

11.9.3.17

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Question: If the 4th, 10th and 16th terms of a G.P. are x, y, and z, respectively. Prove that x, y, z are in G.P.

TABLE 1
GIVEN INFORMATION

Symbol	Value	Description
x	$x(0)r^3$	$x(3)$
y	$x(0)r^9$	$x(9)$
z	$x(0)r^{15}$	$x(15)$
r	$y^{\frac{1}{6}}x^{-\frac{1}{6}}$	$\frac{x(n)}{x(n-1)}$
$x(0)$	$x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	First term
$x(n)$	$x(0)r^n u(n)$	General Term

Solution:

1) From Table 1,

$$x = x(3) = x(0)r^3 \quad (1)$$

$$y = x(9) = x(0)r^9 \quad (2)$$

$$z = x(15) = x(0)r^{15} \quad (3)$$

Consider $\frac{x(9)}{x(3)}$ and $\frac{x(15)}{x(9)}$;

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x(9)}{x(3)} = \frac{x(0)r^9}{x(0)r^3} = r^6 \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x(15)}{x(9)} = \frac{x(0)r^{15}}{x(0)r^9} = r^6 \quad (5)$$

From (4) and (5), $x(3)$, $x(9)$, $x(15)$ are in G.P.

$\therefore x, y, z$ are in G.P.

2) $x(0)$ and r can be expressed in terms of $x, y,$

and z in the following manner.

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = r^6 \quad (6)$$

$$\Rightarrow r = \sqrt[6]{\frac{y}{x}} = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}} \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = x(0)r^3 \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow x(0) = \frac{x}{r^3} \quad (9)$$

$$= x \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{\frac{3}{6}} \quad (10)$$

$$\therefore x(0) = x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}} \text{ and } r = \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}} = y^{\frac{1}{6}}x^{-\frac{1}{6}} \quad (11)$$

3) Z-transform: $x(n) \xrightarrow{Z} X(z)$

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n)z^{-n} \quad (12)$$

$$X(z) = \frac{x(0)}{1 - rz^{-1}} \quad (13)$$

ROC = $\{z : |z| > |r|\}$

Substituting r and $x(0)$ from (11),

$$X(z) = \frac{x^{\frac{3}{2}}y^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{1 - \left(\frac{y}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{6}}z^{-1}} \quad (14)$$

4) Example

$$\text{Let } x(0) = \frac{1}{256} \text{ and } r = 2 \quad (15)$$

$$x = x(3) = x(0)r^3 = \frac{1}{256}(2)^3 = \frac{1}{16} \quad (16)$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{32} \quad (17)$$

$$y = x(9) = x(0)r^9 = \frac{1}{256}(2)^9 = 2 \quad (18)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 2 \quad (19)$$

$$z = x(15) = x(0)r^{15} = \frac{1}{256}(2)^{15} = 128 \quad (20)$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 128 \quad (21)$$

Fig. 1. Stem Plot of $x(n)$ v/s n

