75.43 Introducción a los Sistemas Distribuidos 73.33 Redes y Teleprocesamientos I 95.60 Redes y Aplicaciones Distribuidas

Tema: Capa de Aplicación

Capítulo 2 completo de Computer Networking : A Top-Down Approach with Access . James Kurose and Keith Ross. Publisher: Pearson Edition: 7th, 2016.

Dr. Ing. J. Ignacio Alvarez-Hamelin

Las Aplicaciones son la razón de existir de Internet

Arquitecturas:

- Cliente-Servidor [datacenters]
- P2P

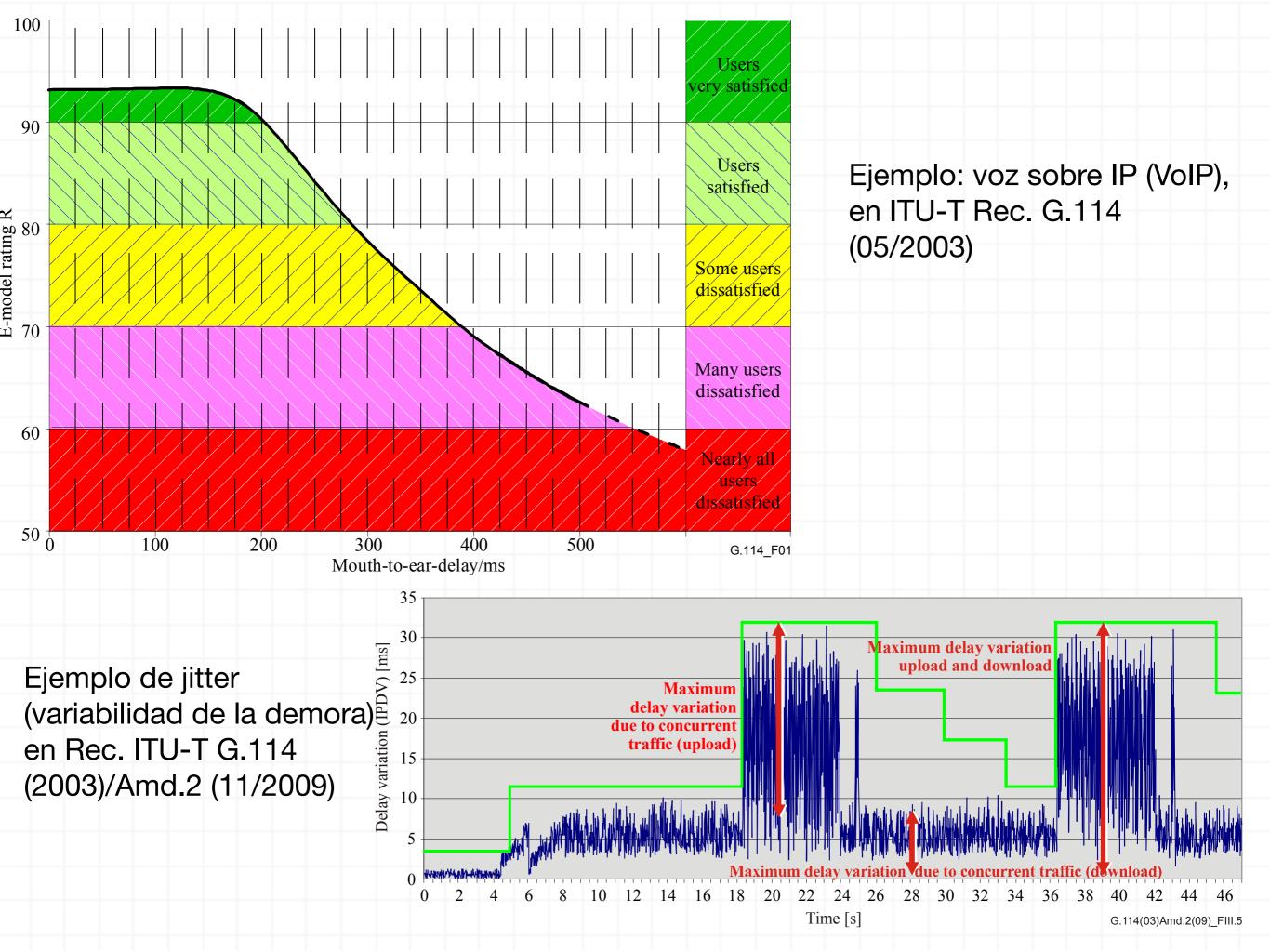
Comunicación entre procesos [mensajes, socket(), capa de transporte]

Características que ofrece el transporte:

- Transmisión confiable
- Caudal
- Sincronización
- Seguridad
- Con/sin pérdidas
- Conectado vs. desconectadas

