyramine) solution intramuscularly

1405. During administration of infraorbital anesthesia, a patient developed a focus of skin pallor i

- a. Administer tavegil (clemastine) or suprastin (chloropyramine) solution intramuscularly
- b. This condition needs no treatment, the ischemia will pass on its own
- c. Give liquid ammonia to smell
- d. Administer 1 mL of cordiamine intramuscularly
- e. Administer 1 mL of 10% caffeine solution subcutaneously

1406. During an appointment with the dentist, a 42-year-old man developed anaphylactic shock after h

- a. Adrenaline (epinephrine)
- b. Antihistamine
- c. Glucocorticosteroid
- d. Inhaled short acting beta-2-agonist
- e. Oxygen

1407. During an appointment with the dentist, a 42-year-old man developed anaphylactic shock after h

- a. Glucocorticosteroid
- b. Inhaled short acting beta-2-agonist
- c. Oxygen
- d. Adrenaline (epinephrine)

- e. Antihistamine

1408. During carious cavity preparation in a 20-year-old man, the pulp-chamber floor was accidentall

- a. Devital amputation
- b. Vital amputation
- c. Devital extirpation
- d. Vital extirpation

- e. Biological approach

1409. During carious cavity preparation in a 20-year-old man, the pulp-chamber floor was accidentall

- a. Vital amputation
- b. Devital amputation

- c. Biological approach

- d. Vital extirpation
- e. Devital extirpation

1410. During dental procedures, a 29-year-old man after receiving anesthesia suddenly developed a de

- a. Quincke's edema
- b. Urticaria
- c. Bronchial asthma attack
- d. Anaphylactic shock
- e. Contact dermatitis

1411. During dental procedures, a 29-year-old man after receiving anesthesia suddenly developed a de

- a. Urticaria
- b. Quincke's edema
- c. Bronchial asthma attack
- d. Anaphylactic shock
- e. Contact dermatitis

1412. During dental procedures, a 50-year-old man developed burning retrosternal pain, dyspnea,

- a. Acute myocardial infarction
- b. Anaphylactic shock
- c. Fainting

- d. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- e. Angina pectoris attack

1413. During dental procedures, a 50-year-old man developed burning retrosternal pain, dyspnea,

- a. Fainting
- b. Anaphylactic shock
- c. Acute cerebrovascular accident

d. Acute myocardial infarction

- e. Angina pectoris attack

1414. During examination of a 17-year-old patient, a targeted intraoral X-ray of the frontal region

- a. Globulomaxillary cyst
- b. Nasoalveolar cyst
- c. Follicular cyst

d. Nasopalatine cyst

- e. Radicular cyst

1415. During examination of a 17-year-old patient, a targeted intraoral X-ray of the frontal region

- a. Radicular cyst
- b. Nasoalveolar cyst
- c. Globulomaxillary cyst

d. Nasopalatine cyst

- e. Follicular cyst

1416. During examination of a 5-year-old boy, the dentist detected a deep carious cavity communicating with the pulp

- a. Calcium hydroxide paste
- b. Zinc oxide and eugenol paste**
- c. Phenol-based material
- d. Mineral trioxide aggregate material
- e. Epoxy resin paste

1417. During examination of a 5-year-old boy, the dentist detected a deep carious cavity communicating with the pulp

- a. Phenol-based material
- b. Calcium hydroxide paste
- c. Zinc oxide and eugenol paste**
- d. Mineral trioxide aggregate material
- e. Epoxy resin paste

1418. During examination of an 8-year-old girl, a dentist detected a deep carious cavity on the maxillary central incisor

- a. Mineral trioxide aggregate-based substance
- b. Sealer with gutta-percha
- c. Phenol-based substance
- d. Zinc oxide eugenol-based paste
- e. Calcium hydroxide-based paste**

1419. During examination of an 8-year-old girl, a dentist detected a deep carious cavity on the maxillary central incisor

- a. Phenol-based substance
- b. Mineral trioxide aggregate-based substance
- c. Zinc oxide eugenol-based paste
- d. Calcium hydroxide-based paste**
- e. Sealer with gutta-percha

1420. During examination of schoolchildren, the orthodontist noticed that some of them present with Class II malocclusion

- a. Andresen-Haupl activator appliance
- b. Dass activator appliance**
- c. Bruckl appliance
- d. Angle appliance
- e. Frankel functional regulator III

1421. During examination of schoolchildren, the orthodontist noticed that some of them present with Class II malocclusion

- a. Frankel functional regulator III
- b. Andresen-Haupl activator appliance
- c. Dass activator appliance**
- d. Angle appliance

e. Bruckl appliance

1422. During examination the child presents with micrognathia and open bite. X-ray shows no joint sp

a. Right-sided bony ankylosis of the temporomandibular joint

b. Right-sided fibrous ankylosis of the temporomandibular joint

c. Right-sided sclerosing arthrosis of the temporomandibular joint

d. Chronic right-sided arthritis of the temporomandibular joint

e. First and second branchial arch syndrome

1423. During examination the child presents with micrognathia and open bite. X-ray shows no joint sp

a. First and second branchial arch syndrome

b. Chronic right-sided arthritis of the temporomandibular joint

c. Right-sided bony ankylosis of the temporomandibular joint

d. Right-sided fibrous ankylosis of the temporomandibular joint

e. Right-sided sclerosing arthrosis of the temporomandibular joint

1424. During examination the child presents with retracted mucosa on the soft palate and uvula. The

a. Veloplasty

b. Cheiloplasty

c. Uranoplasty

d. Rhinocheiloplasty

e. Uranostaphyloplasty

1425. During examination the child presents with retracted mucosa on the soft palate and uvula. The

a. Uranostaphyloplasty

b. Cheiloplasty

c. Rhinocheiloplasty

d. Veloplasty

e. Uranoplasty

1426. During his shift a dentist of the prosthodontics unit has consulted and examined the patient,

a. 8 AU - 168 AU

b. 9 AU - 189 AU

c. 6 AU - 126 AU

d. 5 AU - 105 AU

e. 7 AU - 147 AU

1427. During his shift a dentist of the prosthodontics unit has consulted and examined the patient,

a. 9 AU - 189 AU

b. 8 AU - 168 AU

c. 5 AU - 105 AU

d. 6 AU - 126 AU

e. 7 AU - 147 AU

1428. During intraoral examination the dentist suspected that the patient has syphilis. What should

a. Inform the patient of the suspected diagnosis and end the visit

b. Obtain the impressions to study the diagnostic models

c. Complete the examination and refer the patient for necessary tests

d. Decline to provide dental services for this patient

e. Continue the examination and start the teeth preparation

1429. During intraoral examination the dentist suspected that the patient has syphilis. What should

a. Obtain the impressions to study the diagnostic models

b. Decline to provide dental services for this patient

c. Inform the patient of the suspected diagnosis and end the visit

d. Complete the examination and refer the patient for necessary tests

e. Continue the examination and start the teeth preparation

1430. During or immediately after an injection, certain local complications can develop. What is tex

a. Diplopia

b. Mucosal necrosis

c. Dermal ischemia

d. Damage to a blood vessel by the needle

e. Functional paralysis or paresis of facial muscles

1431. During or immediately after an injection, certain local complications can develop. What is the

- a. Functional paralysis or paresis of facial muscles
- b. Mucosal necrosis
- c. Damage to a blood vessel by the needle
- d. Dermal ischemia
- e. Diplopia

1432. During planned sanitation of a 3-year-old child, a deep carious cavity filled with food debris is

- a. Paraformaldehyde paste
- b. Iodoform paste
- c. Zinc-eugenol paste
- d. Dentin paste
- e. Calcium-containing paste

1433. During planned sanitation of a 3-year-old child, a deep carious cavity filled with food debris is

- a. Dentin paste
- b. Paraformaldehyde paste
- c. Calcium-containing paste
- d. Iodoform paste
- e. Zinc-eugenol paste

1434. During preventive examination a 10-year-old child was found to have white spots on the

- a. Impregnation method
- b. ART technique
- c. Remineralization therapy
- d. Teeth sealing
- e. Preparation and filling

1435. During preventive examination a 10-year-old child was found to have white spots on the

- a. Teeth sealing
- b. Remineralization therapy
- c. Impregnation method
- d. Preparation and filling
- e. ART technique

1436. During preventive examination a 40-year-old man presents with the following changes: marginal

- a. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- b. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- d. Generalized periodontitis
- e. Exacerbation of chronic catarrhal gingivitis

1437. During preventive examination a 40-year-old man presents with the following changes: marginal

- a. Generalized periodontitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic catarrhal gingivitis
- c. Acute catarrhal gingivitis
- d. Chronic hypertrophic gingivitis
- e. Chronic catarrhal gingivitis

1438. During preventive examination, a 20-year-old man was found to have enamel defects that look like

- a. Acute superficial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class III
- b. Acute superficial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class V
- c. Focal enamel hypoplasia of teeth 11 and 12
- d. Acute initial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class III
- e. Acute initial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class V

1439. During preventive examination, a 20-year-old man was found to have enamel defects that look like

- a. Acute superficial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class V
- b. Acute initial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class III
- c. Acute superficial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class III
- d. Acute initial caries of teeth 11 and 12, Black class V
- e. Focal enamel hypoplasia of teeth 11 and 12

1440. During regular check-up a 6.5-year-old child presents with a carious cavity on the distal proximal

- a. Acute median caries
- b. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis
- d. Chronic deep caries

e. Chronic median caries

1441. During regular check-up a 6.5-year-old child presents with carious cavity on the distal proximal

- a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- b. Chronic deep caries
- c. Chronic granulating periodontitis

d. Chronic median caries

e. Acute median caries

1442. During teeth preparation without anesthesia, a 33-year-old patient suddenly developed dizziness

- a. Angina pectoris
- b. Myocardial infarction
- c. Unconsciousness
- d. Hypertensive crisis

e. Collapse

1443. During teeth preparation without anesthesia, a 33-year-old patient suddenly developed dizziness

- a. Myocardial infarction
- b. Unconsciousness

c. Collapse

- d. Hypertensive crisis
- e. Angina pectoris

1444. During the administration of a conduction anesthesia for a 15-year-old child, the child develops

- a. Anaphylactic shock
- b. Vertigo
- c. Unconsciousness
- d. Collapse

e. Quincke's edema

1445. During the administration of a conduction anesthesia for a 15-year-old child, the child develops

- a. Unconsciousness
- b. Collapse
- c. Anaphylactic shock

d. Quincke's edema

e. Vertigo

1446. During the extraction of tooth 37, the dentist accidentally pushed the root into the perimandibular space

- a. Refer the patient for X-ray imaging to determine further tactics

b. Dissect the soft tissues over the root and remove it

- c. Remove the root through the tooth socket
- d. Leave the root in the soft tissues
- e. Remove the root through a submandibular surgical access

