

1. A 15-year-old girl complains of general weakness, dizziness, and frequent fainting spells. She does not eat enough. Recently, she has been noticing a distortion of taste, a desire to eat chalk and raw minced meat. Her menstruations have been occurring since the age of 13 and are profuse and irregular. What substance causes sideropenic syndrome if its levels in the human body are low?

- a. Folic acid
- b. Vitamin B<sub>12</sub>
- c. Hemosiderin
- d. Iron**
- e. Copper

2. A woman with candidiasis was prescribed an antifungal drug that disrupts the synthesis of ergosterol, but can cause dyspeptic disorders (diarrhea, nausea), hepatotoxicity, and headache as its side effects. What drug is it?

- a. Metronidazole
- b. Albendazole
- c. Clarithromycin
- d. Acyclovir
- e. Fluconazole**

3. A 45-year-old woman developed an acute inflammatory disease of the upper respiratory tract and eyes during the season of flowering. She presents with hyperemia, edema, and mucous discharge. What type of leukocytosis would be most characteristic in this case?

- a. Eosinophilia**
- b. Basophilia
- c. Neutrophilia
- d. Monocytosis
- e. Lymphocytosis

4. D-galactose reacts with an ammonia solution of silver oxide. What functional group makes this reaction possible?

- a. Ester group
- b. Aldehyde group**
- c. Carboxyl group
- d. Ether group
- e. Hydroxyl group

5. Which one of the listed heterocyclic compounds exhibits the strongest basic properties?

- a. Pyrrolidine**
- b. Thiophene
- c. Furan
- d. Pyridine
- e. Pyrrole

6. What is the name of the five-membered heterocycle that contains nitrogen heteroatoms of the pyrrole and pyridine type?

- a. Pyrazole**
- b. Triazole
- c. Thiazole
- d. Pyrazolidine
- e. Piperidine

7. What is the name of the lower expanded hollow part of the pistil that contains ovules in a flower?

- a. Gynoecium
- b. Style
- c. Stigma
- d. Ovary**
- e. Receptacle

8. A patient presents with intestinal obstruction and a decrease in the bactericidal effect of gastric

juice, which contributes to the growth of putrefactive microflora. In this case, increased excretion of a certain substance can be observed in urine. Name this substance.

- a. Creatine
- b. Protein
- c. Lactic acid
- d. Indican**
- e. Glucose

9. What medium is used in quantification of halide ions by means of Volhard method (thiocyanometry)?

- a. Strongly alkaline
- b. Nitric acid**
- c. Weakly alkaline
- d. Phosphate acid
- e. Neutral

10. A patient was prescribed losartan potassium for treatment of arterial hypertension. What is the mechanism of action of this drug?

- a. Blockade of angiotensin receptors**
- b. Inhibition of phosphodiesterase
- c. Activation of central alpha-adrenergic receptors
- d. Inhibition of angiotensin-converting enzyme
- e. Calcium channel block

11. When harvesting inflorescences, it was determined that their main axis was well developed and the flowers were almost at the same level, despite being attached to peduncles of varying length. What type of inflorescence is it?

- a. Botryoid
- b. Spike
- c. Flat capitulum
- d. Umbel
- e. Corymb**

12. In cases of methanol poisoning, one of the treatment methods requires administering ethanol (orally or intravenously) in doses large enough to cause intoxication in a healthy person. Why is this treatment method effective?

- a. Ethanol inactivates alcohol dehydrogenase
- b. Ethanol inhibits methanol diffusion
- c. Ethanol blocks alcohol dehydrogenase coenzyme
- d. Ethanol breaks down faster than methanol
- e. Ethanol competes with methanol for the active site of alcohol dehydrogenase**

13. A newborn has been diagnosed with Down syndrome, accompanied by mental retardation, short stature, short fingers and toes, and Mongoloid slant of the eyes. Karyotyping detects trisomy 21. What type of hereditary pathology is Down syndrome?

- a. Chromosome abnormality**
- b. Fetopathy
- c. Gametopathy
- d. Molecular genetics disease
- e. Blastopathy

14. Microscopy of the leaf epidermis reveals stinging hairs with a tall multicellular base, into which the base of an ampoule-shaped living cell with a small head filled with formic acid is immersed. What plant can be characterized by such emergences?

- a. *Artemisia absinthium*
- b. *Urtica dioica***
- c. *Achillea millefolium*
- d. *Chelidonium majus*

e. *Bidens tripartita*

15. A patient was prescribed an antiplatelet agent that has an effect on thromboxane A<sub>2</sub> formation in platelets. What drug is it?

- a. -
- b. Prednisolone
- c. Menadione
- d. Adrenaline tartrate
- e. Acetylsalicylic acid

16. The manufacturer has stated that the half-life of ibuprofen is 2 hours. A patient has been prescribed 400 mg of the drug. How much ibuprofen (mg) will remain in the patient's body 6 hours after taking this dose of the drug?

- a. 25
- b. 50
- c. 0
- d. 150
- e. 100

17. A patient diagnosed with arterial hypertension was prescribed lisinopril. What is the mechanism of action of this drug?

