Onset of broad distributions of static and dynamic correlations in many-body localized phases

Contents

1	Dee	r response																	3
	1.1	Deer vs t																	3
	1.2	Slope vs r																	5
	1.3	Onset-time	vs	r															7
	1.4	Sat-time vs	r																10
2	77 C	orrelators																	13

List of Figures

1	site-1= 3, site-2 = site-1 + r , Fbc, bulk spin
2	site-1= 3 Pbc, bulk spin
3	site-1= 1 Fbc, edge spin
4	Fbc, bulk spin.
5	Pbc, bulk spin
6	Fbc, edge spin
7	Fbc, bulk spin.
8	Fbc, bulk spin.
9	Fbc, edge spin
10	Fbc, edge spin
11	Pbc, bulk spin
12	Pbc, bulk spin
13	Fbc, bulk spin
14	Fbc, bulk spin
15	Fbc, edge spin
16	Fbc, edge spin
17	Pbc, bulk spin
10	Dhe bulk spin

1 Deer response

We consider the random field Heisenberg model

$$H = J \sum_{i=1}^{N} \mathbf{S_i} \cdot \mathbf{S_{i+1}} + \sum_{i=1}^{N} h_i S_i^z$$

$$\tag{1}$$

where $S_i^{\{x,y,z\}} = \sigma_i^{\{x,y,z\}}/2$, σ 's being the Pauli spin matrices on the lattice site i, N is the chain length and h_i 's are choosen from a uniform distribution $[-\eta, \eta]$.

We first apply a $\pi/2$ -pulse at some site call it site-1 on a random initial state, then evolve the system with this Hamiltonian by the Schrödinger equation. At time t/2 we apply a π -pulse at site-1 and a π -pulse at some other site which is r lattice site away from site-1 call it site-2. After time t/2 we again apply a $\pi/2$ -pulse on site-1 to get the echo signal (known as Deer echo). The Deer echo is averaged over a 50 random inital states and 100 realizations of the disorder.

The time evolved many body wave function under Deer sequence is

$$|\psi(t)\rangle = R_1^{\pi/2} e^{-iHt/2} R_1^{\pi} R_2^{\pi} e^{-iHt/2} R_1^{\pi/2} |\psi(0)\rangle \tag{2}$$

where $R_i^{\pi/2}=(\mathbb{1}-i\sigma_i^y)/\sqrt{2}$ and $R_i^\pi=(R_i^{\pi/2})^2$. And the Deer response itself is calculated as

$$\mathcal{D}(t) = \langle \psi(t) | \sigma_1^z | \psi(t) \rangle \tag{3}$$

For the plots presented below the values of different parameters are N=10, $\eta=10,\ J=1$, averaged over initial random state = 50 and 100 disorder realizations unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Deer vs t

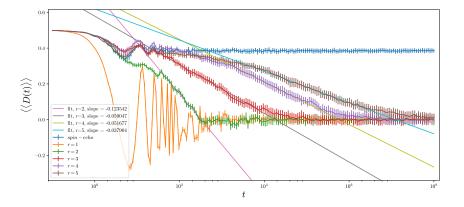


Figure 1: site-1= 3, site-2 = site-1 + r, Fbc, bulk spin.

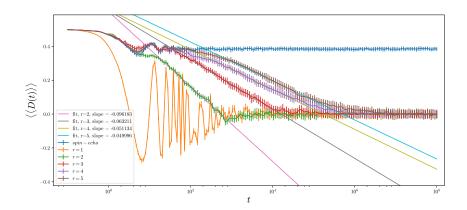


Figure 2: site-1=3 Pbc, bulk spin.

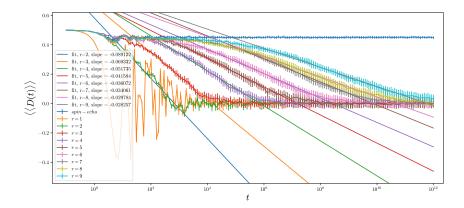


Figure 3: site-1=1 Fbc, edge spin.

1.2 Slope vs r

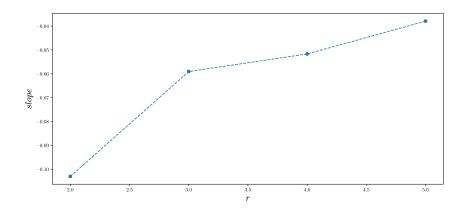


Figure 4: Fbc, bulk spin.

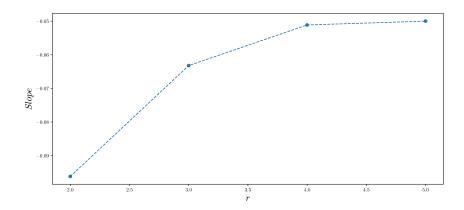


Figure 5: Pbc, bulk spin.