1447. During the extraction of tooth 37, the dentist accidentally pushed the root into the perimandibular space

- a. Remove the root through a submandibular surgical access
- b. Remove the root through the tooth socket
- c. Refer the patient for X-ray imaging to determine further tactics

d. Dissect the soft tissues over the root and remove it

e. Leave the root in the soft tissues

1448. During the preparation of teeth for installation of an orthopedic construction, a 65-year-old patient

- a. Myocardial infarction

b. Acute disturbance of cerebral circulation

- c. Angina pectoris
- d. Unconsciousness
- e. Pneumothorax

1449. During the preparation of teeth for installation of an orthopedic construction, a 65-year-old patient

- a. Pneumothorax

b. Acute disturbance of cerebral circulation

c. Myocardial infarction

d. Angina pectoris

e. Unconsciousness

1450. During the treatment of acute deep caries in 16 in an 18-year-old girl, the pulp chamber was a

a. Devital amputation

b. Vital extirpation

c. Insulating inlay and permanent filling

d. Devital extirpation

e. Biological approach

1451. During the treatment of acute deep caries in 16 in an 18-year-old girl, the pulp chamber was a

a. Insulating inlay and permanent filling

b. Devital amputation

c. Vital extirpation

d. Devital extirpation

e. Biological approach

1452. During the treatment of acute diffuse pulpitis of tooth 16, a few minutes after receiving cond

a. Anaphylactic shock

b. Syncope

c. Hypoglycemic coma

d. Collapse

e. Bronchial asthma attack

1453. During the treatment of acute diffuse pulpitis of tooth 16, a few minutes after receiving cond

a. Collapse

b. Bronchial asthma attack

c. Anaphylactic shock

d. Syncope

e. Hypoglycemic coma

1454. During the treatment of chronic pulpitis in tooth 32 of a 45-year-old patient, a dentist compl

a. H-file should not be used at this stage

b. Violation of the instrument operation technique

c. Incorrect file size

d. H-file should not be used in this method

e. Incorrectly selected method of instrumental canal treatment

1455. During the treatment of chronic pulpitis in tooth 32 of a 45-year-old patient, a dentist compl

a. Incorrect file size

b. Incorrectly selected method of instrumental canal treatment

c. H-file should not be used in this method

d. Violation of the instrument operation technique

e. H-file should not be used at this stage

1456. During the treatment of tooth 11 due to exacerbation of chronic pulpitis, a dentist obstructs

a. Gutta-percha condenser

b. Endodontic probe

c. Plugger

d. Spreader

e. Root needle

1457. During the treatment of tooth 11 due to exacerbation of chronic pulpitis, a dentist obstructs

a. Plugger

b. Root needle

c. Spreader

d. Gutta-percha condenser

e. Endodontic probe

1458. Epidemiological examination of certain age groups to study the prevalence of the signs that in

a. IR (Ramfjord)

b. CPITN (WHO)

- c. PI (Russel)
- d. OHI-S (Green-Vermillion)
- e. PMA (Parma)

1459. Epidemiological examination of certain age groups to study the prevalence of the signs that in

- a. PI (Russel)
- b. IR (Ramfjord)

c. CPITN (WHO)

- d. OHI-S (Green-Vermillion)
- e. PMA (Parma)

1460. Examination by a dentist of an 8-year-old girl detected enamel defects that look like spots an

- a. Fluorosis
- b. Acute superficial caries
- c. Enamel erosion

d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

- e. Amelogenesis imperfecta

1461. Examination by a dentist of an 8-year-old girl detected enamel defects that look like spots an

- a. Fluorosis
- b. Enamel erosion
- c. Acute superficial caries
- d. Amelogenesis imperfecta

e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

1462. Examination of a 5-year-old boy by a dentist detected carious cavities within the pigmented de

a. Chronic median caries

- b. Chronic deep caries
- c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- d. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- e. Chronic superficial caries

1463. Examination of a 5-year-old boy by a dentist detected carious cavities within the pigmented de

a. Chronic median caries

- b. Chronic fibrous periodontitis
- c. Chronic deep caries
- d. Chronic superficial caries
- e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

1464. Examination of a 5-year-old child by a dentist detected multiple bright-yellow chalky dots tha

- a. Amelogenesis imperfecta
- b. Dentinogenesis imperfecta
- c. Marble disease
- d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

e. Dental fluorosis

1465. Examination of a 5-year-old child by a dentist detected multiple bright-yellow chalky dots tha

- a. Dentinogenesis imperfecta
- b. Marble disease

c. Dental fluorosis

- d. Systemic enamel hypoplasia
- e. Amelogenesis imperfecta

1466. Examination of a woman by a dentist detects marked hyperemia of her oral mucosa that in places

a. Blood test for antibodies to HIV

- b. Inoculation to obtain blood culture
- c. Lymph node biopsy
- d. Microscopy of the coating
- e. Complete blood count

1467. Examination of a woman by a dentist detects marked hyperemia of her oral mucosa that in places

a. Blood test for antibodies to HIV

- b. Microscopy of the coating
- c. Complete blood count

- d. Lymph node biopsy
- e. Inoculation to obtain blood culture

1468. Examination of the oral cavity of a 12-year-old child revealed a carious cavity on the medial

a. Photopolymer composite

- b. Zinc phosphate cement
- c. Amalgam
- d. Glass-ionomer cement
- e. Silicophosphate cement

1469. Examination of the oral cavity of a 12-year-old child revealed a carious cavity on the medial

a. Photopolymer composite

- b. Zinc phosphate cement
- c. Glass-ionomer cement
- d. Amalgam
- e. Silicophosphate cement

1470. Examination of the oral cavity of a 4-year-old boy by a dentist revealed four teeth with initi

a. High

- b. Very low
- c. Low
- d. Very high
- e. Average

1471. Examination of the oral cavity of a 4-year-old boy by a dentist revealed four teeth with initi

a. Average

b. High

- c. Low
- d. Very high
- e. Very low

1472. Extraction of tooth 36 is indicated for a 39-year-old woman because of destruction of its bifu

a. Bayonet root forceps

b. Angle elevator right (outward facing)

- c. Angle elevator left (inward facing)
- d. Straight elevator
- e. Converging beak-shaped forceps

1473. Extraction of tooth 36 is indicated for a 39-year-old woman because of destruction of its bifu

a. Converging beak-shaped forceps

- b. Straight elevator
- c. Angle elevator left (inward facing)
- d. Bayonet root forceps

e. Angle elevator right (outward facing)

1474. For 2 days a man has been suffering from spontaneous nocturnal pain attacks in his tooth 25. T

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

- b. Acute deep caries
- c. Acute purulent periodontitis
- d. Trigeminal neuralgia
- e. Acute purulent pulpitis

1475. For 2 days a man has been suffering from spontaneous nocturnal pain attacks in his tooth 25. T

a. Acute diffuse pulpitis

- b. Acute purulent periodontitis
- c. Trigeminal neuralgia
- d. Acute purulent pulpitis
- e. Acute deep caries

1476. How often should a dentist's office be thoroughly cleaned?

- a. No less than twice a week
- b. No less than once a year

c. No less than once a week

d. No less than once every 2 weeks

e. No less than once a month

1477. How often should a dentist's office be thoroughly cleaned?

a. No less than twice a week

b. No less than once every 2 weeks

c. No less than once a month

d. No less than once a week

e. No less than once a year

1478. How often should the dentures be replaced in children during the period of milk occlusion acco

a. Every 6-8 months

b. Every 10-12 months

c. Every 16 months

d. Every 8-10 months

e. Every 12-16 months

1479. How often should the dentures be replaced in children during the period of milk occlusion acco

a. Every 16 months

b. Every 10-12 months

c. Every 12-16 months

d. Every 6-8 months

e. Every 8-10 months

1480. How to separate teeth for orthodontic crowns?

a. With a diamond-tipped bore

b. No separation is needed

c. With elastics

d. With volcanic discs

e. With separating discs

1481. How to separate teeth for orthodontic crowns?

a. With volcanic discs

b. With a diamond-tipped bore

c. No separation is needed

d. With elastics

e. With separating discs

1482. Implant-supported removable dentures are being made for a 60-year-old woman. Objectively, ging

a. Open tray impression

b. Compression impression

c. Decompressive impression

d. Dual arch impression

e. Functional impression

1483. Implant-supported removable dentures are being made for a 60-year-old woman. Objectively, ging

a. Decompressive impression

b. Dual arch impression

c. Open tray impression

d. Functional impression

e. Compression impression

1484. In a 56-year-old woman, a preventive examination by a dentist has detected a deep red oval ero

a. Erythroplasia

b. Manganotti abrasive precancerous cheilitis

c. Bowen's disease

d. Verrucous precancer of the vermilion border

e. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis of the vermilion border

1485. In a 56-year-old woman, a preventive examination by a dentist has detected a deep red oval ero

a. Verrucous precancer of the vermilion border

b. Bowen's disease

c. Erythroplasia

d. Manganotti abrasive precancerous cheilitis

e. Limited precancerous hyperkeratosis of the vermilion border

1486. In a maternity clinic, conversations were held with pregnant women about the importance of nut

- a. 18th week
- b. 15th week
- c. 4th week
- d. 12th week
- e. 7th week**

1487. In a maternity clinic, conversations were held with pregnant women about the importance of nut

- a. 4th week
- b. 18th week
- c. 15th week
- d. 7th week**
- e. 12th week

1488. In a state of inebriation a 36-year-old woman suffered a domestic accident 4 hours ago. She wa

- a. Location of masticatory muscles
- b. Specifics of facial innervation
- c. Wound communication with the oral cavity
- d. Location of facial muscles**
- e. Depth of the wound

