

Sequential and Parallel implementation in JAVA of N-grams of words and characters

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Introduction

- in general
 - an N-gram is a contiguous sequence of N items from a text or speech.
 - items can be phonemes, syllables, letters, words or base pairs according to the application
- in this application
 - computing N-gram given a set of .txt files from gutemberg.org
 - items are word and characters



Implementation



Pre-processing

```
public static void loadDatasets(LinkedList<String> txtListMain, String directory)

{
    try (DirectoryStream<Path> stream = Files.newDirectoryStream(Paths.get(directory)))
    {
        for (Path path : stream)
        {
            if (!Files.isDirectory(path))
            {
                 txtListMain.add("./" + directory + "/" + path.getFileName().toString());
            }
        }
    }
    catch (IOException e)
    {
            e.printStackTrace();
    }
    // System.out.printIn("Loaded " + txtListMain.size() + " files \n");
}
```



```
public static char[] process_txt(String txt, String mode) {
        Path path = Paths.get(txt);
        try {
            Stream<String> lines = Files.lines(path);
            char[] filestring = null;
            if (mode.equals("word")) {
                filestring = (lines.collect(Collectors.joining("")))
                        .replaceAll("[SIMBOLS_TO_REPLACE]+", ".").toCharArray();
            }else {
                filestring = (lines.collect(Collectors.joining("")))
                        .replaceAll("[SIMBOLS_TO_REPLACE]+", "").toCharArray();
            for(int i = 0; i < filestring.length - 1; ++i) {
                if (Character.isUpperCase(filestring[i])) {
                    filestring[i] = Character.toLowerCase(filestring[i]);
            return filestring;
        catch (IOException e) {
            System.out.println(e);
            System. exit(1):
            return null:
```



Sequential implementation

- once available the txtList containing all files paths, for each file:
 - call process_txt() to generate the char[] accordingly
 - compute either word n-grams or char n-grams
- the data structure used in this version is a
 - HashMap < String, Integer> which is suitable for the application since it provides constant time operations for input/output
 - String stores the calculated n-gram
 - Integer stores the number of occurrences of the relative n-gram in all input files



```
public static HashMap<String, Integer> compute_words(char[] fileString,
                                 HashMap<String . Integer > hashMap . int N) {
        int i = 0;
        String key;
        while (i < fileString.length) {
            StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder();
            int i = 0;
            int k = 0:
            int count = 0;
            key = null;
            while (i < N)
                char tmp;
                if(i < fileString.length)</pre>
                     tmp = fileString[i];
                else tmp = '.';
                 if (tmp == '.'){
                     if (i < file String.length)
                         k = i - count;
                     else {
                         if(i != N - 1)
                             i += N;
                         k = i:
                       = i + 1:
                       = j + 1;
                     builder.append("_");
```



```
if (N > 2) {
                if (j == 1)
                    count = N - 2:
            }else
                count = 0;
        }else{
            i = i+1;
            builder.append(tmp);
            count ++:
        if(i == N)
            key = builder.toString();
    if(key != null) {
        if (!hashMap.containsKey(key))
            hashMap.put(builder.toString(), 1);
        } else if (hashMap.containsKey(key)) {
            hashMap.put(builder.toString(), hashMap.get(key) + 1);
    if(N != 1)
        i = k:
return hashMap;
```



```
public static HashMap<String , Integer > compute_chars(char[] fileString ,
                                       HashMap<String, Integer> hashMap, int N) {
       for(int i = 0; i < fileString.length - N + 1; ++i) {
           StringBuilder builder = new StringBuilder():
           for (int j = 0; j < N; ++j) {
               builder.append(fileString[i + j]);
           String key = builder.toString()
           if (!hashMap.containsKey(key)) {
               hashMap.put(builder.toString(), 1):
           else if (hashMap.containsKey(key)) {
               hashMap.put(builder.toString(), hashMap.get(key) + 1);
       return hashMap;
```



```
public static HashMap<String, Integer> iterate_txt(LinkedList<String> txtList,
    HashMap<String, Integer> dict, String MODE, int N) {

    //System.out.println("Computing " + N + "-grams of " + MODE);

    while(!txtList.isEmpty()) {

        String txtName = txtList.poll();
        char[] file = pre_process.process_txt(txtName, MODE);
        if (MODE.equals("word"))
            compute_words(file, dict, N);
        else
            compute_chars(file, dict, N);
    }
    return dict;
}
```



Parallel implementation

- data of each file divided in as many parts as the thread number.
- parallel version implemented using the java.thread.concurrent package providing the following features:
 - Future: represents the result of an asynchronous operation.
 - Executor: represents an object which executes provided tasks.
 - Executor Service: is a complete solution for asynchronous processing. It manages an in-memory queue and schedules submitted tasks based on thread availability.



