# Programación Orientada a Objetos Entrada-Salida

**CEIS** 

2019-01

# Conceptos

En general En java

# **Objetos**

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Texto-Archivos

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Caracteres-Estandar

# Conceptos

En general

En java

# Objetos

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Texto-Archivos

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Caracteres-Estandar

¿Desde? ¿Hacia?

# ¿Cómo?

- ► Como máquina, ¿qué es lo real?
- ► Como humanos, ¿qué queremos ver?
- ► Como lenguaje O.O, ¿qué querría ver?

## Conceptos

En general

En java

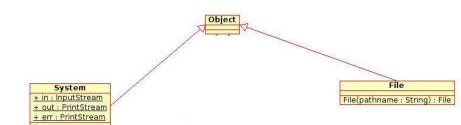
# Objetos

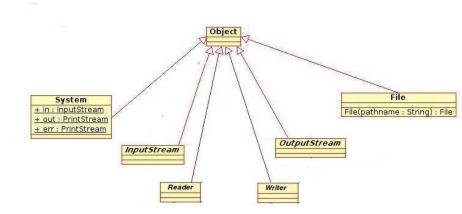
Mecanismo Batalla Naval

### Texto-Archivo

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Caracteres-Estandar





#### java.io Class IOException

java.lang.Object
Ljava.lang.Throwable
Ljava.lang.Exception
Ljava.io.IOException

#### All Implemented Interfaces:

Serializable

#### Direct Known Subclasses:

Changed CharSetException. CharacterCodingException CharConversionException.

ClosedChannelException | EOFException, FileLockInterruptionException, FileNotFoundException, HttpRetryException, IDException, InterruptedIOException, InvalidPropertiesFormatException, JMXFroviderException, JMXServoiderException, JMXServoiderException, JMXServoiderException, ProtocolException, MalformedURLException, SocketException, ObjectStreamException, ProtocolException, RemoteException, SasIException, SocketException, SSLException, SyncFailedException, UnknownHostException, UnknownServiceException, UnsupportedEncodingException, UTFDataFormatException, JipException

### Conceptos

En general En iava

# Objetos

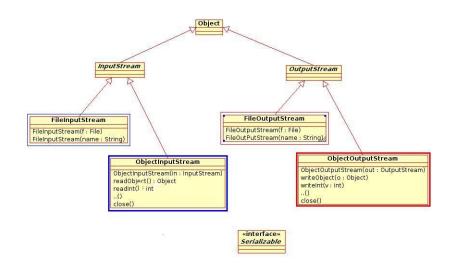
Mecanismo

Batalla Naval

#### Texto-Archivos

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Caracteres-Estandar



### Para escribir

```
Worm w = new Worm(6, 'a');
System.out.println("w = " + w);
ObjectOutputStream out = new ObjectOutputStream(
   new FileOutputStream("worm.out"));
out.writeObject("Worm storage\n");
out.writeObject(w);
out.close();
```



#### Para leer

```
ObjectInputStream in = new ObjectInputStream(
  new FileInputStream("worm.out"));
String s = (String)in.readObject();
Worm w2 = (Worm)in.readObject();
System.out.println(s + "w2 = " + w2);
in.close();
```

# Excepciones

### Conceptos

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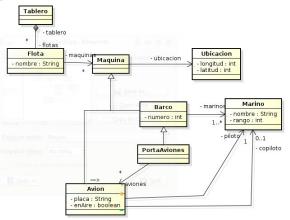
#### Texto-Archivos

Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Caracteres-Estandar

# Batalla Naval

# Como objeto



- salve(archivo:String)
- cargue(archivo:String)

### Conceptos

En general En iava

# Objetos

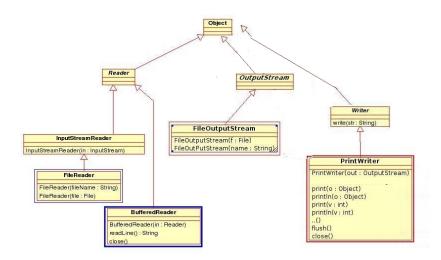
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### Texto-Archivos

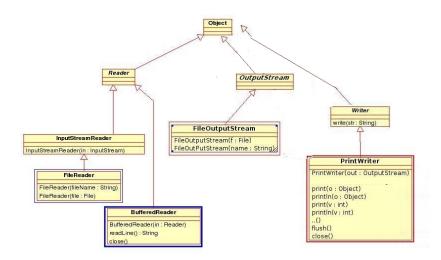
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Batalla Nava

#### Caracteres-Estandar



### Escribir



#### Leer

# Java API

#### trim

#### public String trim()

Returns a copy of the string, with leading and trailing whitespace omitted.