1489. In a state of inebriation a 36-year-old woman suffered a domestic accident 4 hours ago. She wa

- a. Wound communication with the oral cavity
- b. Depth of the wound
- c. Specifics of facial innervation
- d. Location of masticatory muscles
- e. Location of facial muscles**

1490. In an orthopedic dentistry clinic, a partial removable laminar denture for the patient's upper

- a. Insufficient compression of parts of the cuvette
- b. Insufficient amount of the monomer**
- c. Insufficient polishing of the denture surface
- d. Rapid cooling during polymerization
- e. A sharp increase in the temperature at the polymerization stage

1491. In an orthopedic dentistry clinic, a partial removable laminar denture for the patient's upper

- a. Rapid cooling during polymerization
- b. A sharp increase in the temperature at the polymerization stage
- c. Insufficient amount of the monomer**
- d. Insufficient polishing of the denture surface
- e. Insufficient compression of parts of the cuvette

1492. In an outpatient dental surgeon's office, a patient undergoes extraction of tooth 36. After ad

- a. Unconsciousness**
- b. Anaphylactic shock
- c. Collapse
- d. Hypoglycemic coma
- e. Shock

1493. In an outpatient dental surgeon's office, a patient undergoes extraction of tooth 36. After ad

- a. Hypoglycemic coma
- b. Collapse
- c. Shock
- d. Anaphylactic shock
- e. Unconsciousness**

1494. In the course of treatment for exacerbated chronic pulpitis of tooth 16, the system of root ca

- a. Plugger
- b. Spreader**
- c. Probe
- d. Stopfer
- e. Root filler

1495. In the course of treatment for exacerbated chronic pulpitis of tooth 16, the system of root ca

- a. Stopfer
- b. Spreader**
- c. Plugger
- d. Root filler
- e. Probe

1496. In the dentist's office, after a treatment of tooth 26 a 46-year-old woman suddenly developed

- a. Hypoglycemic coma
- b. Hypertensive crisis**
- c. Anaphylactic shock
- d. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- e. Syncope

1497. In the dentist's office, after a treatment of tooth 26 a 46-year-old woman suddenly developed

- a. Hypoglycemic coma
- b. Syncope
- c. Anaphylactic shock
- d. Acute cerebrovascular accident
- e. Hypertensive crisis**

1498. In the epicenter of a natural disaster, a man with a lacerated wound of soft facial tissues wa

- a. Position the flaps correctly and place the U-shaped mattress sutures
- b. Thoroughly ligate the vessel in the wound, position the flaps correctly, place the U-shaped mattr
- c. Use a syrette from the personal medical kit to provide anesthesia with 2% promedol (trimeperidine
- d. Stop the external bleeding, pack the wound, apply sterile bandage, provide transport immobilizati**
- e. Provide primary surgical processing of the wound, place the sutures

1499. In the epicenter of a natural disaster, a man with a lacerated wound of soft facial tissues wa

- a. Use a syrette from the personal medical kit to provide anesthesia with 2% promedol (trimeperidine
- b. Position the flaps correctly and place the U-shaped mattress sutures
- c. Thoroughly ligate the vessel in the wound, position the flaps correctly, place the U-shaped mattr
- d. Stop the external bleeding, pack the wound, apply sterile bandage, provide transport immobilizati**
- e. Provide primary surgical processing of the wound, place the sutures

1500. In the maxillofacial department a 6-month-old boy was hospitalized due to bleeding from a wound

- a. Suppurated tongue wound
- b. Willebrand disease
- c. Hemophilia B**
- d. Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura
- e. Iron-deficiency anemia

1501. In the maxillofacial department a 6-month-old boy was hospitalized due to bleeding from a wound

- a. Willebrand disease
- b. Iron-deficiency anemia
- c. Suppurated tongue wound
- d. Hemophilia B**
- e. Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura

1502. In the orthopedic dental clinic a 26-year-old man undergoes preparation to have a denture made

- a. Surgical
- b. Orthodontic**
- c. Teeth extraction
- d. Occlusal correction
- e. Teeth shortening

1503. In the orthopedic dental clinic a 26-year-old man undergoes preparation to have a denture made

- a. Teeth shortening
- b. Teeth extraction
- c. Orthodontic**
- d. Surgical
- e. Occlusal correction

1504. Medical committee registers the patients, who for a long time lived in an area polluted with r

- a. Fruits and vegetables**

- b. Meat products
- c. Dairy products
- d. Baked goods
- e. Pasta

1505. Medical committee registers the patients, who for a long time lived in an area polluted with r

a. Fruits and vegetables

- b. Meat products
- c. Dairy products
- d. Pasta
- e. Baked goods

1506. Missing tooth 12 of a 35-year-old man is being restored with a ceramic crown fixed on a zircon

- a. Polycarboxylate
- b. Phosphate
- c. Glass ionomer

d. Composite

e. Silicate

1507. Missing tooth 12 of a 35-year-old man is being restored with a ceramic crown fixed on a zircon

- a. Silicate
- b. Phosphate

c. Composite

- d. Glass ionomer
- e. Polycarboxylate

1508. Missing tooth 12 of a 35-year-old patient is being restored with a ceramic crown fixed on an i

a. Digital modelling

b. Scanning

- c. Obtaining an impression
- d. Wax modelling
- e. CAD/CAM

1509. Missing tooth 12 of a 35-year-old patient is being restored with a ceramic crown fixed on an i

- a. Wax modelling
- b. Digital modelling
- c. Obtaining an impression

d. Scanning

e. CAD/CAM

1510. Mother and her 11-year-old daughter came to the medical station. According to the mother her d

- a. Wound
- b. Bruise

c. Abrasion

- d. Contusion
- e. Hematoma

1511. Mother and her 11-year-old daughter came to the medical station. According to the mother her d

- a. Wound
- b. Hematoma

c. Abrasion

- d. Bruise
- e. Contusion

1512. Objective examination of a 10-year-old child revealed slight hyperemia, infiltration, and dryn

- a. Allergic contact cheilitis
- b. Atopic cheilitis
- c. Exfoliative cheilitis
- d. Cheilitis of microbial origin

e. Meteorological cheilitis

1513. Objective examination of a 10-year-old child revealed slight hyperemia, infiltration, and dryn

- a. Exfoliative cheilitis
- b. Allergic contact cheilitis

c. Meteorological cheilitis

d. Atopic cheilitis

e. Cheilitis of microbial origin

1514. On the 7 day after an abdominal surgery, a 69-year-old man has developed pain and swelling in

a. Acute non-epidemic parotitis

b. Phlegmon of the submasseteric region

c. Phlegmon of the parotid-masseteric region

d. Acute mumps

e. Herzenberg parotitis

1515. On the 7 day after an abdominal surgery, a 69-year-old man has developed pain and swelling in

a. Acute mumps

b. Acute non-epidemic parotitis

c. Phlegmon of the submasseteric region

d. Herzenberg parotitis

e. Phlegmon of the parotid-masseteric region

1516. On the second day after the fixation of partial laminar dentures, a man developed complaints o

a. Allergic reaction to the components of the base plastic

b. The presence of a residual monomer in the denture base

c. Incorrect usage of the dentures

d. Improper oral hygiene

e. Poor quality of the base plastic

1517. On the second day after the fixation of partial laminar dentures, a man developed complaints o

a. Improper oral hygiene

b. Allergic reaction to the components of the base plastic

c. Incorrect usage of the dentures

d. Poor quality of the base plastic

e. The presence of a residual monomer in the denture base

1518. On the second day after the fixation of partial laminar dentures, the patient complained of a

a. Allergic reaction to the components of the base plastic

b. Poor oral hygiene

c. Residual monomer remaining in the denture base

d. Mechanical injury of the mucosa by the denture base

e. Bacterial stomatitis

1519. On the second day after the fixation of partial laminar dentures, the patient complained of a

a. Poor oral hygiene

b. Bacterial stomatitis

c. Allergic reaction to the components of the base plastic

d. Mechanical injury of the mucosa by the denture base

e. Residual monomer remaining in the denture base

1520. One hour ago a patient received a blunt object trauma to the middle area of his face. X-ray re

a. Le Fort I maxillary fracture

b. Le Fort II maxillary fracture

c. Le Fort III maxillary fracture

d. Zygomatic bone fracture

e. Nasal and zygomatic bone fracture

1521. One hour ago a patient received a blunt object trauma to the middle area of his face. X-ray re

a. Zygomatic bone fracture

b. Le Fort III maxillary fracture

c. Le Fort II maxillary fracture

d. Nasal and zygomatic bone fracture

e. Le Fort I maxillary fracture

1522. One of the stages of making a removable full denture includes fitting of an impression tray an

a. Plaster

b. Orthocor

c. Kromopan

- d. Stomalgin
- e. Thiodent

1523. One of the stages of making a removable full denture includes fitting of an impression tray an

- a. Plaster
- b. Orthocor
- c. Stomalgin
- d. Thiodent
- e. Kromopan

1524. One week ago a patient received removable dentures for the upper and lower jaws. During a foll

- a. Due to diabetes mellitus, mucosa is more susceptible to trauma
- b. Fixed anterior occlusion
- c. Incorrectly measured height of the occlusion
- d. Cusps of the molars on the upper and lower jaw are closing in one vertical plane
- e. Toxic-allergic reaction to the plastic components of denture base

1525. One week ago a patient received removable dentures for the upper and lower jaws. During a foll

- a. Incorrectly measured height of the occlusion
- b. Toxic-allergic reaction to the plastic components of denture base
- c. Cusps of the molars on the upper and lower jaw are closing in one vertical plane
- d. Due to diabetes mellitus, mucosa is more susceptible to trauma
- e. Fixed anterior occlusion

1526. Parents of a 2.5-year-old child complain of gradual destruction of the upper front teeth of th

- a. Chronic median caries
- b. Chronic superficial caries
- c. Acute median caries
- d. Chronic deep caries
- e. Acute deep caries