- a. Blockade of calcium channels in vascular smooth muscle
- b. Inhibition of angiotensin-converting enzyme
- c. Blockade of beta-adrenergic receptors
- d. Stimulation of beta-adrenergic receptors
- e. Stimulation of alpha<sub>2</sub>-adrenergic receptors

18. In the process of studying a new lipophilic compound, it was established that after glucuronidation it rapidly excretes with urine. What is the significance of glucuronidation in drug metabolism?

- a. Increasing lipophilicity to improve absorption
- b. Increasing water solubility for renal excretion
- c. Strengthening plasma protein binding
- d. Intensifying breakdown and absorption in the stomach
- e. Preventing binding to the target receptor

19. Which one of the listed solutions will have the highest Van't Hoff isotonic coefficient, if their molar concentration and temperature are the same?

- a. CaCO<sub>3</sub>
- b. LiCl
- c. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>
- d. MgCl<sub>2</sub>
- e. AlBr<sub>3</sub>

20. What structures enable the release of weak solutions of mineral (or, less often, organic) substances in the form of droplets and are arranged in groups on the serrations of the leaf margin?

- a. Osmophores
- b. Idioblasts
- c. Hydathodes
- d. Emergences
- e. Laticifers

21. What end product forms as a result of beta-oxidation of fatty acids with an odd number of carbon atoms?

- a. Palmitoyl-CoA
- b. Acetoacetyl-CoA
- c. Acetyl-CoA
- d. Stearoyl-CoA
- e. Propionyl-CoA

22. Protein-containing liquids, where proteins must remain undenatured, undergo sterilization at the temperature of 56-58°C in several 60-minute-long sessions over the course of 5 days. What method of sterilization is it?

- a. Tyndallization
- b. Autoclaving
- c. Flame sterilization
- d. Pasteurization
- e. Moist heat sterilization

23. A plant is completely submerged in water. What ecological group does this plant belong to?

- a. Hydrophytes
- b. Mesophytes
- c. Succulents
- d. Xerophytes
- e. Hygrophytes

24. Microscopy of a rhizome detects periphloematic vascular bundles. What plant does this rhizome belong to?

- a. *Convallaria majalis*
- b. *Acorus calamus*
- c. *Dryopteris filix-mas*
- d. *Potentilla erecta*
- e. *Elymus repens*

25. A 54-year-old man with 4-year-long history of chronic glomerulonephritis and 2-year-long history of persistent arterial hypertension made an appointment with a doctor. What substance synthesized in the kidneys plays an important role in the development of arterial hypertension in this patient?

- a. Nitric oxide
- b. Renin
- c. Vitamin D
- d. Erythropoietin
- e. Aldosterone

26. People, who were in the building during a fire, suffer from carbon monoxide poisoning. What type of hypoxia can be observed in this case?

- a. Circulatory hypoxia
- b. Hemic hypoxia
- c. Tissue hypoxia
- d. Respiratory hypoxia
- e. Hypoxic hypoxia

27. A 55-year-old patient was prescribed an organic nitrate drug for rapid relief of angina pectoris attacks. Select this drug from the list.

- a. Glycerol trinitrate
- b. -
- c. Digoxin
- d. Propranolol hydrochloride
- e. Verapamil hydrochloride

28. Disperse systems can be divided into lyophilic and lyophobic ones, based on the intensity of interaction between the particles of the dispersed phase and the dispersion medium. What disperse system is lyophobic?

- a. Solutions of high-molecular compounds
- b. Surfactant solutions
- c. Foams
- d. Tannin solutions
- e. Clay dispersions

29. A patient complains of headache episodes with nausea and vomiting. During examination,

patient's blood pressure - 180/100 mm Hg, blood glucose levels - 14.8 mmol/L. Magnetic resonance tomography detects pituitary adenoma. What pathology has caused the development of hyperglycemia in this patient?

a. Cushing disease

b. Pituitary dwarfism

c. Diabetes insipidus

d. Addison disease

e. Hypothyroidism

30. A 65-year-old man developed third-degree atrioventricular block. What medicine should be prescribed for this patient?

a. Atropine sulfate

b. Digoxin

c. Amiodarone hydrochloride

d. Verapamil hydrochloride

e. Metoprolol

31. What specific reagent is used for identification of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  cations?

a.  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$

b.  $\text{K}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$

c. NaOH

d.  $\text{K}_2\text{Na}[\text{Co}(\text{NO}_2)_6]$

e.  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$

32. What anticholinesterase agent can be used to stimulate intestinal peristalsis in the patients during the postoperative period?

a. Neostigmine methylsulfate

b. Salbutamol

c. Metoprolol

d. Adrenaline tartrate

e. Suxamethonium chloride

33. What feature of a leaf is characteristic of Poaceae?

a. Leaf sheath

b. Ochrea

c. Petiole

d. Stipules

e. Leaf blade

34. What indicator is used in titrimetric determination of substances by means of mercurimetry (complexometry)?

a. Potassium chromate

b. Starch

c. Diphenylcarbazide

d. Phenolphthalein

e. Methyl orange

35. What group reagent can be used to separate group III cations (acid-base classification), when conducting systematic analysis of a mixture?

a. Barium chloride

b. Hydrochloric acid

c. Ammonia

d. Alkali and hydrogen peroxide

e. Sulfuric acid

36. A 48-year-old patient complains of thirst, frequent urination, dryness of skin and mucosa, and trophic ulcers that appeared on his legs. Examination detects blood glucose levels of 16 mmol/L and glucose in urine. What disease has occurred in the patient?

a. Diabetes mellitus

- b. Insulinoma
- c. Diabetes insipidus
- d. Nephrogenic diabetes insipidus
- e. Kidney failure

37. How does the value of the critical micelle concentration in homologous series change when the molecular mass of the surfactant increases?