If this string object represents an empty character sequence, or the first and last characters of character sequence represented by this string object both have codes greater than '\u0000000' (the space character), then a reference to this string object is returned.

Otherwise, if there is no character with a code greater than '\u0020' in the string, then a new string object representing an empty string is created and returned.

Otherwise, let k be the index of the first character in the string whose code is greater than '\u00020', and let m be the index of the last character in the string whose code is greater than '\u00020'. A new string object is created, representing the substring of this string that begins with the character at index k and ends with the character at index m-that is, the result of this substring (k, m+1).

This method may be used to trim whitespace (as defined above) from the beginning and end of a string.

#### Returns:

A copy of this string with leading and trailing white space removed, or this string if it has no leading or trailing white space.

### Conceptos

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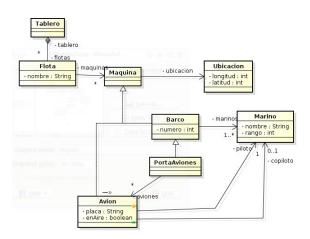
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## Batalla Naval



- Generar, a archivo, un informe de las flotas: número de flotas y nombre y número de máquinas de cada una
- Adicionar nuevas flotas, sus nombres están en un archivo

## Conceptos

En general En iava

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Mecanismo Batalla Naval

#### Texto-Archivos

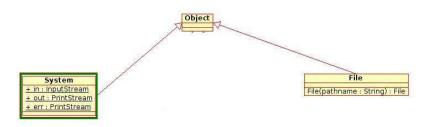
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### Caracteres-Estandar

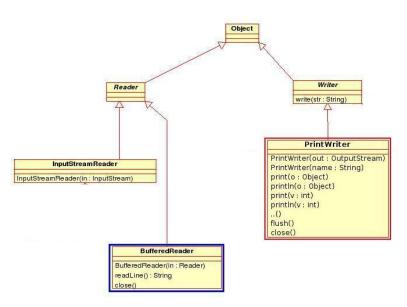
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Final



### Caracteres



### Texto-Estandar

### Para leer

```
//: c12:Echo.java
// How to read from standard input.
// {RunByHand}
import java.io.*;
public class Echo {
  public static void main(String[] args)
  throws IOException {
    BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader (
      new InputStreamReader(System.in));
    String s;
    while((s = in.readLine()) != null && s.length() != 0)
      System.out.println(s);
    // An empty line or Ctrl-Z terminates the program
 1//:~
```

## Texto-Estandar

### Para escribir

```
//: c12:ChangeSystemOut.java
// Turn System.out into a PrintWriter.
import java.io.*;
public class ChangeSystemOut {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      PrintWriter out = new PrintWriter(System.out, true);
      out.println("Hello, world");
}
////~
```

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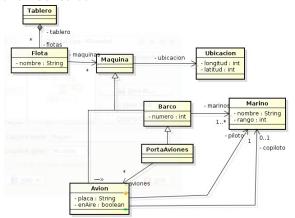
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## Batalla Naval

#### BatallaNaval Consultor



 Un usuario REAL quiere consultar la información básica de una flota dado su nombre

Nombre y número de máquinas



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### Caracteres-Estandar

#### Texto-Estandar

### Redireccionando

```
//: c12:Redirecting.java
// Demonstrates standard I/O redirection.
import java.io.*;
public class Redirecting {
  // Throw exceptions to console:
  public static void main (String[] args)
  throws IOException {
    PrintStream console = System.out;
    BufferedInputStream in = new BufferedInputStream(
      new FileInputStream("Redirecting.java"));
    PrintStream out = new PrintStream(
      new BufferedOutputStream (
        new FileOutputStream("test.out")));
    System.setIn(in);
    System.setOut(out);
    System.setErr(out);
    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader (
      new InputStreamReader(System.in));
    String s;
    while((s = br.readLine()) != null)
      System.out.println(s);
    out.close(); // Remember this!
    System.setOut(console);
```

# Texto-Estandar

# Redireccionando- De System.

static void	setErr(PrintStream err) Reassigns the "standard" error output stream.
static void	setIn(InputStream in) Reassigns the "standard" input stream.
static void	setOut (PrintStream out) Reassigns the "standard" output stream.