

Uniwersytet Jana Długosza w Częstochowie

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```
private static void task1() {
    double result1 = divide( x: 4.0);
    double result2 = divide( x: 0.0);
    double result3 = divide( x: -3.0);

    System.out.println("1/x for x = 4.0: " + result1);
    System.out.println("1/x for x = 0.0: " + result2);
    System.out.println("1/x for x = -3.0: " + result3);
}

3 usages
private static double divide(double x) {
    if (x > 0) {
        return 1.0 / x;
    } else if (x = 0) {
        return -1;
    } else {
        return -2;
    }
}
```

```
1/x for x = 4.0: 0.25

1/x for x = 0.0: -1.0

1/x for x = -3.0: -2.0
```

```
private static void task2() {
   String hexValue1 = "1aF";
   String hexValue2 = "XYZ";
   String stringValue = "Hello";
   System.out.println(hexValue1 + " is a hex digit: " + hexOK(hexValue1));
   System.out.println(hexValue2 + " is a hex digit: " + hexOK(hexValue2));
   System.out.println(hexValue1 + " is a hex number: " + isHexNumber(hexValue1));
   System.out.println(hexValue2 + " is a hex number: " + isHexNumber(hexValue2));
   System.out.println(stringValue + " is a hex number: " + isHexNumber(stringValue));
private static boolean hexOK(String value) {
    for (char c : value.toCharArray()) {
        if (!Character.isDigit(c) & (c < 'a' || c > 'f') & (c < 'A' || c > 'F')) {
           return false;
private static boolean isHexNumber(String value) {
   try {
       Long.parseLong(value, radix: 16);
       return true;
    } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
        return false;
```

```
1aF is a hex digit: true

XYZ is a hex digit: false

1aF is a hex number: true

XYZ is a hex number: false

Hello is a hex number: false
```

```
private static void task3() {
     int a = 5;
     int b = 10;
     System.out.println("Before swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
     int result = swap(a, b);
     System.out.println("After swap: a = " + a + ", b = " + b);
     System.out.println("Comparison result: " + result);
private static int swap(int \underline{a}, int \underline{b}) {
     int temp = \underline{a};
     \underline{\mathbf{a}} = \underline{\mathbf{b}};
     \underline{\mathbf{b}} = temp;
     \underline{if} (\underline{a} = \underline{b}) \{
         return 0;
     } else if (\underline{a} > \underline{b}) {
         return 1;
     } else {
         return -1;
```

```
Before swap: a = 5, b = 10
After swap: a = 5, b = 10
Comparison result: 1
```

```
Enter the side length of the square:

123

Area of the square: 15129.0

Choose an option:

1. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate volume of a cube

Other. Exit

2

Enter the length of the rectangle:

123

Enter the width of the rectangle:

2

Area of the rectangle: 246.0

Choose an option:

1. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate area of a rectangle

3. Calculate volume of a cube

Other. Exit

3

Enter the side length of the cube:

123

Volume of the cube: 1860867.0

Choose an option:

1. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate area of a square

3. Calculate area of a square

2. Calculate area of a square

3. Calculate area of a rectangle

3. Calculate volume of a cube

Other. Exit
```

```
private static void task5() {
    int[] array = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 3, 6, 7, 8, 3, 9};
    int targetValue = 3;
    int[] result = findValueInArray(array, targetValue);
    System.out.println("Number of elements equal to the target value: " + result[0]);
    System.out.println("Index of the first occurrence: " + result[1]);
private static int[] findValueInArray(int[] arr, int target) {
    int[] result = new int[2];
    result[0] = 0;
    result[1] = -1;
    for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < arr.length; \underline{i} \leftrightarrow) {
        if (arr[i] = target) {
             if (result[1] = -1) {
                 result[1] = \underline{i};
             result[0]++;
    return result;
```

```
Number of elements equal to the target value: 3 Index of the first occurrence: 2
```

```
private static void task6() {
    int[] myArray = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15};
    System.out.println("Before reversing:");
    displayArray(myArray);
    reverseArray(myArray);
    System.out.println("After reversing:");
    displayArray(myArray);
private static void reverseArray(int[] arr) {
    int start = 0;
    int end = arr.length - 1;
    while (<u>start</u> < <u>end</u>) {
        int temp = arr[start];
        arr[start] = arr[end];
        arr[<u>end</u>] = temp;
        start++;
        <u>end</u> -- ;
private static void displayArray(int[] arr) {
    for (int value : arr) {
        System.out.print(value + " ");
    System.out.println();
```

```
Before reversing:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
After reversing:
15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

Zadanie 6a

```
private static void task6a() {
    String binaryValue = "1101";
    int decimalResult = binaryToDecimal(binaryValue);
    System.out.println("Binary to Decimal: " + binaryValue + " = " + decimalResult);
    int decimalValue = 13;
    String binaryResult = decimalToBinary(decimalValue);
    System.out.println("Decimal to Binary: " + decimalValue + " = " + binaryResult);
private static int binaryToDecimal(String binaryValue) {
    int decimalResult = 0;
    int length = binaryValue.length();
    for (int \underline{i} = 0; \underline{i} < length; \underline{i} \leftrightarrow) {
        char digit = binaryValue.charAt(i);
        int power = length - i - 1;
        int value = Character.getNumericValue(digit);
        decimalResult += (int) (value * Math.pow(2, power));
    return decimalResult;
private static String decimalToBinary(int decimalValue) {
    StringBuilder binaryResult = new StringBuilder();
    while (decimalValue > 0) {
        int remainder = decimalValue % 2;
        binaryResult.insert( offset: 0, remainder);
        decimalValue = decimalValue / 2;
    return binaryResult.toString();
```

```
Binary to Decimal: 1101 = 13
Decimal to Binary: 13 = 1101
```