- a. Increases
- b. Reaches its maximum and then decreases
- c. Sharply increases
- d. Decreases**
- e. Remains unchanged

38. What amine causes a positive isonitrile reaction?

- a. N,N-Dimethylamine
- b. Diphenylamine
- c. Tetramethylammonium chloride
- d. Benzylamine**
- e. Diethylamine

39. What inflorescences are most typical of the Brassicaceae family?

- a. Round or flat capitulum
- b. Spadix, spike
- c. Corymb, umbel
- d. Raceme, panicle**
- e. Compound corymb, compound umbel

40. What reaction can be used to identify multiple bonds in organic compounds?

- a. Claisen condensation
- b. Kucherov reaction
- c. Wagner reaction**
- d. Hofmann rearrangement
- e. Friedel-Crafts alkylation

41. Amylolytic enzymes catalyze hydrolysis of polysaccharides and oligosaccharides. They have an effect on the following chemical bond:

- a. Glycosidic bond**
- b. Peptide bond
- c. Phosphodiester bond
- d. Hydrogen bond
- e. Amide bond

42. What group of broncholytics is used for treatment of patients with bronchial asthma?

- a. Nicotinic agonists
- b. beta<sub>2</sub>-adrenergic agonists**
- c. beta-adrenergic blockers
- d. Muscarinic agonists
- e. Anticholinesterase drugs

43. What laboratory glassware is used for dissolving an exactly measured out sample when preparing a primary standard solution?

- a. Beaker
- b. Measuring glass
- c. Measuring flask**
- d. Cylinder
- e. Test tube

44. What adsorption indicator is used in quantification of iodides by means of the Fajans method?

- a. Diphenylamine

b. Eosin

c. Methyl orange

d. Murexide

e. Phenolphthalein

45. A 34-year-old woman with bronchitis has persistent, dry, non-productive cough. Her physician prescribed her a centrally acting antitussive drug. Select this drug from the list.

a. Glaucine hydrochloride

b. Mucaltin

c. Bromhexine hydrochloride

d. Acetylcysteine

e. Ambroxol hydrochloride

46. In the patient's blood, increased activity of AST, LDH1, LDH2, and CPK was detected. What organ is the most likely site of a pathological process in this case?

a. Liver

b. Skeletal muscles

c. Kidneys

d. Adrenal glands

e. Heart muscle

47. A flower has many stamens, fused together by filaments into several bundles. What type of androecium is it?

a. Tetradynamous

b. Monadelphous

c. Polyadelphous

d. Diadelphous

e. Didynamous

48. Pathogenic microorganisms can be characterized by the presence of enzymes of aggression that determine their virulence. Select an enzyme of aggression from the list below.

a. Lyase

b. Transferase

c. Hyaluronidase

d. Oxidase

e. Carbohydrase

49. What compound contains a primary aromatic amino group?

a. (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C-NH<sub>2</sub> (tert-butylamine)

b. (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH (dimethylamine)

c. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>-NH<sub>2</sub> (aniline)

d. (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N (triphenylamine)

e. (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N (trimethylamine)

50. What is characteristic of benign tumors?

a. Cancer cachexia

b. Infiltrating growth

c. Invasion into the surrounding tissues

d. Metastasis

e. Expansive growth

51. A pharmacy has decided to use the biological method to test the quality of instrument sterilization in an autoclave. What microorganisms should be used for this purpose?

a. Streptococcus pyogenes

b. Yersinia pestis

c. Borrelia recurrentis

d. Bacillus subtilis

e. Salmonella typhi

52. What functional groups are present in the cyclic forms of ribose and deoxyribose?

- a. Hydroxylic and carboxylic
- b. Only aldehyde
- c. Only carboxylic
- d. Hydroxylic and aldehyde
- e. Only hydroxylic**

53. What method of instrumental analysis can be used for quantification of hydrochloric and boric acids in a mixture?

- a. Infrared spectroscopy
- b. Potentiometry**
- c. Spectrophotometry
- d. Polarimetry
- e. Chromatography

54. Analysis of a medicinal plant shows that its leaves are collected into a basal rosette, the leaves themselves are broadly ovate or elliptic with arcuate venation, while the flowers are small, unremarkable, and assembled into an inflorescence - a dense spike. What plant can be characterized by such features?

- a. *Althaea officinalis*
- b. *Chelidonium majus*
- c. *Taraxacum officinale*
- d. *Plantago major***
- e. *Vinca minor*

55. Disperse systems can be distinguished from true solutions by the bluish glow of colloidal solutions against a dark background when illuminated from the side. Name this phenomenon.

- a. Fluorescence
- b. Opalescence**
- c. Scattering
- d. Emission
- e. Chemiluminescence

56. A patient has pulmonary edema. What drug must be prescribed in this case to reduce the volume of circulating blood?

- a. Verapamil hydrochloride
- b. Furosemide**
- c. Metoprolol
- d. Amiodarone hydrochloride
- e. Magnesium sulfate

57. A plant has essential oil glands, its fruit is an achene, its inflorescence is a flat capitulum. What plant family can be characterized by such features?

