

RUST WORKSHOP

by Delft Mercurians

Presented by Bálint Magyar



The Delft Mercurians

As TU Delft's **first** RoboCup team, we build **cutting-edge robots** to play football against other robots around the world.





The Delft Mercurians

We use **Rust** to create reliable and fast software for our robots.






About Me



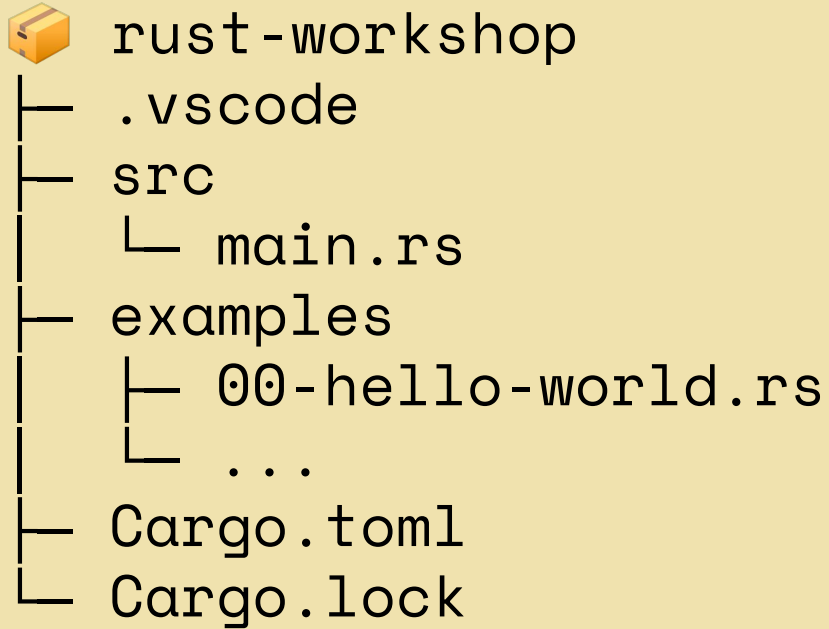
Bálint Magyar

- Software Team Lead at Delft Mercurians
- 3+ years as a professional developer
- Started using Rust 2 years ago
- Work at Fusion Engineering, where we exclusively use Rust

 /in/mablin7

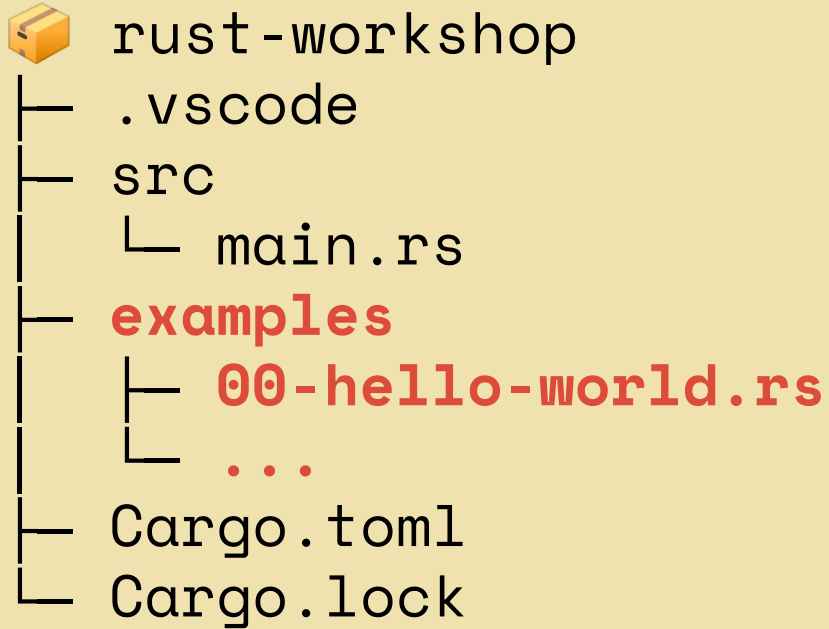


Project Layout



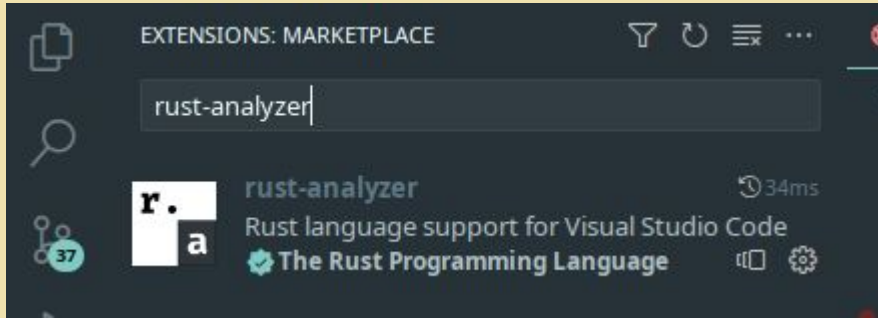


Project Layout





VSCode and rust-analyzer



- Provides autocomplete
- Highlights errors
- And more!