Paréntesis: Organismos Normalizadores

- IETF (Internet Engineer Task Force)
- ITU (International Telecommunication Union)
- W3C (World Wide Web Consortium)

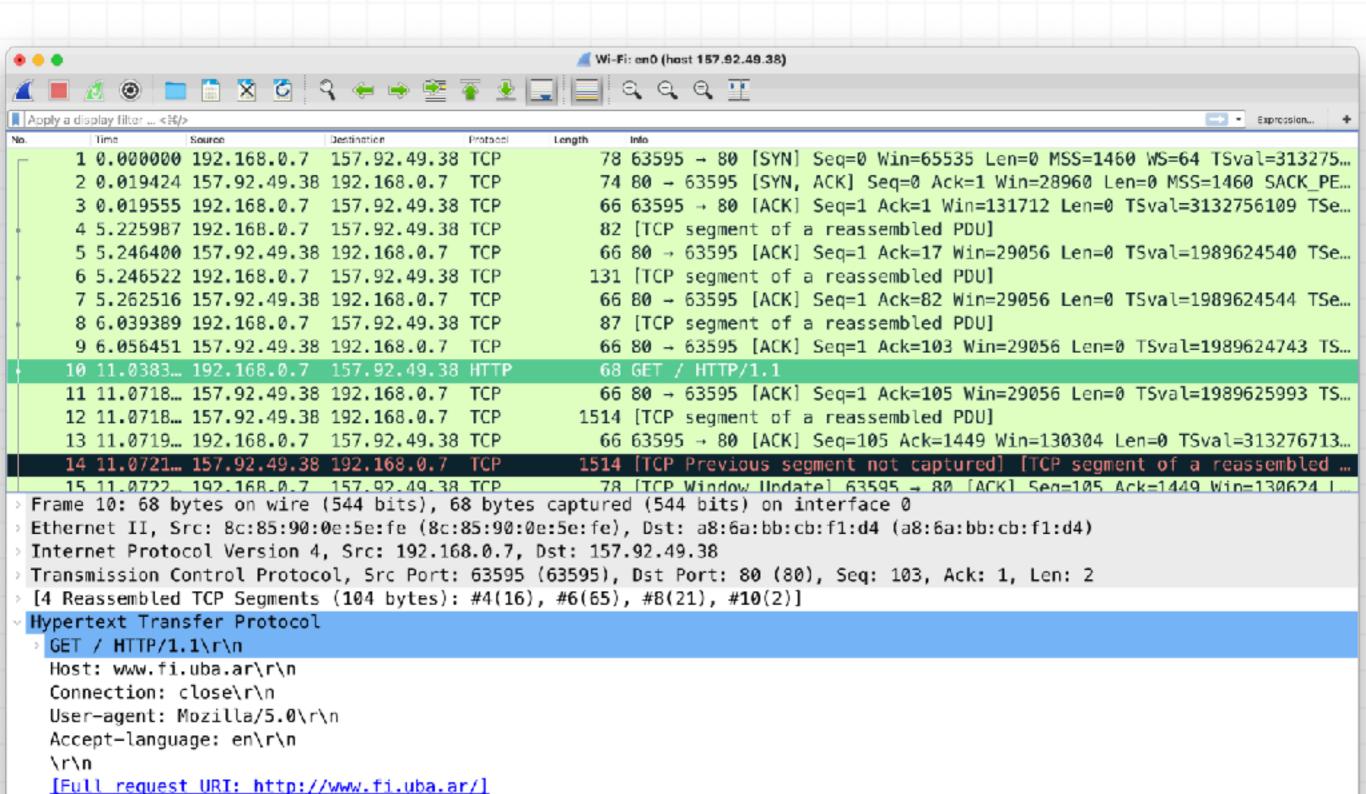


Protocolo HTTP (HyperText Transfert Protocol)

- Aplicación Cliente-Servidor
- Permite transmitir texto formateado, imágenes, multimedia, etc.
- Conexiones: No-persistentes (1 conexión por elemento) vs. Persistentes (varios elementos por conexión)
- Web Caching

```
ihameli@aleph ~ % telnet 157.92.49.38 80
Trying 157.92.49.38...
Connected to www.fi.uba.ar.
Escape character is '^]'.
GET / HTTP/1.1
Host: www.fi.uba.ar
Connection: close
User-agent: Mozilla/5.0
Accept-language: en
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Tue, 14 Sep 2021 16:27:42 GMT
Server: Apache
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
Etag: "1631626276-0"
Content-Language: es
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
X-UA-Compatible: IE=edge,chrome=1
Cache-Control: public, max-age=900
Last-Modified: Tue, 14 Sep 2021 13:31:16 GMT
Expires: Sun, 19 Nov 1978 05:00:00 GMT
Vary: Cookie, Accept-Encoding
Connection: close
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
```