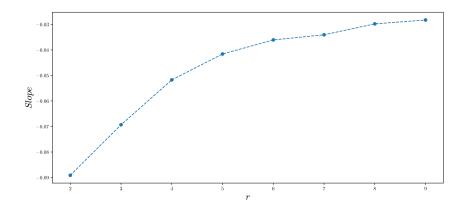


Figure 6: Fbc, edge spin.

1.3 Onset-time vs r

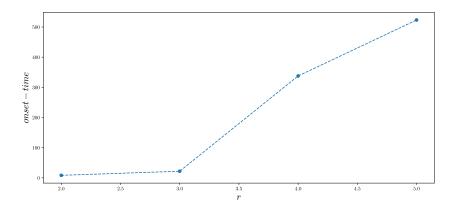


Figure 7: Fbc, bulk spin.

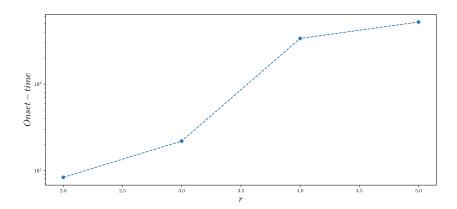


Figure 8: Fbc, bulk spin.

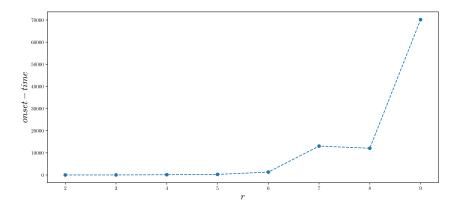


Figure 9: Fbc, edge spin.

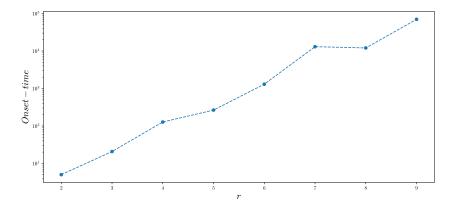


Figure 10: Fbc, edge spin.

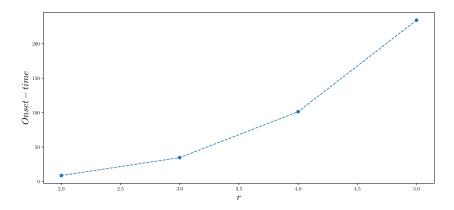


Figure 11: Pbc, bulk spin.

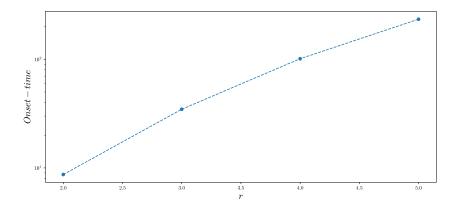


Figure 12: Pbc, bulk spin.

1.4 Sat-time vs r

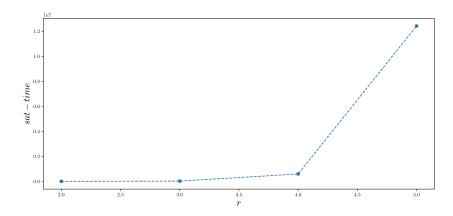


Figure 13: Fbc, bulk spin.

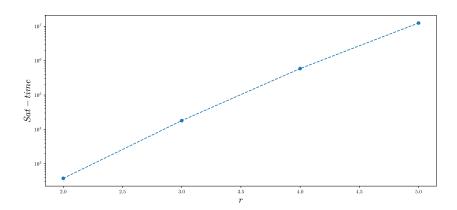


Figure 14: Fbc, bulk spin.

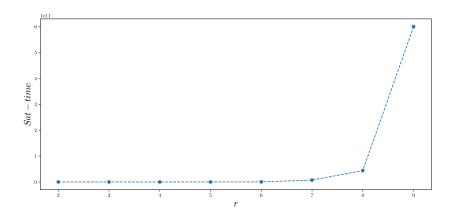


Figure 15: Fbc, edge spin.

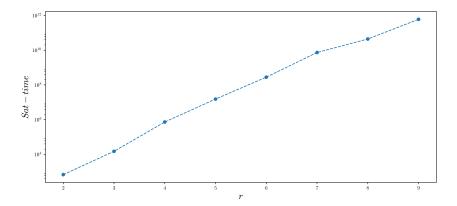


Figure 16: Fbc, edge spin.

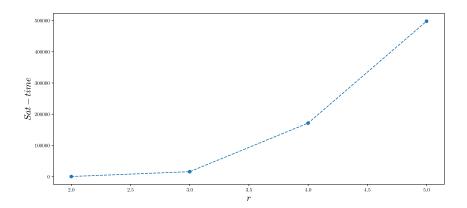


Figure 17: Pbc, bulk spin.

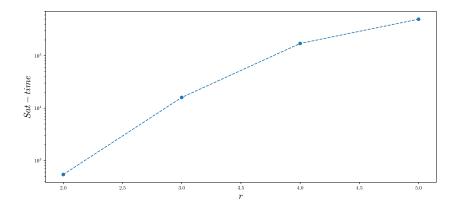


Figure 18: Pbc, bulk spin.

2 zz correlators