- a. Scrophylariaceae
- b. Lamiaceae
- c. Asteraceae**
- d. Rosaceae
- e. Solanaceae

58. After being stung by bees, the patient developed Quincke's edema. What drug should the patient be urgently administered for the treatment of this condition?

- a. Diphenhydramine hydrochloride
- b. Furosemide
- c. Propranolol hydrochloride
- d. Atropine sulfate
- e. Adrenaline tartrate**

59. A doctor has prescribed benzylpenicillin for the treatment of a surgical patient with numerous abscesses of staphylococcal etiology. What is the mechanism of action of this antibiotic?



- a. Inhibition of cytoplasmic membrane functions
- b. Disruption of nucleic acid synthesis
- c. Disruption of cell wall synthesis
- d. Inhibition of DNA topoisomerases
- e. Disruption of ribosomal protein synthesis

60. What side effect is characteristic of lisinopril?

- a. Red urine
- b. Dry cough
- c. Hyperglycemia
- d. Bronchospasm
- e. Orthostatic hypertension

61. What is the structural formula for 3-chloropropene?

- a.  $\text{ClCH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$
- b.  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CCl}-\text{CH}_3$
- c.  $\text{ClCH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$
- d.  $\text{CH}_2=\text{CH}-\text{CH}=\text{CHCl}$
- e.  $\text{ClCH}_2-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CH}_3$

62. A 14-year-old boy, who has been suffering from bronchial asthma since childhood, after significant physical exertion developed shortness of breath and impaired respiratory rate and depth, characterized by difficult and prolonged exhalation. What pathological type of breathing has developed in this case?

- a. Expiratory dyspnea
- b. Kussmaul breathing
- c. Gasping
- d. Biot's breathing
- e. Inspiratory dyspnea

63. Monosaccharides can be easily oxidized, but depending on the nature of the oxidant and the conditions under which oxidation occurs, different products will form. What compound forms when D-glucose is oxidized using bromine water?

- a. D-Glucaric acid
- b. D-Glucuronic acid
- c. D-Gluconic acid
- d. D-glucose osazone
- e. Bromoderivative of D-glucose

64. When a pharmaceutical company was manufacturing an enzyme drug, a violation of the technological process occurred: the drug was heated to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ . What changes will be observed in its enzyme activity?

- a. Temporary decrease in enzyme activity that later resumes after cooling
- b. Increased enzyme activity due to increased molecular motion
- c. Impaired structure of metal ions in the active site
- d. Protein denaturation and complete loss of enzyme activity
- e. Minor changes in enzyme activity due to enzyme thermostability

65. What cations are present in a solution if, after adding dimethylglyoxime (Chugaev reagent) and ammonia buffer solution to it, a bright crimson intracomplex compound forms as a result?

- a. Aluminum cations
- b. Copper cations
- c. Cobalt cations
- d. Nickel cations
- e. Calcium cations

66. A patient has been hospitalized with the diagnosis of diabetic hyperglycemic coma. The patient's breathing is slow, deep, and noisy. The inhalation phase is longer than the exhalation phase. What type of breathing has developed in the patient?

a. Kussmaul breathing

b. Gasping

c. Biot breathing

d. Apneic breathing

e. Cheyne-Stokes breathing

67. What method of chromatographic analysis can be used for separation, identification, and quantification of methanol and ethanol in a mixture?

a. Precipitation chromatography

b. Ion exchange chromatography

c. Paper chromatography

d. Planar chromatography

e. Gas-liquid chromatography

68. Primary and secondary nitroalkanes are tautomeric compounds. What tautomerism is characteristic of these compounds?

a. Aci-nitro tautomerism

b. Lactam-lactim tautomerism

c. Keto-enol tautomerism

d. Tautomerism of azoles

e. Amino-imino tautomerism

69. A patient diagnosed with arterial hypertension has been prescribed a drug with an antihypertensive, antianginal, and antiarrhythmic effect. Name this drug.

a. Clonidine

b. Dopamine hydrochloride

c. Fenoterol

d. Metoprolol

e. Adrenaline tartrate

70. Urinalysis of a patient with diabetes mellitus detects glucosuria. What is the renal threshold for glucose reabsorption?

a. 10 mmol/L

b. 1 mmol/L

c. 5 mmol/L

d. 15 mmol/L

e. 20 mmol/L

71. A solution contains aluminum, potassium, and sodium cations. Into this solution a small amount of ammonium hydroxide and alizarin solution was added, resulting in production of a bright red precipitate (varnish). What ion has been detected as the result of this reaction?

a. Potassium

b. Calcium

c. Aluminum

d. Barium

e. Sodium

72. In systematic analysis of group IV cations, hydrogen peroxide must be added along with the group reagent. Why must this substance be added?

a. For formation of hydroxo- and oxoanions of these elements at the lowest oxidation degrees

b. For more complete precipitation of these cations

c. For formation of hydroxo- and oxoanions of these elements at the highest oxidation degrees

d. For formation of peroxide compounds of these cations

e. For destruction of hydrate complexes

73. When studying the chemical properties of an organic compound, it was established that it exhibits basic properties and easily undergoes halogenation and diazotization reactions. What compound meets these criteria?

a. Aniline

- b. Naphthalene
- c. Phenol
- d. Benzene
- e. Toluene

74. In the cells of eukaryotic organisms, the DNA is bound to proteins. What proteins are bound to the DNA molecule and stabilize it?

