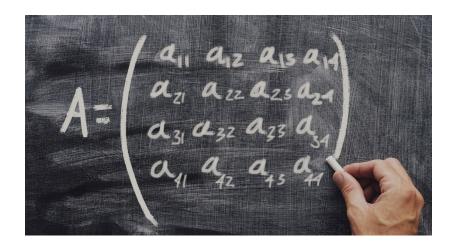
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Práctica 2

Producto de matrices en cadena







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Introducción

Para poder multiplicar matrices además de el trabajo que se debe hacer para multiplicar cada matriz también importa el orden en la que se multiplican las matrices, esto es muy importante ya que al tener un orden en especifico se puede ahorrar mucho trabajo lo cual se ve en programación dinámica, por este motivo es que se diseño este programa en el cual se muestra la forma en la que es más efectiva multiplicar las matrices, esto se hace tomando el que genere el menor número de pasos que se deben realizar.

Código en C++

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
struct bases{
        int n1;
        int n2;
}base[100];
int mult(bases, bases);
bases nueva(bases,bases,bases);
void tresmat();
void fourmat();
void fivemat();
void res(bases m1);
int min(int,int);
void color(int,int);
int i=0;
```

```
int main(){
        int matrices;
        system("CLS");
         cout<<"Ingrese el numero de matrices: ";
         cin>>matrices;
        for(i=0;i<matrices;i++){</pre>
                 cout<<"Ingrese el orden de su matriz: ";
                 cin>>base[i].n1>>base[i].n2;
        }
        switch(matrices){
                 case 3:
                          tresmat();
                          break;
                 case 4:
                          fourmat();
                          break;
                 case 5:
                          fivemat();
                          break;
        }
        return 0;
}
bases nueva(bases m1,bases m2){
        bases j;
        j.n1 = m1.n1;
        j.n2 = m2.n2;
        return j;
}
```

```
int mult(bases m1,bases m2){
        int mu = m1.n1 * m1.n2;
        return mu * m2.n2;
}
void res(bases m1){
        cout<<m1.n1<<"x"<<m1.n2;
        cout<<" ";
}
int min(int a,int b){
        if(a < b) return a;
        else return b;
}
void color(int a,int b){
        if(a == b){
                 printf("\033[0;31m");
        }
}
void tresmat(){
        // Producto de matrices en cadena
        int b1,c2,c1a,c1b;
        b1 = mult(base[0],base[1]);
        base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[1]);
        c1a = mult(base[i],base[2]) + b1;
        c2 = mult(base[1],base[2]);
        i++;
        base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[2]);
        c1b = mult(base[0],base[i]) + c2;
        if(min((c1a),(c1b)) == (c1a) ){
                 printf("\033[0;31m");
```

```
}
     else{
           printf("\033[0;31m");
           cout<<"\n\tA"<<"(BC)"<<"-> "<<c1b;printf("\033[0m");
     }
     // Creacion de la tabla
     cout<<"\n_____
                                                                "<<endl;
     cout<<" | \t A"<<"\t B"<<"\t C";
     cout<<"\n-----";
     cout<<"\nA | X ";
     cout<<"A";res(base[0]);cout<<"B";res(base[1]);cout<<"-> "<<b1;
     color(min((c1a),(c1b)),c1a);
     cout<<"\t(AB)";res(base[3]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c1a;printf("\033[0m");
     cout<<endl<<" |";
     color(min((c1a),(c1b)),c1b);
     cout<<"\n-----";
     cout<<"\nB | X X ";
     cout<<"\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c2;
     cout<<"\n-----";
     cout<<"\nC | X X \t X "<<endl;
     cout<<"_____
                             "<<endl;
}
void fourmat(){
     // Producto de matrices en cadena
     int b1,c2,c1a,c1b,j,d3,k,d2b,d2a,d1a,d1b,c1,d2;
     b1 = mult(base[0],base[1]);
     //4
```

cout<<endl<<"(AB)"<<"C"<<"-> "<<c1a;printf("\033[0m");

```
base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[1]);
c1a = mult(base[i],base[2]) + b1;
i++; //5
base[i] = nueva(base[4],base[2]);
c2 = mult(base[1],base[2]);
i++;//6
base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[2]);
c1b = mult(base[0],base[i]) + c2;
i++;//7
base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[6]);
if(min((c1a),(c1b)) == (c1a) ){
        j = 5;
        c1 = c1a;
}
else{
        j = 7;
        c1 = c1b;
d3 = mult(base[2],base[3]);
i++; //8
base[i] = nueva(base[2],base[3]);
d2b = mult(base[1],base[i]) + d3;
i++; //9
base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[8]);
d2a = mult(base[6],base[3]) + c2;
i++; //10
base[i] = nueva(base[6],base[3]);
if(min((d2a),(d2b)) == (d2a)){
        k = 10;
        d2 = d2a;
```

