6 Internet y la web



Figura 6-1. Leonard Kleinrock junto al primer IMP

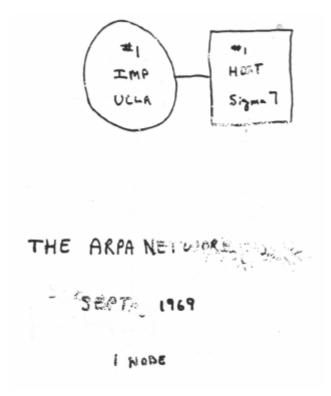


Figura 6-2. El primer nodo de ARPANET

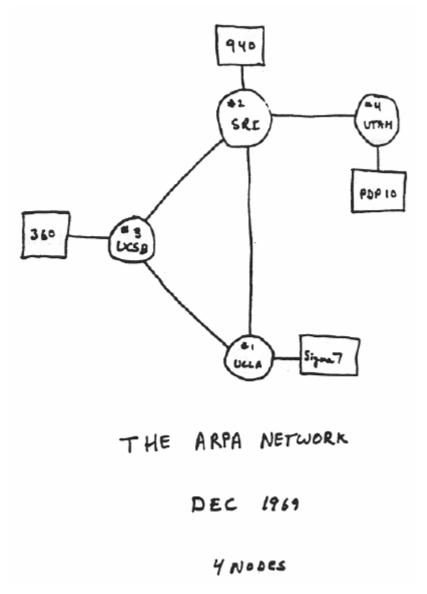


Figura 6-3. Los cuatro primeros nodos de ARPANET

7 HTML

Figura 7-1. Una página web sencilla (HTML)



Figura 7-2. Una página web sencilla (vista en un navegador)

```
Atributos name / content en HTML5
application-name
author
description
generator
keywords
```

```
<meta charset="utf-8" />
<meta name="description" content="Blip de Bit!" />
```

Figura 7-3. Alternativa para elementos vacíos (etiquetas autocerradas)

```
<h1>The Big Header</h1>
The h1 header is equivalent to a chapter title, while the headers (h2 through h6) progressively nested subtitles and section headers.
<h2>The Sub-Heading</h2>
Notice how each if you have two elements, one following the other, how you end one element, first...
...before starting another
```

Figura 7-4. Cabeceras y párrafos (HTML)

The Big Header

The h1 header is equivalent to a chapter title, while the headers (h2 through h6) progressively nested subtitles and section headers.

The Sub-Heading

Notice how each if you have two elements, one following the other, how you end one element, first...

... before starting another

Figura 7-5. Cabeceras y párrafos (vista en un navegador)

```
My publisher is <a href="http://oreilly.com">O'Reilly</a>.
```

Figura 7-6. Enlace (HTML)

```
<img src="http://yourdomain.com/yourimage.jpg"
alt="Image showing..." />
```

Figura 7-7. Imagen (HTML)

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>Blip de Bit</title>
  <meta name="description" content="Blip de Bit!">
</head>
<body>
<h1>Hello, World!</h1>
How do you like my new site, eh? 
I want you to feel <em>welcome</em> when you visit my website.
I don't <strong>ever</strong> want you to feel you came to the
wrong place. There is no better place to <b >Blip de Bit</b> like
 <1>blipdebit.com</1>.
<small>Blip de Bip is not a registered trademark name.</small>
</body>
</html>
```

Figura 7-8. Página web con elementos en línea (HTML)

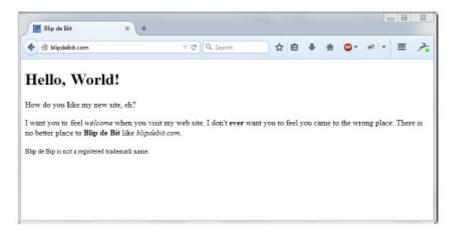


Figura 7-9. Página web con elementos en línea (vista en un navegador)

```
<body>
<11>
 <lt>Apples</lt>
 <lt>Oranges</lt>
 <lt>Bananas</lt>
 <lt>Berries: 
  Strawberry
  Blueberry

 <lt>Pineapples</lt>
<01>
 First item
 Second item
 Sub-items:
  <0l>First sub-item
  Second sub-item

 Fourth item
</body>
```

Figura 7-10. Listas (HTML)

Apples
Oranges
Bananas
Berries:

Strawberry
Blueberry

Pineapples

1. First item

Second item

Sub-items:

First sub-item
Second sub-item

Fourth item

Figura 7-11. Listas (vista en un navegador)

```
<blockquote>
  Another popular block-level element is blockquote. You can
  use it to embed longer quotations in a web page, and include
  an optional citation for the quote.