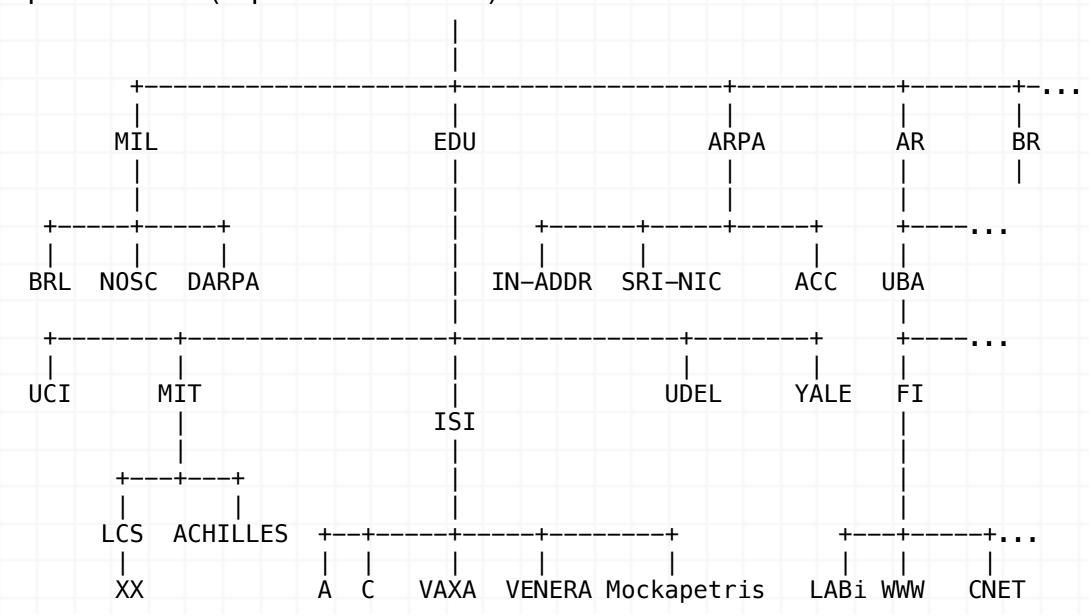
24a0e <!DOCTYPE html>



[HTTP request 1/1]

DNS (Domain Name System)

- Relación: NOMBRE ⇔ @IP
- Base de datos jerárquica y distribuida (punto de falla, múltiples consultas, administración distribuida)
- Otros servicios:
 - Host aliasing
 - Mail server aliasing
 - Load Distribution
- Ejemplo de TLDs (Top Level Domains):



Root servers en el mundo:



https://www.google.com/maps/d/viewer?mid=1LcHEpzl-7RzziWzDa4h3BxJcbEo&hl=en&usp=sharing

Tipos de consultas:

