



Manufacturing processes for any product is like putting together a puzzle. Products are pieced together step by step, and keeping a close eye on the process is important.

For this project, you're supporting a team that wants to improve how they monitor and control a manufacturing process. The goal is to implement a more methodical approach known as statistical process control (SPC). SPC is an established strategy that uses data to determine whether the process works well. Processes are only adjusted if measurements fall outside of an acceptable range.

This acceptable range is defined by an upper control limit (UCL) and a lower control limit (LCL), the formulas for which are:

$$ucl = avg\_height + 3 * \frac{stddev\_height}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$lcl = avg\_height - 3 * \frac{stddev\_height}{\sqrt{5}}$$

The UCL defines the highest acceptable height for the parts, while the LCL defines the lowest acceptable height for the parts. Ideally, parts should fall between the two limits.

Using SQL window functions and nested queries, you'll analyze historical manufacturing data to define this acceptable range and identify any points in the process that fall outside of the range and therefore require adjustments. This will ensure a smooth running manufacturing process consistently making high-quality products.

### The data

The data is available in the `manufacturing_parts` table which has the following fields:

- `item_no`: the item number
- `length`: the length of the item made
- `width`: the width of the item made
- `height`: the height of the item made
- `operator`: the operating machine

```
-- Final Solution
--- Step 1: Create sub query for creating row number column that contains iteration per calculation
WITH ranked AS
(
SELECT
    operator,
    item_no,
    height,
    ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY operator ORDER BY item_no) AS row_number
FROM public.manufacturing_parts
),
--- Step 2: Create another sub query for creating summary statistics such as average, standard deviation and also counter to limit window function to 5
rows.
--- Actually, COUNT here is optional as it can be also replace with 5 in the calculation of UCL and LCL.
stats AS
(
    SELECT *,
    AVG(height) OVER ( PARTITION BY operator ORDER BY item_no ROWS BETWEEN 4 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS avg_height,
    STDDEV(height) OVER (PARTITION BY operator ORDER BY item_no ROWS BETWEEN 4 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS stddev_height,
    COUNT(height) OVER (PARTITION BY operator ORDER BY item_no ROWS BETWEEN 4 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS n_in_window_5
    FROM ranked
)

SELECT
    operator,
    row_number,
    height,
    avg_height,
    stddev_height,
    avg_height + (3*(stddev_height)/SQRT(5)) AS ucl,
    avg_height - (3*(stddev_height)/SQRT(5)) AS lcl,
    CASE
    WHEN height > avg_height + (3*(stddev_height)/SQRT(n_in_window_5)) THEN TRUE
    WHEN height < avg_height - (3*(stddev_height)/SQRT(n_in_window_5)) THEN TRUE
    ELSE FALSE END AS alert

FROM stats
WHERE stats.n_in_window_5 = 5
```

i...	...	↑↓	ope...	...	↑↓	row_nu...	...	↑↓	h...	...	↑↓	avg_hei...	...	↑↓	stddev_height	...	↑↓	ucl	...	↑↓	lcl	...	↑↓	al...	...
	0		Op-1			5			19.46			19.778			1.062812307			21.2039123395			18.3520876605			False	▲
	1		Op-1			6			20.36			19.912			1.0908116244			21.3754773657			18.4485226343			False	●
	2		Op-1			7			20.22			20.03			1.084573649			21.4851082434			18.5748917566			False	
	3		Op-1			8			21.03			19.934			0.9312249997			21.183369441			18.684630559			False	
	4		Op-1			9			19.78			20.17			0.5988321969			20.9734176996			19.3665823004			False	
	5		Op-1			10			20.71			20.42			0.4768123321			21.0597108722			19.7802891278			False	
	6		Op-1			11			20.62			20.472			0.4827732387			21.1197082677			19.8242917323			False	
	7		Op-1			12			19.51			20.33			0.6506535176			21.2029432971			19.4570567029			False	
	8		Op-1			13			20.06			20.136			0.5215649528			20.8357528135			19.4362471865			False	
	9		Op-1			14			20.3			20.24			0.4832701108			20.8883748916			19.5916251084			False	
	10		Op-1			15			20.25			20.148			0.4095973633			20.6975325286			19.5984674714			False	
	11		Op-1			16			20.52			20.128			0.3823218539			20.6409385928			19.6150614072			False	
	12		Op-1			17			19.33			20.092			0.4563660811			20.704279348			19.479720652			True	
	13		Op-1			18			19.12			19.904			0.6324792487			20.7525599566			19.0554400434			False	
	14		Op-1			19			19.37			19.718			0.6235944195			20.5546397074			18.8813602926			False	
	15		Op-1			20			18.8			19.428			0.6508993778			20.3012731531			18.5547268469			False	▼