- a. Globulins
- b. Glutelins
- c. Histones**
- d. Albumins
- e. Interferons

75. A bodybuilder athlete came to a pharmacy complaining of hyperthermia. To improve his athletic performance, he used the banned doping compound 2,4-dinitrophenol that uncouples oxidative phosphorylation. What effect of this compound on mitochondria can explain these symptoms?

- a. Increased use of ATP for cAMP synthesis
- b. Increased oxygen consumption and activation of ATP synthesis
- c. Decreased oxygen consumption and inhibition of ATP synthesis
- d. Increased acetyl-CoA levels and stimulation of tricarboxylic acid cycle
- e. Decreased ATP synthesis and energy release in the form of heat**

76. Phosphorylation reactions in the cell are catalyzed by enzymes that have the trivial name of "kinases". What class of enzymes do they belong to?

- a. Lyases
- b. Transferases**
- c. Isomerases
- d. Oxidoreductases
- e. Ligases

77. What titrants are used in quantification of iodides by means of back titration, using the Volhard method?

- a. Silver nitrate, sodium chloride
- b. Mercury(I) nitrate, ammonium thiocyanate
- c. Mercury(II) nitrate, ammonium thiocyanate
- d. Mercury(I) nitrate, potassium thiocyanate
- e. Silver nitrate, ammonium thiocyanate**

78. What indicator is used in argentometric determination of chloride ions in Mohr's method?

- a. Potassium chromate**
- b. Methyl red
- c. Eosin
- d. Diphenylcarbazone
- e. Fluorescein

79. The fructose molecule belongs to ketoses. What phenomenon causes fructose to take part in the "silver mirror" reaction?

- a. Epimerization**
- b. Dehydration
- c. Conformation
- d. Mutarotation
- e. Condensation

80. At a pharmaceutical factory, an alkaloid must be extracted from a herbal raw material. What would ensure effective extraction of this substance?

- a. The extraction process must be carried out at a high temperature
- b. Solvents must be miscible with each other
- c. The substance must have different solubility in two different solvents**
- d. Solvents must have similar polarity values

e. The substance must enter into a chemical reaction with the solvent

81. A doctor prescribed zopiclone to a patient complaining of insomnia. This drug has a hypnotic effect, because it interacts with certain receptors. Name these receptors.

a. H<sub>1</sub>- and H<sub>2</sub>-histamine receptors

**b. Benzodiazepine and GABA receptors**

c. Serotonin and opioid receptors

d. Muscarinic and nicotinic acetylcholine receptors

e. alpha- and beta-adrenergic receptors

82. What product forms as a result of aldehydes and ketones reacting with primary amines?

a. Alcohol

**b. Azomethine**

c. Diazine

d. Nitrile

e. Thiol

83. What drug inhibits hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase enzyme and reduces cholesterol synthesis?

a. Lisinopril

b. Furosemide

c. Amlodipine besylate

**d. Atorvastatin**

e. Hydrochlorothiazide

84. What principle is used when calculating the phase transition temperature at different pressure?

a. Trouton rule

b. Konovalov rules

**c. Clausius-Clapeyron equation**

d. Gibbs phase rule

e. Mendeleev-Clapeyron equation

85. What is the name of the single elongated crystals with pointed ends that can be detected during the microscopy of the herbal raw material harvested from a monocotyledonous plant?

a. Crystalline sand

**b. Styloids**

c. Druses

d. Cystoliths

e. Globoids

86. Berberis vulgaris has spines that are modifications of:

a. Stipules

b. Rachises

**c. Leaves**

d. Petioles

e. Stems

87. What type of chromatography includes the gas-liquid chromatography?

a. Adsorption chromatography

b. Affinity chromatography

c. Gel chromatography

**d. Distribution chromatography**

e. Ion exchange chromatography

88. What pair of compounds can be distinguished from each other using the silver mirror reaction?

**a. Propanal and propanone**

b. Propane and propene

c. Ethanol and ethylene glycol

d. 1,3-Butadiene and 1,2-butadiene

e. n-Butane and isobutane

89. A man diagnosed with epilepsy has been taking phenobarbital for a long time. Over time, he has noticed a decrease in the therapeutic effect of the drug - he has developed tolerance to this drug. What is the mechanism of developing tolerance to phenobarbital?

- a. Inhibition of biotransformation
- b. Weakening of the absorption process
- c. Accumulation of the substance in the body
- d. Increased sensitivity of receptors

e. Acceleration of biotransformation

90. A patient diagnosed with stomatitis was prescribed a fat-soluble vitamin preparation that takes part in redox processes and accelerates mucosal epithelization. What drug is it?

- a. Ascorbic acid
- b. Ergocalciferol
- c. Folic acid

d. Retinol acetate

e. -

91. What enzyme is used to synthesize genes from matrix RNA on DNA in RNA-containing viruses?

- a. DNA ligase
- b. Exonuclease
- c. Helicase

d. Reverse transcriptase

e. Endonuclease

92. Select from the list a quantitative characteristic of Brownian motion.

- a. Coefficient of proportionality
- b. Diffusion coefficient
- c. Coefficient of friction

d. Average particle displacement over time

e. Resistance of the medium

93. What value is used when calculating the osmotic pressure of electrolyte solutions according to the Van 't Hoff's law?