- Autorizadas o no
- Recursivas o iterativas
- Tipo:
 - o A: nombre @IP
 - NS : Servidor DNS
 - CNAME: es el nombre canónico del host (puede tener muchos)
 - MX : Mail exchanger
 - SOA: start of a zone of authority
 - o PTR: Pointer to Record

```
ihameli@aleph ~ % dig www.fi.uba.ar
; <<>> DiG 9.10.6 <<>> www.fi.uba.ar
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id:
15468
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0,
ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 512
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;www.fi.uba.ar. INA
;; ANSWER SECTION:
www.fi.uba.ar. 3525 INA 157.92.49.38
;; Query time: 37 msec
;; SERVER: 8.8.8.8#53(8.8.8.8)
;; WHEN: Tue Sep 14 13:26:23 -03 2021
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 58
```

```
ihameli@aleph ~ % dig +trace www.fi.uba.ar
               : <<>> DiG 9.10.6 <<>> +trace www.fi.uba.ar
               ;; global options: +cmd
                           4351 IN NS m.root-servers.net.
                           4351 IN NS b.root-servers.net.
                           4351
                                   IN NS c.root-servers.net.
                                                                    Wi-Fi: en0 (port 53)
                                                                     (A) (A) (A)
               X
            •

    Expression.

Apply a display filter ... < x/><</p>
                                    Destination
         Time
                    Source
                                                    Protocol
                                                             Length
                    192.168.0.7
                                                                   70 Standard query 0x3e0c NS <Root> OPT
       1 0.000000
                                    8.8.8.8
                                                    DNS
       2 0.018767
                                    192.168.0.7
                                                                  567 Standard query response 0x3e0c NS <Root> NS m.root-servers.net NS b.root-servers.net...
                    8.8.8.8
                                                    DNS
                                                                   78 Standard query 0xe439 A m.root-servers.net
       3 0.022615
                    192.168.0.7
                                    8.8.8.B
                                                    DNS
       4 0.022773
                                                                   78 Standard guery 0xd04c AAAA m.root-servers.net
                    192.168.0.7
                                    8.8.8.8
                                                    DNS

    Domain Name System (query)

    [Response In: 2]
    Transaction ID: 0x3e0c

    Flags: 0x0020 Standard query

      0... .... = Response: Message is a query
      .000 0... .... = Opcode: Standard guery (0)
      .... ..0. .... = Truncated: Message is not truncated
      .... ...0 .... = Recursion desired: Don't do query recursively
      .... .... .0.. .... = Z: reserved (0)
      .... = AD bit: Set
      .... .... 0 .... = Non-authenticated data: Unacceptable
    Questions: 1
    Answer RRs: 0
    Authority RRs: 0
    Additional RRs: 1

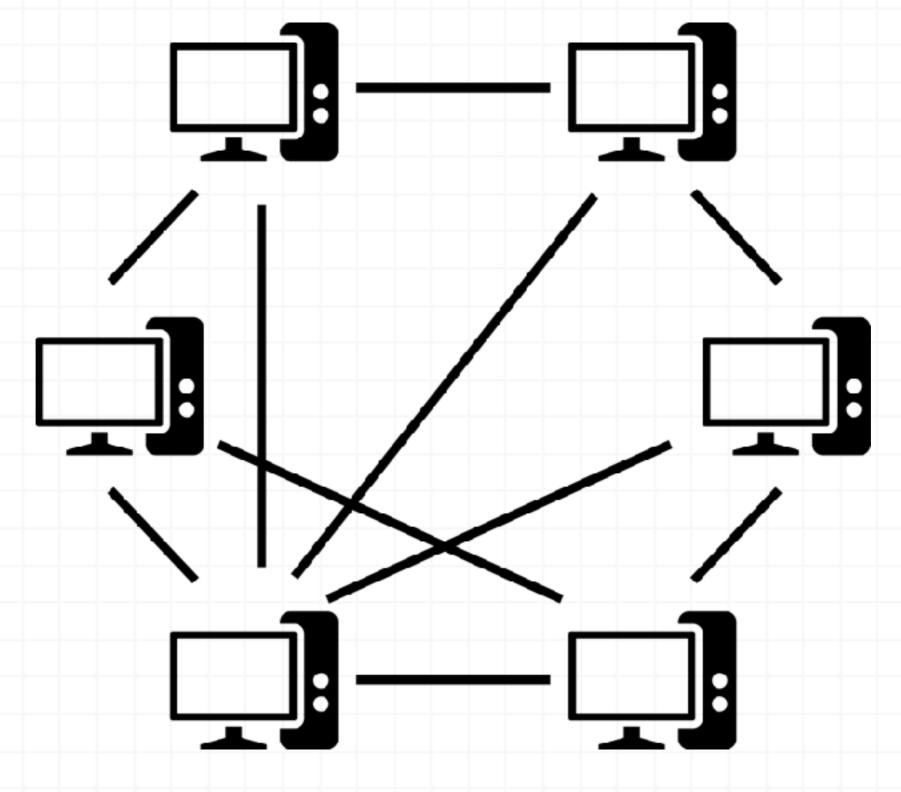
    Oueries

    v <Root>: type NS, class IN
        Name: <Root>
        [Name Length: 0]
        [Label Count: 0]
        Type: NS (authoritative Name Server) (2)
        Class: IN (0x0001)

    Additional records

    <Root>: type OPT
        Name: <Root>
        Type: 0PT (41)
        UDP payload size: 4096
        Higher bits in extended RCODE: 0x00
        EDNS0 version: 0
      Z: 0x8000
          1... = D0 bit: Accepts DNSSEC security RRs
          .000 0000 0000 0000 = Reserved: 0x0000
        Data length: 0
      wireshark_pcapng_en0_20210914134307_xEujdO
                                                                                                     Packets: 172 - Displayed: 172 [100.0%]
                                                                                                                                               Profile: Default
```

Arquitectura P2P (peer to peer)



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Resumen:

Capa de Aplicación:

- necesidades
- interfases
- modelos de comunicaciones

HTTP: (realizar captura con Wireshark)

- arquitectura
- métodos
- proxy + caching

DNS: (realizar captura con Wireshark)

- arquitectura
- TLS
- propiedades

Consideraciones de las arquitecturas P2P

Próxima clase 31/3/2022: Capítulo 3, hasta 3.4 Principles of Reliable Data Transfer inclusive.