Exam 1 - Selected Answers

```
library(tidyverse)
Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.5.1
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr 1.1.4
                    v readr 2.1.5
v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
v ggplot2 4.0.0 v tibble 3.2.1
v lubridate 1.9.4 v tidyr
                                  1.3.1
v purrr
          1.0.4
-- Conflicts -----
                                          ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become
library(summarytools)
Warning: package 'summarytools' was built under R version 4.5.1
Attaching package: 'summarytools'
The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
    view
hflashes <- read.csv("datasets/hflashes.csv")</pre>
```

1 Item 1

The variable hotflash includes the participant responses when asked if they experienced hot flashes in the past month (0=No, 1=Yes). What is the relative frequency of participants who reported to have experienced hot flashes in the past month?

freq(hflashes\$hotflash)

Frequencies hflashes\$hotflash

Type: Integer

	Freq	% Valid	% Valid Cum.	% Total	% Total Cum.
0	257	68.53	68.53	68.53	68.53
1	118	31.47	100.00	31.47	100.00
<na></na>	0			0.00	100.00
Total	375	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

1.1 Item 2

The variable ageg corresponds to the age group where the participants belong based on their age. Group 1: 35-39 years, Group 2: 40-44 years, and Group 3: 45-48 years. Which of the age groups had the highest representation in the study?

freq(hflashes\$ageg)

Frequencies hflashes\$ageg Type: Integer

	Freq	% Valid	% Valid Cum.	% Total	% Total Cum.
1	133	35.47	35.47	35.47	35.47
2	164	43.73	79.20	43.73	79.20
3	78	20.80	100.00	20.80	100.00
<na></na>	0			0.00	100.00
Total	375	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

1.2 Item 3

The variable fsh contains the baseline follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) measurements for each participant. What is the mean/median/range/min/max baseline FSH measurement for this group of participants?

```
mean(hflashes$fsh)

[1] 8.03728

median(hflashes$fsh)

[1] 6.88

range(hflashes$fsh)

[1] 1.665 47.220

range(hflashes$fsh) |> diff()
```

1.3 Item

[1] 45.555

Suppose you randomly sample 50 participants from this cohort. What is the probability that the average baseline FSH measurement for the sample is greater than 10? Assume the central limit theorem holds for this scenario. (NOTE: The entire cohort is made up of 375 participants, which is a finite population.)

```
n<- 50
N <- 375
mu <- mean(hflashes$fsh)
se <- sd(hflashes$fsh)/sqrt(n) * sqrt((N-n)/(N-1))
pnorm(9,mean=mu,sd=se,lower.tail=F)</pre>
```

[1] 0.04354046