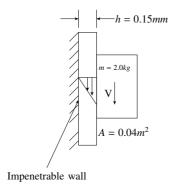
## ASSIGNMENT-4 GATE ME-2018

## EE24BTECH11019 - DWARAK A

Q.26 to Q.55 carry two marks each.

1) A solid block of 2.0kg mass slides steadily at a velocity V along a vertical wall as shown in the figure below. A thin oil film of thickness h=0.15mm provides lubrication between the block and the wall. The surface area of the face of the block in contact with the oil film is  $0.04m^2$ . The velocity distribution within the oil film gap is linear as shown in the figure. Take dynamic viscosity of oil as  $7 \times 10^{-3} Pa - s$  and acceleration due to gravity as  $10m/s^2$ . Neglect weight of the oil. The terminal velocity V (in m/s) of the block is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to one decimal place).

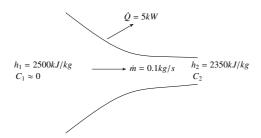


2) A tank of volume  $0.05m^3$  contains a mixture of saturated water and saturated steam at  $200^{\circ}C$ . The mass of the liquid present is 8kg. The entropy (in kJ/kgK) of the mixture is (correct to two decimal places).

Property data for saturated steam and water are:

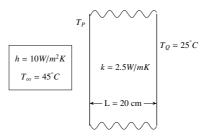
At 
$$200^{\circ}C$$
,  $p_{sat} = 1.5538MPa$   
 $v_f = 0.001157m^3/kg$ ,  $v_g = 0.12736m^3/kg$   
 $s_{fg} = 4.1014kJ/kgK$ ,  $s_f = 2.3309kJ/kgK$ 

- 3) Steam flows through a nozzle at a mass flow rate of  $\dot{m} = 0.1 kg/s$  with a heat loss of 5 kW. The enthalpies at inlet and exit are 2500 kJ/kg and 2350 kJ/kg, respectively. Assuming negligible velocity at inlet  $(C_1 \approx 0)$ , the velocity  $C_2$  of steam (in m/s) at the nozzle exit is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).
- 4) An engine working on air standard Otto cycle is supplied with air at 0.1MPa and  $35^{\circ}C$ . The compression ratio is 8. The heat supplied is 500kJ/kg. Property data

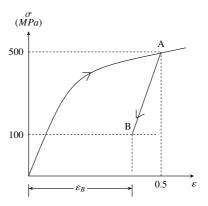


for air:  $c_p = 1.005kJ/kgK$ ,  $c_v = 0.718kJ/kgK$ , R = 0.287kJ/kgK. The maximum temperature (in K) of the cycle is (correct to one decimal place).

5) A plane slab of thickness L and thermal conductivity k is heated with a fluid on one side (P), and the other side (Q) is maintained at a constant temperature,  $T_Q$  of  $25^{\circ}C$ , as shown in the figure. The fluid is at  $45^{\circ}C$  and the surface heat transfer coefficient, h, is  $10W/m^2K$ . The steady state temperature,  $T_P$ , (in  $^{\circ}C$ ) of the side which is exposed to the fluid is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).



6) The true stress  $(\sigma)$  - true strain  $(\varepsilon)$  diagram of a strain hardening material is shown in figure. First, there is loading up to point **A**, i.e., up to stress of 500MPa and strain of 0.5. Then from point **A**, there is unloading up to point **B**, i.e., to stress of 100MPa. Given that the Young's modulus E = 200GPa, the natural strain at point  $\mathbf{B}(\varepsilon_B)$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).



- 7) An orthogonal cutting operation is being carried out in which uncut thickness is 0.010*mm*, cutting speed is 130*m/min*, rake angle is 15° and width of cut is 6*mm*. It is observed that the chip thickness is 0.015*mm*, the cutting force is 60*N* and the thrust force is 25*N*. The ratio of friction energy to total energy is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).
- 8) A bar is compressed to half of its original length. The magnitude of true strain produced in the deformed bar is (correct to two decimal places).
- 9) The minimum value of 3x + 5y such that:

$$3x + 5y \le 15$$
$$4x + 9y \le 8$$
$$13x + 2y \le 2$$
$$x \ge 0, y \ge 0$$

1S	
13	

10) Processing times (including setup times) and due dates for six jobs waiting to be processed at a work centre are given in the table. The average tardiness (in days) using shortest processing time rule is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).

Job	Processing time (days)	Due date (days)
A	3	8
В	7	16
С	4	4
D	9	18
Е	5	17
F	13	19

- 11) The schematic of an external drum rotating clockwise engaging with a short shoe is shown in the figure. The shoe is mounted at point  $\mathbf{Y}$  on a rigid lever  $\mathbf{XYZ}$  hinged at point  $\mathbf{X}$ . A force F = 100N is applied at the free end of the lever as shown. Given that the coefficient offriction between the shoe and the drum is 0.3, the braking torque (in Nm) applied on the drum is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).
- 12) Block *P* of mass 2kg slides down the surface and has a speed 20m/s at the lowest point, **Q**, where the local radius of curvature is 2m as shown in the figure. Assuming  $g = 10m/s^2$ , the normal force (in *N*) at **Q** is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).
- 13) An electrochemical machining (ECM) is to be used to cut a through hole into a 12mm thick aluminum plate. The hole has a rectangular cross-section,  $10mm \times 30mm$ . The ECM operation will be accomplished in 2 minutes, with efficiency of 90%. Assuming specific removal rate for aluminum as  $3.44 \times 10^{-2} mm^3/(As)$ , the current (in A) required is \_\_\_\_\_ (correct to two decimal places).