1527. Parents of a 2.5-year-old child complain of gradual destruction of the upper front teeth of th

- a. Chronic superficial caries
- b. Acute deep caries
- c. Chronic deep caries
- d. Chronic median caries
- e. Acute median caries

1528. Parents of a 3-year-old child complain of food periodically getting into the child's nasal cav

- a. Congenital hidden cleft palate
- b. Cleft hard palate
- c. Isolated nonunion of the hard and soft palate
- d. Isolated partial nonunion of the soft palate
- e. Combined cleft palate

1529. Parents of a 3-year-old child complain of food periodically getting into the child's nasal cav

- a. Isolated nonunion of the hard and soft palate
- b. Congenital hidden cleft palate
- c. Cleft hard palate
- d. Combined cleft palate
- e. Isolated partial nonunion of the soft palate

1530. Parents of a 4-year-old child complain of a discolored upper front teeth in their child. Objec

- a. Deep fluoridation
- b. ART method
- c. Surgical treatment
- d. -
- e. Filing down the defects

1531. Parents of a 4-year-old child complain of a discolored upper front teeth in their child. Objec

- a. -
- b. Filing down the defects
- c. Deep fluoridation
- d. ART method

e. Surgical treatment

1532. Parents of a 5-year-old child came to the dentist for sanation of the child's oral cavity. Obj

a. ART technique

b. Deep fluoridation

c. Invasive sealing

d. Impregnation treatment

e. Preventive filling

1533. Parents of a 5-year-old child came to the dentist for sanation of the child's oral cavity. Obj

a. Impregnation treatment

b. Invasive sealing

c. ART technique

d. Preventive filling

e. Deep fluoridation

1534. Parents of a 5-year-old girl brought her to the pediatric dentist for oral cavity sanation. Af

a. Zinc phosphate cement

b. Silicate cement

c. Composite

d. Silicophosphate cement

e. Glass ionomer cement

1535. Parents of a 5-year-old girl brought her to the pediatric dentist for oral cavity sanation. Af

a. Zinc phosphate cement

b. Silicophosphate cement

c. Silicate cement

d. Glass ionomer cement

e. Composite

1536. Parents of a 6-month-old child complain of their child having a large amount of dental deposit

a. Candida fungi

b. Coxsackie virus

c. Epstein-Barr virus

d. Herpes simplex virus

e. Klebs-Loeffler bacillus

1537. Parents of a 6-month-old child complain of their child having a large amount of dental deposit

a. Coxsackie virus

b. Candida fungi

c. Herpes simplex virus

d. Klebs-Loeffler bacillus

e. Epstein-Barr virus

1538. Parents of a 6-year-old boy complain of deterioration of the child's general condition, fever

a. Acute non-epidemic parotitis

b. Phlegmon of the right parotid region

c. Mikulicz disease

d. Acute epidemic parotitis

e. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

1539. Parents of a 6-year-old boy complain of deterioration of the child's general condition, fever

a. Phlegmon of the right parotid region

b. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

c. Acute non-epidemic parotitis

d. Acute epidemic parotitis

e. Mikulicz disease

1540. Parents of a 9-year-old child came to the dentist complaining that their child presents with e

a. CT of the cervical spine

b. Puncture biopsy of the lymph nodes

c. Wassermann test

d. Pirquet and Mantoux tests

e. Clinical blood and urine tests

1541. Parents of a 9-year-old child came to the dentist complaining that their child presents with e

- a. Wassermann test
- b. Puncture biopsy of the lymph nodes**
- c. Clinical blood and urine tests
- d. CT of the cervical spine
- e. Pirquet and Mantoux tests

1542. Parents of an 8-year-old girl complain of their child having an aesthetic defect of her teeth.

- a. Frankel functional regulator - 3**
- b. Osadchy apparatus
- c. Frankel functional regulator - 1
- d. Frankel functional regulator - 2
- e. Andresen-Haupl activator

1543. Parents of an 8-year-old girl complain of their child having an aesthetic defect of her teeth.

- a. Frankel functional regulator - 1
- b. Andresen-Haupl activator
- c. Frankel functional regulator - 3**
- d. Osadchy apparatus
- e. Frankel functional regulator - 2

1544. Partial removable laminar dentures are being made for a 65-year-old man. Complete anatomical i

- a. 0.75% chloramine B
- b. 0.2% "Dezoxon-1"
- c. 0.6% hydrogen peroxide
- d. 70% ethyl alcohol
- e. 0.5% sodium hypochlorite**

1545. Partial removable laminar dentures are being made for a 65-year-old man. Complete anatomical i

- a. 0.75% chloramine B
- b. 0.6% hydrogen peroxide
- c. 0.2% "Dezoxon-1"
- d. 0.5% sodium hypochlorite**
- e. 70% ethyl alcohol

1546. Partial removable laminar dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 59-year-ol

- a. Making plaster impressions in a cuvette
- b. Making final casts
- c. Making plaster impressions in an occluder**
- d. Making wax bite rims
- e. Teeth placement

1547. Partial removable laminar dentures are being made for the upper and lower jaws of a 59-year-ol

- a. Making plaster impressions in a cuvette
- b. Making wax bite rims
- c. Making final casts
- d. Making plaster impressions in an occluder**
- e. Teeth placement

1548. Preparation of the vital tooth 34 for the installation of an all-ceramic crown is planned for

- a. Mental
- b. Tuberal
- c. Torus
- d. Infiltration
- e. Intraligamentary**

1549. Preparation of the vital tooth 34 for the installation of an all-ceramic crown is planned for

- a. Torus
- b. Tuberal
- c. Intraligamentary**
- d. Infiltration
- e. Mental

1550. Preventive examination of a 15-year-old girl by a dentist revealed a carious cavity in the ves

a. Chronic superficial caries

- b. Chronic median caries
- c. Acute initial caries
- d. Chronic initial caries
- e. Acute superficial caries

1551. Preventive examination of a 15-year-old girl by a dentist revealed a carious cavity in the ves

a. Acute initial caries

b. Chronic superficial caries

- c. Acute superficial caries
- d. Chronic initial caries
- e. Chronic median caries

1552. Preventive examination of a 20-year-old young woman by a dentist detected multiple chalk-like

- a. Assessment of the caries spread
- b. Measuring the activity of the process
- c. Measuring the depth of the hard tissue damage
- d. Hygiene assessment

e. Caries diagnostics

1553. Preventive examination of a 20-year-old young woman by a dentist detected multiple chalk-like

- a. Measuring the activity of the process
- b. Assessment of the caries spread
- c. Measuring the depth of the hard tissue damage

d. Caries diagnostics

e. Hygiene assessment

1554. Preventive examination of a 6.5-year-old child revealed a carious cavity with a narrow entranc

a. Applications with calcium-containing gels

b. Non-invasive sealing

- c. Applications with antiseptic lacquers
- d. Invasive sealing
- e. Applications with fluoride-containing lacquers

1555. Preventive examination of a 6.5-year-old child revealed a carious cavity with a narrow entranc

- a. Invasive sealing
- b. Applications with antiseptic lacquers
- c. Applications with fluoride-containing lacquers
- d. Applications with calcium-containing gels

e. Non-invasive sealing

1556. Preventive examination of a 7-year-old child revealed a carious cavity with overhanging enamel

- a. Application of calcium-containing gels
- b. Application of fluoride varnishes
- c. Processing the tooth with an antiseptic solution

d. Non-invasive sealing

e. Invasive sealing

1557. Preventive examination of a 7-year-old child revealed a carious cavity with overhanging enamel

- a. Invasive sealing
- b. Processing the tooth with an antiseptic solution
- c. Application of fluoride varnishes
- d. Application of calcium-containing gels

e. Non-invasive sealing

1558. Puncture sample taken from a 13-year-old child contains giant Reed-Sternberg cells. What diagn

- a. Lymph node actinomycosis
- b. Tuberculous lymphadenitis
- c. Lymphocytic leukemia
- d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Lymphogranulomatosis