```
}
else{
       k = 9;
       d2 = d2b;
}
d1a = mult(base[j],base[3]) + c1;
i++; //11
base[i] = nueva(base[j],base[3]);
d1b = mult(base[0],base[k]) + d2;
i++;//12
base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[k]);
if(min((d1a),(d1b)) == (d1a) ){
       printf("\033[0;31m");
       cout<<endl<<"(A(BC))"<<"D"<<"-> "<<d1a;printf("\033[0m");
}
else{
       printf("\033[0;31m");
       cout<<"\n\tA"<<"((BC)D)"<<"-> "<<d1b;printf("\033[0m");
}
// Creacion de la tabla
           cout<<" | \t A"<<"\t B"<<"\t C"<<"\t
                                                      D";
cout<<"\n-----";
cout<<"\nA | X ";
cout<<"A";res(base[0]);cout<<"B";res(base[1]);cout<<"-> "<<b1;
color(min((c1a),(c1b)),c1a);
cout<<"\t(AB)";res(base[4]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c1a;printf("\033[0m");
color(min(d1a,d1b),d1a);
cout<<"\t(A(BC))";res(base[j]);cout<<" D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d1a;printf("\033[0m");
cout<<endl<<" |";
```

```
color(min(c1b,c1a),c1b);
                   cout << "\{t\} t = (BC)"; res(base[6]); cout << "-> "<< 1b; printf("\033[0m"); res(base[6]); cout << "-> "< 1b; printf("\033[0m"); res(base[6]); res(base[6
                   color(min(d1a,d1b),d1b);
                   cout<<"\t\tA";res(base[0]);cout<<"((BC)D)";res(base[k]);cout<"-> "<<d1b;printf("\033[0m");
                   cout<<"\n-----":
                   cout<<"\nB | X X ";
                   cout<<"\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c2;
                   color(min(d2a,d2b),d2a);
                   cout<<"\t\t(BC)";res(base[6]);cout<<"D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d2a;printf("\033[0m");
                   cout<<endl<<" |";
                   color(min(d2a,d2b),d2b);
                   cout<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"(CD)";res(base[8]);cout<<"->
"<<d2b;printf("\033[0m");
                   cout<<"\n-----";
                   cout<<"\t\tC";res(base[2]);cout<<"D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d3<<endl;
                   cout<<"-----";
                   cout << "\nD | X X \t\t X \t\t X";
                   cout<<"\n_____
                                             "<<endl;
}
void fivemat(){
                   // Producto de matrices en cadena
                   int b1,c2,c1a,c1b,j,d3,k,d2b,d2a,d1a,d1b,e4,e3b,e3a,e2b,e2a,e1b,l,m,n,e1a,c1,d2,d1,e3,e2;
                   b1 = mult(base[0],base[1]);
                   //5
                   base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[1]);
                   c1a = mult(base[i],base[2]) + b1;
                   i++; //6
                   base[i] = nueva(base[5],base[2]);
```

```
c2 = mult(base[1],base[2]);
i++;//7
base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[2]);
c1b = mult(base[0],base[i]) + c2;
i++;//8
base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[7]);
if(min(c1a,c1b) == c1a){
        j = 6;
        c1 = c1a;
}
else{
        j = 8;
        c1 = c1b;
}
d3 = mult(base[2],base[3]);
i++; //9
base[i] = nueva(base[2],base[3]);
d2b = mult(base[1],base[i]) + d3;
i++; //10
base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[9]);
d2a = mult(base[7],base[3]) + c2;
i++; //11
base[i] = nueva(base[7],base[3]);
if(min(d2a,d2b) == d2a){
        k = 11;
        d2 = d2a;
}
else{
        k = 10;
        d2 = d2b;
}
```

```
d1a = mult(base[j],base[3]) + c1;
i++; //12
base[i] = nueva(base[j],base[3]);
d1b = mult(base[0],base[k]) + d2;
i++;//13
base[i] = nueva(base[0],base[k]);
if(min(d1a,d1b) == d1a ){
        l = 12;
        d1 = d1a;
}
else{
        I = 13;
        d1 = d1b;
}
e4 = mult(base[3],base[4]);
i++;//14
base[i] = nueva(base[3],base[4]);
e3b = mult(base[2],base[i]) + e4;
i++;//15
base[i] = nueva(base[2],base[14]);
e3a = mult(base[9],base[4]) + d3;
i++;//16
base[i] = nueva(base[9],base[4]);
if(min(e3a,e3b) == e3a ){
        m = 16;
        e3 = e3a;
}
else{
        m = 15;
        e3 = e3b;
}
```