VSCode and rust-analyzer

inlay hints




```
let (tx: Sender<RobotCmd>, rx: Receiver<RobotCmd>) = std::sync::mpsc::channel();  
let port_name: String = port_name.to_owned();  
std::thread::spawn(move || -> ! {  
    let mut port: Box<dyn SerialPort> = serialport::new(path: port_name, baud_rate: 115200) SerialPortBuilder  
        .timeout(Duration::from_millis(10)) SerialPortBuilder  
        .open() Result<Box<dyn SerialPort>, ...>  
        .expect(msg: "Failed to open port");
```

They help you keep track of the types, but they can be overwhelming when you are just starting out.



VSCode and rust-analyzer

Open the settings (ctrl/cmd + shift + P) and search for “inlay”




Rust-analyzer › Inlay Hints › Parameter Hints: Enable

☐ Whether to show function parameter name inlay hints at the call site.

Rust-analyzer › Inlay Hints › Reborrow Hints: Enable

Whether to show inlay hints for compiler inserted reborrows. This setting is deprecated in favor of `#rust-analyzer.inlayHints.expressionAdjustmentHints.enable#`.

never



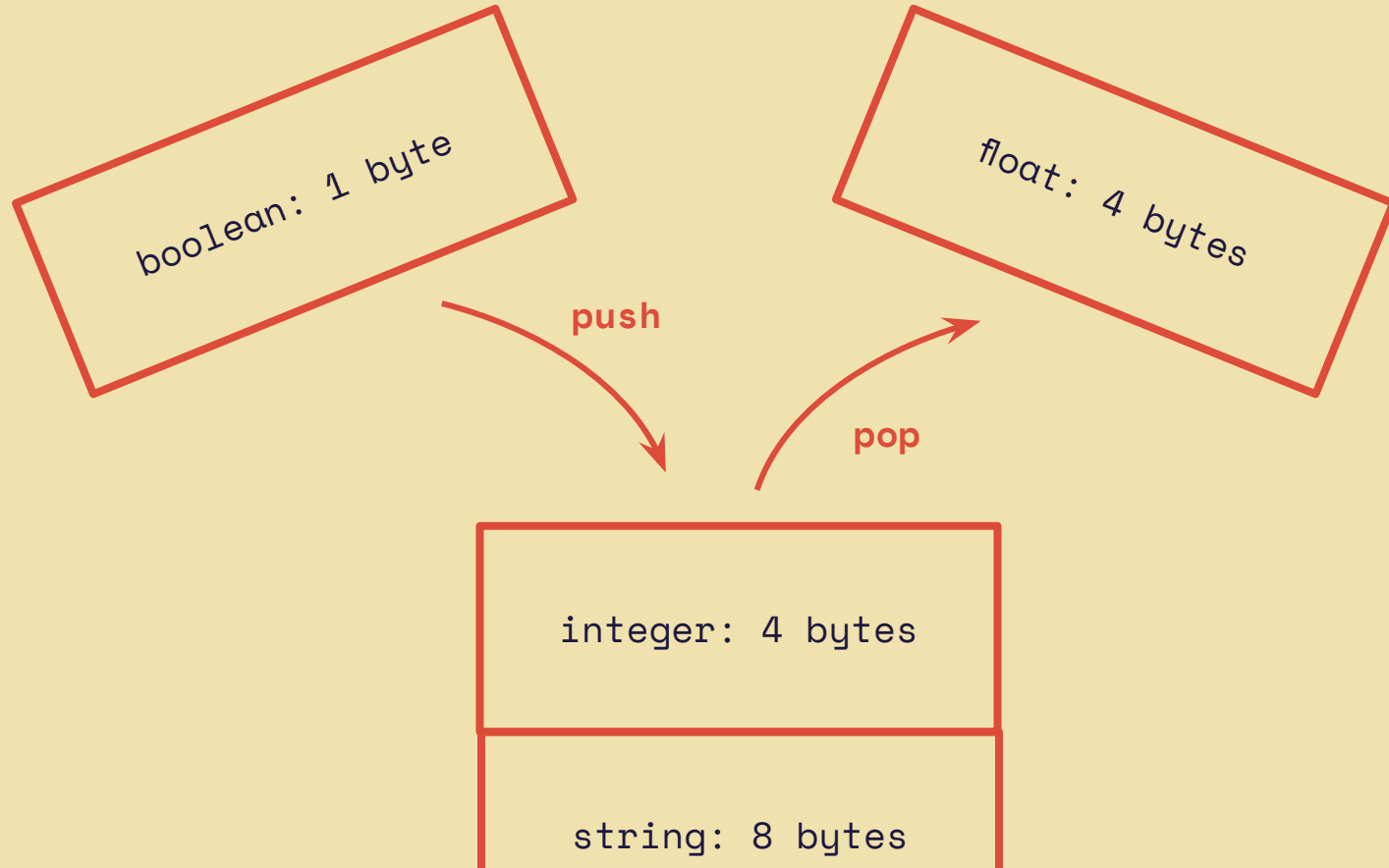
Rust-analyzer › Inlay Hints › Type Hints: Enable