- a. Cryoscopic constant
- b. Ebullioscopic constant

c. Isotonic coefficient

d. Activity coefficient

e. Osmotic coefficient

94. A sample of medicinal raw material was inoculated on the Sabouraud medium in order to detect phytopathogenic microorganisms in it. What microorganisms are detected this way?

a. Fungi

b. Viruses

c. Protozoa

d. Bacteria

e. Actinomycetes

95. Phellogen forms from pericycle or ground tissue that develops meristematic activity. What type of tissue is phellogen?

- a. Vascular
- b. Mechanical
- c. Secretory

d. Meristematic

e. Dermal

96. On day 20 after a massive hemorrhage, the patient with an injury to the subclavian artery underwent a blood test. What blood test findings indicate an increase in erythropoiesis?

- a. Poikilocytosis
- b. Reticulocytosis**
- c. Hypochromia
- d. Anisocytosis
- e. Anisochromia

97. What compound is a base for organic dyes and belongs to isolated polynuclear arenes?

- a. Phenanthrene
- b. Cumene
- c. Anthracene
- d. Triphenylmethane**
- e. Benzene

98. What fluid will cause plasmolysis of human blood cells, if it is mistakenly administered intravenously?

- a. 3.5% NaCl solution**
- b. 3.5% glucose solution
- c. 0.9% NaCl solution
- d. Distilled water
- e. 0.9% glucose solution

99. Spore formation helps microbes survive in the environment. What microorganisms are spore formers?

- a. Clostridium**
- b. Peptococcus
- c. Staphylococcus
- d. Peptostreptococcus
- e. Bacteroides

100. What titrimetric methods can be used for quantification of streptocide (sulfanilamide, a primary aromatic amine) in a drug?

- a. Bromatometry, complexonometry
- b. Nitritometry, argentometry
- c. Permanganometry, bromatometry
- d. Complexonometry, nitritometry
- e. Bromatometry, nitritometry**

101. What is the typical sign of the initial stage of acute renal failure?

- a. Dysuria
- b. Pollakiuria
- c. Anuria**
- d. Nocturia
- e. Polyuria

102. What substance is a unique accumulator, donor, and transformer of energy within the body?

- a. Acetyl-CoA
- b. Creatine phosphate
- c. Phosphoenolpyruvate
- d. Adenosine triphosphate**
- e. Succinyl-CoA

103. Interleukin-1 is one of the secondary pyrogens in a fever. What cells are the main producers of this pyrogen?

- a. Eosinophils
- b. Tissue basophils
- c. Macrophages**
- d. Platelets
- e. Lymphocytes

104. Bacteriology of secretions from the patient's wound, stained using the Gram technique, revealed purple spherical microorganisms, arranged like a grape cluster. What microorganisms are the most likely cause of this disease?

- a. *S. aureus*
- b. *Salmonella typhimurium*
- c. *Neisseria*
- d. *E. coli*
- e. *Proteus vulgaris*

105. A 35-year-old patient complains of intense thirst, headache, and irritability. The 24-hour fluid intake is 9 liters. The 24-hour diuresis is increased. The patient was diagnosed with diabetes insipidus. This pathology is associated with impaired production of a certain hormone. Name this hormone.

- a. Thyroxine
- b. Vasopressin
- c. Catecholamines
- d. Aldosterone
- e. Glucocorticoids

106. A 65-year-old man has been diagnosed with benign prostatic hyperplasia. What adrenoblocker should he be prescribed?

- a. Metoprolol
- b. -
- c. Doxazosin mesylate
- d. Adrenaline tartrate
- e. Propranolol hydrochloride

107. A pharmaceutical company is developing a new antitumor drug that targets an enzyme that takes part in DNA replication. What enzyme is targeted by this drug?

- a. RNA polymerase
- b. Topoisomerase
- c. Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase
- d. Peptidyl transferase
- e. Reverse transcriptase

108. What is propene structural formula?

- a.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH=CH-CH}_3$
- b. -
- c.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH=CH-CH}_3$
- d.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH=CH}_2$
- e.  $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$

109. A Gram-stained smear shows large oval violet cells that form pseudomycelium. Name these microorganisms.

- a. *Candida fungi*
- b. *Plasmodium malariae*
- c. *Actinomycetales*
- d. *Penicillium fungi*
- e. *Mucor fungi*

110. Species pectorales herbal tea contains pieces of bright yellow, sweet-tasting roots. What medicinal plant is it?

- a. *Acorus calamus*
- b. *Glycyrrhiza glabra*
- c. *Althaea officinalis*
- d. *Valeriana officinalis*
- e. *Plantago major*

111. Allopurinol is used to reduce the formation of uric acid in the treatment of gout. What enzyme is inhibited by this medicine?

a. Xanthine oxidase

b. Arginase

c. Lactate dehydrogenase

d. Catalase

e. Amylase

112. An alkali was added into the solution being analyzed. When heated, the solution produced a gas. This gas changes the color of a moist litmus paper from red to blue, which indicates the presence of the following ions in the solution:

a.  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$

b.  $\text{Pb}^{2+}$

c.  $\text{Cl}^-$

d.  $\text{NH}_4^+$

e.  $\text{Bi}^{3+}$

113. After examination, a child was diagnosed with scarlet fever. What microorganism is the causative agent of this disease?