</pbox<pre></pbox</pre>
```

Figura 7-12. Bloque de cita (HTML)

Following is a blockquote:

Another popular block-level element is blockquote. You can use it to embed longer quotations in a web page, and include an optional citation for the quote.

That was a blockquote.

Figura 7-13. Bloque de cita (vista en un navegador)

```
Column 1
 Column 2
  Column 3
4.5698.12100.66
35.7798.013906.04
45.77
  3.45
  356.99
```

Figura 7-14. Tabla de tres filas por tres columnas (HTML)

```
Column 1 Column 2 Column 3
4.56 98.12 100.66
35.77 98.01 3906.04
45.77 3.45 356.99
```

Figura 7-15. Tabla de tres filas por tres columnas (vista en un navegador)

Figura 7-16. Borde para tabla (HTML)

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
4.56	98.12	100.66
35.77	98.01	3906.04
45.77	3.45	356.99

Figura 7-17. Tabla con borde (vista en un navegador)

HTML DOCTYPES

The following lists all of the DOCTYPE declarations in common use.

HTML5

<!DOCTYPE html>

HTML 4.01 Transitional

The Transitional DTD includes deprecated elements and attributes:

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/HTML4.01/loose.dtd">
```

HTML 4.01 Strict

The Strict DTD omits all deprecated elements and attributes:

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/HTML4.01/strict.dtd">
```

HTML 4.01 Frameset

If your document contains frames—that is, it uses **frameset** instead of **body** for its content—then identify the Frameset DTD:

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 4.01 Frameset//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/HTML4.01/frameset.dtd">
```

XHTML 1.0 Strict

The same as HTML 4.01 Strict, but reformulated according to the syntax rules of XML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-strict.dtd">
```

XHTML 1.0 Transitional

The same as HTML 4.01 Transitional, but reformulated according to the syntax rules of XMI -

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
```

XHTML 1.0 Frameset

The same as HTML 4.01 Frameset, but reformulated according to the syntax rules of XML:

```
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Frameset//EN"
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-frameset.dtd">
```

Figura 7-18. Declaraciones doctype de distintas versiones de HTML

```
<!doctype html><html lang="en">
<head>
 <meta charset="utf-8">
 <title>Blip de Bit</title>
 <meta name="description" content="Blip de Bit!">
</head>
<body>
<h1>Welcome to my fantastic weblog</h1>
<article>
  <header>
     <h2>A Typical Weblog Post</h2>
     Author: Shelley Powers
  </header>
  Writing about stuff.
  <section>
     <h3>Good stuff</h3>
     This is the good stuff. Kittens and unicorns.
        More about the good stuff...
     </footer>
  </section>
  <section>
     <h3>Bad stuff</h3>
     And now the bad stuff. Daleks and Weeping Angels.
  </section>
  <footer>
     Additional information about stuff in general.
  </footer>
</article>
</body>
</html>
```

Figura 7-19. Página web con nuevos elementos HTML5 (HTML)

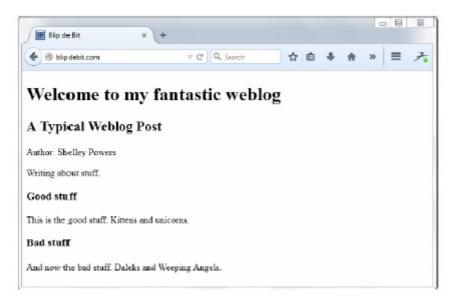


Figura 7-20. Página web con nuevos elementos HTML5 (vista en un navegador)

8 Programación en el lado cliente y en el lado servidor

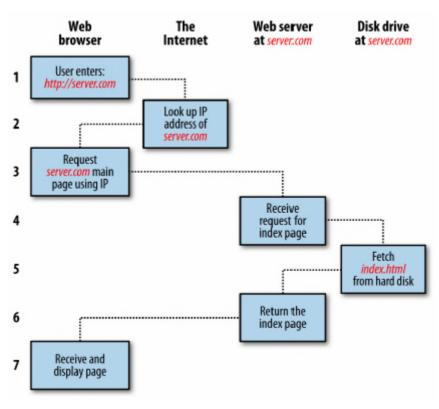


Figura 8-1. Secuencia básica de solicitud/respuesta cliente/servidor

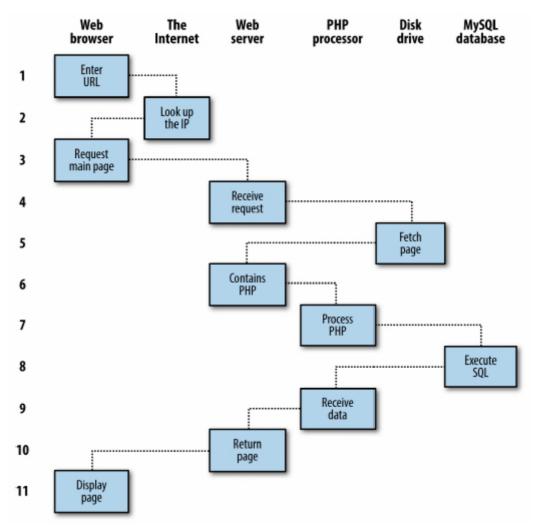


Figura 8-2. Secuencia dinámica de solicitud/respuesta cliente/servidor

Whoops! Some errors occurred. • That username is already in use. • Email confirmation doesn't match			
Username	wilto Must be at least 4 characters		
Email	sample@email.com		
Confirm Email	sampel@email.com		
Password	AssAs		
Confirm Password	Arbho		

Figura 8-3. JavaScript detecta que un nombre de usuario no está disponible e inserta un mensaje alterando el estilo para llamar la atención sobre el problema



Figura 8-4. Compleción automática de texto a medida que se escribe con JavaScript



Figura 8-5. JavaScript permite mostrar y ocultar partes de los contenidos



Figura 8-6. JavaScript permite mostrar imágenes superpuestas