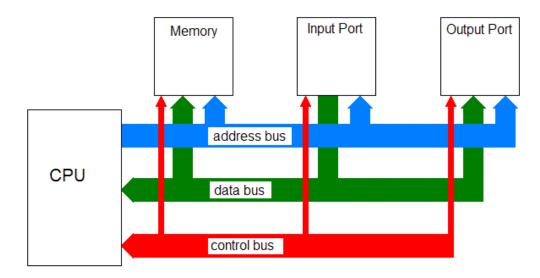
THE COMPUTER, KEY COMPONENTS

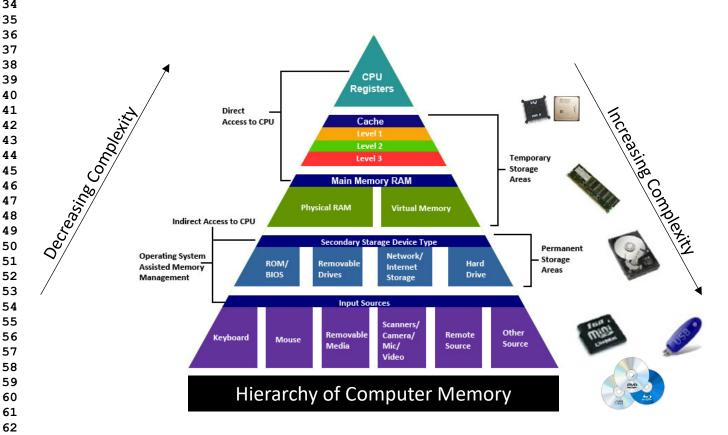


BUS

- A subsystem interconnecting a computer's components.
- Data and power travel along the bus.

CPU

- Central Processing Unit or the brain of the computer.
- Receives instructions from memory and execute them.
- Control Unit: controls and coordinates the other components.
- Arithmetic/Logic Unit: numeric operations and logical operations.
- Internal clock => electronic pulses at constant rate.



65

126

```
66
      public class SpecialChracters {
 67
 68
          public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                                     Single quotation mark: '
 69
              System.out.println("Single quotation mark: \'");
 70
              System.out.println("Double quatation mark: \"");
                                                                     Double quatation mark: "
 71
              System.out.println("Backslash: \\");
                                                                     Backslash: \
                                                           // \t
 72
              System.out.println("Tab:a \tb");
                                                                     Tab:a
              System.out.println("Backspace:a \bb");
 73
                                                           // \b
                                                                     Backspace:ab
 74
              System.out.println("Carriage return:a \rb");// \r
 75
                                                           // \f
              System.out.println("Formfeed:a \fb");
                                                                     Formfeed:a \Lambb
                                                           // \n
 76
              System.out.println("Newline:a \nb");
                                                                     Newline:a
 77
 78
              System.out.println("A box:");
 79
              System.out.println("----");
                                                                     A box:
 80
              System.out.println("|\t\t|");
 81
              System.out.println("|\t\t|");
 82
              System.out.println("|\t\t|");
                                                                                     I
 83
              System.out.println("|\t\t|");
                                                                     ı
                                                                                     Т
 84
              System.out.println("----");
 85
 86
              System.out.print("print");
 87
              System.out.print("\nprint");
                                                                     print
 88
              System.out.println("println");
                                                                     printprintln
 89
          }
 90
      }
 91
 92
 93
 94
      - variable is a symbol representing a value stored in the computer's memory.
 95
      - data type is the kind of data or value stored in a variable.
 96
      - primitive data types or fundamental types are integers, real numbers, characters,
 97
      and Boolean types.
 98
      - floating-point numbers are real numbers with a decimal point
99
100
101
102
      public class ComputeArea {
103
104
          public static void main(String[] args) {
105
              double radius; // Declare radius
106
              double area;
                             // Declare area
107
108
              // Assign a radius
109
              radius = 20;
                             // New value is radius
110
111
              // Compute area
112
              area = radius * radius * 3.14159;
113
114
              // Display results
115
              System.out.println("The area for the circle of radius "
116
                                              + radius + " is " + area);
117
          }
118
      }
119
120
121
      OUTPUT:
122
123
      The area for the circle of radius 20.0 is 1256.636
124
125
```

```
127
      THE COMPUTER and ELEMENTARY PROGRAMMING 2
128
129
      INPUT and OUTPUT
130
      - Scanner class for console input
131
      - System.out
                      for standard output
132
      - System.in
                      for standard input
133
134
135
136
      package pkg03;
137
138
      // Import class Scanner from package java.util
139
      import java.util.Scanner;
140
141
      public class UserQA {
142
143
          // Create a Scanner object
144
          static Scanner key = new Scanner(System.in);
145
146
          public static void main(String[] args) {
147
148
              // Prompt the user to enter name
              System.out.print("Tell me your name, please: \t");
149
150
              // Read a line and store it
151
              String a = key.nextLine();
152
153
              // Prompt the user to enter age
154
              System.out.print("Tell me your age, please: \t");
              // Read an int and store it
155
156
              int b = key.nextInt();
157
158
              // Prompt the user to enter height
              System.out.print("Tell me your height, please: \t");
159
160
              // Read a double and store it
161
              double c = key.nextDouble();
162
163
              // Display a blank line
164
              System.out.print("\n");
165
166
              // Display collected information
              System.out.println("Your name is: \t" + a + "\nYour age is: \t"
167
                      + b + "\nYour height is: " + c);
168
169
          }
170
      }
171
172
173
174
      OUTPUT:
175
176
      Tell me your name, please:
                                     Mickey Mouse
177
      Tell me your age, please:
178
      Tell me your height, please:
179
180
      Your name is:
                        Mickey Mouse
181
      Your age is:
182
      Your height is: 2.0
183
184
185
186
187
188
```