```
i++;//17
base[i] = nueva(base[1],base[m]);
e2a = mult(base[k],base[4]) + d2;
i++;//18
base[i] = nueva(base[k],base[4]);
if(min(e2a,e2b) == e2a){}
        n = 18;
        e2 = e2a;
}
else{
        n = 17;
        e2 = e2b;
}
e1b = mult(base[0],base[n]) + e2;
e1a = mult(base[I],base[4]) + d1;
if(min(e1a,e1b) == e1a){
        printf("\033[0;31m");
        cout<<endl<<"((A(BC))D)"<<"E"<<"-> "<<e1a;printf("\033[0m");
}
else{
        printf("\033[0;31m");
        cout<<"\n\tA"<<"(((BC)D)E)"<<"-> "<<e1b;printf("\033[0m");
}
// Creacion de la tabla
                                                          "<<endl;
cout<<" | \t A"<<"\t B"<<"\t C"<<"\t
                                                          D"<<"\t
                                                                              E";
cout<<"\nA | X ";
```

e2b = mult(base[1],base[m]) + e3;

```
cout<<"A";res(base[0]);cout<<"B";res(base[1]);cout<<"-> "<<b1;
        color(min(c1b,c1a),c1a);
        cout<<"\t(AB)";res(base[5]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c1a;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(d1a,d1b),d1a);
        cout<<"\t\t(A(BC))";res(base[j]);cout<<" D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d1a;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(e1a,e1b),e1a);
        cout<<"\t\t((A(BC))D)";res(base[I]);cout<<" E";res(base[4]);cout<<"-> "<<e1a;printf("\033[0m");
        cout<<endl<<" |";
        color(min(c1b,c1a),c1b);
        cout<<"\t\t\t\tA";res(base[0]);cout<<"(BC)";res(base[7]);cout<"-> "<<c1b;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(d1a,d1b),d1b);
        cout<<"\t\tA";res(base[0]);cout<<"((BC)D)";res(base[k]);cout<"-> "<<d1b;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(e1a,e1b),e1b);
        cout<<"\t\tA";res(base[0]);cout<<"(((BC)D)E)";res(base[n]);cout<<"-> "<<e1b;printf("\033[0m");
        cout<<"\nB | X
                                 Χ
        cout<<"\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"C";res(base[2]);cout<<"-> "<<c2;
        color(min(d2a,d2b),d2a);
        cout<<"\t\t(BC)";res(base[7]);cout<<"D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d2a;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(e2a,e2b),e2a);
        cout<<"\t\t((BC)D)";res(base[k]);cout<<"E";res(base[4]);cout<"-> "<<e2a;printf("\033[0m");
        cout<<endl<<" |";
        color(min(d2a,d2b),d2b);
        cout<<"\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\t\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"(CD)";res(base[9]);cout<<"->
"<<d2b;printf("\033[0m");
        color(min(e2a,e2b),e2b);
        cout<<"\t\tB";res(base[1]);cout<<"((CD)E)";res(base[m]);cout<<"-> "<<e2b;printf("\033[0m");
        cout << "\nC | X X \t\t X ";
        cout<<"\t\tC";res(base[2]);cout<<"D";res(base[3]);cout<<"-> "<<d3;
```

Pruebas especificadas

Prueba 1:

Prueba 2:

Prueba 3:

```
Ingrese el numero de matrices: 5
Ingrese el orden de su matriz: 3 2
Ingrese el orden de su matriz: 2 5
Ingrese el orden de su matriz: 5 1
Ingrese el orden de su matriz: 1 4
Ingrese el orden de su matriz: 4 7
                          В
                                                С
        X A3x2 B2x5 -> 30
                                       (AB)3x5 C5x1 -> 45
                                                                         A3x2 ((BC)D)2x4 -> 42
                                                                                                          A3x2 (((BC)D)E)2x7 -> 116
            X B2x5 C5x1 -> 10
                                                                         B2x5 (CD)5x4 -> 60
                                                                                                          B2x5 ((CD)E)5x7 -> 133
                                                                                                         (CD)5x4 E4x7 -> 160
                                                                         C5x1 D1x4 -> 20
                                                                                                          D1x4 E4x7 -> 28
```