Data structure

- The data structures used in the parallel implementation are
 - HashMap<String, Integer>, used as a private dictionary for each thread.
 - ConcurrentHashMap<String, Integer>, representing the final dictionary which will contain all the results from all threads after a merge of each future.



Computation

```
public static ConcurrentHashMap<String. Integer> iterate_txt(LinkedList<String>
     txtList, ConcurrentHashMap<String, Integer> dict, String MODE, int N, int
     NUM_THREADS) {
       ArrayList<Future> futuresArray = new ArrayList<>();
       ExecutorService executor = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(NUM_THREADS):
       while (!txtList.isEmpty()) {
           String txtName = txtList.poll():
           char[] file = pre_process.process_txt(txtName, MODE);
           int fileLen = file.length:
           double k = Math.floor(fileLen / NUM_THREADS);
           double stop:
           for (int i = 0; i < NUM_THREADS; i++) {
               if (i == NUM_THREADS - 1)
                   stop = fileLen -1;
               else
                   stop = ((i + 1) * k) + (N - 1) - 1;
               Future f = executor.submit(new Par_thread("t" + i, i * k, stop, file,
                     N. MODE)):
               futuresArray.add(f);
```



```
try {
    for (Future < HashMap < String, Integer >>> f : futures Array) {
        HashMap<String, Integer> tmp_dict = f.get();
        if (MERGE. equals ("PAR")) {
            executor.execute(new merge_thread(tmp_dict, dict));
        else
            HashMerge(tmp_dict, dict);
    awaitTerminationAfterShutdown(executor);
} catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println(e);
return dict:
```





```
public class Par_thread implements Callable < HashMap < String , Integer >>> {
    public int N;
    public String MODE:
    private double start, stop;
    private String id:
    private HashMap<String , Integer> thread_dict;
    private char[] fileString;
    StringBuilder builder;
    public Par_thread(String id, double start, double stop, char[] fileString, int N,
          String MODE) { ... }
    public HashMap<String , Integer > call() {
        if (MODE, equals ("word"))
            compute_words(fileString, thread_dict);
        else
            compute_chars(fileString, thread_dict):
        return thread_dict;
```



Par_thread index adjustment

```
if (start != 0) {
            while (fileString[(int) start] != '.')
                start -= 1:
            start += 1:
        stop -= (N - 3):
        for (int i = 0; i < N - 1; i++) {
            if (stop <= fileString.length) {
                while (stop < fileString.length && fileString[(int) stop] != '.')
                    stop += 1;
                stop += 1;
        stop -= 1;
        if (stop > fileString.length)
            stop = fileString.length;
```



merge_thread

```
public class merge_thread implements Runnable {
    private ConcurrentHashMap<String, Integer> final_dict;
    private HashMap<String . Integer> dict:
    public merge_thread(HashMap<String, Integer> dict, ConcurrentHashMap<String,</pre>
         Integer> final_dict){
        this . dict = dict:
        this final_dict = final_dict:
    public void run(){
        for (HashMap.Entry<String, Integer> entry : dict.entrySet()) {
            int newValue = entry.getValue();
            String key = entry.getKey();
            if (final_dict.putlfAbsent(key, newValue) != null) {
                final_dict.computelfPresent(key, (k, val) -> val + newValue);
```



No Futures Version

```
public static ConcurrentHashMap<String, Integer> iterate_txt(LinkedList<String>
     txtList. ConcurrentHashMap<String. Integer> dict. String MODE. int num_bigrams.
      int NUM_THREADS) {
        ExecutorService executor = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(NUM_THREADS):
        while (!txtList.isEmpty()) {
            String txtName = txtList.poll():
            char[] file = pre_process.process_txt(txtName, MODE);
            int fileLen = file.length:
            double k = Math.floor(fileLen / NUM_THREADS);
            double stop:
            for (int i = 0: i < NUM_THREADS: i++) {
                if (i == NUM_THREADS - 1)
                    stop = fileLen -1:
                else
                    stop = ((i + 1) * k) + (num\_bigrams - 1) - 1;
                executor.execute(new Par_thread_no_future("t" + i, i * k, stop, file,
                       dict . num_bigrams . MODE)):
        awaitTerminationAfterShutdown(executor):
        return dict:
```