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/12/docs/api/java.base/java/util/Scanner.html

String	next()	Finds and returns the next complete token from
		this scanner.
String	next(String pattern)	Returns the next token if it matches the pattern
		constructed from the specified string.
String	next	Returns the next token if it matches the specified
	(Pattern pattern)	pattern.
BigDecimal	nextBigDecimal()	Scans the next token of the input as a BigDecimal.
BigInteger	nextBigInteger()	Scans the next token of the input as a BigInteger.
BigInteger	nextBigInteger	Scans the next token of the input as a BigInteger.
	(int radix)	
boolean	nextBoolean()	Scans the next token of the input into a boolean
		value and returns that value.
byte	nextByte()	Scans the next token of the input as a byte.
byte	nextByte(int radix)	Scans the next token of the input as a byte.
double	nextDouble()	Scans the next token of the input as a double.
float	nextFloat()	Scans the next token of the input as a float.
int	nextInt()	Scans the next token of the input as an int.
int	nextInt(int radix)	Scans the next token of the input as an int.
String	nextLine()	Advances this scanner past the current line and
		returns the input that was skipped.
long	nextLong()	Scans the next token of the input as a long.
long	nextLong(int radix)	Scans the next token of the input as a long.
short	nextShort()	Scans the next token of the input as a short.
short	nextShort(int radix)	Scans the next token of the input as a short.

```
197
198
      // Scanner is in the java.util package
199
      import java.util.Scanner;
200
201
      public class ComputeAverage {
202
203
          public static void main(String[] args) {
204
              // Create a Scanner object
205
              Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
206
207
              // Prompt the user to enter three numbers
208
              System.out.print("Enter three numbers: ");
209
              double number1 = input.nextDouble();
              double number2 = input.nextDouble();
210
              double number3 = input.nextDouble();
211
212
213
              // Compute average
214
              double average = (number1 + number2 + number3) / 3;
215
              // Display result
216
217
              System.out.println("The average of " + number1 + " " + number2
218
                      + " " + number3 + " is " + average);
219
          }
220
      }
221
222
223
      OUTPUT:
224
225
      Enter three numbers: 2.1 3.6 7.7
226
      The average of 2.1 3.6 7.7 is 4.46666666666667
227
```