MACHINE LEARNING – 2CS501

PRACTICAL 9

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Batch No.: A-1

1) Without sklearn

Code:

```
def initializeParameters(inputFeatures, neuronsInHiddenLayers, outputFeatures):
   W1 = np.random.randn(neuronsInHiddenLayers, inputFeatures)
   W2 = np.random.randn(outputFeatures, neuronsInHiddenLayers)
   b2 = np.zeros((outputFeatures, 1))
def forwardPropagation(X, Y, parameters):
   m = X.shape[1]
   logprobs = np.multiply(np.log(A2), Y) + np.multiply(np.log(1 - A2), (1 - Y))
def backwardPropagation(X, Y, cache):
```

```
gradients = {"dZ2": dnet2, "dW2": dW2, "db2": db2,
def updateParameters(parameters, gradients, learningRate):
X = np.array([[0, 0, 1, 1], [0, 1, 0, 1]]) # XOR input
Y = np.array([[0, 1, 1, 0]]) # XOR output
neuronsInHiddenLayers = 2
inputFeatures = X.shape[0]
outputFeatures = Y.shape[0]
parameters = initializeParameters(inputFeatures, neuronsInHiddenLayers,
outputFeatures)
epoch = 100000
plt.figure()
plt.plot(losses)
plt.xlabel("EPOCHS")
plt.ylabel("Loss value")
plt.show()
cost, _, A2 = forwardPropagation(X, Y, parameters)
prediction = (A2 > 0.5) * 1.0
print(A2)
```

2) With sklearn

Code:

```
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
import numpy as np

X = np.array([
       [0, 0],
       [0, 1],
       [1, 0],
       [1, 1]
])

y = np.array([0, 1, 1, 0]).reshape(4,)

clf = MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(4,2), max_iter=30000)
clf.fit(X, y)
y_predict = clf.predict(X)
print("Predicted Output : ",y_predict)

"""

Output:
Predicted Output : [0 1 1 0]
```