Test: -



- Tests have been run on a:
 - Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-3632QM 2.20GHz, quad-core machine (8 logical processors)
 - 8 GB DDR3 1600 MHz RAM memory
- There have been used three datasets, respectively of 10 files (15.5 MB), 15 files (21.8 MB) and 42 files (45.4 MB).
- For each dataset the application has been run to compute bigrams, trigrams, 5-grams and 10-grams, using 2, 4 and 8 threads.
- Each combination above has been run for computing *word n-grams* and *character n-grams*:

Test: - 20





- the results are an average on 10 iterations.
- results represent the comparison of computation time and speedup between the sequential version and each of the parallel versions:
 - futures and sequential merge
 - futures and parallel merge
 - no futures



Test structure

```
public class test
 public static void main(String[] args)
    String[] dirList = {"texts10", "texts15", "texts42"};
    int[] N_{gram} = \{2, 3, 5, 10\};
    int[] num_threads = {2, 4, 8};
    for (String dir : dirList)
      for(int n_gram : N_gram)
        //compute SEQUENTIAL
        for (int th : num_threads)
          //compute PARALLEL
```



Results

Word n-grams

Results: - 23



SEQ	Sequential	2 tl	2 thread		nread	8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	2200.0	1478.1	1.48	1431.3	1.53	1454.6	1.51
3-gram	2695.1	1932.8	1.39	1812.4	1.48	1932.8	1.39
5-gram	3200.0	2148.3	1.48	2100.0	1.52	2140.5	1.49
10-gram	4298.3	2578.1	1.66	2334.3	1.84	2343.7	1.83

PAR	Sequential	2 th	2 thread		4 thread		read
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	2192.1	1479.6	1.48	1448.4	1.51	1434.3	1.52
3-gram	2751.4	1901.4	1.44	1798.4	1.52	1807.8	1.52
5-gram	3312.3	2137.5	1.54	1999.9	1.65	1929.6	1.71
10-gram	4303.0	2623.3	1.64	2295.3	1.87	2334.3	1.84

NO	Sequential	2 th	2 thread		4 thread		nread
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	2199.9	1184.3	1.85	1192.2	1.84	1256.2	1.75
3-gram	2736.0	1649.9	1.65	1565.6	1.74	1642.2	1.66
5-gram	3243.6	1840.6	1.76	1770.3	1.83	1879.5	1.72
10-gram	4304.5	2248.5	1.91	1935.9	2.22	2063.9	2.08

Results: word n-grams -



SEQ	Sequential	2 th	2 thread		4 thread		8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup	
2-gram	3018.6	2582.7	1.16	2098.4	1.43	2175.0	1.38	
3-gram	3876.8	2621.8	1.47	2554.6	1.51	2693.6	1.43	
5-gram	5254.5	3384.2	1.55	3182.7	1.65	3296.8	1.59	
10-gram	6977.9	3948.3	1.76	3498.4	1.99	3917.1	1.78	

PAR	Sequential	2 thread		4 thread		8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	3010.8	2045.2	1.47	2001.5	1.50	2029.5	1.48
3-gram	3850.7	3023.4	1.27	2573.3	1.49	2562.5	1.50
5-gram	5165.4	3307.6	1.56	3107.7	1.66	3098.4	1.66
10-gram	6846.7	4446.7	1.53	3854.6	1.77	3692.1	1.85

NO	Sequential 21		Sequential 2 thread		4 th	nread	8 thread	
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup	
2-gram	2909.2	1676.5	1.73	1634.3	1.78	1821.8	1.59	
3-gram	3792.1	2178.2	1.74	2225.0	1.70	2460.8	1.54	
5-gram	4999.8	2978.1	1.67	3184.2	1.57	3265.6	1.53	
10-gram	6763.8	3782.8	1.78	3662.3	1.84	3814.0	1.77	

Results: word n-grams -



SEQ	SEQ Sequential		2 thread		nread	8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	6376.4	4517.0	1.41	4528.1	1.40	4706.4	1.35
3-gram	9906.1	7402.9	1.33	7034.2	1.40	6835.7	1.44
5-gram	15165.2	9529.4	1.59	8875.0	1.70	8918.7	1.70
10-gram	20110.2	10821.6	1.85	9796.6	2.05	9632.8	2.08

PAR	Sequential	2 thread		4 th	4 thread		read
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	6562.3	4567.1	1.43	4493.7	1.46	4672.1	1.40
3-gram	9790.3	6432.7	1.52	6699.8	1.46	6671.7	1.46
5-gram	15190.1	8963.8	1.69	8815.8	1.72	9115.3	1.66
10-gram	19960.2	10867.0	1.83	9443.5	2.11	10181.1	1.96