1559. Puncture sample taken from a 13-year-old child contains giant Reed-Sternberg cells. What diagn

- a. Lymphocytic leukemia

- b. Infectious mononucleosis
- c. Lymph node actinomycosis

d. Lymphogranulomatosis

- e. Tuberculous lymphadenitis

1560. Removable complete dentures are being made for a 70-year-old man with completely edentulous jaws

- a. Second molars on the upper jaw

b. Second premolars on the upper jaw

- c. First premolars on the lower jaw

- d. Second molars on the lower jaw

- e. Second premolars on the lower jaw

1561. Removable complete dentures are being made for a 70-year-old man with completely edentulous jaws

- a. Second molars on the upper jaw

- b. First premolars on the lower jaw

- c. Second molars on the lower jaw

- d. Second premolars on the lower jaw

e. Second premolars on the upper jaw

1562. Removable complete dentures are being made for the both jaws of a 68-year-old woman. Objective

- a. Measuring the centric relation between the jaws

- b. Checking the denture construction

- c. Obtaining the functional impressions

d. Making of individual impression trays

- e. Making of wax bases with bite blocks

1563. Removable complete dentures are being made for the both jaws of a 68-year-old woman. Objective

- a. Measuring the centric relation between the jaws

- b. Checking the denture construction

- c. Obtaining the functional impressions

- d. Making of wax bases with bite blocks

e. Making of individual impression trays

1564. Removable full dentures are being made for a 65-year-old man. Progenic occlusion is determined

a. Superior dental arch is shortened by two premolars

- b. Anterior teeth are placed in direct occlusion

- c. Anterior teeth are placed in orthognathic occlusion

- d. Inferior dental arch is shortened by two premolars

- e. Short-bite anterior teeth

1565. Removable full dentures are being made for a 65-year-old man. Progenic occlusion is determined

a. Superior dental arch is shortened by two premolars

- b. Anterior teeth are placed in orthognathic occlusion

- c. Short-bite anterior teeth

- d. Anterior teeth are placed in direct occlusion

- e. Inferior dental arch is shortened by two premolars

1566. Removable partial dentures for both jaws are being made for a 60-year-old man. The patient has

- a. Choice of material for denture base

b. Restoration of the interalveolar height

- c. Oral cavity sanitation

- d. Choice of impression material

- e. Final processing of the denture base

1567. Removable partial dentures for both jaws are being made for a 60-year-old man. The patient has

- a. Final processing of the denture base

- b. Choice of impression material

- c. Oral cavity sanitation

- d. Choice of material for denture base

e. Restoration of the interalveolar height

1568. Removable partial dentures for both jaws are being made for a 70-year-old man. To make diagnosis

- a. Over 10 minutes

- b. 5-10 minutes

c. 3-5 minutes

d. Less than 1 minute

e. Less than 3 minutes

1569. Removable partial dentures for both jaws are being made for a 70-year-old man. To make diagnosis

a. Over 10 minutes

b. Less than 3 minutes

c. 5-10 minutes

d. Less than 1 minute

e. 3-5 minutes

1570. Removable partial dentures for upper and lower teeth are being made for a 45-year-old man. Composition

a. -

b. 0.1% desoxone solution

c. Phenol solution in proportion 1:20

d. 2.5% glutaraldehyde with pH- 7.0 - 8.7

e. 6% hydrogen peroxide solution

1571. Removable partial dentures for upper and lower teeth are being made for a 45-year-old man. Composition

a. Phenol solution in proportion 1:20

b. 6% hydrogen peroxide solution

c. 0.1% desoxone solution

d. 2.5% glutaraldehyde with pH- 7.0 - 8.7

e. -

1572. Six months ago a 40-year-old man had his tooth 26 extracted; afterwards his oral cavity and maxilla

a. Fistula packing with Iodoform gauze

b. Fistula plication

c. Osteotomy of the alveolar process

d. Caldwell-Luc surgery

e. Maxillary sinusotomy with simultaneous plastic surgery for repair of the fistula

1573. Six months ago a 40-year-old man had his tooth 26 extracted; afterwards his oral cavity and maxilla

a. Osteotomy of the alveolar process

b. Fistula plication

c. Maxillary sinusotomy with simultaneous plastic surgery for repair of the fistula

d. Fistula packing with Iodoform gauze

e. Caldwell-Luc surgery

1574. Teeth 71 and 81 erupted in a 6-year-old child, the lower jaw is retrogenic, the palate is flat

a. Physiologic

b. Subcompensated

c. Abnormal

d. Decompensated

e. Pathologic

1575. Teeth 71 and 81 erupted in a 6-year-old child, the lower jaw is retrogenic, the palate is flat

a. Decompensated

b. Subcompensated

c. Abnormal

d. Physiologic

e. Pathologic

1576. The anatomo-physiological method was applied to determine the interalveolar height of a 65-year-old

a. It is 2-3 mm shorter

b. It is 5-6 mm shorter

c. It is 5-6 mm longer

d. The distance is the same

e. It is 2-3 mm longer

1577. The anatomo-physiological method was applied to determine the interalveolar height of a 65-year-old

a. It is 5-6 mm shorter

b. It is 2-3 mm shorter

c. The distance is the same

- d. It is 5-6 mm longer
- e. It is 2-3 mm longer

1578. The decay-missing-filled index of a 6-year-old girl is DMF+df=3. Her Fedorov-Volodkina Hy

- a. Applications with 3% remodent solution
- b. Silver nitrate impregnation

c. Fissure sealing

- d. Preparation and preventive filling
- e. Coating the teeth with fluoride varnish

1579. The decay-missing-filled index of a 6-year-old girl is DMF+df=3. Her Fedorov-Volodkina Hy

- a. Silver nitrate impregnation
- b. Applications with 3% remodent solution
- c. Preparation and preventive filling
- d. Coating the teeth with fluoride varnish

e. Fissure sealing

1580. The dental surgery department received a woman with complaints of swollen right side of the face

a. Furuncle

- b. Acute lymphadenitis
- c. Phlebitis of the facial vein
- d. Carbuncle
- e. Acute lymphangitis

1581. The dental surgery department received a woman with complaints of swollen right side of the face

- a. Acute lymphadenitis
- b. Acute lymphangitis

c. Furuncle

- d. Carbuncle
- e. Phlebitis of the facial vein

1582. The dental therapist accidentally exposed the pulp horn, when treating deep caries of tooth 26

- a. Non-vital extirpation

b. Biological method

- c. Vital amputation
- d. Vital extirpation
- e. Non-vital amputation

1583. The dental therapist accidentally exposed the pulp horn, when treating deep caries of tooth 26

- a. Vital amputation
- b. Vital extirpation
- c. Non-vital amputation
- d. Non-vital extirpation

e. Biological method

1584. The hospital received a 19-year-old patient injured in a landmine explosion with an open displacement

- a. Intravenous anesthesia

b. Endotracheal anesthesia

- c. Conduction anesthesia with premedication
- d. Conduction anesthesia
- e. Neuroleptanalgesia

1585. The hospital received a 19-year-old patient injured in a landmine explosion with an open displacement

- a. Neuroleptanalgesia
- b. Intravenous anesthesia
- c. Conduction anesthesia

d. Endotracheal anesthesia

- e. Conduction anesthesia with premedication

1586. The jaws of a newborn are in direct relation to each other. The baby is full term, healthy, and

a. Mesial bite

- b. Direct bite
- c. Open bite
- d. Deep bite

e. Distal bite

1587. The jaws of a newborn are in direct relation to each other. The baby is full term, healthy, and

a. Distal bite

b. Deep bite

c. Open bite

d. Mesial bite

e. Direct bite

1588. The lateral incisors of a child are rotated around their axis by 45° . Name this anomaly of tooth

a. Infraocclusion

b. Tortoanomaly

c. Dystopia

d. Transposition

e. Supraocclusion

1589. The lateral incisors of a child are rotated around their axis by 45° . Name this anomaly of tooth

a. Supraocclusion

b. Transposition

c. Dystopia

d. Tortoanomaly

e. Infraocclusion

1590. The maxillofacial surgery unit received a patient with complaints of inability to close his mouth

a. Right temporomandibular joint dislocation

b. Bilateral temporomandibular joint dislocation

c. Temporomandibular joint pain dysfunction syndrome

d. Fracture of the mandibular process

e. Acute temporomandibular arthritis

1591. The maxillofacial surgery unit received a patient with complaints of inability to close his mouth

a. Fracture of the mandibular process

b. Right temporomandibular joint dislocation

c. Acute temporomandibular arthritis

d. Temporomandibular joint pain dysfunction syndrome

e. Bilateral temporomandibular joint dislocation

1592. The medical station of a regiment received a patient with signs of bilateral mandibular fracture

a. To control shock, bleeding, and asphyxia and to provide transport immobilization

b. To administer analgesics and cardiac medications

c. To provide symptomatic therapy and care

d. To check and correct previously applied bandages

e. To clean oral cavity from blood clots, tooth shards, and bone fragments

1593. The medical station of a regiment received a patient with signs of bilateral mandibular fracture

a. To provide symptomatic therapy and care

b. To clean oral cavity from blood clots, tooth shards, and bone fragments

c. To administer analgesics and cardiac medications

d. To check and correct previously applied bandages

e. To control shock, bleeding, and asphyxia and to provide transport immobilization

1594. The mother of a 3-year-old boy complains of an increase in his body temperature to 39°C , sharp

a. Chickenpox

b. Erythema multiforme exudativum

c. Acute candidal stomatitis

d. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

e. Acute herpetic stomatitis

1595. The mother of a 3-year-old boy complains of an increase in his body temperature to 39°C , sharp

a. Necrotizing ulcerative gingivitis

b. Acute herpetic stomatitis

c. Acute candidal stomatitis

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

e. Chickenpox

1596. The mother of a 3-year-old girl brought her to a dentist with complaints of destruction of the

- a. Preparation and filling using photopolymer materials
- b. Preparation and filling using glass ionomer cements

c. Silver impregnation

- d. Deep fluoridation of enamel
- e. Preparation and filling using zinc phosphate cements

1597. The mother of a 3-year-old girl brought her to a dentist with complaints of destruction of the

- a. Preparation and filling using zinc phosphate cements
- b. Deep fluoridation of enamel
- c. Preparation and filling using glass ionomer cements
- d. Preparation and filling using photopolymer materials

e. Silver impregnation

1598. The mother of a 4-year-old girl complains that her child has fever of 39°C , cough, and runny

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis

d. Measles

e. Varicella

1599. The mother of a 4-year-old girl complains that her child has fever of 39°C , cough, and runny

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Varicella
- c. Acute herpetic stomatitis

d. Measles

e. Erythema multiforme exudativum

1600. The mother of a 6-year-old girl complains of the child's body temperature increasing to 37.5°C

- a. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis
- b. Shingles (herpes zoster)
- c. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Recurrent herpetic stomatitis

1601. The mother of a 6-year-old girl complains of the child's body temperature increasing to 37.5°C

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Erythema multiforme exudativum
- c. Chronic recurrent aphthous stomatitis

d. Recurrent herpetic stomatitis

e. Shingles (herpes zoster)

1602. The parents of a 10-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling on the right

- a. Lateral cyst of the neck
- b. Migratory granuloma
- c. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis
- d. Atheroma of the right upper neck region

e. Acute serous odontogenic lymphadenitis

1603. The parents of a 10-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of a swelling on the right

a. Migratory granuloma

b. Acute serous odontogenic lymphadenitis

- c. Lateral cyst of the neck
- d. Acute purulent odontogenic lymphadenitis
- e. Atheroma of the right upper neck region

1604. The parents of a 10-year-old boy complain of a slight deformity in the area of the child's gon

- a. Odontoma
- b. Ameloblastoma
- c. Osteoid osteoma
- d. Osteosarcoma

e. Fibrous dysplasia

1605. The parents of a 10-year-old boy complain of a slight deformity in the area of the child's gon

- a. Odontoma
- b. Osteosarcoma
- c. Osteoid osteoma
- d. Ameloblastoma
- e. Fibrous dysplasia**