a. Klebsiella

b. Actinomyces

c. Meningococcus

d. Streptococcus

e. Staphylococcus

114. What monomer is the basis for natural rubber?

a. Isoprene

b. Propene

c. Ethene

d. 1-Butyne

e. Divinyl

115. After evaporation of the solution that is being analyzed, the remaining dry residue turns the colorless flame of the burner purple. What ions are present in the solution, as indicated by this reaction?

a. Lithium ions

b. Barium ions

c. Sodium ions

d. Potassium ions

e. Ammonium ions

116. Polarimetry is used for determining optically active substances. What substance can be determined, using this method?

a. Glucose

b. Calcium nitrate

c. Copper sulfate

d. Potassium iodide

e. Sodium chloride

117. A patient with arterial hypotension accompanied by collapse was administered phenylephrine hydrochloride to increase the blood pressure. What receptors are stimulated by this drug?

a. beta-adrenergic receptors

b. Angiotensin receptors

c. Muscarinic acetylcholine receptors

d. Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors

e. alpha-adrenergic receptors

118. When carbohydrate intake is excessive, insulin stimulates conversion of carbohydrates into lipids in the cells of adipose tissue. What biochemical process enables this conversion?

a. Gluconeogenesis

b. Heme synthesis



- c. Uric acid synthesis
- d. Lipolysis

**e. Synthesis of higher fatty acids**

119. Hepatitis B patients and hepatitis B carriers cannot be potential donors, because there is a risk of transmitting the infection to the recipient along with blood and blood products. What transmission route is characteristic of this infection?

- a. Airborne-dust transmission
- b. Arthropod-borne transmission

**c. Parenteral transmission**

- d. Airborne-droplet transmission
- e. Alimentary transmission

120. Microscopy of plants detects parenchymal cells with thin membranes, a large nucleus, and a large number of ribosomes. What tissue is it?

a. Mechanical tissue

**b. Meristematic tissue**

- c. Secretory tissue
- d. Parenchyma
- e. Dermal tissue

121. Morphological analysis shows that the length of a leaf blade exceeds 1.5-2 times its width and the widest part is located closer to the base. What shape of the leaf blade is it?

**a. Ovate**

- b. Narrowly ovate
- c. Elliptic
- d. Lanceolate
- e. Linear

122. What law underlies the method of spectrophotometry in the ultraviolet region of the spectrum?

- a. Stokes-Lommel law
- b. Rayleigh law
- c. Faraday law
- d. Ohm law

**e. Beer-Bouguer-Lambert law**

123. A 45-year-old man has been hospitalized with intense pain in the right hypochondrium. He was diagnosed with cholelithiasis accompanied by biliary colic. What drug should be prescribed in this case to eliminate the pain syndrome?

- a. Almagel
- b. Pancreatin

**c. Drotaverine hydrochloride**

- d. Bisacodyl
- e. -

124. Microbiological testing of vaginal suppositories shows that they do not meet the requirements of the Pharmacopoeia. What microflora was detected in the suppositories, causing this conclusion?

- a. Tetracocci
- b. Micrococci
- c. Lactobacilli
- d. Sarcina

**e. Pseudomonas aeruginosa**

125. Administration of adrenaline increases glucose levels in the blood. What process is mainly activated in this case?

- a. Gluconeogenesis
- b. Glycogenesis

**c. Glycogenolysis**

- d. Lipogenesis

e. Pentose phosphate pathway

126. Name the phenomenon when aerosol particles move in the direction of decreasing temperature.

- a. Peptization
- b. Sedimentation
- c. Photophoresis
- d. Electrophoresis
- e. Thermophoresis

127. A patient has been hospitalized with signs of ascites. The doctor prescribed the patient spironolactone to enhance the diuretic effect of hydrochlorothiazide. What effect does this drug have besides its diuretic effect?

- a. Potassium-sparing
- b. Sedative
- c. Analgesic
- d. Irritant
- e. Antispasmodic

128. After a long course of antibiotic therapy, the patient developed a complication characterized by the formation of white coating on the oral mucosa. Microscopy of swabs from the affected areas reveals oval budding microorganisms. Inoculation of the obtained material on the Sabouraud medium results in growth of smooth white colonies. What drug should be used for the etiotropic treatment of this disease?

- a. Albendazole
- b. Acyclovir
- c. Isoniazid
- d. Fluconazole
- e. Doxycycline

129. What electrode can be used as an indicator electrode in titration of bases?

- a. Silver chloride electrode
- b. Calomel electrode
- c. Platinum electrode
- d. Glass electrode
- e. Quinhydrone electrode

130. What is the effect of electron-accepting substituents (type II substituents) on the course of electrophilic substitution (SE) reactions in arenes?

- a. They slow down the reaction and are meta-directors
- b. They speed up the reaction and are meta-directors
- c. They have no effect on the reaction
- d. They speed up the reaction and are ortho- and para-directors
- e. They slow down the reaction and are ortho- and para-directors

131. What titrimetric method of analysis can be used for quantification of magnesium chlorides in a mixture that contains both potassium and magnesium chlorides?