Zadanie 6b

```
private static void task6b() {
    String hexadecimalValue = "1A";
    int decimalResult = hexToDec(hexadecimalValue);
    System.out.println("Hexadecimal to Decimal: " + hexadecimalValue + " = " + decimalResult);

    int decimalValue = 26;
    String binaryResult = decToBin(decimalValue);
    System.out.println("Decimal to Binary: " + decimalValue + " = " + binaryResult);
}

1 usage
private static int hexToDec(String hexadecimalValue) { return Integer.parseInt(hexadecimalValue, radix: 16); }

1 usage
private static String decToBin(int decimalValue) { return Integer.toBinaryString(decimalValue); }
```

```
Hexadecimal to Decimal: 1A = 26
Decimal to Binary: 26 = 11010
```

```
private static void task7() {
    int number = 1234;
    int iterativeSum = iterativeDigitSum(number);
    int recursiveSum = recursiveDigitSum(number);
    System.out.println("Iterative Digit Sum of " + number + ": " + iterativeSum);
    System.out.println("Recursive Digit Sum of " + number + ": " + recursiveSum);
private static int iterativeDigitSum(int number) {
    int \underline{sum} = 0;
    while (number \neq 0) {
        \underline{sum} += \underline{number} \% 10;
        \underline{\text{number}} \neq 10;
    return sum;
private static int recursiveDigitSum(int number) {
    if (number = 0) {
    } else {
       return (number % 10) + recursiveDigitSum( number: number / 10);
```

```
Iterative Digit Sum of 1234: 10
Recursive Digit Sum of 1234: 10
```

```
private static void task8() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter a non-negative integer N: ");
    int n = scanner.nextInt();
    if (n < 0) {
        System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a non-negative integer.");
        long iterativeFactorial = iterativeFactorial(n);
        long recursiveFactorial = recursiveFactorial(n);
        System.out.println("Iterative Factorial of " + n + ": " + iterativeFactorial);
        System.out.println("Recursive Factorial of " + n + ": " + recursiveFactorial);
public static long iterativeFactorial(int n) {
        return 1;
    long result = 1;
    for (int \underline{i} = 2; \underline{i} \leq n; \underline{i} \leftrightarrow n) {
        result *= i;
    return result;
public static long recursiveFactorial(int n) {
        return 1;
    return n * recursiveFactorial( n: n - 1);
```

```
Enter a non-negative integer N: 5
Iterative Factorial of 5: 120
Recursive Factorial of 5: 120
```

```
private static void task9() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

    System.out.print("Enter a non-negative decimal number: ");
    int decimalNumber = scanner.nextInt();

    if (decimalNumber < 0) {
        System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a non-negative integer.");
    } else {
        String binaryRepresentation = decimalToBinary2(decimalNumber);
        System.out.println("Binary representation of " + decimalNumber + ": " + binaryRepresentation);
    }
}
lusage
private static String decimalToBinary2(int decimalNumber) {
    if (decimalNumber = 0) {
        return "0";
    } else if (decimalNumber = 1) {
        return "1";
    } else {
        return decimalToBinary( decimalValue: decimalNumber / 2) + decimalNumber % 2;
    }
}</pre>
```

Enter a non-negative decimal number: 12 Binary representation of 12: 1100

```
private static void task10() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter a positive integer n: ");
    int n = scanner.nextInt();

if (n ≤ 0) {
        System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a positive integer.");
    } else {
        int sum = calculateRecursiveSum(n);
        System.out.println("Sum of numbers from 1 to " + n + ": " + sum);
    }
}

2 usages
private static int calculateRecursiveSum(int n) {
    if (n = 1) {
        return 1;
    } else {
        return n + calculateRecursiveSum( n: n - 1);
    }
}
```

```
Enter a positive integer n: 12
Sum of numbers from 1 to 12: 78
```

```
private static void task11() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

System.out.print("Enter a positive integer n: ");
    int n = scanner.nextInt();

if (n ≤ 0) {
        System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a positive integer.");
    } else {
        reverseNumbers(n);
    }
}

2 usages
private static void reverseNumbers(int n) {
    if (n > 0) {
        System.out.print(n + " ");
        reverseNumbers( n: n - 1);
    }
}
```

```
Enter a positive integer n: 12
12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

```
private static void task12() {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

    System.out.print("Enter a non-negative integer: ");
    int number = scanner.nextInt();

    if (number < 0) {
        System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a non-negative integer.");
    } else {
        System.out.println("Reverse of " + number + ": " + reverseDigits(number));
    }
}

2 usages
private static String reverseDigits(int number) {
    if (number < 10) {
        return Integer.toString(number);
    } else {
        int lastDigit = number % 10;
        int remainingDigits = number / 10;
        return Integer.toString(lastDigit) + reverseDigits(remainingDigits);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
Enter a non-negative integer: 12 Reverse of 12: 21
```