1606. The parents of a 10-year-old girl came to a dental orthodontist complaining that their child h

- a. Bruckl appliance
- b. Frankel functional regulator, type III
- c. Kraus plate

d. Schwartz appliance

- e. Bracket system

1607. The parents of a 10-year-old girl came to a dental orthodontist complaining that their child h

- a. Frankel functional regulator, type III
- b. Kraus plate
- c. Bruckl appliance

d. Schwartz appliance

- e. Bracket system

1608. The parents of a 12-year-old boy are concerned about their child having white spots on his upp

- a. Chronic initial caries
- b. Acute superficial caries

c. Acute initial caries

- d. Dental fluorosis
- e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

1609. The parents of a 12-year-old boy are concerned about their child having white spots on his upp

- a. Chronic initial caries
- b. Systemic enamel hypoplasia
- c. Dental fluorosis
- d. Acute superficial caries

e. Acute initial caries

1610. The parents of a 14-year-old girl brought her to a dentist, complaining that she has some kind

a. Fibroma

- b. Papilloma
- c. Atheroma
- d. Hemangioma
- e. Lymphangioma

1611. The parents of a 14-year-old girl brought her to a dentist, complaining that she has some kind

- a. Papilloma
- b. Hemangioma
- c. Atheroma

d. Fibroma

- e. Lymphangioma

1612. The parents of a 17-year-old teenager brought him to a dental surgeon with complaints of a neo

- a. -
- b. Verrucous precancer
- c. Fibroma
- d. Cutaneous horn

e. Papilloma

1613. The parents of a 17-year-old teenager brought him to a dental surgeon with complaints of a neo

- a. Verrucous precancer
- b. Cutaneous horn
- c. -

d. Papilloma

- e. Fibroma

1614. The parents of a 2-month-old boy brought him to a dentist with complaints of a congenital defe

- a. Congenital complete left-sided non-union of the upper lip

b. Oblique non-union of the face

c. Congenital incomplete left-sided non-union of the upper lip

d. Congenital incomplete bilateral non-union of the upper lip

e. Congenital hidden left-sided non-union of the upper lip

1615. The parents of a 2-month-old boy brought him to a dentist with complaints of a congenital defe

a. Oblique non-union of the face

b. Congenital incomplete bilateral non-union of the upper lip

c. Congenital incomplete left-sided non-union of the upper lip

d. Congenital complete left-sided non-union of the upper lip

e. Congenital hidden left-sided non-union of the upper lip

1616. The parents of a 3-year-old child came to the orthodontist. They complain of an aesthetical de

a. Dass activator appliance

b. Kraus plate

c. Kerbitz plate

d. Friel plate

e. Schonherr plate

1617. The parents of a 3-year-old child came to the orthodontist. They complain of an aesthetical de

a. Friel plate

b. Kerbitz plate

c. Dass activator appliance

d. Schonherr plate

e. Kraus plate

1618. The parents of a 3-year-old child complain that their child refuses to eat and has painful ras

a. Antifungal agents

b. Antiviral agents

c. Anti-inflammatory agents

d. Antibiotics

e. Hyposensitization agents

1619. The parents of a 3-year-old child complain that their child refuses to eat and has painful ras

a. Antifungal agents

b. Hyposensitization agents

c. Anti-inflammatory agents

d. Antibiotics

e. Antiviral agents

1620. The parents of a 3-year-old girl complain of the destruction of the child's upper teeth. Objec

a. Atraumatic restorative treatment

b. Remineralization therapy

c. Invasive sealing

d. Non-invasive sealing

e. ICON treatment

1621. The parents of a 3-year-old girl complain of the destruction of the child's upper teeth. Objec

a. ICON treatment

b. Atraumatic restorative treatment

c. Remineralization therapy

d. Invasive sealing

e. Non-invasive sealing

1622. The parents of a 3-year-old girl complain of the mobility of the child's teeth. Objectively, h

a. Niemann-Pick disease

b. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome

c. Gaucher disease

d. Taratinov disease

e. Takahara disease

1623. The parents of a 3-year-old girl complain of the mobility of the child's teeth. Objectively, h

a. Taratinov disease

b. Gaucher disease

- c. Takahara disease
- d. Niemann-Pick disease

e. Papillon-Lefevre syndrome

1624. The parents of a 4-year-old boy came to a dentist complaining that their child suffers from pa

- a. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis
- b. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis**
- c. Giant-cell tumor of bone in the right upper jaw
- d. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis
- e. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 54

1625. The parents of a 4-year-old boy came to a dentist complaining that their child suffers from pa

- a. Giant-cell tumor of bone in the right upper jaw
- b. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis
- c. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 54
- d. Acute purulent odontogenic periostitis**
- e. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

1626. The parents of a 4-year-old girl complain of defects on the upper teeth of their child. Object

- a. Chronic initial caries
- b. Acute superficial caries**
- c. Chronic superficial caries
- d. Acute median caries
- e. Acute initial caries

1627. The parents of a 4-year-old girl complain of defects on the upper teeth of their child. Object

- a. Chronic superficial caries
- b. Acute superficial caries**
- c. Acute initial caries
- d. Acute median caries
- e. Chronic initial caries

1628. The parents of a 5-month-old boy came to a dentist complaining that their child frequently cri

- a. Acute candidiasis
- b. Infectious mononucleosis
- c. Tooth eruption**
- d. Herpetic infection
- e. Scarlet fever

1629. The parents of a 5-month-old boy came to a dentist complaining that their child frequently cri

- a. Scarlet fever
- b. Acute candidiasis
- c. Infectious mononucleosis
- d. Tooth eruption**
- e. Herpetic infection

1630. The parents of a 5-month-old child complain of white plaque in the child's mouth and child's r

- a. Cytology
- b. Virology
- c. Microbiology**
- d. Immunology
- e. Immunofluorescence

1631. The parents of a 5-month-old child complain of white plaque in the child's mouth and child's r

- a. Virology
- b. Immunofluorescence
- c. Microbiology**
- d. Immunology
- e. Cytology

1632. The parents of a 5-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the area of the c

- a. Splinting with a dentogingival splint
- b. Splinting with a smooth splint-brace
- c. Extraction of teeth 51 and 61**

- d. Replantation of teeth 51 and 61
- e. Ligature fixation of teeth 51 and 61

1633. The parents of a 5-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of pain in the area of the c

a. Splinting with a smooth splint-brace

b. Extraction of teeth 51 and 61

- c. Ligature fixation of teeth 51 and 61
- d. Splinting with a dentogingival splint
- e. Replantation of teeth 51 and 61

1634. The parents of a 5-year-old child complain of the destruction of the child's lower lateral tee

- a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- b. Chronic deep caries

c. Acute median caries

- d. Chronic median caries
- e. Pulpal hyperemia

1635. The parents of a 5-year-old child complain of the destruction of the child's lower lateral tee

- a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis
- b. Chronic median caries
- c. Chronic deep caries
- d. Pulpal hyperemia

e. Acute median caries

1636. The parents of a 5-year-old child explain that lately their child has started chewing only on

a. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

- b. Acute deep caries
- c. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
- d. Acute median caries
- e. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

1637. The parents of a 5-year-old child explain that lately their child has started chewing only on

- a. Chronic gangrenous pulpitis
- b. Acute median caries
- c. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis
- d. Acute deep caries

e. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

1638. The parents of a 5-year-old girl came to an orthodontist complaining that their child constant

a. Use a mandibular plate with a reverse curve

b. Use a fixing elbow splint

- c. Use a four-tailed bandage at night
- d. Use a palatine plate with a reverse curve
- e. Perform myogymnastic exercises for the mandibular extensor muscles

1639. The parents of a 5-year-old girl came to an orthodontist complaining that their child constant

- a. Use a palatine plate with a reverse curve
- b. Use a mandibular plate with a reverse curve

c. Use a fixing elbow splint

- d. Use a four-tailed bandage at night
- e. Perform myogymnastic exercises for the mandibular extensor muscles

1640. The parents of a 5-year-old girl complain that their child developed acute fever of 39°C, weak

- a. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis
- b. Measles
- c. Diphtheria
- d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Scarlet fever

1641. The parents of a 5-year-old girl complain that their child developed acute fever of 39°C, weak

- a. Measles
- b. Diphtheria
- c. Infectious mononucleosis
- d. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis

e. Scarlet fever

1642. The parents of a 6-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of eruption of a permanent t

- a. Intravenous anesthesia
- b. Topical anesthesia
- c. Anesthesia through a mask
- d. Conduction anesthesia

e. Infiltration anesthesia

1643. The parents of a 6-year-old boy came to a dentist with complaints of eruption of a permanent t

a. Topical anesthesia

b. Infiltration anesthesia

- c. Anesthesia through a mask
- d. Conduction anesthesia
- e. Intravenous anesthesia

1644. The parents of a 6-year-old boy complain of an edema on the right side of the child's face, a

- a. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis
- b. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 84
- c. Phlegmon of the right submandibular region

d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

e. Acute odontogenic periostitis

1645. The parents of a 6-year-old boy complain of an edema on the right side of the child's face, a

- a. Exacerbation of chronic periodontitis of tooth 84
- b. Phlegmon of the right submandibular region
- c. Acute odontogenic purulent lymphadenitis