- a. Mercurimetry
- b. Argentometry
- c. Permanganatometry
- d. Complexonometry
- e. Nitritometry

132. What method of microspecimen staining can be used to detect Mycobacterium tuberculosis?

- a. Neisser stain
- b. Burri-Gins stain
- c. Ziehl-Nielsen stain
- d. Romanowsky-Giemsa stain
- e. Gram stain

133. During practice, a student was tasked with classifying plants, dividing them into monocotyledons and dicotyledons. What family of plants belongs to the monocotyledons?

- a. Fabaceae
- b. Rosaceae
- c. Brassicaceae
- d. Lamiaceae
- e. Poaceae

134. What reagent can be used for identification of lead cations according to the State Pharmacopoeia of Ukraine?

- a. Potassium iodide
- b. Urea
- c. Sodium sulfite
- d. Formaldehyde solution
- e. Sodium hydroxide

135. What antiprotozoal drug has anti-Helicobacter pylori effect?

- a. Albendazole
- b. -
- c. Metronidazole
- d. Rifampicin
- e. Isoniazid

136. What heterocycle has acidophobic properties?

- a. Pyrrole
- b. Thiophene
- c. Quinoline
- d. Pyrimidine
- e. Pteridine

137. What is benzene formula?

- a. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
- b. C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>
- c. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>
- d. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
- e. C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>

138. Ledum palustre leaves are leathery, with a flat elongated leaf blade, curved downward edges, and brown hairs on the underside. What family does this plant belong to?

- a. Lamiaceae
- b. Fabaceae
- c. Rosaceae
- d. Ericaceae
- e. Brassicaceae

139. For tetanus prevention a certain toxin is used. This toxin is being inactivated with formaldehyde (0.4%) under the temperature of 39°C over the course of 4 weeks. Name the resulting preparation.

- a. Antitoxic serum
- b. Adjuvant
- c. Immunoglobulin
- d. Anatoxin
- e. Killed vaccine

140. A patient has been admitted to the hematology department of a hospital. He has history of frequent cases of acute respiratory viral infections and tonsillitis. Examination reveals enlarged lymph nodes. Blood test results: anemia, lymphocytosis, a small number of lymphoblasts, and Gumprecht shadows in the blood smear. What pathology has most likely occurred in this patient?

- a. Multiple myeloma
- b. Agranulocytosis

- c. Chronic myeloid leukemia
- d. Chronic lymphocytic leukemia**
- e. Lymphogranulomatosis

141. What type of pharmaceutical interaction is it, when absorption of tetracycline drugs becomes reduced if they are taken simultaneously with antacids?

- a. Functional antagonism
- b. Pharmacodynamic incompatibility
- c. Synergism
- d. Pharmaceutical incompatibility
- e. Pharmacokinetic incompatibility**

142. What bioactive peptide is a major intracellular antioxidant and performs coenzyme functions?

- a. Oxytocin
- b. Glutathione**
- c. Liberine
- d. Bradykinin
- e. Hemoglobin

143. A 50-year-old patient has been hospitalized into the intensive care unit with complaints of weakness, shortness of breath, and constricting pain behind the sternum. Examination reveals that the patient's condition is moderately severe, heart rate - 80/min, blood pressure - 130/85 mm Hg. ECG shows deep Q waves and ST segment elevation. Acutely increased activity of AST, CPK-MB, and troponins is observed in the blood. What pathological condition can be characterized by the described symptoms and laboratory test results?

- a. Myocarditis
- b. Pulmonary embolism
- c. Pericarditis
- d. Angina pectoris
- e. Myocardial infarction**

144. In human body, stable glucose levels are maintained by balanced levels of insulin and counterinsular hormones. What endocrine pathology causes development of persistent hypoglycemia?

- a. Pheochromocytoma
- b. Acromegaly
- c. Thyrotoxicosis
- d. Insulinoma**
- e. Cushing disease

145. What H<sub>2</sub>-histamine blocker can be used to treat peptic ulcer disease of the stomach with increased secretory function?

- a. Atropine sulfate
- b. Drotaverine hydrochloride
- c. Famotidine**
- d. Levocetirizine
- e. Omeprazole

146. What is the mechanism of action of antiviral drug acyclovir?

- a. Antagonism with para-aminobenzoic acid
- b. Increasing the cell membrane permeability
- c. Inhibition of nucleic acid synthesis**
- d. Blockade of cell wall synthesis
- e. Inhibition of protein synthesis

147. A person has been hospitalized with the diagnosis of malaria. What route of infection transmission is characteristic of this disease?

- a. Fecal-oral transmission
- b. Arthropod-borne transmission**

- c. Indirect contact transmission
- d. Direct contact transmission
- e. Airborne and droplet transmission

148. The synthesis of thyroid hormones is carried out from tyrosine in a special protein of the thyroid gland. Name this protein.

- a. Albumin
- b. Interferon
- c. Histone
- d. Immunoglobulin
- e. Thyroglobulin

149. After adding a barium chloride solution to the solution being analyzed, a white precipitate, insoluble in acids and alkalis, formed. What anions are present in the analyzed solution?

- a. Nitrate anions
- b. Phosphate anions
- c. Carbonate anions
- d. Sulfate anions
- e. Chloride anions

150. What structures of a flower originate from the stem?

- a. Receptacle and perianth
- b. Calyx and corolla
- c. Pedicel and receptacle
- d. Calyx and stamens
- e. Stamens and pistils