DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS – 2CS503

Practical 2

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1. Randomized Quick Sort

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<time.h>
void swap(int *a, int *b)
  int temp=*a;
  *a=*b;
  *b=temp;
int partition (int a[], int l, int h)
  int pivot = a[l];
  int i=l, j=h;
  while(i<j)
    do{
```

```
i++;
    while(a[i]<=pivot);
    do{
       j--;
    while(a[j]>pivot);
    if(i<j)
       swap(&a[i],&a[j]);
  }
  swap(&a[I],&a[j]);
  printf("\nAfter Partition :\n ");
  display(a);
  return j;
int random Ih (int a[], int I, int h)
  srand(time(NULL));
  int random = I + rand() \% (h - I);
  printf("Pivot is : %d",random);
  swap(&a[random], &a[l]);
  return partition(a, l, h);
void QuickSort(int a[], int I, int h)
  if(I<h)
```

```
int j = random_lh(a,l,h);
    QuickSort(a,I,j);
    QuickSort(a,j+1,h);
  }
void display(int a[])
  int i;
  for (i=0; i < 10; i++)
    printf("%d ", a[i]);
  printf("\n");
int main()
  int size=10;
  //printf("Enter size of array : ");
  //scanf("%d",&size);
  int a[size];
  //printf("Enter array :");
  for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
    a[i] = 10-i;
  printf("Original Array : \n");
  display(a);
  QuickSort(a, 0, size);
  printf("\nSorted array: \n");
```

```
display(a);
return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Original Array :
10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
Pivot is : 5
After Partition :
4 1 2 3 5 10 6 7 8 9
Pivot is: 3
After Partition :
2 1 3 4 5 10 6 7 8 9
Pivot is: 1
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 10 6 7 8 9
Pivot is : 1
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 10 6 7 8 9
Pivot is: 3
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 10 6 7 8 9
Pivot is: 5
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 9 6 7 8 10
Pivot is: 8
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 7 6 8 9 10
Pivot is : 6
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Pivot is : 6
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Pivot is: 8
After Partition :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Sorted array:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                           execution time : 0.062 s
Press any key to continue.
```