d. Acute odontogenic osteomyelitis

e. Acute odontogenic periostitis

1646. The parents of a 6-year-old child complain that their child for the last three days has been p

- a. Infectious mononucleosis
- b. Scarlet fever

c. Diphtheria

d. Measles

e. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis

1647. The parents of a 6-year-old child complain that their child for the last three days has been p

- a. Scarlet fever
- b. Infectious mononucleosis
- c. Measles

d. Diphtheria

e. Acute pseudomembranous candidiasis

1648. The parents of a 6-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints that their child has a swel

a. Exacerbation of chronic parenchymatous parotitis

b. Epidemic parotitis

c. Acute purulent parotitis

d. Mixed salivary gland tumor

e. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

1649. The parents of a 6-year-old girl came to a dentist with complaints that their child has a swel

a. Exacerbation of chronic parenchymatous parotitis

b. Mixed salivary gland tumor

c. Herzenberg pseudoparotitis

d. Epidemic parotitis

e. Acute purulent parotitis

1650. The parents of a 6-year-old girl complain of the child's fever of 38°C and a rash in her mout

a. Acute herpetic stomatitis

b. Chickenpox

c. Scarlet fever

d. Erythema multiforme exudativum

e. Measles

1651. The parents of a 6-year-old girl complain of the child's fever of 38°C and a rash in her mouth

a. Erythema multiforme exudativum

b. Chickenpox

c. Measles

d. Scarlet fever

e. Acute herpetic stomatitis

1652. The parents of a 7-year-old child complain that their child for the last 2 days has been present

a. Chickenpox

b. Scarlet fever

c. Pertussis

d. Infectious mononucleosis

e. Measles

1653. The parents of a 7-year-old child complain that their child for the last 2 days has been present

a. Chickenpox

b. Infectious mononucleosis

c. Scarlet fever

d. Measles

e. Pertussis

1654. The parents of a 7-year-old girl brought her to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Examination

a. Preventive filling

b. Non-invasive sealing

c. Impregnation method

d. Invasive sealing

e. Deep fluoridation

1655. The parents of a 7-year-old girl brought her to a dentist for oral cavity sanitation. Examination

a. Invasive sealing

b. Preventive filling

c. Impregnation method

d. Non-invasive sealing

e. Deep fluoridation

1656. The parents of a 7-year-old girl brought her to a dentist with complaints that the child feels

a. Chronic deep caries

b. Chronic granulating periodontitis

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

1657. The parents of a 7-year-old girl brought her to a dentist with complaints that the child feels

a. Chronic hypertrophic pulpitis

b. Chronic deep caries

c. Chronic fibrous pulpitis

d. Chronic granulating periodontitis

e. Chronic fibrous periodontitis

1658. The parents of an 8-year-old girl brought her to a dental orthodontist for a preventive examination

a. Frankel functional regulator, type III

b. Schonherr plate

c. Muhlemann propulsor

d. Frankel functional regulator, type I

e. Bracket system

1659. The parents of an 8-year-old girl brought her to a dental orthodontist for a preventive examination

a. Frankel functional regulator, type I

b. Bracket system

c. Schonherr plate

d. Muhlemann propulsor

e. Frankel functional regulator, type III

1660. The patient with shallow vestibule of mouth and edentulous mandible underwent a surgery: a muc

- a. Rhermann
- b. Kazanjian
- c. Rumpel
- d. Trauner
- e. Thiersch

1661. The patient with shallow vestibule of mouth and edentulous mandible underwent a surgery: a muc

- a. Trauner
- b. Thiersch
- c. Rhermann
- d. Kazanjian

e. Rumpel

1662. The sum of the transverse dimensions of certain teeth is used to build the Hawley-Herber-Herbs

- a. 31, 32, 33
- b. 11, 12, 21, 22
- c. 31, 32, 41, 42

d. 11, 12, 13

e. 51, 52, 61, 62

1663. The sum of the transverse dimensions of certain teeth is used to build the Hawley-Herber-Herbs

- a. 31, 32, 33
- b. 11, 12, 21, 22
- c. 31, 32, 41, 42

d. 51, 52, 61, 62

e. 11, 12, 13

1664. The vestibular surfaces of the upper incisors of a 25-year-old patient are affected by fluoros

- a. Plastic crown
- b. Ceramic crown

c. Veneer

- d. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crown
- e. Plastic-fused-to-metal crown (Mathe technique)

1665. The vestibular surfaces of the upper incisors of a 25-year-old patient are affected by fluoros

- a. Plastic-fused-to-metal crown (Mathe technique)
- b. Ceramic crown
- c. Plastic crown

d. Veneer

e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crown

1666. The width of the dentition of a 15-year-old girl is being measured using the Pont analysis. Na

a. Premolar index - 80, molar index - 64

b. Premolar index - 86, molar index - 72

c. Premolar index - 82, molar index - 68

d. Premolar index - 74, molar index - 68

e. Premolar index - 78, molar index - 32

1667. The width of the dentition of a 15-year-old girl is being measured using the Pont analysis. Na

a. Premolar index - 86, molar index - 72

b. Premolar index - 78, molar index - 32

c. Premolar index - 74, molar index - 68

d. Premolar index - 80, molar index - 64

e. Premolar index - 82, molar index - 68

1668. To clarify the diagnosis, the orthodontist performed Eschler-Bittner clinical diagnostic test.

- a. Mandibular macrognathia
- b. Maxillary micrognathia
- c. Combined pathology of both jaws

d. Maxillary macrognathia

e. Mandibular micrognathia

1669. To clarify the diagnosis, the orthodontist performed Eschler-Bittner clinical diagnostic test.

a. Mandibular micrognathia

b. Maxillary macrognathia

c. Combined pathology of both jaws

d. Mandibular macrognathia

e. Maxillary micrognathia

1670. To extract tooth 27, the patient was given tuberal and palatal anesthesia. When the needle was

a. Press the place of injection with a tampon

b. Intramuscular administration of vicasol (menadione)

c. Ligate the external carotid artery

d. Intravenous administration of 10% calcium chloride solution

e. Place sutures

1671. To extract tooth 27, the patient was given tuberal and palatal anesthesia. When the needle was

a. Place sutures

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d. Press the place of injection with a tampon

e. Intravenous administration of 10% calcium chloride solution

1672. To make the external prosthesis for a 62-year-old man it is necessary to obtain a Hippocrates

a. Plaster

b. Stomaflex

c. Stens

d. Repin

e. Dentafof

1673. To make the external prosthesis for a 62-year-old man it is necessary to obtain a Hippocrates

a. Repin

b. Stens

c. Stomaflex

d. Dentafof

e. Plaster

1674. To treat crowded teeth of a 9-year-old girl, the Hotz method of systemic tooth extraction was

a. Jaw size mismatch

b. Supernumerary teeth

c. Elongation of the anterior portion of the dental arch

d. Size mismatch of teeth and jaws

e. Narrowing of the jaws

1675. To treat crowded teeth of a 9-year-old girl, the Hotz method of systemic tooth extraction was

a. Narrowing of the jaws

b. Elongation of the anterior portion of the dental arch

c. Supernumerary teeth

d. Jaw size mismatch

e. Size mismatch of teeth and jaws

1676. Tooth 21 of a 25-year-old woman is being restored with a zirconium dioxide-based crown fixed o

a. 1.5 mm

b. 3.0 mm

c. 2.0 mm

d. 1.0 mm

e. 0.5 mm

1677. Tooth 21 of a 25-year-old woman is being restored with a zirconium dioxide-based crown fixed o

a. 2.0 mm

b. 0.5 mm

c. 1.5 mm

d. 1.0 mm

e. 3.0 mm

1678. Two-jaw removable laminar dentures are being made for a 70-year-old man. Alginate impressions

a. 10-15°C

b. 20-25°C

- c. 35-40°C
- d. 45-50°C
- e. Under 10°C

1679. Two-jaw removable laminar dentures are being made for a 70-year-old man. Alginate impressions

- a. 35-40°C
- b. Under 10°C
- c. 45-50°C
- d. 20-25°C
- e. 10-15°C

1680. Vestibular surfaces of the upper and lower incisors of a 27-year-old patient are affected by

a. Ceramic veneers

- b. Plastic crowns
- c. Ceramic crowns
- d. -
- e. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns

1681. Vestibular surfaces of the upper and lower incisors of a 27-year-old patient are affected by

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- c. Porcelain-fused-to-metal crowns
- d. Ceramic crowns
- e. -

1682. What anatomical landmarks are used to locate the mandibular foramen, when administering mandib

- a. 6 mm above the masticatory surface of the last lower molar
- b. At the level of the masticatory surface of a lower temporary molar
- c. 10 mm above the masticatory surface of the last lower molar
- d. 10 mm below the masticatory surface of the last lower molar
- e. 5 mm below the level of the lower alveolar ridge

1683. What anatomical landmarks are used to locate the mandibular foramen, when administering mandib

- a. 6 mm above the masticatory surface of the last lower molar
- b. 5 mm below the level of the lower alveolar ridge
- c. At the level of the masticatory surface of a lower temporary molar
- d. 10 mm above the masticatory surface of the last lower molar
- e. 10 mm below the masticatory surface of the last lower molar

1684. What are diamond dental burs with red markings used for in dentistry?

- a. Finishing composite fillings
- b. Quick removal of dental tissues
- c. Opening carious cavities
- d. Preliminary polishing of composite fillings
- e. Universal application

1685. What are diamond dental burs with red markings used for in dentistry?

- a. Universal application
- b. Quick removal of dental tissues
- c. Preliminary polishing of composite fillings
- d. Finishing composite fillings
- e. Opening carious cavities

1686. What are the contraindications to the use of liquid flowing composites in dental practice?

- a. Invasive sealing of fissures
- b. Filling of Black's class IV carious cavities
- c. Filling of small pericervical cavities
- d. Creating a "shock-absorbing" underlying pad, when restoring the masticatory teeth
- e. Non-invasive sealing of fissures

1687. What are the contraindications to the use of liquid flowing composites in dental practice?

- a. Non-invasive sealing of fissures
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- c. Invasive sealing of fissures

d. Filling of small pericervical cavities

e. Filling of Black's class IV carious cavities

1688. What can be determined by studying the jaw casts during the period of permanent bite using the

a. The ratio of the width of the transverse dimensions of the upper and lower incisors

b. The length of the front segment of the upper and lower dentitions in the sagittal direction

c. Dentition dimensions in the transversal plane

d. Incorrect placement of the lateral teeth in the dentition in the sagittal and transversal directi

e. Longitudinal length of the dentitions

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c. Longitudinal length of the dentitions

d. Incorrect placement of the lateral teeth in the dentition in the sagittal and transversal directi

e. Dentition dimensions in the transversal plane

1690. What causes formation of Hunter-Schreger bands on longitudinal sections of enamel?

a. Mineralization of interprismatic spaces

b. Non-homogeneous arrangement of enamel bundles

c. Non-homogeneous mineralization of enamel prisms

d. Alternation of longitudinal and transverse sections of enamel prisms

e. Cyclic disturbances in the formation of enamel prisms

1691. What causes formation of Hunter-Schreger bands on longitudinal sections of enamel?

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c. Mineralization of interprismatic spaces

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e. Alternation of longitudinal and transverse sections of enamel prisms

1692. What dental appliances are used for the treatment of distal occlusion in the milk bite period?

a. Combined action appliances

b. Functional action appliances

c. Edgewise technique

d. Mechanical action appliances

e. Extraoral appliances

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d. Mechanical action appliances

