Índice

1. Túneles 6in4

Dado el siguiente escenario:
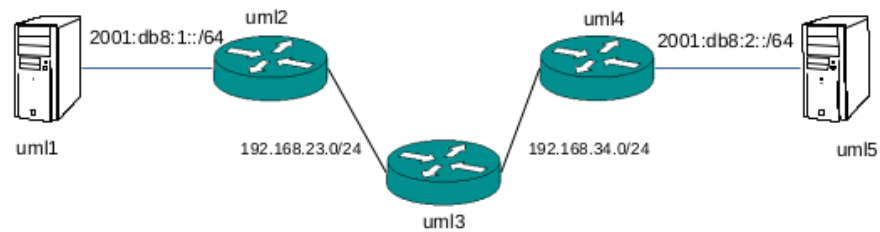

```
# net.conf
defsw br12 uml1.0 uml2.0
defsw br23 uml2.1 uml3.0
defsw br34 uml3.1 uml4.0
defsw br23 uml4.1 uml5.0

! UML1 y UML5
configure terminal
int eth0
no shutdown
end
write

! UML2
configure terminal
int eth0
ipv6 address 2001:db8:1::1/64
ipv6 nd prefix 2001:db8:1::/64 ! Para que anuncie su prefijo a UML1
no ipv6 nd suppress-ra
quit
int eth1
ip address 192.168.23.1/24
quit
ip route 0.0.0.0/0 192.168.23.2
ipv6 forwarding
ip forwarding
```

```
end
write

! UML3
configure terminal
int eth0
ip address 192.168.23.2/24
quit
int eth1
ip address 192.168.34.2/24
quit
ip forwarding
ip route 192.168.23.0/24 192.168.34.2
ip route 192.168.34.0/24 192.168.23.2
end
write

! UML4
configure terminal
int eth0
ip address 192.168.34.1/24
quit
int eth1
ipv6 address 2001:db8:2::1/64
ipv6 nd prefix 2001:db8:2::/64 ! Para que anuncie su prefijo a UML5
no ipv6 nd suppress-ra
quit
ip route 0.0.0.0/0 192.168.34.2
ipv6 forwarding
ip forwarding
end
write

# UML2 (bash)
ip tunnel add tunnel1 mode sit remote 192.168.34.1
ip link set dev tunnel1 up mtu 1400
ip route add 2001:db8:2::/64 dev tunnel1

# UML4 (bash)
ip tunnel add tunnel2 mode sit remote 192.168.23.1
ip link set dev tunnel2 up mtu 1400
ip route add 2001:db8:1::/64 dev tunnel2

# TEST
# probar desde vtysh en UML1 y UML2 que se anunció correctamente el prefijo
show ipv6 route
```
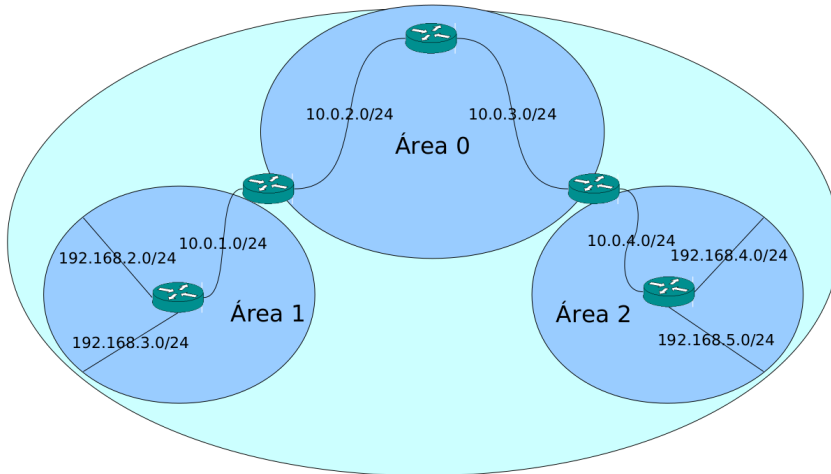
```
# TEST
# Desde UML2, probar un ping a UML4 y viceversa
ping -c 5 192.168.(34|23).1
# Desde UML1, probar un ping6 a UML5 y viceversa
ping6 -c 5 2001:db8:(1|2):ff:fe00:5f0
```