☐ Whether to show inlay type hints for variables.

Time To Code!



The Stack and the Heap





The Stack and the Heap

arg1: 4 bytes



The Stack and the Heap

return address

arg1: 4 bytes



The Stack and the Heap

local var2: 4 bytes

local var1: 4 bytes

return address

arg1: 4 bytes



The Stack and the Heap

read at -4 bytes



local var2: 4 bytes

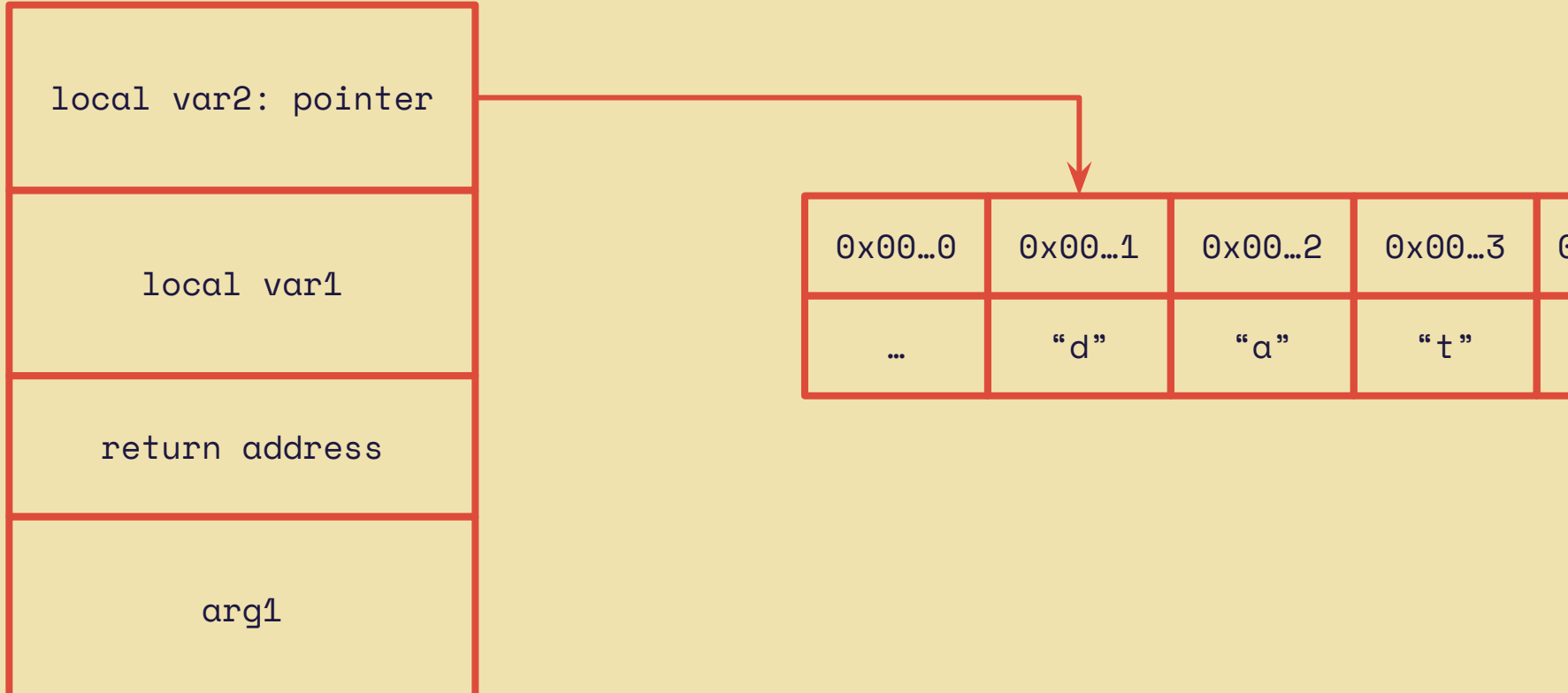
local var1: 4 bytes

return address

arg1: 4 bytes



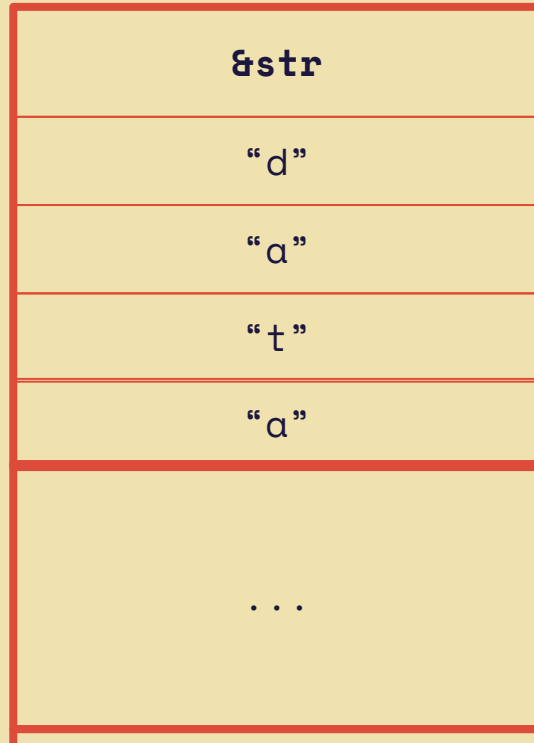
The Stack and the Heap





The `&str` type

stack





The String Type

stack

String
length: 4
capacity: 4
pointer
...
arg1

heap

0x00...0	0x00...1	0x00...2	0x00...3	0
...	"d"	"a"	"t"	



Ownership

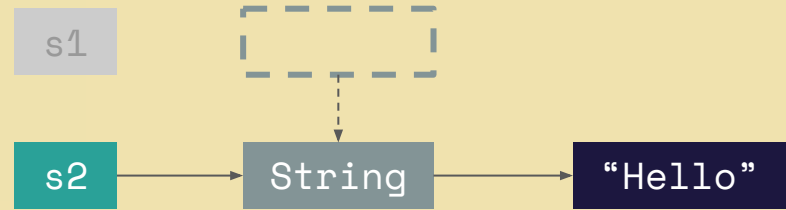
```
fn main() {  
    let s1 = String::from("Hello");  
}
```





Ownership

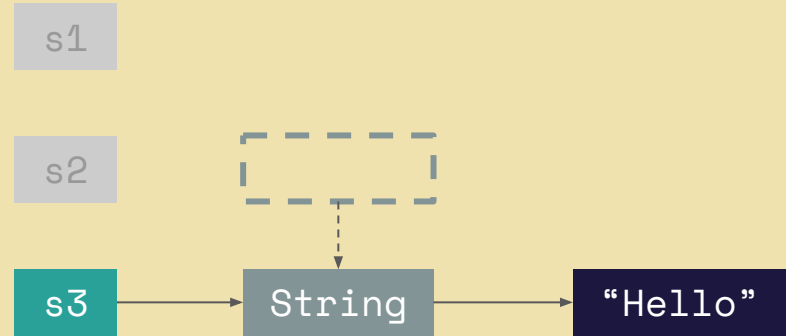
```
fn main() {  
  
    let s1 = String::from("Hello");  
  
    let s2 = s1;  
}
```





Ownership

```
fn main() {  
  
    let s1 = String::from("Hello");  
  
    let s2 = s1;  
  
    {  
        let s3 = s2;  
    }  
  
}
```





Ownership

```
fn main() {
```

```
    let s1 = String::from("Hello");
```

s1

```
    let s2 = s1;
```

s2

```
{
```

```
    let s3 = s2;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

~~s3~~

~~String~~

~~"Hello"~~



The drop function

```
pub fn drop<T>(_x: T) {  
    // Nothing here  
}
```

Time To Code!



Borrowing Concept Check

```
let mut vec: Vec<i32> = vec![1, 2, 3];  
let num: &i32 = &vec[2];  
vec.push(4);  
println!("3rd element is {}", num);
```

Time To Code!

Time To Code!



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Come with us to
Eindhoven in 2024