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1694. What denture constructions should be chosen in cases of multiple adentia during the early peri

a. Removable partial dentures

b. No denture is necessary

c. Removable complete dentures

d. Dental bridges

e. Clasp-retained (bugel) dentures

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1696. What drugs are not used for premedication in dentistry?

a. Analgesics

b. Sedatives

c. Muscarinic antagonists

d. Psychostimulants and adaptogens

e. Antihistamines

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b. Analgesics

c. Sedatives

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1698. What is the angle of the transverse articular path in a fixed (average) anatomical articulator

a. 33°

b. 17°

c. 45°

d. 110°

e. 12°

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a. 45°

b. 33°

c. 110°

d. 12°

e. 17°

1700. What manipulation of those listed below is textbf{NOT a part of typical procedure of tooth ex

a. Closure of forceps handles

b. Applying tip of forceps jaw to the edge of alveolar process

c. Applying forceps jaw to the tooth

d. Tooth dislocation and extraction from the socket

e. Pushing forceps jaw to the cemento enamel junction

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d. Applying forceps jaw to the tooth

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1702. What medical establishment provides dental and prosthodontic (making of splints, appliances, a

a. Specialized surgical field hospital

b. Evacuation hospital

c. Separate medical platoon

d. Separate medical battalion

e. Civilian medical establishment

1703. What medical establishment provides dental and prosthodontic (making of splints, appliances, a

a. Separate medical battalion

b. Separate medical platoon

c. Civilian medical establishment

d. Evacuation hospital

e. Specialized surgical field hospital

1704. What nerve branches are blocked in tuberal anesthesia?

a. Posterior superior alveolar nerves

b. Branches of the lesser palatine nerve

c. Branches of the inferior alveolar nerve

d. Branches of the greater palatine nerve

e. Middle superior alveolar nerves

1705. What nerve branches are blocked in tuberal anesthesia?

a. Branches of the greater palatine nerve

b. Posterior superior alveolar nerves

c. Branches of the inferior alveolar nerve

d. Middle superior alveolar nerves

e. Branches of the lesser palatine nerve

1706. What period of bite formation in a child can be normally characterized by physiological tremat

- a. Changing occlusion
- b. It is always a sign of pathology
- c. Formation of milk occlusion (6 months - 3 years)
- d. Preparation for the change of dentition (4.5-6 years)**
- e. Permanent occlusion

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- b. Preparation for the change of dentition (4.5-6 years)**
- c. It is always a sign of pathology
- d. Permanent occlusion
- e. Changing occlusion

1708. What prosthodontic appliance has mechanical type of action?

- a. Expansion plate with Coffin spring**
- b. Case obturator
- c. Schonherr vestibular plate
- d. Bynin appliance
- e. Frankel functional regulator

1709. What prosthodontic appliance has mechanical type of action?

- a. Frankel functional regulator
- b. Case obturator
- c. Expansion plate with Coffin spring**
- d. Schonherr vestibular plate
- e. Bynin appliance

1710. What shape does the upper dental arch have in the permanent dentition?

- a. Parabola
- b. Semicircle
- c. Semi-ellipse**
- d. Trapezoid
- e. Saddle-shaped

1711. What shape does the upper dental arch have in the permanent dentition?

- a. Saddle-shaped
- b. Trapezoid
- c. Parabola
- d. Semicircle
- e. Semi-ellipse**

1712. When a dentist was administering tuberal anesthesia to an 11-year-old girl, the patient develo

- a. Apply a warm compress to the the injection site
- b. Apply cold to the the injection site
- c. Prescribe physiotherapy
- d. Prescribe Troxevasin (Troxeutin) to be applied locally
- e. Press with the hand the injection site**

1713. When a dentist was administering tuberal anesthesia to an 11-year-old girl, the patient develo

- a. Prescribe physiotherapy
- b. Press with the hand the injection site**
- c. Apply cold to the the injection site
- d. Prescribe Troxevasin (Troxeutin) to be applied locally
- e. Apply a warm compress to the the injection site

1714. When administering anesthesia, the dentist made an injection into the mucogingival junction of

- a. Posterior superior alveolar nerve
- b. Middle and anterior superior alveolar nerves and infraorbital nerve**
- c. Anterior superior alveolar nerve and nasopalatine nerve
- d. Posterior superior alveolar nerve and pes anserinus minor
- e. Middle superior alveolar nerve

1715. When administering anesthesia, the dentist made an injection into the mucogingival junction of

- a. Posterior superior alveolar nerve and pes anserinus minor
- b. Posterior superior alveolar nerve
- c. Middle superior alveolar nerve
- d. Anterior superior alveolar nerve and nasopalatine nerve

e. Middle and anterior superior alveolar nerves and infraorbital nerve

1716. When analyzing the composition of potable water in a region, it was revealed that its fluorine

a. Caries

- b. Erosion of dental hard tissues
- c. Fluorosis
- d. Necrosis of dental hard tissues
- e. Systemic enamel hypoplasia

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1718. When examining a 58-year-old patient, the dentist detected a deformity and decreased size of t

a. Congenital anomaly of the tongue

b. Tertiary syphilis

- c. Desquamative glossitis
- d. Fissured tongue
- e. Median rhomboid glossitis

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a. Median rhomboid glossitis

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c. Fissured tongue

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e. Desquamative glossitis

1720. When fitting the metallic frame of a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge, it was determined

a. Complete the preparation of the abutment teeth and make a working impression

- b. Obtain an impression with the frame fitted into the oral cavity
- c. File down the metallic frame in the areas of its contact with the antagonist teeth
- d. Determine the areas that prevent normal installation of the dental bridge
- e. Send the frame to the next laboratory stage of the denture-making

1721. When fitting the metallic frame of a porcelain-fused-to-metal dental bridge, it was determined

a. Determine the areas that prevent normal installation of the dental bridge

b. Send the frame to the next laboratory stage of the denture-making

c. File down the metallic frame in the areas of its contact with the antagonist teeth

d. Complete the preparation of the abutment teeth and make a working impression

e. Obtain an impression with the frame fitted into the oral cavity

1722. When inspecting the finished full removable laminar denture received from the dental laborator

a. Incorrect temperature during polymerization

b. Insufficient amount of monomer in the plastic dough during packing

- c. Insufficient polishing of the denture
- d. Insufficient pressure applied to the plastic dough during polymerization
- e. Insufficient amount of plastic dough during packing

1723. When inspecting the finished full removable laminar denture received from the dental laborator

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c. Insufficient amount of monomer in the plastic dough during packing

- d. Insufficient pressure applied to the plastic dough during polymerization
- e. Insufficient amount of plastic dough during packing

1724. When pressing plastic dough, a dental technician several times opened and closed the cuvette t

a. Granular porosity

- b. Residual stresses in the structure of a denture
- c. Gas porosity
- d. Cracks in the plastic
- e. Compression porosity

1725. When pressing plastic dough, a dental technician several times opened and closed the cuvette t

a. Compression porosity

b. Granular porosity

- c. Cracks in the plastic
- d. Residual stresses in the structure of a denture
- e. Gas porosity

1726. When receiving mandibular anesthesia with a 4% Ultracain D-S solution, a 13-year-old boy compl

a. Syncope

b. Anaphylactic shock

- c. Collapse
- d. Quincke's edema
- e. Urticaria

1727. When receiving mandibular anesthesia with a 4% Ultracain D-S solution, a 13-year-old boy compl

a. Syncope

b. Collapse

c. Quincke's edema

d. Anaphylactic shock

e. Urticaria

1728. When receiving tuberal anesthesia intraorally, a man developed a rapidly progressing edema of

a. Abscess

b. Hematoma

- c. Emphysema
- d. Ischemia
- e. Quincke's edema

1729. When receiving tuberal anesthesia intraorally, a man developed a rapidly progressing edema of

a. Quincke's edema

b. Ischemia

c. Hematoma

- d. Abscess
- e. Emphysema

1730. When treating chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 21, a dentist performed instrumental processin

a. Flexofile

b. H-file

- c. K-file
- d. Gates Glidden
- e. K-reamer

1731. When treating chronic fibrous pulpitis of tooth 21, a dentist performed instrumental processin

a. Gates Glidden

b. K-reamer

c. H-file

- d. Flexofile
- e. K-file

1732. When undergoing treatment of acute pulpitis of tooth 35 under infiltration anesthesia, a 26-ye

a. Syncope

- b. Hypoglycemic coma
- c. Collapse
- d. Hyperglycemic coma
- e. Anaphylactic shock

1733. When undergoing treatment of acute pulpitis of tooth 35 under infiltration anesthesia, a 26-ye

a. Collapse

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Syncope

d. Hypoglycemic coma

e. Hyperglycemic coma

1734. While waiting in line for an appointment with a dentist, a 48-year-old woman was stung in the

a. Quincke edema

b. Anaphylactic shock

c. Epileptic seizure

d. Collapse

e. Aseptic shock

1735. While waiting in line for an appointment with a dentist, a 48-year-old woman was stung in the

a. Collapse

b. Aseptic shock

c. Anaphylactic shock

d. Epileptic seizure

e. Quincke edema

1736. X-ray of the lower jaw of a 14-year-old boy shows a round homogeneous lucency with clear marg

a. Cementoma

b. Follicular cyst

c. Residual cyst

d. Paradental cyst

e. Radicular cyst

1737. X-ray of the lower jaw of a 14-year-old boy shows a round homogeneous lucency with clear marg

a. Cementoma

b. Follicular cyst

c. Radicular cyst

d. Paradental cyst

e. Residual cyst

1738. X-ray of the patient shows a focus of bone destruction 3x4 cm in size in the mandibular body.

a. Giant cell tumor of the mandible

b. Mandibular ameloblastoma

c. Carcinoma of the mandible

d. Soft odontoma of the mandible

e. Radicular cyst of the mandible

1739. X-ray of the patient shows a focus of bone destruction 3x4 cm in size in the mandibular body.

a. Radicular cyst of the mandible

b. Carcinoma of the mandible

c. Soft odontoma of the mandible

d. Mandibular ameloblastoma

e. Giant cell tumor of the mandible