- 1. Fórmula de D'Alambert: $u(x;r,t)=\frac{1}{2}[g(x+t)-g(x-t)]+\frac{1}{2}\int_{x-t}^{x+t}h(y)\,\mathrm{d}y$
- 2. Medias Esféricas: $U(r,t;x)=\int_{\partial B(x,r)}u(y,t)\,\mathrm{d}y$, $U_{tt}-U_{rr}-\frac{n-1}{r}U_r=0$ s.a. U=G,U=H en $\mathbb{R}_+\times\{t=0\}$
- 3. Fórmula de Khirchhoff: $u(x,t)=f_{\partial B(x,t)}\,th(y)+g(y)+Dg(y)\cdot(y-x)\,\mathrm{d}S(y)$, válida sólo para n=3 .
- 4. Fórmula de Poisson 2D: $u(x,t)=\frac{1}{2}\int_{B(x,t)}\frac{tg(y)+t^2h(y)+tDg(y)\cdot(y-x)}{(t^2-|y-x|^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}}\,\mathrm{d}S(y)$
- 5. Fórmulas de Poisson 3D: $u(x,t) = \partial_t \Big(t \int_{\partial B(x,t)} g \, \mathrm{d}S \Big) + \tfrac{1}{2r} \int_{\partial B(x,t)} h(y) \, \mathrm{d}S(y) \\ = \int_{\partial B(x,t)} t h(y) + g(y) + Dg(y) \cdot (y-x) \, \mathrm{d}S(y)$
- 6. Solución homogénea general n impar:

$$\begin{split} u(x,t) &= \frac{1}{\gamma_n} \left[\partial_t \left(\frac{1}{t} \partial_t \right)^{\frac{n-3}{2}} \left(t^{n-2} \oint_{\partial B(x,t)} g \, \mathrm{d}S \right) + \left(\frac{1}{t} \partial_t \right)^{\frac{n-3}{2}} \left(t^{n-2} \oint_{\partial B(x,t)} h \, \mathrm{d}S \right) \right], \\ \gamma_n &= 1 \cdot 3 \cdot \dots \cdot (n-2) \end{split}$$

7. Solución homogénea general n par:

$$\begin{split} u(x,t) &= \frac{1}{\gamma_n} \left[\partial_t \left(\frac{1}{t} \partial_t \right)^{\frac{n-2}{2}} \left(t^n \int_{B(x,t)} \frac{g(y)}{(t^2 - |y-x|^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \, \mathrm{d}y \right) + \left(\frac{1}{t} \partial_t \right)^{\frac{n-2}{2}} \left(t^n \int_{B(x,t)} \frac{h(y)}{(t^2 - |y-x|^2)^{\frac{1}{2}}} \, \mathrm{d}y \right) \right], \\ \gamma_n &= 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot n \end{split}$$

1. Solución no-homogénea: $u(x,t)=\int_0^t u(x,t;s)\,\mathrm{d}s$, donde para $t\geq s$, $u_{tt}(\cdot;s)-\Delta u(\cdot;s)=0$, s.a. $u(\cdot;s)=0,\,u_{t(\cdot;s)}=f(\cdot,s)$ en t=s.