

Writing Better Functions with TypeScript



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Overview



Adding type annotations to functions

Using arrow functions

Declaring function types



Adding Type Annotations to Functions

```
function dullFunc(value1, value2) {  
    }  
}
```

Implicitly assigned the type "any"



Adding Type Annotations to Functions

```
function dullFunc(value1, value2) {  
    return "I'm boring and difficult. Don't be like me.";  
}
```



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```
function funFunc(score: number, message?: string): string {  
    return "I've got personality and I'm helpful! Be like me!";  
}
```



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Using the *--noImplicitAny* Compiler Option

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error TS7006: Parameter 'value1' implicitly has an 'any' type.

error TS7006: Parameter 'value2' implicitly has an 'any' type.




Default-Initialized Parameters

```
function sendGreeting(greeting: string = 'Good morning!'): void {  
      
}
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function sendGreeting(greeting: string = 'Good morning!'): void {  
    console.log(greeting);  
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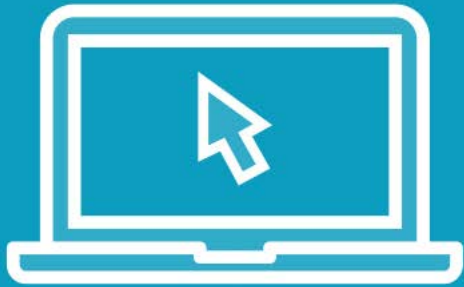
Default-Initialized Parameters

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function sendGreeting(greeting: string = 'Good morning!'): void {  
    console.log(greeting);  
}
```

`sendGreeting(); // Good morning!` 

`sendGreeting('Good afternoon!'); // Good afternoon!` 

Demo




Adding type annotations and default parameter values



Anatomy of an Arrow Function

parameters \Rightarrow function body



Anatomy of an Arrow Function

```
let squareIt = x => x * x;
```



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Anatomy of an Arrow Function

```
let squareit = x => x * x;  
let result = squareit(4); // 16
```



Anatomy of an Arrow Function

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let adder = (a, b) => a + b;
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Anatomy of an Arrow Function

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let sum = adder(2, 3); // 5
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let sum = adder(2, 3); // 5
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```
let greeting = () => console.log('Hello World!');
```

```
greeting(); // Hello World!
```



Anatomy of an Arrow Function

```
let scores: number[] = [70, 125, 85, 110];  
let highScores: number[];
```



Anatomy of an Arrow Function

```
let scores: number[] = [70, 125, 85, 110];  
let highScores: number[];  
highScores = scores.filter((element, index, array) => {  
    if (element > 100) {  
        return true;  
    }  
});
```



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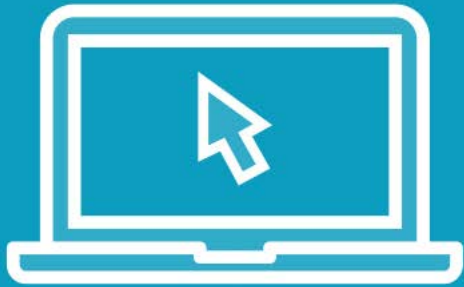


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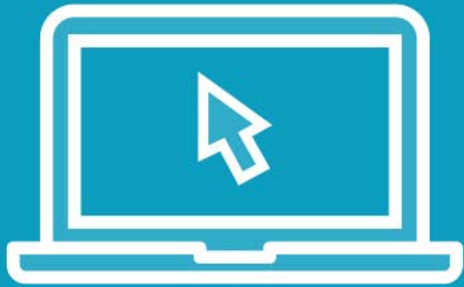
Demo



Converting a traditional function to
an arrow function...with type annotations!



Demo



Taking advantage of function types



Summary



TypeScript functions are easy to use

Flexibility included

Clean syntax