2. OSPFv2

Configurar 5 máquinas virtuales para crear el siguiente AS:


```
# net.conf
defsw br12 uml1.0 uml2.0
defsw net1 uml1.1
defsw net2 uml1.2
defsw br23 uml2.1 uml3.0
defsw br34 uml3.1 uml4.0
defsw br45 uml4.1 uml5.0
defsw net3 uml5.1
defsw net4 uml5.2

# En cuanto se inician las UML, editar el fichero /etc/quagga/daemons la línea
ospfd=no
# Por
ospfd=yes
# A continuación restart del servicio
systemctl restart quagga
# Verificar que se ospfd está corriendo
systemctl status quagga

! UML1 (zebra.conf)
conf[igure] term[inal]
```

```
int[erface] eth0
ip address 10.0.1.1/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ip address 192.168.3.1/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth2
ip address 192.168.2.1/24
no shutdown
quit
ip forwarding
exit
write

! UML2 (zebra.conf)
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
ip address 10.0.1.2/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ip address 10.0.2.2/24
no shutdown
quit
ip forwarding
exit
write

! UML3 (zebra.conf)
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
ip address 10.0.2.1/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ip address 10.0.3.1/24
no shutdown
quit
ip forwarding
exit
write

! UML4 (zebra.conf)
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
```

```
ip address 10.0.3.2/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ip address 10.0.4.2/24
no shutdown
quit
ip forwarding
exit
write

! UML5 (zebra.conf)
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
ip address 10.0.4.1/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ip address 192.168.4.1/24
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth2
ip address 192.168.5.1/24
no shutdown
quit
ip forwarding
exit
write

! UML1 ospf.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf
ospf router-id 0.0.0.1
network 10.0.1.0/24 area 1
network 192.168.2.0/24 area 1
network 192.168.3.0/24 area 1
area 1 stub
passive-interface eth1 ! Las redes de usuario irán siempre como passive-interface
passive-interface eth2
end
write

! UML2 ospf.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf
ospf router-id 0.0.0.2
network 10.0.1.0/24 area 1
```

```
network 10.0.2.0/24 area 0
! No advierte de este area en otras areas por ser ABR
area 1 range 10.0.0.0/8 not-advertise
end
write

! UML3 ospf.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf
ospf router-id 0.0.0.3
network 10.0.2.0/24 area 0
network 10.0.3.0/24 area 0

! UML4 ospf.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf
ospf router-id 0.0.0.4
network 10.0.3.0/24 area 0
network 10.0.4.0/24 area 2
! No advierte de este area en otras areas por ser ABR
area 2 range 10.0.0.0/8 not-advertise
end
write

! UML5 ospf.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf
ospf router-id 0.0.0.5
network 10.0.4.0/24 area 2
network 192.168.4.0/24 area 2
network 192.168.5.0/24 area 2
area 2 stub
passive-interface eth1 ! Las redes de usuario irán siempre como passive-interface
passive-interface eth2
end
write
```
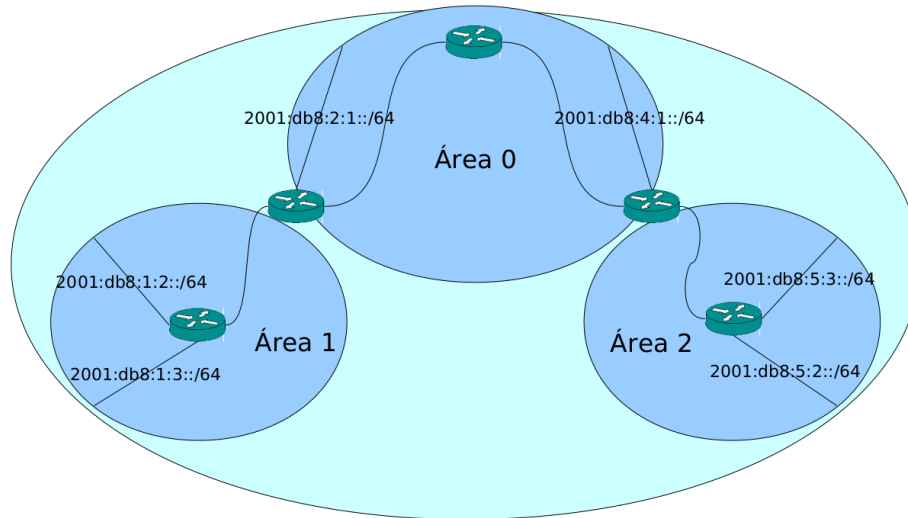
Comprobar las tablas de ospf con el comando

```
show ip ospf database
```

