

Agent-Based Modeling in Economics and Finance: Past, Present, and Future

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1. Introduction

2. Display Theorem
first subsection
second subsection

3. Sample frame title

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1. Introduction

2. Display Theorem

- first subsection
- second subsection

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- The first item
- The second item
- The third item
- The fourth item

1. Introduction

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定理

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

Proof.

$$1 + 1 = 2$$

$$1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$



1. Introduction

2. Display Theorem
first subsection
second subsection

3. Sample frame title

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- Text visible on slide 2
- Text visible on slide 3

another example

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Proof.

$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + x}}} + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + x}}}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2}$$

$$x = y + 3 \tag{1}$$

In equation (1) we saw ...