NO	NO Sequential		2 thread		4 thread		read
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	6615.8	3838.9	1.72	4701.5	1.40	3942.0	1.67
3-gram	9685.6	6167.0	1.57	6345.0	1.52	6603.0	1.46
5-gram	15363.6	9293.8	1.65	9762.1	1.57	10376.2	1.48
10-gram	18925.9	13071.8	1.44	12844.9	1.47	13659.0	1.38

Results: word n-grams -



Results

Character n-grams

Results: v

word n-grams -



SEQ	Sequential	2 th	2 thread		4 thread		8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup	
2-gram	2221.9	1142.4	1.94	1111.6	1.99	1228.4	1.80	
3-gram	2426.6	1236.7	1.96	1189.1	2.04	1357.0	1.78	
5-gram	3911.4	2456.6	1.59	2074.4	1.88	2156.6	1.81	
10-gram	10360.7	7089.2	1.46	6991.5	1.48	7575.8	1.36	

PAR	Sequential	2 thread		4 th	nread	8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	2304.7	1149.8	2.00	1138.2	2.02	1234.3	1.86
3-gram	2493.7	1273.5	1.95	1250.7	1.99	1395.3	1.78
5-gram	3879.5	2460.9	1.57	2164.1	1.79	2345.2	1.65
10-gram	11347.3	8399.1	1.35	7865.1	1.44	8859.2	1.28

NO	Sequential	2 thread		4 thread		8 thread	
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	2190.6	1168.7	1.87	1132.8	1.93	1203.1	1.82
3-gram	2376.5	1203.0	1.97	1146.9	2.07	1235.8	1.92
5-gram	3857.8	1904.6	2.02	1504.6	2.56	1517.2	2.54
10-gram	10409.2	6901.4	1.50	7002.9	1.48	6771.6	1.53



SEQ	Sequential 2 thre		read	4 th	read	8 thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	3023.7	1453.2	2.08	1533.3	1.97	1719.6	1.75
3-gram	3452.5	1632.7	2.11	1554.7	2.22	1830.1	1.88
5-gram	5450.3	3297.7	1.65	2878.3	1.89	3427.4	1.59
10-gram	18651.6	12088.2	1.54	12181.8	1.53	13401.7	1.39

PAR merge	Sequential time	2 the	read speedup	4 th time	read speedup	8 th time	read speedup
2-gram	3187.4	1569.1	2.03	1635.9	1.94	1803.0	1.76
3-gram	3451.0	1687.5	2.04	1704.6	2.02	1954.6	1.76
5-gram	5410.7	3384.3	1.59	3535.8	1.53	3892.6	1.38
10-gram	19763.7	12797.2	1.54	12797.3	1.54	14465.2	1.36

NO	Sequential 2 th		read	4 th	read	8 th	8 thread	
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup	
2-gram	3049.9	1528.1	1.99	1548.4	1.96	1685.8	1.80	
3-gram	3545.1	1604.8	2.20	1568.7	2.25	1731.1	2.04	
5-gram	5545.1	2742.1	2.02	2021.8	2.74	2110.9	2.62	
10-gram	17951.2	11909.0	1.50	11543.4	1.55	12287.1	1.46	



SEQ merge	Sequential time	2 th time	read speedup	4 th time	rread speedup	8 th	read speedup
2-gram 3-gram 5-gram 10-gram	6431.0 7320.3 11817.1	3073.0 3281.0 8158.2	2.09 2.23 1.44	3330.6 3565.5 8103.5	1.93 2.05 1.45	3822.8 5646.8 9337.9	1.68 1.29 1.26

PAR	PAR Sequential		read	4 thread 8 t		8 th	thread	
merge	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup	
2-gram 3-gram 5-gram 10-gram	6229.5 7244.6 11622.4	3165.3 3421.8 8456.1	1.96 2.11 1.37	3419.2 3783.6 8291.9	1.82 1.91 1.40	3849.4 5408.5 9557.9	1.61 1.33 1.21	

NO	Sequential	2 th	read	4 thread		8 thread	
future	time	time	speedup	time	speedup	time	speedup
2-gram	6348.3	3151.4	2.01	3273.3	1.93	3595.2	1.76
3-gram	7432.9	3223.3	2.30	3376.4	2.20	3646.6	2.03
5-gram	11743.4	5921.6	1.98	4381.2	2.68	4704.5	2.49
10-gram	58768.8	43520.9	1.35	43466.3	1.35	45915.8	1.27