3. OSPFv3

Configurar 5 máquinas virtuales para crear el siguiente AS:


```
# net.conf
defsw br12 uml1.0 uml2.0
defsw net1 uml1.1
defsw net2 uml1.2
defsw br23 uml2.2 uml3.0
defsw net3 uml2.1
defsw br34 uml3.1 uml4.0
defsw net4 uml4.2
defsw br45 uml4.1 uml5.0
defsw net5 uml5.1
defsw net6 uml5.2


 # En cuanto se inician las UML, editar el fichero /etc/quagga/daemons la línea
 ospf6d=no
 # Por
 ospf6d=yes
 # A continuación restart del servicio
 systemctl restart quagga
 # Verificar que se ospfd está corriendo
 systemctl status quagga

! UML1 zebra.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
no shutdown
quit
```

```
int[erface] eth1
ipv6 address 2001:db8:1:3::1/64
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth2
ipv6 address 2001:db8:1:2::1/64
no shutdown
quit
ipv6 forwarding
exit
write

! UML2 zebra.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ipv6 address 2001:db8:2:1::1/64
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth2
no shutdown
quit
ipv6 f[orwarding]
exit
write

! UML3 zebra.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
no shutdown
quit
ipv6 f[orwarding]
exit
write

! UML4 zebra.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
no shutdown
```

```
quit
int[erface] eth2
ipv6 address 2001:db8:4:1::1/64
no shutdown
quit
ipv6 f[orwarding]
exit
write

! UML5 zebra.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
int[erface] eth0
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth1
ipv6 address 2001:db8:5:3::1/64
no shutdown
quit
int[erface] eth2
ipv6 address 2001:db8:5:2::1/64
no shutdown
quit
ipv6 forwarding
exit
write

! UML1 ospf6d.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf6
router-id 0.0.0.1
interface eth0 area 0.0.0.1
interface eth1 area 0.0.0.1
interface eth2 area 0.0.0.1
end
write

! UML2 ospf6d.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf6
router-id 0.0.0.2
interface eth0 area 0.0.0.1
interface eth1 area 0.0.0.0
interface eth2 area 0.0.0.0
end
write

! UML3 ospf6d.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
```

```
router ospf6
router-id 0.0.0.3
interface eth0 area 0.0.0.0
interface eth1 area 0.0.0.0
end
write

! UML4 ospf6d.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf6
router-id 0.0.0.4
interface eth0 area 0.0.0.0
interface eth1 area 0.0.0.2
interface eth2 area 0.0.0.0
end
write

! UML5 ospf6d.conf
conf[igure] term[inal]
router ospf6
router-id 0.0.0.5
interface eth0 area 0.0.0.2
interface eth1 area 0.0.0.2
interface eth2 area 0.0.0.2
```